

Micro800 Programmable Controllers General Instructions

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Reference Manual

Original Instructions

Important User Information

Read this document and the documents listed in the additional resources section about installation, configuration, and operation of this equipment before you install, configure, operate, or maintain this product. Users are required to familiarize themselves with installation and wiring instructions in addition to requirements of all applicable codes, laws, and standards.

Activities including installation, adjustments, putting into service, use, assembly, disassembly, and maintenance are required to be carried out by suitably trained personnel in accordance with applicable code of practice.

If this equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

In no event will Rockwell Automation, Inc. be responsible or liable for indirect or consequential damages resulting from the use or application of this equipment.

The examples and diagrams in this manual are included solely for illustrative purposes. Because of the many variables and requirements associated with any particular installation, Rockwell Automation, Inc. cannot assume responsibility or liability for actual use based on the examples and diagrams.

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Throughout this manual, when necessary, we use notes to make you aware of safety considerations.



WARNING: Identifies information about practices or circumstances that can cause an explosion in a hazardous environment, which may lead to personal injury or death, property damage, or economic loss.

 \triangle

ATTENTION: Identifies information about practices or circumstances that can lead to personal injury or death, property damage, or economic loss. Attentions help you identify a hazard, avoid a hazard, and recognize the consequence.

IMPORTANT Identifies information that is critical for successful application and understanding of the product.

Labels may also be on or inside the equipment to provide specific precautions.



SHOCK HAZARD: Labels may be on or inside the equipment, for example, a drive or motor, to alert people that dangerous voltage may be present.



BURN HAZARD: Labels may be on or inside the equipment, for example, a drive or motor, to alert people that surfaces may reach dangerous temperatures.

ARC FLASH HAZARD: Labels may be on or inside the equipment, for example, a motor control center, to alert people to potential Arc Flash. Arc Flash will cause severe injury or death. Wear proper Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). Follow ALL Regulatory requirements for safe work practices and for Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

Rockwell Automation recognizes that some of the terms that are currently used in our industry and in this publication are not in alignment with the movement toward inclusive language in technology. We are proactively collaborating with industry peers to find alternatives to such terms and making changes to our products and content. Please excuse the use of such terms in our content while we implement these changes.

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Preface

In this manual

This guide provides reference information about the instruction set available for developing programs for use in Micro800[™] control systems. The instruction set includes Structured Text (ST), Ladder Diagram (LD) Function Block Diagram (FBD) programming language support. Additionally, the ladder elements supported in Connected Components Workbench[™] development environment are defined.

Supported controllers

Connected Components Workbench includes configuration support for the following Micro800 controllers.

- 2080-LC10-12AWA
- 2080-LC10-12DWD
- 2080-LC10-120BB
- 2080-LC10-120WB
- 2080-LC20-20AWB
- 2080-LC20-200BB
- 2080-LC20-200WB
- 2080-LC30-100VB
- 2080-LC30-100WB
- 2080-LC30-16AWB
- 2080-LC30-160VB
- 2080-LC30-16QWB

- 2080-LC30-24QBB
- 2080-LC30-240VB
- 2080-LC30-24QWB
- 2080-LC30-48AWB
- 2080-LC30-480BB
- 2080-LC30-48QVB
- 2080-LC30-48QWB
- 2080-LC50-24AWB
- 2080-LC50-24QBB
- 2080-LC50-24QVB
- 2080-LC50-24QWB
- 2080-LC50-48AWB
- 2080-LC50-480BB
- 2080-LC50-480VB
- 2000 LC30 400VD
- 2080-LC50-48QWB
- 2080-LC50-480WB SIM
- 2080-L50E-24AWB
- 2080-L50E-24QBB
- 2080-L50E-24QVB
- 2080-L50E-24QWB
- 2080-L50E-48AWB
- 2080-L50E-480BB
- 2080-L50E-48QVB
- 2080-L50E-480WB
- 2080-L70E-24AWB
- 2080-L70E-240BB
- 2080-L70E-240BBN
- 2080-L70E-24QWB
- 2080-L70E-240WBN
- 2080-LC70-24AWB
- 2080-LC70-24QBB
- 2080-LC70-24QWB

Additional resources

These documents contain additional information concerning related Rockwell Automation[®] products.

		source	Description
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Resource	Description
Industrial Automation Wiring and Grounding Guidelines, publication 1770-4.1 available at http://literature.rockwellautomation.com/id /literature/documents/in/1770-in041en-p.	
Product Certifications website, <u>http://www.a</u>	b.com Provides declarations of conformity, certificates, and other certification details.
MicroLogix Controllers to Micro800 Controlle Migration Guide, available at <u>https://literature.rockwellautomation.com/in</u> s/literature/documents/rm/2080-rm002e	suitable Micro800 controller, and also how to convert your MicroLogix programs to work with the Micro800
Micro800 Controllers Starter Pack Quick Sta available at https://literature.rockwellautomation.com/ii s/literature/documents/qs/2080-qs004er	PanelView 800 terminal.
Configuring Micro800 Controllers on Factory Gateway, available at <u>https://literature.rockwellautomation.com/ii</u> s/literature/documents/gs/2080-gs005er	Micro800 controller on FactoryTalk Linx Gateway.

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<u>http://www.rockwellautomation.com/literature</u>. To order paper copies of technical documentation, contact your local Rockwell Automation distributor or sales representative.

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Review and accept the Rockwell Automation Software and Cloud Services Agreement <u>here</u>.

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The software included in this product contains copyrighted software that is licensed under one or more open source licenses.

You can view a full list of all open source software used in this product and their corresponding licenses by opening the oss_license.txt file located in your product's OPENSOURCE folder on your hard drive. This file is divided into these sections:

• Components Includes the name of the open source component, its version number, and the type of license. • Copyright Text

Includes the name of the open source component, its version number, and the copyright declaration.

• Licenses Includes the name of the license, the list of open source components citing the license, and the terms of the license.

The default location of this file is:

C:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Rockwell\Help\<*product* name>\Release Notes\OPENSOURCE\oss_licenses.txt.

You may obtain Corresponding Source code for open source packages included in this product from their respective project web site(s). Alternatively, you may obtain complete Corresponding Source code by contacting Rockwell Automation via the **Contact** form on the Rockwell Automation website:

<u>http://www.rockwellautomation.com/global/about-us/contact/contact.page</u>. Please include "Open Source" as part of the request text.

Commercial Software Licenses

The following table lists the commercially licensed software components in Connected Components Workbench.

Component	Copyright
Actipro v17.1.0651	Copyright (c) 2002-2013 Actipro Software LLC
ag-grid v21.0.1	Copyright (c) 2015-2020 AG GRID LTD

with structures and arrays, development environments for ladder logi structured text, function block diagram, and user-defined function blo programs.	
Additionally, Connected Components Workbench includes user-inter configuration tools for Micro800 controllers, PowerFlex® drives, a Safe device, PanelView™ Component graphic terminals, and serial and netw connectivity options.	ety Relay
For information about a specific instruction, including a description, parameter details, and language examples, locate the instruction from table of contents, or from the following reference topics.	the
<u>Instruction reference in alphabetical order</u> on page 22	
For a description of the ladder elements used in Connected Componen Workbench, see the following section:	ıts
Ladder Diagram (LD) language reference on page 29	
Instruction blocksThe Connected Components Workbench instruction set includes IEC compliant instruction blocks for Micro800 controllers. Instruction block collectively include operators on page 19, functions on page 19 and fun blocks on page 21.	ocks
Operators The Connected Components Workbench instruction set includes IEC compliant instruction blocks for Micro800 controllers; operators are in the Connected Components Workbench instruction set.	
An operator is a basic logical operation such as arithmetic, boolean, comparator, or data conversion.	
Functions Functions have one or more input parameters and one output parameters	eter.

Instruction block format

An instruction block is represented by a single rectangle, and has a fixed number of input connection points and output connection points. An elementary instruction block performs a single function.



ltem No.	lo. Item Description					
0	Block name	The name of the function to be performed by the instruction block is written inside its rectangle shape (at the top).				
2	Input	Each input of an instruction block is labeled and has a defined type.				
3	Input connection	Inputs are connected on the left border.				
4	Output	Each output of an instruction block is labeled and has a defined type.				
6	Output connection	Outputs are connected on the right border.				

Calling a function

Connected Components Workbench does not support recursive function calls. When a function of the Functions section is called by itself or one of its called functions, a run-time error occurs. Furthermore, functions do not store the local values of their local variables. Since functions are not instantiated, they cannot call function blocks.

- A function can be called by a program, by a function, or by a function block.
- Any program of any section can call one or more functions. A function can have local variables.
- A function has no instance meaning local data is not stored and so is usually lost from one call to the other.
- Because the execution of a function is driven by its parent program, the execution of the parent program is suspended until the function ends.



Defining function and parameter names

Chapter 1

The interface of a function must be explicitly defined with a type and a unique name for each of its calling (input) parameters or return (output) parameters. A function has one return parameter. The value of a return parameter for a function block is different for each programming language (FBD, LD, ST).

Function names and function parameter names can use up to 128 characters. Function parameter names can begin with a letter or an underscore followed by letters, numbers, and single underscores.

Function blocks

A function block is an instruction block that has input and output parameters and works on internal data (parameters). It can be written in Structured Text, Ladder Diagram, or Function Block Diagram languages.

Instruction block format

An instruction block is represented by a single rectangle, and has a fixed number of input connection points and output connection points. An elementary instruction block performs a single function.



ltem No.	Item	Description
0	Block name	The name of the function to be performed by the instruction block is written inside its rectangle shape (at the top).
0	Input	Each input of an instruction block is labeled and has a defined type.
3	Input connection	Inputs are connected on the left border.
4	Output	Each output of an instruction block is labeled and has a defined type.
6	Output connection	Outputs are connected on the right border.

Calling a function block

When a function block is called in a program, an instance of the block is actually called. The instance uses the same code, but the input and output parameters are instantiated, which means local variables are copied for each instance of the function block. The values of the variables of a function block instance are stored from one cycle to the other.

A function block can be called by a program, or by another function block. They cannot be called by functions because functions are not instantiated.

Defining function block and parameter names

The interface of a function block must be explicitly defined with a type and a unique name for each of its calling (input) parameters or return (output) parameters. Function blocks can have more than one output parameter. The value of a return parameter for a function block is different for each programming language (FBD, LD, ST).

Function block names and function block parameter names can use up to 128 characters. Function block parameter names can begin with a letter or an underscore followed by letters, numbers, and single underscores.

Instruction set in alphabetical order

The following table lists the Micro800 controller instructions available in Connected Components Workbench and their mapped instructions in Logix theme in alphabetical order.

Instruction	Mapped Instruction (Logix Theme)	Category	Туре	Description
<u>-</u> on <u>page 97</u>	SUB	Arithmetic	Operator	Subtracts one Integer, Real or Time value from another Integer, Real or Time value.
<u>*</u> on <u>page 86</u>	MUL	Arithmetic	Operator	Multiplies two or more Integer or Real values.
<u>/</u> on <u>page 78</u>	DIV	Arithmetic	Operator	Division of two Integer or Real values.
<u>+</u> on <u>page 68</u>	ADD	Arithmetic	Operator	Adds two or more Integer, Real, Time, or String values.
≤ on <u>page 245</u>	LES	Compare	Operator	Compares Integer, Real, Time, Date, and String input values to determine whether the first is less than the second.
<u><=</u> on <u>page 247</u>	LEQ	Compare	Operator	Compares Integer, Real, Time, Date, and String input values to determine whether the first is less than or equal to the second.
<u><></u> on <u>page 247</u>	NEQ	Compare	Operator	Compares Integer, Real, Time, Date, and String input values to determine whether the first is not equal to the second.
<u>=</u> on <u>page 239</u>	EQU	Compare	Operator	Tests whether one value is equal to another.
<u>> on page 242</u>	GRT	Compare	Operator	Compares Integer, Real, Time, Date, and String input values to determine whether the first is greater than the second.
>= on <u>page 244</u>	GEQ	Compare	Operator	Compares Integer, Real, Time, Date, and String input values to determine whether the first is greater than or equal to the second.
ABL on page 105	ABL	Communications	Function block	Counts the number of characters in the buffer up to and including end of line character.
<u>ABS</u> on <u>page 63</u>	ABS	Arithmetic	Function	Returns the absolute value of a Real value.
<u>ACB</u> on <u>page 111</u>	ACB	Communications	Function block	Counts the total number of characters in the buffer.
ACL on page 107	ACL	Communications	Function block	Clears the receive and transmit buffers.
ACOS on page 65	ACS	Arithmetic	Function	Calculates the arc-cosine of a Real value.
ACOS_LREAL on page 66	ACOS_LREAL	Arithmetic	Function	Calculates the arc-cosine of a Long Real value.
AFI on page 525	AFI	Program control	Function	Temporarily disables a rung when debugging.
<u>AHL</u> on <u>page 109</u>	AHL	Communications	Function block	Sets or resets modem handshake lines.
AND on page 150	AND	Boolean operations	Operator	Performs a boolean AND operation between two or more values.
AND_MASK on page 125	AND_MASK	Binary operations	Function	Performs a bit to bit AND between two Integer values.
ANY_TO_BOOL on page 259	ANY_TO_BOOL	Data conversion	Function	Converts a non-Boolean value to a Boolean.
ANY_TO_BYTE on page 260	ANY_TO_BYTE	Data conversion	Function	Converts a value to a Byte.

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Instruction	Mapped Instruction (Logix Theme)	Category	Туре	Description
<u>ANY_TO_DATE</u> on <u>page 261</u>	ANY_TO_DATE	Data conversion	Function	Converts a String, Integer, Real, or Time data type to Date data type.
ANY_TO_DINT on page 263	STOD	Data conversion	Function	Converts a value to a Double Integer.
<u>ANY_TO_DWORD</u> on <u>page 264</u>	ANY_TO_DWORD	Data conversion	Function	Converts a value to a Double Word value.
ANY_TO_INT on page 265	ACI	Data conversion	Function	Converts a value to an Integer.
ANY_TO_LINT on page 266	ANY_TO_LINT	Data conversion	Function	Converts a value to a Long Integer.
ANY_TO_LREAL on page 267	ANY_TO_LREAL	Data conversion	Function	Converts a value to a Long Real.
ANY_TO_LWORD on page 268	ANY_TO_LWORD	Data conversion	Function	Converts a value to a Long Word.
ANY_TO_REAL on page 269	STOR	Data conversion	Function	Converts a value to a Real.
<u>ANY_TO_SINT</u> on <u>page 270</u>	ANY_TO_SINT	Data conversion	Function	Converts a value to a Short Integer.
<u>ANY_TO_STRING</u> on <u>page 270</u>	DTOS	Data conversion	Function	Converts a value to a String.
ANY_TO_TIME on page 272	ANY_TO_TIME	Data conversion	Function	Converts a value to the Time data type.
ANY_TO_UDINT on page 273	ANY_TO_UDINT	Data conversion	Function	Converts a value to an Unsigned Double Integer.
ANY_TO_UINT on page 274	ANY_TO_UINT	Data conversion	Function	Converts a value to an Unsigned Integer.
ANY_TO_ULINT on page 275	ANY_TO_ULINT	Data conversion	Function	Converts a value to an Unsigned Long Integer.
<u>ANY_TO_USINT</u> on <u>page 276</u>	ANY_TO_USINT	Data conversion	Function	Converts a value to an Unsigned Short Integer.
<u>ANY_TO_WORD</u> on <u>page 277</u>	ANY_TO_WORD	Data conversion	Function	Converts a value to a Word.
<u>ARD</u> on <u>page 113</u>	ARD	Communications	Function block	Reads characters from the input buffer and places them into a string.
<u>ARL</u> on <u>page 115</u>	ARL	Communications	Function block	Reads one line of characters from the input buffer and places them into a string.
ASCII on page 617	ASCII	String manipulation	Function	Returns the ASCII code for characters in a string. Character -> ASCII code.
ASIN on page 69	ASN	Arithmetic	Function	Calculates the arcsine of a Real value.
ASIN_LREAL on page 71	ASN_LREAL	Arithmetic	Function	Calculates the arcsine of a Long Real value.
<u>ATAN</u> on <u>page 72</u>	ATN	Arithmetic	Function	Calculates the arctangent of a Real value.
ATAN_LREAL on page 74	ATAN_LREAL	Arithmetic	Function	Calculates the arctangent of a Long Real value.
<u>AVERAGE</u> on <u>page 279</u>	AVE	Data Manipulation	Function block	Calculates a running average over a number of a defined samples.
<u>AWA</u> on <u>page 117</u>	AWA	Communications	Function	Writes a string with two appended (user-configured) characters to an external device.
<u>AWT</u> on <u>page 119</u>	AWT	Communications	Function	Writes characters from a source string to an external device.
<u>BSL</u> on <u>page 126</u>	BSL	Binary operations	Function block	Shifts a bit in an array element to the left.
<u>BSR</u> on <u>page 130</u>	BSR	Binary operations	Function block	Shifts a bit in an array element to the right.
<u>CHAR</u> on <u>page 619</u>	CHAR	String manipulation	Function	Returns a one character string for an ASCII code. ASCII code -> character.
<u>COM_IO_WDOG</u> on <u>page 163</u>	COM_IO_WDOG	Communications	Function block	Monitors communication to the controller.
<u>COP</u> on <u>page 280</u>	COP	Data conversion	Function block	Copies the binary data in the source element to the destination element.
<u>COS</u> on <u>page 75</u>	COS	Arithmetic	Function	Calculates the cosine of a Real value.
COS_LREAL on page 77	COS_LREAL		Function	Calculates the cosine of a Long Real value.
<u>CTD</u> on page 251	CTD	Counter	Function	Counts integers from a given value down to 0, 1 by 1.
CTU on page 253	CTU	Counter	Function	Counts integers from 0 up to a given value, 1 by 1.
<u>CTUD</u> on <u>page 255</u>	CTUD	Counter	Function	Counts integers from 0 up to a given value, 1 by 1, or from a given value down to 0, 1 by 1.
DELETE on page 620	DELETE	String manipulation	Function	Deletes characters from a string.
DERIVATE on page 479	DERIVATE	Process Control	Function block	Differentiation of a real value over a defined cycle time.
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Instruction	Mapped Instruction (Logix Theme)	Category	Туре	Description
<u>DLG</u> on <u>page 351</u>	DLG	Input/Output	Function Block	Writes variable values from the run-time engine into a Data Logging File on an SD Card.
DOY on page 648	DOY	Time	Function	Turn on an output if the value of the real-time clock is in the range of the Year Time setting.
EXPT on page 80	EXPT	Arithmetic	Function	Calculates the Real value of a base number raised to the power of the Integer exponent.
F_TRIG on page 145	OSF	Boolean operations	Function block	Detects a falling edge of a Boolean variable.
<u>FFL</u> on <u>page 489</u>	FFL	Process Control	Function Block	Loads 8 bit, 16 bit, 32 bit, or 64 bit data into a user-created array called a FIFO stack.
<u>FFU</u> on <u>page 489</u>	FFU	Process Control	Function Block	Unloads 8 bit, 16 bit, 32 bit, or 64 bit data from a user-created array called a FIFO (first in first out) stack in the same order data was loaded using the FFL instruction.
FIND on page 622	FIND	String manipulation	Function	Locates and provides the position of sub-strings within strings.
<u>HSC</u> on <u>page 292</u>	HSC	Input/Output	Function block	HSC applies high presets, low presets and output source values to the high-speed counter.
<u>HSC_SET_STS</u> on <u>page 307</u>	HSC_SET_STS	Input/Output	Function block	HSC_SET_STS manually sets or resets the HSC counting status.
HSCE on page 327	HSCE	Input/Output	Function block	HSCE start, stop and read accumulator value.
HSCE_CFG on page 330	HSCE_CFG	Input/Output	Function block	HSCE_CFG is the high speed counter configuration.
HSCE_CFG_PLS on page 332	HSCE_CFG_PLS	Input/Output	Function block	HSCE_CFG_PLS is the high speed counter PLS configuration.
HSCE_READ_STS on page 335	HSCE_READ_STS	Input/Output	Function block	HSCE_READ_STS reads high speed counter status.
HSCE_SET_STS on page 336	HSCE_SET_STS	Input/Output	Function block	HSCE_SET_STS manually set/reset high speed counter status.
HYSTER on page 494	HYSTER	Process Control	Function block	Boolean hysteresis on difference of reals.
IIM on page 353	IIM	Input/Output	Function block	Updates inputs prior to normal output scan.
INSERT on page 624	INSERT	String manipulation	Function	Inserts sub-strings at user-defined positions within strings.
INTEGRAL on page 496	INTEGRAL	Process Control	Function block	Integrates a real value during the defined cycle time.
<u>IOM</u> on <u>page 354</u>	IOM	Input/Output	Function block	Updates outputs prior to normal output scan.
IPIDCONTROLLER on page 529	IPIDCONTROLLER	Process Control	Function block	Configure and control the inputs and outputs used for the Proportional Integral Derivative (PID) logic.
KEY_READ on page 356		Input/Output	Function block	Micro810 only. Reads the Key status on the optional LCD module when the user display is active.
<u>KEY_READ_REM</u> on <u>page 359</u>	KEY_READ_REM	Input/Output	Function block	Micro820 only. Reads the Key status on the optional Remote LCD module when the user display is active.
LCD on page 341		Input/Output	Function	Micro810 only. Displays a string or number on an LCD screen.
LCD_BKLT_REM on page 344	LCD_BKLT_REM	Input/Output	Function	Sets the Remote LCD backlight parameters in a user program.
LCD_REM on page 346	LCD_REM	Input/Output	Function	Displays user defined messages for the Remote LCD.
LEFT on page 626	LEFT	String manipulation	Function	Extracts characters from the left side of a string.
<u>LFL(LIFO load)</u> on <u>page 501</u>	LFL	Process Control	Function block	Loads 8 bit, 16 bit, 32 bit, or 64 bit data into a user-created array called a LIFO stack.
LFU(LIFO unload) on page 503	LFU	Process Control	Function block	Unloads 8 bit, 16 bit, 32 bit, or 64 bit data from a user-created array called a LIFO (last in first out) stack in the same order data was loaded using the LFL instruction.
LIM_ALRM on page 59	LIM	Alarm	Function block	An alarm with hysteresis on a Real value for high and low limits.
LIMIT on page 521	LIMIT	Process Control	Function	Restricts integer values to a given interval.
LOG on page 82	LOG	Arithmetic	Function	Calculates the logarithm (base 10) of a Real value.
MAX on page 287	MAX	Data Manipulation	Function	Calculates the maximum of two integer values.

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Instruction	Mapped Instruction (Logix Theme)	Category	Туре	Description
<u>MC_AbortTrigger</u> on page 415	MC_AbortTrigger	Motion	Function block	Aborts Motion function blocks that are connected to trigger events.
<u>MC_Halt</u> on <u>page 418</u>	MC_Halt	Motion	Function block	Commands a controlled motion stop under normal operating conditions.
<u>MC_Home</u> on <u>page 421</u>	MAH	Motion	Function block	Commands the axis to perform the <i>< search home</i> > sequence.
<u>MC_MoveAbsolute</u> on page 424	MAM	Motion	Function block	Commands a controlled motion to a specified absolute position.
MC_MoveRelative on page 428	MC_MoveRelative	Motion	Function block	Commands a controlled motion of a specified distance relative to the actual position at the time of the execution.
MC_MoveVelocity on page 432	MCD	Motion	Function block	Commands a never ending controlled motion at a specified velocity.
MC_Power on page 436	MSO	Motion	Function block	Control the power stage, ON or OFF.
MC_ReadActualPosition on page 444	MC_ReadActualPosition	Motion	Function block	Returns the actual position of the feedback axis.
<u>MC_ReadActualVelocity</u> on <u>page</u> 444	MC_ReadActualVelocity	Motion	Function block	Returns the actual velocity of the feedback axis.
MC_ReadAxisError on page 447	MC_ReadAxisError	Motion	Function block	Reads the axis errors not related to the Motion control instruction blocks.
MC_ReadBoolParameter on page 451	MC_ReadBoolParameter	Motion	Function block	Returns the value of a vendor specific parameter of type BOOL.
MC_ReadParameter on page 454	MC_ReadParameter	Motion	Function block	Returns the value of a vendor specific parameter of type Real.
MC_ReadStatus on page 456	MC_ReadStatus	Motion	Function block	Returns the status of the axis with respect to the motion currently in progress.
MC_Reset on page 461	MAFR	Motion	Function block	Transitions the axis state from ErrorStop to StandStill by resetting all internal axis-related errors.
MC_SetPosition on page 463	MRP	Motion	Function block	Shifts the coordinate system of an axis by manipulating the actual position.
MC_Stop on page 466	MAS	Motion	Function block	Commands a controlled motion stop and transfers the axis state to Stopping.
MC_TouchProbe on page 470	MC_TouchProbe	Motion	Function block	Records an axis position at a trigger event.
MC_WriteBoolParameter on page 473	MC_WriteBoolParameter	Motion	Function block	Modifies the value of a vendor specific parameter of type Bool.
MC_WriteParameter on page 475	MC_WriteParameter	Motion	Function block	Modifies the value of a vendor specific parameter of type Real.
MID on page 628	MID	String manipulation	Function	Extracts characters from the middle of a string.
MIN on page 286	MIN	Data Manipulation	Function	Calculates the minimum of two integer values.
MLEN on page 630	MLEN	String manipulation	Function	Calculates the length of a string.
<u>MM_INFO</u> on <u>page 361</u>	MM_INF0	Input/Output	Function block	Reads memory module header information.
MOD on page 83	MOD	Arithmetic	Function	Performs a Modulo calculation on Integer values.
MODULE_INFO on page 364	MODULE_INFO	Input/Output	Function block	Reads module information from a plug-in module or an expansion module.
MOV on page 85	MOV	Arithmetic	Operator	Assigns the input value to the output.
MSG_CIPGENERIC on page 165	MSG	Communications	Function	Sends a CIP generic explicit message.
MSG_CIPSYMBOLIC on page 173	MSG_CIPSYMBOLIC	Communications	Function	Sends a CIP symbolic explicit message.
MSG_MODBUS on page 177	MSG_MODBUS	Communications	Function	Sends a Modbus message.
MSG_MODBUS2 on page 182	MSG_MODBUS2	Communications	Function	Sends a MODBUS/TCP message over an Ethernet Channel.
MSG_PCCC on page 188	MSG_PCCC	Communications	Function	Sends a PCCC message over an Ethernet channel or a serial port.
MUX4B on page 160	MUX4B	Boolean	Function	Multiplexer between four BOOL inputs, outputs a BOOL value.
MUX8B on page 156	MUX8B	Boolean	Function	Multiplexer between eight BOOL inputs, outputs a BOOL value.
<u>Neg</u> on <u>page 88</u>	NEG	Arithmetic	Operator	Converts a value to a negative.

Instruction	Mapped Instruction (Logix Theme)	Category	Туре	Description
<u>NOP</u> on <u>page 525</u>	NOP	Program Control	Function	Functions as a placeholder.
<u>NOT</u> on <u>page 151</u>	NOT	Boolean operations	Operator	Converts Boolean values to negated values.
NOT_MASK on page 133	NOT_MASK	Binary operations	Function	Integer bit-to-bit negation mask, inverts a parameter value.
<u>OR</u> on <u>page 149</u>	OR	Boolean operations	Operator	Boolean OR of two or more values.
<u>OR_MASK</u> on <u>page 134</u>	OR_MASK	Binary operations	Function	Integer OR bit-to-bit mask, turns bits on.
<u>PID</u> on <u>page 551</u>	PID	Process Control	Function block	An output instruction that controls physical properties such as temperature, pressure, liquid level, or flow rate using process loops.
PLUGIN_INFO on page 375	PLUGIN_INFO	Input/Output	Function block	Gets module information from a generic plug-in module (excluding Memory Module).
PLUGIN_READ on page 377	PLUGIN_READ	Input/Output	Function block	Reads data from a generic plug-in module (excluding Memory Module).
PLUGIN_RESET on page 379	PLUGIN_RESET	Input/Output	Function block	Resets a generic plug-in module, hardware reset (excluding Memory Module).
<u>PLUGIN_WRITE</u> on <u>page 381</u>	PLUGIN_WRITE	Input/Output	Function block	Writes data to a generic plug-in module (excluding Memory Module).
<u>POW</u> on <u>page 89</u>	ХРҮ	Arithmetic	Function	Calculates the value of a Real number raised to a power of the Real exponent.
<u>PWM</u> on <u>page 505</u>	PWM	Process Control	Function block	Turns the PWM (Pulse Width Modulation) output for a configured PWM channel ON or OFF.
<u>R_TRIG</u> on <u>page 147</u>	OSR	Boolean operations	Function block	Detects a rising edge of a Boolean variable.
<u>RAND</u> on <u>page 91</u>	RAND	Arithmetic	Function	Calculates random integer values from a defined range.
<u>RCP</u> on <u>page 383</u>	RCP	Input/Output	Function block	Reads and writes recipe data to and from an SD memory card.
<u>REPLACE</u> on <u>page 633</u>	REPLACE	String manipulation	Function	Replaces parts of a string with new sets of characters.
<u>RHC</u> on <u>page 348</u>	RHC	Input/Output	Function	Reads high-speed clock.
<u>RIGHT</u> on <u>page 631</u>	RIGHT	String manipulation	Function	Extracts characters from the right side of a string.
<u>ROL</u> on <u>page 136</u>	ROL	Binary operations	Function	For 32-bit integers, rotates integer bits to the left.
<u>ROR</u> on <u>page 137</u>	ROR	Binary operations	Function	For 32-bit integers, rotates integer bits to the right.
<u>RPC</u> on <u>page 350</u>	RPC	Input/Output	Function	Reads user program checksum.
<u>RS</u> on <u>page 148</u>	RS	Boolean operations	Function block	Reset dominant bistable.
RTC_READ on page 385	RTC_READ	Input/Output	Function block	Reads the real-time clock (RTC) module information.
<u>RTC_SET</u> on <u>page 387</u>	RTC_SET	Input/Output	Function block	Sets RTC (real-time clock) data to the RTC module information.
<u>RTO</u> on <u>page 646</u>	RTO	Time	Function block	Retentive timing. Increases an internal timer when input is active, but does not reset the internal timer when input changes to inactive.
SCALER on page 508	SCP	Process Control	Function block	Scales the input value according to output range.
<u>SCL</u> on <u>page 513</u>	SCL	Process Control	Function block	Converts an unscaled input value to a floating point value in engineering units.
<u>SHL</u> on <u>page 139</u>	SHL	Binary operations	Function	For 32-bit integers, moves integers to the left and places 0 in the least significant bit.
<u>SHR</u> on <u>page 141</u>	SHR	Binary operations	Function	For 32-bit integers, moves integers to the right and places 0 in the most significant bit.
<u>SIN</u> on <u>page 93</u>	SIN	Arithmetic	Function	Calculates the sine of a Real value.
SIN_LREAL on page 94	SIN_LREAL	Arithmetic	Function	Calculates the sine of a Long Real value.
SOCKET_ACCEPT on page 568	SOCKET_ACCEPT	Communications	Function block	Accepts a TCP connection request from a remote destination and returns a socket instance used to send and receive data on the newly created connection.

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Instruction	Mapped Instruction (Logix Theme)	Category	Туре	Description
SOCKET_CREATE on page 571	SOCKET_CREATE	Communications	Function block	Creates an instance of the socket and returns an instance number that is used as an input in any follow-on socket operations.
<u>SOCKET_DELETE</u> on page 576	SOCKET_DELETE	Communications	Function block	Deletes a created socket instance.
SOCKET_DELETEALL on page 578	SOCKET_DELETEALL	Communications	Function block	Deletes all created socket instances.
SOCKET_INFO on page 580	SOCKET_INFO	Communications	Function block	Returns information for the socket such as error codes and execution status.
SOCKET_OPEN on page 586	SOCKET_OPEN	Communications	Function block	Opens the connection for the specified destination address for Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) connections. For User Datagram Protocol (UDP) connections, associates a destination IP address and port number with the specified socket.
<u>SOCKET_READ</u> on <u>page 590</u>	SOCKET_READ	Communications	Function block	Reads data on a socket.
SOCKET_WRITE on page 594	SOCKET_WRITE	Communications	Function block	Sends data on a socket.
SORT on page 96	SQR	Arithmetic	Function	Calculates the square root of a Real value.
SR on page 152	SR	Boolean operations	Function block	Set dominant bistable.
STACKINT on page 510	STACKINT	Process Control	Function block	Manages stack of integers.
STIS on page 395	STS	Interrupt	Function	Starts the selected timed user interrupt (STI) timer from the control program rather than starting automatically.
<u>SUS</u> on <u>page 525</u>	SUS	Program Control	Function block	Suspends the execution of the <m800 controller="">.</m800>
SYS_INFO on page 389	SYS_INF0	Input/Output	Function block	Reads the status data block for the Micro800 controller.
<u>TAN</u> on <u>page 99</u>	TAN	Arithmetic	Function	Calculates the tangent of a Real value.
TAN_LREAL on page 100	TAN_LREAL	Arithmetic	Function	Calculates the tangent of a Long Real value.
<u>TDF</u> on <u>page 650</u>	TDF	Time	Function	Computes the time difference between TimeA and TimeB.
TND on page 520	TND	Process Control	Function	Stops the current cycle of the user program scan.
<u>TOF</u> on <u>page 637</u>	TOF	Time	Function block	Off-delay timing. Increases an internal timer up to a given value.
<u>TON</u> on <u>page 639</u>	TON	Time	Function block	On-delay timing. Increases an internal timer up to a given value.
TONOFF on page 641	TONOFF	Time	Function block	Delay turning on an output on a true rung, and then delay turning off the output on the false rung.
TOW on page 652	TOW	Time	Function	Turns on an output if the value of the real-time clock is in the range of the Time of Week setting.
<u>TP</u> on <u>page 644</u>	TP	Time	Function block	Pulse timing. On a rising edge, increases an internal timer up to a given value.
TRIMPOT_READ on page 392	TRIMPOT_READ	Input/Output	Function block	Reads the trimpot value from a specific trimpot.
TRUNC on page 102	TRN	Arithmetic	Function	Truncates Real values, leaving just the Integer.
TTABLE on page 153	TTABLE	Boolean	Function	Provides the value of the output based on the combination of inputs.
<u>UIC</u> on <u>page 397</u>	UIC	Interrupt	Function	Clears the lost bit for the selected user interrupt.
UID on page 398	UID	Interrupt	Function	Disables a specific user interrupt.
UIE on page 400	UIE	Interrupt	Function	Enables a specific user input.
UIF on page 402	UIF	Interrupt	Function	Flushes or removes a pending user input.
XOR on page 151	XOR	Boolean operations	Operator	Boolean exclusive OR of two values.
XOR_MASK on page 143	XOR_MASK	Binary operations	Function	Integer exclusive OR bit-to-bit mask, returns inverted bit values.

Ladder Diagram (LD) language

A Ladder Diagram (LD) is a graphical representation of Boolean	equations
that combines contacts (input arguments) with coils (output res	ults). Using
graphic symbols in a program chart (organized like a relay ladde	r wiring
diagram), the LD language describes the tests and modifications	s of Boolean
data.	

LD graphic symbols are organized within the chart as an electrical contact diagram. The term "ladder" comes from the concept of rungs connected to vertical power rails at both ends where each rung represents an individual circuit.

Connected Components Workbench provides an LD language editor and supports the <u>elements</u> on <u>page 33</u> and instructions that are supplied with the Connected Components Workbench software only.

Ladder Diagram (LD) program A Ladder Diagram (LD) is a graphical representation of Boolean equations that combines contacts (input arguments) with coils (output results). Using graphic symbols in a program chart (organized like a relay ladder wiring diagram), the LD language describes the tests and modifications of Boolean data.

The LD language uses graphic symbols in a program chart, organized like a relay ladder wiring diagram, to describe the tests and modifications of Boolean data.

Connected Components Workbench provides an <u>Ladder Diagram language</u> <u>editor</u> on <u>page 53</u> that supports the elements and instructions that are supplied with the Connected Components Workbench software only.

LD program development environment

The language editor for a Ladder Diagram (LD) program where you develop an LD Program Organizational Unit (POU).

The following picture shows the main areas of LD program development environment.



No.	Name	Description
1	Instruction toolbar on page 30 Quickly select an instruction element and place it in the LD graphical editor, or sing	
		LD text editor.
2	LD text editor	Edits the logic using ASCII instruction mnemonics.
3	LD graphic editor	Edits the logic using graphical instruction elements.
4	LD toolbox	Adds elements to the LD graphical editor.

Instruction Toolbar (LD)

Instruction Toolbar is the colloquial name for the secondary pane in the language editor pane, which functions like a toolbar and is used to <u>add</u> <u>language elements</u> on <u>page 30</u> such as instructions to the language editor workspace. It is complementary to the general workbench toolbox.

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н	Ψ	÷	++	\leftrightarrow	47	4.>	40	8				
\leftrightarrow	Favorites	Run	g/Branch	Bit	Progra	am Control	Mat	h Compare	Move Copy	Serial Port	Trig Functions	Logical

ltem	Description
Tabs	Lists the instruction elements by category. Click on a category to see the instructions within that category. Arrow keys can also be used to select different categories. Click on the arrows to the left of the tabs to scroll through the categories. Click on the down arrow to the right of the tabs to see a list of all the categories.
Instructions	Lists the instructions that correspond to the Tabs category selected. A category may also have basic instruction elements pinned at the beginning of the list. Click on the arrows to the left of the instructions to scroll through the instructions.
Search	Filters the instructions by category immediately as names or description keyword is entered. Click on the category name to see the filtered instructions for that category.
Favorites	Customizes a list of instructions that can be quickly found and added to your program.

Add instruction elements from instruction toolbar

Use the <u>Instruction toolbar</u> on <u>page 30</u> to search, navigate, and add instructions to Ladder Diagram (LD) program's language editor workspace.

To add an instruction element from Instruction Toolbar to the language editor

- 1. Click on the category tab, which includes the instruction you want to add. You can navigate the tab using the Arrow Keys and reorder their position by a drag-and-drop operation.
- 2. Select the instruction by a drag-and-drop operation or clicking on it.
- (optional) To quickly locate the instruction, click in the search field and then you can type to find the instruction element by name or keyword. To exit search and enable arrow key navigation, press the Esc key.
- (optional) Right-click on the instruction and select Add to Favorites to add it to Favorites tab and select Remove from Favorites to remove it. The favorites setting will be automatically saved.

Ladder Diagram (LD) elements

Ladder Diagram (LD) elements are the components used to build a ladder diagram program. All the elements listed in the following table can be added to a ladder diagram program within Connected Components Workbench.

Element	Description
Rung on page 33	Represents a group of circuit elements that lead to the activation of a coil.
<u>Instruction Block (LD)</u> on <u>page 39</u>	Instructions include operators, functions, and function blocks including user-defined function blocks.
Branch on page 36	Two or more instructions in parallel.
<u>Coil</u> on <u>page 39</u>	Represents the assignment of outputs or internal variables. In an LD program, a coil represents an action.
<u>Contact</u> on <u>page 45</u>	Represents the value or function of an input or internal variable.
<u>Return</u> on <u>page 50</u>	Represents the conditional end of a diagram output.
Jump on page 51	Represents the conditional and unconditional logic in the LD program that control the control the execution of diagrams.

Rung

Rungs are graphic components of Ladder Diagram (LD) programs that represent a group of circuit elements that lead to the activation of a coil. Use labels to identify rungs within the diagram. Labels, along with jumps, control the execution of a diagram. Comments are free-format text you can add above the rung for documentation purposes.

Add a rung to a LD program Rungs on page 33 are graphic components of a Ladder Diagram (LD) program that represent a group of circuit elements that lead to the activation of a coil.

In Connected Components Workbench, you can add a rung to a Ladder Diagram (LD) program from the:

- Language Diagram (LD) language editor
- Multi-language Editor located on the Tools menu
- LD Toolbox

To add a rung element to a Ladder Diagram program

- 1. In the LD language editor, right-click an existing rung and then either:
 - Click **Copy**, and then click **Paste** to insert a copy of the rung into the language editor.
 - Click **Insert Rung**, and then either:
 - Click **Above** to add the rung above the selected rung.

• Click **Below** to add the rung below the selected rung.



- Select a rung or an element in the LD language editor, and then press either:
 - **CTRL+ALT+o** to add the rung above the selected rung.
 - **CTRL+0** to add the rung below the selected rung.
- Select a rung or an element in the LD language editor, and then press either:
 - Click **Tools** > **Multi-language Editor** > **Insert Rung Below** to add the rung below the selected rung.
 - Click **Tools** > **Multi-language Editor** > **Insert Rung Above** to add the rung above the selected rung.
- 1. (optional) Open the LD Toolbox to show the rung element,
 - To insert a rung below an existing rung, select the rung in the LD language editor and then double-click **Rung** in the LD Toolbox.

If an element is not selected prior to double-clicking **Rung** in the LD Toolbox, the rung is inserted below the last rung in the LD language editor.

• Select **Rung** and then drag the element into the LD language editor.

A plus sign (+) appears in the LD language editor to show a valid target. Release the mouse button to add the element.



Tip: If the ladder diagram contains more than 355 rungs, use the down triangle rather than the scroll bar to view additional rungs.

Rung labels

Labels are optional additions for every rung in the Ladder Diagram (LD) language editor.

Labels can be an unlimited number of characters, beginning with a letter or underscore character followed by letters, numbers, and underscore characters. Labels cannot have spaces or special characters (for example, '+', '-', or '\').

To add a label for a rung in the LD language editor

1. To add a label to a rung, right-click the rung to open the LD language editor menu, and then select **Display Label**.

The rung updates to include the label and the LD language editor menu shows a checkmark next to **Display Label**.

LD_P	rogr	am-POU 👳 🗙							
	LAB	EL							
	COMMENT								
1		Add Breakpoint	-						
		Remove Breakpoint							
	~	Display Comment							
	~	Display Label							
	ŀюł	Insert Rung	•						
		Insert Ladder Elements	•						
		Reset Element Visual Settings							
		Reset All Visual Settings							
		Reset Container Visual Settings							
	×	Cut							
	67	Сору							
	15	Paste							
	×	Delete							
	٩	Cross Reference Browser							
	đ	Properties							

- 2. Select the **Label**, and type a description.
- 3. (optional) To remove the label, click **Display Label** from the LD language editor menu.

Rung comments

Comments are optional for every rung in the Ladder Diagram (LD) language editor. By default, a comment is included when you <u>add a rung element in the LD language editor</u> on <u>page 33</u>.

Comments are:

- Entered in the space above the rung.
- Saved in rich text format.

• Stored in the controller.

To add or remove a comment for a rung in the LD language editor

1. To remove a comment, right-click the rung to open the LD language editor menu.



- From the LD language editor menu, click Display Comment. The comment is removed from the rung and the check mark next to Display Comment on the LD language editor menu is removed.
- 3. (optional) To add a comment to a rung, click **Display Comment** from the LD language editor menu.

Branches create alternative routing for connections. <u>You can add parallel</u> branches to elements on a rung using the Ladder Diagram (LD) language editor on page 37.

Branch example



Branch
Add a branch to a LD program

<u>Branches</u> on <u>page 36</u> are graphic components of Ladder Diagram (LD) programs that create alternative routing for connections and may include parallel branches.

In Connected Components Workbench, you can add a branch to a Ladder Diagram (LD) program from the:

- Ladder Diagram (LD) language editor
- Multi-language Editor located on the Tools menu
- LD Toolbox
- Instruction Toolbar (LD)

To add a branch to a Ladder Diagram program

- 1. In the LD language editor, verify the LD program has a defined rung for the branch. Then do one of the following:
 - Right-click a rung or an element in the LD language editor, select **Insert Ladder Elements** and then click **Branch**.

If the **Variable Selector** opens, select a variable, or click **OK** without selecting a variable to add the **Branch** element.

LD_	Prog	ram-POU* ↔ ×						
	LAB	EL						
1	COMMENT							
		Add Breakpoint						
		Remove Breakpoint						
	~	Display Comment						
	Display Label Insert Rung							
		Insert Ladder Elements	•	₽	Instruction Block	Ctrl+Alt+2		
		Reset Element Visual Settings Reset All Visual Settings		╢	Direct Contact	Ctrl+Alt+3		
				T Branch	Branch	Ctrl+Alt+1		
		Reset Container Visual Settings		0	Direct Coil	Ctrl+4		
	×	Cut			Jump	Ctrl+5		
	25	Сору	-0	Return	Ctrl+6			
	15							
	×	× Delete						
	P	Cross Reference Browser						
	æ	Properties						

• Select a rung or element in the LD language editor and then press either:

CTRL+ALT+1 to add the branch to the left of the selected element or rung.

CTRL+1 to add the branch to the right of the selected element.

• Select a rung or an element in the LD language editor and then either:

Click **Tools** > **Multi-language Editor** > **Insert Branch Before** to add the branch to the left of the selected element.

Click **Tools** > **Multi-language Editor** > **Insert Branch After** to add the branch to the right of the selected element.

• Open the LD Toolbox to show the branch element and then either:

Double-click the branch element to add it to the LD language editor. Drag the branch element into the LD language editor and position it on the rung.

A plus sign (+) appears in the LD language editor to show a valid target. Release the mouse button to add the element.

- 1. (optional) To insert a parallel branch:
 - a. In the LD language editor, right-click the branch to open the LD language editor menu.



b. From the LD language editor menu, select **Insert Branch** and then click either:

Above to add a branch above the selected branch. **Below** to add the branch below the selected branch.



2. (optional) To move a branch element to another location in a LD program, select the element and drag the element to new a location in the LD program.

A plus sign (+) appears in the LD language editor to show a valid target. Release the mouse button to insert the element in the target location.



Instruction Block (LD)

Coil

A Ladder Diagram (LD) Instruction Block element is a IEC 61131-3 compliant functional element in a LD program that can be a function block, a function, a user-defined function block, a user-defined function, or an operator.

Coils are graphic components of Ladder Diagram (LD) programs that represent the assignment of an output or of an internal variable. In LD programs, a coil represents an action. A coil must be connected on the left to a Boolean symbol, such as a contact, or to a Boolean output of an instruction block. Coils can only be added to a defined rung in the LD language editor. The coil definition can be modified after the coil is added to the rung.

The following example shows the coil element types available for Ladder Diagram programs.

Example: Coils



Add coil elements

Coils are graphic components of Ladder Diagram (LD) programs that represent an action taken an output or of an internal variable.

In Connected Components Workbench, you can add a coil to a Ladder Diagram (LD) program from the:

- Ladder Diagram (LD) language editor
- Multi-language Editor located on the Tools menu
- LD Toolbox
- Instruction Toolbar (LD)
- To add a coil element to a Ladder Diagram program: in the LD language editor, verify the LD program has a defined rung for the coil. Then do one of the following:
 - Right-click a rung or an element in the LD language editor, select **Insert Ladder Elements** and then click **Direct Coil**.

If the **Variable Selector** opens, select a variable, or click **OK** without selecting a variable to add the **Direct Coil** element.

LA	ram-POU* +> X				
 <!--</th--><th>Add Breakpoint Remove Breakpoint Display Comment Display Label Insert Rung Insert Ladder Elements</th><th>•</th><th></th><th></th><th></th>	Add Breakpoint Remove Breakpoint Display Comment Display Label Insert Rung Insert Ladder Elements	•			
	Reset Element Visual Settings Reset All Visual Settings Reset Container Visual Settings	•	□ + □ < ,	Instruction Block Direct Contact Branch Direct Coil	Ctrl+Alt+3 Ctrl+Alt+1 Ctrl+4
× 5 10	Cut Copy Paste Delete		* •	Jump Return	Ctrl+5 Ctrl+6
م ±	Cross Reference Browser Properties				

- Select a rung or an element in the LD language editor, and then press **CTRL+4** to add the **Direct Coil** to the right side of the rung.
- Select a rung or an element in the LD language editor, and then click Tools > Multi-language Editor > Insert Coil to add the coil to the right side of the rung.
- Open the LD Toolbox to show the coil elements (**Direct Coil**, **Reverse Coil**, **Set Coil**, **Reset Coil**, **Pulse Rising Edge Coil**, **Pulse Falling Edge Coil**) and then either:

Double-click the coil element to add it to the LD language editor.

Drag the coil element into the LD language editor and position it on the rung.

A plus sign (+) appears in the LD language editor to show a valid target. Release the mouse button to add the element.

- 1. (optional) To insert a parallel coil
 - a. In the LD language editor, verify the LD program has a defined branch and then right-click the top level of the <u>branch</u> on <u>page 36</u> to open the LD language editor menu.



b. From the LD language editor menu, select **Insert Ladder Elements** and then click **Direct Coil**. The element is inserted on the top level of the branch.



- c. Right-click the bottom level of the branch to open the LD language editor menu.
- d. From the LD language editor menu, select Insert Ladder
 Elements and then click Direct Coil. The element is inserted on the bottom level of the branch.



2. (optional) To change the type of coil, in the LD language editor select the coil, and then press the **space bar** until the coil type displays in the language editor.

Every time the space bar is pressed the coil type changes from direct, to reverse, to set, to reset, to pulse rising edge, to pulse falling edge.

<u>Coils</u> on <u>page 39</u> are graphic components of Ladder Diagram (LD) programs that represent the assignment of an output or of an internal variable.

Direct Coil

A direct coil supports a Boolean output of a connection line Boolean state.



The associated variable is assigned with the Boolean state of the left connection. The state of the left connection is propagated into the right connection. The right connection must be connected to the right vertical power rail (unless you have parallel coils, where only the upper coil must be connected to the right vertical power rail).

The associated Boolean variable must be an output or it must be user-defined.

Direct coil example



Reverse Coil

<u>Coils</u> on <u>page 39</u> are graphic components of Ladder Diagram (LD) programs that represent the assignment of an output or of an internal variable.

A reverse coil element supports a Boolean output according to the Boolean negation of a connection line state.



The associated variable is assigned with the Boolean negation of the state of the left connection. The state of the left connection is propagated into the right connection. The right connection must be connected to the right vertical power rail (unless you have parallel coils, where only the upper coil must be connected to the right vertical power rail).

The associated Boolean variable must be output or it must be user-defined.

Reverse Coil example



Pulse Falling Edge Coil

<u>Coils</u> on <u>page 39</u> are graphic components of Ladder Diagram (LD) programs that represent the assignment of an output or of an internal variable.

<u>Pulse falling edge</u> on <u>page 43</u> (or negative) coils support a Boolean output of a connection line Boolean state.



The associated variable is set to TRUE when the Boolean state of the left connection falls from TRUE to FALSE. The output variable resets to FALSE in all other cases. The state of the left connection is propagated into the right connection. The right connection must be connected to the right vertical power rail (unless you have parallel coils, where only the upper coil must be connected to the right vertical power rail).

The associated Boolean variable must be output or it must be user-defined.

Pulse Falling Edge Coil example



Pulse Rising Edge Coil

<u>Coils</u> on <u>page 39</u> are graphic components of Ladder Diagram (LD) programs that represent the assignment of an output or of an internal variable.

Pulse rising edge (or positive) coils support a Boolean output of a connection line Boolean state.



The associated variable is set to TRUE when the Boolean state of the left connection rises from FALSE to TRUE. The output variable resets to FALSE in all other cases. The state of the left connection is propagated into the right connection. The right connection must be connected to the right vertical power rail (unless you have parallel coils, where only the upper coil must be connected to the right vertical power rail).

The associated Boolean variable must be output or user-defined.

Pulse Rising Edge Coil example



Set Coil

Coils are graphic components of Ladder Diagram (LD) programs that represent the assignment of an output or of an internal variable. In LD programs, a coil represents an action.

Set coils support a Boolean output of a connection line Boolean state.



The associated variable is set to TRUE when the Boolean state of the left connection becomes TRUE. The output variable keeps this value until an inverse order is made by a Reset coil. The state of the left connection is propagated into the right connection. The right connection must be connected to the right vertical power rail (unless you have parallel coils, where only the upper coil must be connected to the right vertical power rail).

The associated Boolean variable must be output or it must be user-defined.

Set Coil example

Reset Coil

Contact

<u>Coils</u> on <u>page 39</u> are graphic components of Ladder Diagram (LD) programs that represent the assignment of an output or of an internal variable.

Reset coils support a Boolean output of a connection line Boolean state.



The associated variable is reset to FALSE when the Boolean state of the left connection becomes TRUE. The output variable keeps this value until an inverse order is made by a Set coil. The state of the left connection is propagated into the right connection. The right connection must be connected to the right vertical power rail (unless you have parallel coils, where only the upper coil must be connected to the right vertical power rail).

The associated Boolean variable must be output or user-defined.

Reset Coil example



Contacts are graphic components of Ladder Diagram (LD) programs. Depending on the type, a contact represents the value or function of an input or of an internal variable. Contacts can only be added to a defined rung in the LD language editor. After a contact is added, its definition can be modified.

The following example shows the contact element types available for Ladder Diagram programs.

Example: Contacts



Contacts are graphic com

Add a contact to a LD
programContacts are graphic components of a Ladder Diagram (LD) program.
Depending on the type, a contact represents the value or function of an input
or of an internal variable. Contacts can only be added to a defined rung in the
LD language editor.In Connected Components Workbench, you can add a contact to a Ladder
Diagram (LD) program from the:Ladder Diagram (LD) language editor
Multi-language Editor located on the Tools menu

- LD Toolbox
- Instruction Toolbar (LD)

To add a contact element to a Ladder Diagram program

- 1. In the LD language editor, verify the LD program has a defined rung for the contact. Then do one of the following:
 - Right-click a rung or an element in the LD language editor, select **Insert Ladder Elements** and then click **Direct Contact**.

If the **Variable Selector** opens, select a variable or click **OK** without selecting a variable to add the **Direct Contact** element.

-	ram-POU* ⊕ × BEL				
0	MMENT				
 ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ 	Add Breakpoint Remove Breakpoint Display Comment Display Label Insert Rung	,			
	Insert Ladder Elements Reset Element Visual Settings Reset All Visual Settings Reset Container Visual Settings	•	₽ + = 0 0	Instruction Block Direct Contact Branch Direct Coil	Ctrl+Alt+2 Ctrl+Alt+3 Ctrl+Alt+1 Ctrl+4
× S	Cut Copy Paste		* •	Jump Return	Ctrl+5 Ctrl+6
× م	Delete Cross Reference Browser				
*	Properties				

• Select a rung or an element in the LD language editor, and then press either:

CTRL+ALT+3 to add the Direct Contact element to the left side of the selected element or the rung.

CTRL+3 to add the Direct Contact element to the right side of the selected element or the rung.

• Select a rung or an element in the LD language editor and then either:

Click **Tools** > **Multi-language Editor** > **Insert Contact Before** to add the contact to the left side of the selected element or rung. Click **Tools** > **Multi-language Editor** >**Insert Contact After** to add the contact to the right side of the selected element or rung.

• Open the LD Toolbox to show the contact elements (Direct Contact, Reverse Contact, Pulse Rising Edge Contact, Pulse Falling Edge Contact) and then either:

Double-click the contact element to add it to the LD language editor. Drag the contact element into the LD language editor and position it on the rung.

A plus sign (+) appears in the LD language editor to show a valid target. Release the mouse button to add the element.

- 1. (optional) To insert a parallel contact:
 - a. In the LD language editor, verify the LD program has a defined <u>branch</u> on <u>page 36</u> and then right-click the top level of the branch to open the LD language editor menu.



 b. From the LD language editor menu, select Insert Ladder
 Elements and then click Direct Contact. The element is inserted on the top level of the branch.



c. Right-click the bottom level of the branch to open the LD language editor menu.

d. From the LD language editor menu, select **Insert Ladder Elements** and then click **Direct Contact**. The element is inserted on the bottom level of the branch.



2. (optional) To change the type of contact, in the language editor select the contact, and then press the **space bar** until the the contact type displays in the language editor.

Every time the space bar is pressed the contact type changes from direct, to reverse, to pulse rising edge, to pulse falling edge.

<u>Contacts</u> on <u>page 45</u> are graphic components of Ladder Diagram (LD) programs.

Direct contacts support a Boolean operation between a connection line state and a Boolean variable.



The state of the connection line on the right of the contact is the logical AND between the state of the left connection line and the value of the variable associated with the contact.

Direct Contact example



Reverse Contact

<u>Contacts</u> on <u>page 45</u> are graphic components of Ladder Diagram (LD) programs.

Direct Contact

Reverse contacts support a Boolean operation between a connection line state and the Boolean negation of a Boolean variable.



The state of the connection line on the right of the contact is the logical AND between the state of the left connection line and the Boolean negation of the value of the variable associated with the contact.

Reverse Contact example



Pulse Rising Edge Contact

<u>Contacts</u> on <u>page 45</u> are graphic components of Ladder Diagram (LD) programs.

Pulse rising edge (or positive) contacts support a Boolean operation between a connection line state and the rising edge of a Boolean variable.



The state of the connection line on the right of the contact is set to TRUE when the state of the connection line on the left is TRUE, and the state of the associated variable rises from FALSE to TRUE. The state is reset to FALSE in all other cases.

Pulse Rising Edge Contact example



Recommendation: Restrict the use of output variables with edge contacts

We recommend not using outputs or variables with a <u>Pulse rising edge</u> <u>contact</u> on <u>page 49</u> (positive) or a <u>Pulse falling edge contact</u> on <u>page 50</u> (negative). These contacts are for physical inputs in a ladder diagram. To detect the edge of a variable or an output, we recommend using the R_TRIG/F_TRIG function block, which is supported and works in any language at any location in your program.

Pulse Falling Edge Contact

Contacts are graphic components of Ladder Diagram (LD) programs.

Pulse falling edge (or negative) contacts support a Boolean operation between a connection line state and the falling edge of a Boolean variable.



The state of the connection line on the right of the contact is set to TRUE when the state of the connection line on the left is TRUE, and the state of the associated variable falls from TRUE to FALSE. The state is reset to FALSE in all other cases.

Pulse Falling Edge Contact example



Recommendation: Restrict the use of output variables with edge contacts

We recommend not using outputs or variables with a <u>Pulse rising edge</u> <u>contact</u> on <u>page 49</u> (positive) or a <u>Pulse falling edge contact</u> on <u>page 50</u> (negative). These contacts are for physical inputs in a ladder diagram. To detect the edge of a variable or an output, we recommend using the R_TRIG/F_TRIG function block, which is supported and works in any language at any location in your program.

Returns are outputs that represent a conditional end of a Ladder Diagram (LD) program.

Return

You cannot place connections to the right of a return element.

When the left connection line has the TRUE Boolean state, the diagram ends without executing the instructions located on the next lines of the diagram.

When the LD diagram is a function, its name is associated with an output coil to set the return value (returned to the calling diagram).

Return example



To insert a return in a Ladder Diagram program

Do one of the following:

- Right-click a rung or an element in the LD language editor, select **Insert Ladder Elements** and then click **Return**.
- Select a rung or element in the LD language editor and then press **CTRL+6**.
- Select a rung or an element in the LD language editor and then click Tools > Multi-language Editor > Insert Return.
- Open the LD Toolbox to show the return element and then either:

Double-click the return element to add it to the LD language editor. Drag the return element into the LD language editor and position it on the rung.

A plus sign (+) appears in the LD language editor to show a valid target. Release the mouse button to add the element.

Jump

Jumps are conditional or unconditional elements that control the execution of Ladder Diagram (LD) programs.

Jump notation

The following notation indicates a jump to a label:

>>LABEL - Jump to a label where the label name is "LABEL"

Jump example



To insert a jump

Do one of the following:

- Right-click a rung or an element in the LD language editor, select Insert Ladder Elements and then click Jump.
- Select a rung or element in the LD language editor and then press CTRL+5.
- Select a rung or an element in the LD language editor and then click • Tools > Multi-language Editor > Insert Jump.
- Open the LD Toolbox to show the jump element and then either:

Double-click the jump element to add it to the LD language editor. Drag the jump element into the LD language editor and position it on the rung.

A plus sign (+) appears in the LD language editor to show a valid target. Release the mouse button to add the element.

The Connected Components Workbench instruction set includes IEC 61131-3 compliant instruction blocks. Instruction blocks collectively include function programs blocks, functions and operators. You can connect instruction block inputs and outputs to variables, contacts, coils, or other instruction block inputs and outputs.

Instruction block conventions

The IEC61131-3 programming language specification addresses numerous aspects of programmable controllers including the operating system execution, data definitions, programming languages, and instruction sets. The IEC61131-3 specification provides a minimum set of functionalities that can be extended to meet end user applications.

Instruction blocks in LD

Instruction block names

Functions and function blocks are represented by a box that displays the name of the instruction, and the short version of the parameter names. For function blocks, the instance name is displayed above the function block name.

Instruction block return parameters

- The return parameter of a function has the same name as the function. The return parameter is the only output.
- The return parameters of a function block can have any name. Multiple return parameters can provide multiple outputs.
- You can define the parameters of programs for multiple devices by navigating the tabs for individual devices displayed in the **Parameter** view.

When you add items to a rung in the Ladder Diagram (LD) program, they are added according to the following criteria:

- The first element on a rung is inserted at the position you select in the ladder diagram.
- Subsequent elements are inserted to the right of the selected item on the rung.
- You cannot insert an element to the right of a coil return or jump.

Different methods to add an element to Ladder Diagram program:

- LD Ladder Editor
 - Add elements, delete elements, and copy and paste elements.
 - Use <u>LD keyboard shortcuts</u> on <u>page 55 to</u> add elements.
- LD Text Editor
 - Add, modify and delete elements.
 - Copy and paste elements from/to RSLogix 500 and <RSLX5000>.
- Multi-language Editor located on the Tools menu
 - Add elements.
 - Export an image of the LD program.
 - Enable or disable the automatic opening of the Variable Selector and Instruction Block Selector.
- LD Toolbox
 - Add elements.
- Instruction Toolbar
 - Add elements.

You can replace an assigned variable directly from the language editor, or from the **Variable Selector**.

Work in the LD language editor

To modify a variable from the language editor

- 1. In the language editor, click the variable name to display a drop-down list of global and local variables.
- 2. Do one of the following:
 - Enter a new variable name and double-click the variable to open **Variable Selector**. Press **Enter** to confirm the new variable.
 - Select a different variable name from the drop-down list.

To modify a variable from the Variable Selector

- 1. In the language editor, double-click the variable to open the **Variable Selector**.
- 2. Click the variable name, then select a different variable from the drop-down list of global and local variables.
- 3. Click an existing variable, then type constant values in the text box provided.

Ladder Diagram (LD) program examples

The following examples are Ladder Diagram (LD) programs.

Example: R_TRIG function block

The following example program shows the recommended usage of an R_TRIG function block used to detect an edge while connected to the controller.

Any_Variable		JO EM DO (
Pary_randoc		_10_Ex[00_0
P P		(5)_
	function blocks are supported and work in any location it or failing edge with any Variable, Input, or Output.	your program. It is recommended if
Any_Variable	R_TRIG_1	_IO_EM_DO_0
	R_TRIG CLK Q	0
This is the TYPICAL way to		Line de la Ladder Dianzan omozone
This is the TYPICAL way to	use the Positive or Negative Pulse Contact with physics	il inputs in Ladder Diagram programs.
This is the TYPICAL way to		el inputs in Ladder Diagram programa. Any_Variable
	o use the Positive or Negative Pulse Contact with physics	Any_Variable
_JD_EM_DL_00		Any_Variable
_JO_EM_DI_00	a use the Positive or Negative Pulse Contact with physics	Any_Variable

Example: Comparing Real Values using Subtraction (-) ABS, and Less than (<)

The Real data type is not recommended when comparing values for equality because of differences in the way numbers are rounded. Two output values may appear equal in a Connected Components Workbench display, but will evaluate as false.

For example, 23.500001 compared to 23.499999 will both display as 23.5 in the variable input display, but will not be equal in the controller.

To test whether two Real data type values are equal, you can use a Subtraction instruction to get the difference between the values and then determine if the difference is Less Than an established precision value. See the following LD program example for comparing two Real data type values.



LD Keyboard shortcuts

The following keyboard shortcuts are available for use with the <u>Ladder</u> <u>Diagram language</u> on <u>page 29</u>.

Shortcut	Description
Ctrl+0	Inserts a rung after a selected rung. ¹
Ctrl+Alt+0	Inserts a rung before a selected rung. ¹
Ctrl+1	Inserts a branch after a selected element.
Ctrl+Alt+ 1 Inserts a branch before a selected element.	
Ctrl+2 Inserts an instruction block after a selected element. ²	
Ctrl+Alt+2 Inserts an instruction block before a selected element. ²	
Ctrl+3	Inserts a contact after a selected element. ²

Chapter 3 Ladder Diagram (LD) elements

Shortcut	Description				
Ctrl+Alt+3	Inserts a contact before a selected element. ²				
Ctrl+4	Inserts a coil after a selected element.				
Ctrl+5	Inserts a jump after a selected element.				
Ctrl+Alt+5	Inserts a jump after a selected element.				
Ctrl+6	Inserts a return after a selected element.				
Ctrl+8	Inserts a branch above the selected branch.				
Ctrl+Alt+8	Inserts a branch below the selected branch.				
Delete	Removes a selected rung or element.				
Enter	When a rung is selected, pressing the Enter key selects the first element of the				
LINEI	rung. If there is no rung element, nothing happens.				
Spacebar	When a coil or contact is selected, pressing the Spacebar changes the contact				
opacebai	or coil type.				
Shift+Enter	Inserts a line break.				
Ctrl+Enter	Opens a line above the current line.				
Ctrl+Shift+Enter	Opens a line below the current line.				
Ctrl+Shift+L	Removes the current line.				
Ctrl+Delete	Removes the next word in the current line.				
	Removes the character on the left.				
Backspace Ctrl+Backspace	Removes the previous word in the current line.				
Ctrl+C	Copies the selected text to the clipboard.				
Ctrl+Insert	Copies the selected text to the clipboard.				
Ctrl+V	Pastes text saved on the clipboard to the insertion point.				
Shift+Insert	Pastes text saved on the clipboard to the insertion point.				
Ctrl+Z Undoes the previous command.					
Ctrl+Y	Redoes the previous command.				
Ctrl+Shift+Z	Redoes the previous command.				
Ctrl+Left	Moves to the previous statement or word.				
Ctrl+Right	Moves to the next statement or word.				
Home	Moves to the first element of the selected rung, if there is no rung element				
End	nothing happens. Moves to the last element of the selected rung, if there is no rung element				
	nothing happens.				
Ctrl+Home	Moves to the first element of the first rung, if there is no rung element, the first				
	rung is selected.				
Ctrl+End	Moves to the last element of the last rung, if there is no rung element, the last				
	rung is selected.				
Page Up	Moves to the top of the visible code.				
Page Down	Moves to the bottom of the visible code.				
Ctrl+J	Moves to the matching bracket.				
Ctrl+Down	Scrolls down.				
Ctrl+Up	Scrolls up.				
Shift+Down	Selects down.				
Shift+Left Mouse Click	Selects multiple rungs. Click each rung individually.				
Shift+Up	Selects up.				
Shift+Left	Selects left.				
Shift+Right	Selects right.				

Shortcut	Description			
Ctrl+Shift+Left	Selects to the previous statement or word.			
Ctrl+Shift+Right	Selects to the next statement or word.			
Shift+Home	Selects from the insertion point until the start of the line.			
Shift+End	Selects from the insertion point until the end of the line.			
Ctrl+Shift+Home	Selects from the insertion point until the start of the document.			
Ctrl+Shift+End	Selects from the insertion point until the end of the document.			
Shift+Page Up	Selects from the insertion point until the top of the visible code.			
Shift+Page Down	Selects from the insertion point until the end of the visible code.			
Ctrl+Shift+Page Up	Selects from the insertion point until the top of the visible code.			
Ctrl+Shift+Page Down	Selects from the insertion point until the end of the visible code.			
Ctrl+A	Selects the entire document.			
Ctrl+D	When a rung or one element of the rung is selected, after pressing CTRL+D user can edit rung comment.			
Ctrl+R	Enable or disable the Automatic Selector Invocation.			
	By default, either the Instruction Block Selector or Variable Selector dialog			
	opens when an element is added to a Ladder Diagram program.			
Ctrl+Shift+W	Selects the next word.			
Ctrl+Shift+J	Selects to the matching bracket.			
Shift+Alt+Down	Selects the current and next lines.			
Shift+Alt+Up	Selects the current and previous lines.			
Shift+Alt+Left	Selects left on the current line.			
Shift+Alt+Right	Selects right on the current line.			
Ctrl+Shift+Alt+ Left	Selects available columns in lines of code from the left to right.			
Ctrl+Shift+Alt+Right	Selects available columns in lines of code from the right to left.			
Esc	Deselects the selected text.			
Insert	Toggles between the overwrite/insert typing mode.			

¹When no rung is selected, a rung is added at the end of the rung list.

²When a branch is selected, an element is inserted at the end of the branch.

Alarm instruction

Use the alarm instruction to provide alerts when a configured high or low limit is reached.

Function block	Description
LIM_ALRM on page 59	Hysteresis on a real value for high and low limits.

LIM_ALRM (limit alarm)

LIM_ALRM is an alarm with hysteresis on a Real value for high and low limits.

A hysteresis is applied on high and low limits. The hysteresis delta used for either high or low limit is one half of the EPS parameter.

A Process alarm is an alarm that occurs when a fault is received and processed by the controller. Process level alarms provide an alert when the module has exceeded the configured high or configured low limits for each channel.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.

	<i>IM_ALRM_1</i> LIM_ALRM
н	QH
×	Q
L	QL
EPS	

Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter type	Data type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	When TRUE, enables the instruction block.
			TRUE - execute current LIM_ALRM computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.
Н	Input	REAL	High limit value.
Х	Input	REAL	Input is any real value.
L	Input	REAL	Low limit value.
EPS	Input	REAL	Hysteresis value (must be greater than zero).
QН	Output	BOOL	High alarm: TRUE if X above high limit H.

Q	Output	BOOL	Alarm output: TRUE if X out of limits.
QL	Output	BOOL	Low alarm: TRUE if X below low limit L.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enables outputs.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

LIM_ALRM timing diagram example



LIM_ALRM Function Block Diagram example



LIM_ALRM Ladder Diagram example



LIM_ALRM Structured Text example

LI	M_ALRM_1 (
	void LIM_ALRM_1 (REAL H, REAL X, REAL L, REAL EPS)
	Type : LIM_ALRM, High/low limit alarm with hysteresis
1	HighLimit := 10.0;
2	X := 15.0;
3	LowLimit := 5.0;
4	HysteresisValue := 2.0;
5	<pre>LIM_ALRM_1(HighLimit, X, LowLimit, HysteresisValue);</pre>
6	OutputH := LIM_ALRM_1.QH;
7	OutputL := LIM ALRM 1.QL;
8	output := LIM ALRM 1.Q;
1	

Results

Name	Alias	Logical Value	Physical Value	Initial Value	Lock	Data T	уре
* E	r - Er			- 17			- IT
X		15.0	N/A			REAL	
HysteresisValue		2.0	N/A			REAL	-
HighLimit		10.0	NZA			REAL	*
LowLimit		5.0	N/A			REAL	*
OutputH		v	NZA			BOOL	
output		V	NZA			BOOL	~
+ LIM_ALRM_1						LIM_ALRM	*

Arithmetic instructions

Function	Description
ABS on page 63	Returns the absolute value of a Real value.
ACOS on page 65	Calculates the arc-cosine of a Real value.
ACOS_LREAL on page 66	Calculates the arc-cosine of a Long Real value.
Addition on page 68	Adds two or more Integer, Real, Time, or String values.
ASIN on page 69	Calculates the arcsine of a Real value.
ASIN_LREAL on page 71	Calculates the arcsine of a Long Real value.
ATAN on page 72	Calculates the arctangent of a Real value.
ATAN_LREAL on page 74	Calculates the arctangent of a Long Real value.
<u>COS</u> on <u>page 75</u>	Calculates the cosine of a Real value.
COS_LREAL on page 77	Calculates the cosine of a Long Real value.
Division on page 78	Division of two Integer or Real values.
EXPT on page 80	Calculates the Real value of a base number raised to the power of the Integer exponent.
LOG on page 82	Calculates the logarithm (base 10) of a Real value.
MOD on page 83	Performs a Modulo calculation on Integer values.
MOV on page 85	Copies an input value to an output.
Multiplication on page 86	Multiplies two or more Integer or Real values.
<u>Neg</u> on <u>page 88</u>	Converts a value to a negative.
POW on page 89	Calculates the value of a Real number raised to a power of the Real exponent.
RAND on page 91	Calculates random integer values from a defined range.
<u>SIN</u> on <u>page 93</u>	Calculates the sine of a Real value.
SIN_LREAL on page 94	Calculates the sine of a Long Real value.
<u>SORT</u> on <u>page 96</u>	Calculates the square root of a Real value.
Subtraction on page 97	Subtracts one Integer, Real or Time value from another Integer, Real or Time value.
<u>TAN</u> on <u>page 99</u>	Calculates the tangent of a Real value.
TAN_LREAL on page 100	Calculates the tangent of a Long Real value.
TRUNC on page 102	Truncates Real values, leaving just the Integer.

Use the arithmetic instructions to perform mathematical calculations.

ABS (absolute value)

Returns the absolute (positive) value of a Real value.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input BOOL Instru		Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute current absolute computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.
IN	Input	REAL	Any signed Real value.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.
ABS	Output	REAL	Absolute value (always positive).

ABS Function Block Diagram example



ABS Ladder Diagram example



ABS Structured Text diagram example



			Chapter	[.] 5	Arithm	etic instr	uctions
esults							
🖶 Variabl	e Monitoring				-		×
User Globa	al Variables - Micro870	Local Variables - R	A_ABS_LD	System	Variables	- Micro8	70 🔹 🕨
	Name	Logical Valu	e Physica	l Value	Initia	Value	Lock
	5 5	ĪT				-	
va	lue	-1.0	N/A				
At	osValue	1.0	NZA				
			1.1				

ACOS (arccosine of source)

Calculates the arc-cosine of a Real value. Input and output values are in radians.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute current arc-cosine computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.
IN	Input	REAL	Must be in set [-1.0 +1.0].
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.
ACOS	Output	REAL	Arc-cosine of the input value (in set [-p1/2+p1/2])=0 for invalid input.

ACOS Function Block Diagram example



ACOS Ladder Diagram example



ACOS Structured Text example

1	va.	lue	:= 0).5			
2	Aro	Cos	ine	:=	ACO	<mark>S</mark> (va	lue);
			ACOS osine	(REA	L IN)		

(* ST Equivalence: *)

cosine := COS (angle);

result := ACOS (cosine); (* result is equal to angle *)

Results



ACOS_LREAL (arccosine Long Real)

Calculates the arc-cosine of a Long Real value.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute current computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.
IN	Input	LREAL	Must be in set [-1.0 +1.0].
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.
ACOS_LREAL	Output	LREAL	Arc-cosine of the input value (in set [0.0 PI]) = 0.0 for invalid input.

ACOS_LREAL Function Block Diagram example



ACOS_LREAL Ladder Diagram examples



ACOS_LREAL Structured Text examples

ACOS_LREAL (
LREAL ACOS_LREAL(LREAL IN) Perform 64-bit real arccosine calculation.
<pre>1 value := 0.5; 2 ArcCosine := ACOS_LREAL(value);</pre>
(* ST Equivalence: *)
cosine := COS_LREAL (angle);
result := ACOS_LREAL (cosine); (* result is equal to angle *)

Results

Jser	Global Variables - Micro870	Local Variables - RA	_ACOSLREAL_LD	System Variables	-14
Τ	Name	Logical Value	Physical Value	Initial Value	Loci
	•	iτ		- IT	
	value	0.5	N/A		
•	ArcCosine	1.047197551196	N/A		
•	1				

Addition

Adds two or more Integer, Real, Time, or String values.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute current addition computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.
i1	Input	SINT	Addend in Real, Time, or String data type.
		USINT	All inputs must be the same data type.
		BYTE	
		INT	
		UINT	
		WORD	
		DINT	
		UDINT	
		DWORD	
		LINT	
		ULINT	
		LWORD	
		REAL	
		LREAL	
		TIME	
		STRING	

i2	Input	SINT	Addend in Real, Time, or String data type.
		USINT	All inputs must be the same data type.
		BYTE	
		INT	
		UINT	
		WORD	
		DINT	
		UDINT	
		DWORD	
		LINT	
		ULINT	
		LWORD	
		REAL	
		LREAL	
		TIME	
		STRING	
01	Output	SINT	Sum of the input values in Real, Time, or String format.
		USINT	Input and output must use the same data type.
		BYTE	
		INT	
		UINT	
		WORD	
		DINT	
		UDINT	
		DWORD	
		LINT	
		ULINT	
		LWORD	
		REAL	
		LREAL	
		TIME	
		STRING	
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

Addition Structured Text example

(* ST equivalence: *)

ao10 := ai101 + ai102; ao5 := (ai51 + ai52) + ai53;

ASIN (arcsine)

Calculates the arcsine of a Real value. Input and output values are in radians.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute current arcsine computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.
IN	Input	REAL	Must be in set [-1.0 +1.0].
ASIN	Output	REAL	Arcsine of the input value(in set [-p1/2+p1/2])=0 for invalid input.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.

ASIN Function Block Diagram example



ASIN Ladder Diagram example



ASIN Structured Text example

```
1 in := 0.5;
2 ArcSine := ASIN(in);
ASIN(
REAL ASIN(REAL IN)
Arc sine
```

(* ST Equivalence: *)

sine := SIN (angle);

result := ASIN (sine); (* result is equal to angle *)

Results

	Name		RA_ASIN_LD System	and the second se	Lock	
Ľ	•	<i>.</i>		- A		
F	in	0.5	N/A			REAL
	ArcSine	0.5235988	N/A			REAL

ASIN_LREAL (arcsine Long Real)

Calculates the arcsine of a Long Real value.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute current computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.
IN	Input	LREAL	Must be in set [-1.0 +1.0].
ASIN_LREAL	Output	LREAL	Arcsine of the input value (in set [-PI/2 +PI/2]) = 0.0 for invalid input.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.

ASIN_LREAL Function Block Diagram example



ASIN_LREAL Ladder Diagram example



ASIN_LREAL Structured Text example

1 in := 0. 2 ArcSine	5; := ASIN_LREAL(in);
ASIN_LREAL	LREAL ASIN LREAL(LREAL IN)
	Perform 64-bit real arcsine calculation.

(* ST Equivalence: *)

sine := SIN_LREAL (angle);

result := ASIN_LREAL (sine); (* result is equal to angle *)

Results



ATAN (arctangent)

Calculates the arctangent of a Real value.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.
Chapter 5 Arithmetic instructions

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute current arctangent computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.
IN	Input	REAL	Any Real value.
ATAN	Output	REAL	Arctangent of the input value (in set [-PI/2 +PI/2]) = 0.0 for invalid input.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.

ATAN Function Block Diagram example



ATAN Ladder Diagram example



ATAN Structured Text example



(* ST Equivalence: *)

tangent := TAN (angle);

result := ATAN (tangent); (* result is equal to angle*)

lser Global Variables - Micro8	70 Local Vari	ables - RA	_ATAN_LD	System	Variables - M	cro870 I	/0 - Micro
Name	Logic	alValue	Physical	Value	Initial Valu	e Lock	Data
	- d'				- 0	e-	
in 📃	0.5		N/A				REAL
ArcTan	0.46364	476	N/A				REAL
						_	

ATAN_LREAL (arctangent Long Real)

Calculates the arctangent of a Long Real value.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable. TRUE - execute current computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation. Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.
IN	Input	LREAL	Any Long Real value.
ATAN_LREAL	Output	LREAL	Arctangent of the input value (in set [-PI/2 +PI/2]) = 0.0 for invalid input.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output. Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.

ATAN_LREAL Function Bock Diagram example



ATAN_LREAL Ladder Diagram example



ATAN_LREAL Structured Text example

<pre>in := 0.5; ArcTan := ATAN_LREAL(in);</pre>					
ATAN_LREAL (
LREAL ATAN_LREAL (LREAL IN) Perform 64-bit real arctangent calculation.					

(* ST Equivalence: *)

tangent := TAN_LREAL (angle);

result := ATAN_LREAL (tangent); (* result is equal to angle*)

Results

User Global Variables - Micro870	Local Variables - RA	_ATANLREAL_LD	System Variables	- Micro8	70 I/C •
Name	Logical Value	Physical Value	Initial Value	Lock	D ata T
	A.		- 1		
🕨 🔲 in	0.5	N/A			LREAL
ArcTan	0.463647609000	N/A			LREAL
4	2				

COS (cosine)

Calculates the cosine of a Real value.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute current cosine computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.
IN	Input	REAL	Any Real value.
COS	Output	REAL	Cosine of the input value (in set [-1.0 +1.0]).
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.

COS Function Block Diagram example



COS Ladder Diagram example



COS Structured Text example

COS (
REAL COS(REAL IN)	
Cosine	
1 in := 10.0;	
<pre>2 cosine := COS(in);</pre>	
(* ST Equivalence: *)	
cosine := COS (angle);	

result := ACOS (cosine); (* result is equal to angle *)

Jser Global	Variables - Micro870	Local Variables - F	RA_COS_LD	System	Variables - Micro8	70 1/0	- Micro{
	Name	▼ Logical Valu	e Physica	l Value	Initial Value	Lock	Data
	- 0	A+	22.00		- A*		
in		10.0	N/A				REAL
Cos	sine	-0.8390715	NZA				REAL

COS_LREAL (cosine Long Real)

Calculates the cosine of a Long Real value.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute current cosine computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.
IN	Input	LREAL	Any Long Real value.
COS_LREAL	Output	LREAL	Cosine of the input value (in set [-1.0 +1.0]).
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.

COS_LREAL Function Block Diagram example



COS_LREAL Ladder Diagram example



COS_LREAL Structured Text example

COS_LREAL (LREAL COS_LREAL(LREAL IN) Perform 64-bit real cosine calculation. 1 in := 10.0;

2 cosine := COS_LREAL(in);

(* ST Equivalence: *)

cosine := COS_LREAL (angle);

result := ACOS_LREAL (cosine); (* result is equal to angle *)

Results

User Global \	/ariables - Micro870	Local Variables - RA_COSLRI	EAL_LD	System Varia	ables - Micro870	I/0 · •
	Name	 LogicalValue 	Phy	sical Value	Initial Value	Lock
	- 6	A*			- A*	
in		10.0	N/A			
Cosir	ne	-0.83907152907645222	N/A			
						

Division

Divides the first Integer or Real input value by the second Integer or Real input value.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute current division computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.
il	Input	SINT	Dividend in non-zero Integer or Real data type.
		USINT	All inputs must be the same data type.
		BYTE	
		INT	
		UINT	
		WORD	
		DINT	
		UDINT	
		DWORD	
		LINT	
		ULINT	
		LWORD	
		REAL	
		LREAL	
i2	Input	SINT	Divisor in non-zero Integer or Real data type.
		USINT	All inputs must be the same data type.
		BYTE	
		INT	
		UINT	
		WORD	
		DINT	
		UDINT	
		DWORD	
		LINT	
		ULINT	
		LWORD	
		REAL	
		LREAL	

01	Output	SINT	Quotient of the inputs in non-zero Integer or Real data type.
		USINT	Input and output must use the same data type.
		BYTE	
		INT	
		UINT	
		WORD	
		DINT	
		UDINT DWORD	
		LINT	
		ULINT	
		LWORD	
		REAL	
		LREAL	
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable out.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

Division Structured Text example

(* ST Equivalence: *)

ao10 := ai101 / ai102; ao5 := (ai5 / 2) / ai53;

EXPT (exponent)

Raises the value of IN (base) to the power of EXP (exponent) and outputs the Real result of the operation.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute current exponent computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
IN	Input	REAL	Any signed Real value.
EXP	Input	DINT	Integer exponent.
EXPT	Output	REAL	The Real value of IN to the power of EXP.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.

EXPT Function Block Diagram example



EXPT Ladder Diagram example



EXPT Structured Text example



(* ST Equivalence: *)

tb_size := ANY_TO_DINT (EXPT (2.0, range));

Results

ser Glob	al Variables - Micro870	Local Variables - RA_	EXPT_LD System V	ariables - Micro870) 1/0 - 1	Acrc 1
	Name	▲ Alias	Logical V	alue Physical'	Value	Initial \
		R.	- A*			
e e	xponent		3	N/A		
in	1		2.0	N/A		
re	isult		8.0	N/A		

LOG (log base 10)

Calculates the logarithm (base 10) of a Real value.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute current logarithm computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
IN	Input	REAL	Must be greater than zero.
LOG	Output	REAL	Logarithm (base 10) of the input value. The returned result is -3.4E+38 for a zero IN value and negative IN value.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.

LOG Function Block Diagram example



LOG Ladder Diagram example



LOG Structured Text example

in := 10.0;
output := LOG(in);
LOG(
REALLOG(REALIN)
Logarithm

(* ST Equivalence: *)

xpos := ABS (xval);

xlog := LOG (xpos);

Results

ser Glob	oal Variables - Micro870	Local Variables - RA	LOG_LD System	Variables - Microl	870 1/0	- Microl 1
	Name	Logical Value	Physical Value	Initial Value	Lock	Data
	- 0	e:		· 1		
• 🗌 in	n:	10.0	N/A			REAL
0	ut	1.0	N/A			REAL

MOD (modulo)

Divide the IN input by the Base input and place the remainder in the MOD output.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute the module computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.
IN	Input	DINT	Any signed integer value.
Base	Input	DINT	Must be greater than zero.
MOD	Output	DINT	Modulo calculation (input MOD base) / returns -1 if Base <= 0.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.

MOD Function Block Diagram example



MOD Ladder Diagram example



MOD Structured Text example



division_result := (value / divider); (* integer division *)

rest_of_division := MOD (value, divider); (* rest of the division *)

🖷 Variable Monitorir	g					>	<
User Global Variables -	Micro870	Local Va	riables - RA_MOD_	LD S	System Va	ariables	• •
Name	Logi	al Value	Physical Value	Initia	al Value	Lock	Da
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	A*				· #*		
🕨 in	5		N/A				DIN
base	3		N/A	9			DIN
module	2		N/A				DIN
					С	lose	

MOV (move)

Assigns the input (i1) value to the output (01).

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

For Structured Text programs, use the Equal (=) operator instead of MOV.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable. TRUE - execute the direct link to an output computation. FALSE - there is no computation. Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

leij			
i1	Input	BOOL	Input and output must use the same data type.
		DINT	
		REAL	
		TIME	
		STRING	
		SINT	
		USINT	
		INT	
		UINT	
		UDINT	
		LINT	
		ULINT	
		DATE	
		LREAL	
		BYTE	
		WORD	
		DWORD	
		LWORD	
01	Output	BOOL	Input and output must use the same data type.
		DINT	
		REAL	
		TIME	
		STRING	
		SINT	
		USINT	
		INT	
		UINT	
		UDINT	
		LINT	
		ULINT	
		DATE	
		LREAL	
		BYTE	
		WORD	
		DWORD	
		LWORD	
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

Structured Text example

(* ST equivalence: *)

ao23 := ai10;

Multiplication

Multiplies two or more Integer or Real values.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute current multiplication computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.
il	Input	SINT	Factor in Integer or Real data type.
	r ·	USINT	All inputs must be the same data type.
		BYTE	
		INT	
		UINT	
		WORD	
		DINT	
		UDINT	
		DWORD	
		LINT	
		ULINT	
		LWORD	
		REAL	
		LREAL	
i2	Input	SINT	Factor in Integer or Real data type.
		USINT	All inputs must be the same data type.
		BYTE	
		INT	
		UINT	
		WORD	
		DINT	
		UDINT	
		DWORD	
		LINT	
		LINT	
		LWORD	
		REAL	
		LREAL	

Chapter 5 Arithmetic instructions

01	Output	SINT	Product of the inputs in Integer or Real data type.
		USINT	Input and output must use the same data type.
		BYTE	
		INT	
		UINT	
		WORD	
		DINT	
		UDINT	
		DWORD	
		LINT	
		ULINT	
		LWORD	
		REAL	
		LREAL	
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable out.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

Multiplication Structured Text example

(* ST equivalence *)

```
ao10 := ai101 * ai102;
ao5 := (ai51 * ai52) * ai53;
```

Neg (negation)

Converts a value to a negated value.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute current convert to negative computation. FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.
i1	Input	SINT	Input and output must be the same data type.
		INT	
		DINT	
		LINT	
		REAL	
		LREAL	

01	Output	SINT	Input and output must be the same data type.
		INT	
		DINT	
		LINT	
		REAL	
		LREAL	
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

Neg Structured Text example

(* ST equivalence: *)

```
ao23 := - (ai10);
ro100 := - (ri1 + ri2);
```

POW (raise power)

When the first argument is 'base' and the second argument is 'exponent', calculate the Real result of (base exponent).

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute current exponent computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.
IN	Input	REAL	Real number to be raised.
EXP	Input	REAL	Power (exponent).
POW	Output	REAL	(IN EXP)
			1.0 if IN is not 0.0 and EXP is 0.0
			0.0 if IN is 0.0 and EXP is negative
			0.0 if both IN and EXP are 0.0
			0.0 if IN is negative and EXP does not correspond to an integer.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.

POW Function Block Diagram example



POW Ladder Diagram example



POW Structured Text example



(* ST Equivalence: *)

result := POW (xval, power);

	Initial Value	DL		
	and the second	Physical value	Logical Value	Name
Or .	* <i>A</i> *			<i>▼ A</i> *
		N/A	2.0	🔲 in
		N/A	3.0	exponent
		N/A	8.0	power

RAND (random value)

Calculates random integer values from a defined range.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute the random integer value computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.
base	Input	DINT	Defines the supported set of numbers.
RAND	Output	DINT	Random value in set [0base-1].
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.

RAND Function Block Diagram example



RAND Ladder Diagram example



RAND Structured Text example

RAND (DINT RAND(DINT base) Random value
1 base := 10; 2 random := RAND(base);
(* ST Equivalence: *)
selected := MUX4 (RAND (4), 1, 4, 8, 16);
(*
random selection of 1 of 4 pre-defined values
the value issued of RAND call is in set [03],
so 'selected' issued from MUX4, will get 'randomly' the value
1 if 0 is issued from RAND,
or 4 if 1 is issued from RAND,
or 8 if 2 is issued from RAND,
or 16 if 3 is issued from RAND,
*)

🛁 Variable Monitoring	<u>.</u>		>	<		
User Global Variables - Mic	System V	/ariable	• •			
Name	Logical Value	Physical Value	Initi	al Value	Lock	Da
· 0**				* 0#*		
base	10	N/A				DIN
random	9	N/A				DIN
						· ·
				С	lose	

SIN (sine)

Calculates the sine of a Real value.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute current sine computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.
IN	Input	REAL	Any Real value.
SIN	Output	REAL	Sine of the input value (in set [-1.0 +1.0]).
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.

SIN Function Block Diagram example



SIN Ladder Diagram example



SIN Structured Text example

SIN (
REAL SIN (REAL IN) Sine
1 in := 0.5; 2 sine := SIN(in);
(* ST Equivalence: *)
sine := SIN (angle);
result := ASIN (sine); (* result is equal to angle *)

Results



SIN_LREAL (sine Long Real)

Calculates the sine of a Long Real value.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Chapter 5 Arithmetic instructions

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute current computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.
IN	Input	LREAL	Any Long Real value.
SIN_LREAL	Output	LREAL	Sine of the input value (in set [-1.0 +1.0]).
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.

SIN_LREAL Function Block Diagram example



SIN_LREAL Ladder Diagram example



SIN_LREAL Structured Text example



TESTOUTPUT1 := SIN_LREAL(TESTINPUT1) ;

🚅 Variable Monitoring				×
User Global Variables - Mi	cro870 Local Va	ariables - RA_SINL	REAL_LD Sy:	• •
Name 🔺	Logical Value	Physical Value	Initial Value	Lo
· <i>₫</i> *			 <i>A</i>[*] 	
🕨 🔲 in	0.5	N/A		
sinelreal	0.47942553860	• N/A		
			Close	

SQRT (square root)

Calculates the square root of a Real value.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute current square root computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.
IN	Input	REAL	Must be greater than or equal to zero.
SQRT	Output	REAL	Square root of the input value. The returned result is 0 for a negative IN value.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.

SQRT Function Block Diagram example



SQRT Ladder diagram example



SQRT Structured Text example

1	in := 16.0;
2	SquareRoot := SQRT(in);
s	QRT (
	REAL SQRT(REAL IN)
	Square root
(* S	T Equivalence: *)

xpos := ABS (xval);

xroot := SQRT (xpos);

Results

📕 Variable Monitoring		_			\times		
User Global Variables - Mi	cro870	Local Varia	bles - RA_S	SQRT_	LD	Syste	m ◀ ▶
Name 🔺	A	lias	Logical V	'alue	Phy	/sical	Value
- <i>A</i> *		· A*					
🕨 🗖 in			16.0		N/A		
SquareRoot			4.0		N/A		
		_					
						Close	

Subtraction

Subtracts one Integer, Real, or Time value from another Integer, Real or Time value.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute current addition computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.
i1	Input	SINT	Minuend in any Integer, Real or Time data type.
		USINT	All inputs must be the same data type.
		BYTE	
		INT	
		UINT	
		WORD	
		DINT	
		UDINT	
		DWORD	
		LINT	
		ULINT	
		LWORD	
		REAL	
		LREAL	
		TIME	
i2	Input	SINT	Subtrahend in any Integer, Real or Time data type.
		USINT	All inputs must be the same data type.
		BYTE	
		INT	
		UINT	
		WORD	
		DINT	
		UDINT	
		DWORD	
		LINT	
		ULINT	
		LWORD	
		REAL	
		LREAL	
		TIME	

01	Output	SINT	Difference of the minuend and the subtrahend in any Integer, Real or Time data type.
		USINT	Output must be the same data type as inputs.
		BYTE	
		INT	
		UINT	
		WORD	
		DINT	
		UDINT	
		DWORD	
		LINT	
		ULINT	
		LWORD	
		REAL	
		LREAL	
		TIME	
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

Subtraction Structured Text example

(* ST equivalence: *)

ao10 := ai101 - ai102; ao5 := (ai51 - 1) - ai53;

TAN (tangent)

Calculates the tangent of a Real value.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description	
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.	
			TRUE - perform current tangent computation.	
			FALSE - there is no computation.	
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.	
IN	Input	REAL	Cannot be equal to PI/2 modulo PI.	
TAN	Output	REAL	Tangent of the input value = 1E+38 for invalid input.	
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.	
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.	

TAN Function Block Diagram example



TAN Ladder Diagram example



TAN Structured Text example



result := ATAN (tangent); (* result is equal to angle*)

Results



TAN_LREAL (tangent Long Real)

Calculates the tangent of a Long Real value.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input BOOL		Instruction enable.
			TRUE - perform current computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.
IN	Input	LREAL	Cannot be equal to PI/2 modulo PI.
TAN_LREAL	Output	LREAL	Tangent of the input value = 1E+38 for invalid input.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.

TAN_LREAL Function Block Diagram example



TAN_LREAL Ladder Diagram example



TAN_LREAL Structured Text example

TAN_LREAL (
LREAL TAN_LREAL(LREAL IN) Perform 64-bit real tangent calculation.
<pre>1 in := 0.5; 2 TanLreal := TAN_LREAL(in);</pre>
(* ST Equivalence: *)
tangent := TAN_LREAL (angle);
result := ATAN_LREAL (tangent); (* result is equal to angle*)

User (Global Variables - Micro870	Local Variables - RA_TANL	REAL_LD	System V	ariables - Micro	•
	Name	Logical Value	Physic	alValue	Initial Value	
	- 0	R.			· A	ł
•	in	0.5	NZA			
	tanLreal	0.5463024898437906	NZA			
4						

TRUNC (truncate)

Truncates Real values, leaving just the Integer.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description	
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.	
			TRUE - perform the truncation of Real value computation.	
			FALSE - there is no computation.	
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.	
IN	Input	REAL	L Any Real value.	
TRUNC	Output	REAL	If IN>0, biggest integer less or equal to the input.	
			If IN<0, least integer greater or equal to the input.	
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.	
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.	

TRUNC Function Block Diagram example



TRUNC Ladder Diagram example



TRUNC Structured Text example

TRUNC (
REAL TRUNC (REAL IN) Truncate decimal part
<pre>1 in := 1.7; 2 truncation := TRUNC(in);</pre>
(* ST Equivalence: *)
result := TRUNC (+2.67) + TRUNC (-2.0891);
(* means: result := 2.0 + (-2.0) := 0.0; *)

Results

🚪 Variable Monitoring			34 <u>-</u> 36		\times
User Global Variables - Micro870	Local Variables - RA	_TRUNC_LD S	ystem Variables	- Micro	87(• •
Name	 Logical Value 	Physical Valu	e Initial∀a	lue L	.ock
- 0	£*		*	A.	
in	1.7	N/A			🗆 R
elapse	1.0	N/A			B
•					•
			Γ	Clos	e

ASCII serial port instructions

Use the ASCII serial port instructions to use or alter the communication channel for receiving or transmitting data.

Function block	Description
ABL on page 105	Counts the number of characters in the buffer up to and including end of line character.
ACB on page 111	Counts the total number of characters in the buffer.
<u>ACL</u> on <u>page 107</u>	Clears the receive and transmit buffers.
AHL on page 109	Sets or resets modem handshake lines.
ARD on page 113	Reads characters from the input buffer and places them into a string.
ARL on page 115	Reads one line of characters from the input buffer and places them into a string.
<u>AWA</u> on <u>page 117</u>	Writes a string with two appended (user-configured) characters to an external device.
<u>AWT</u> on <u>page 119</u>	Writes characters from a source string to an external device.

ABL (ASCII test for buffer line)

Counts the number of ASCII characters in the input buffer up to and including the end-of-line termination character.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, and Micro870 controllers.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
IN	Input	BOOL	Rung input state.
			TRUE - When Rising Edge is detected, start the function block with the precondition that the last
			operation is complete.
			FALSE - The instruction block is idle.

ABLInput	Input	ABLACB	The channel to be operated.	
			Use the <u>ABLACB data type</u> on <u>page 122</u> to define the Channel, TriggerType, and Cancel	
			parameters for ABLInput.	
Q	Output	BOOL	Indicates when the character count is ongoing or complete.	
			The outputs update asynchronously from the program scan. Output Q cannot be used to re-trigger the instruction since IN is edge triggered.	
			TRUE - The function block is complete.	
			FALSE - The function block is not complete.	
Characters	Output	UINT	The number of characters in the buffer. The buffer limit is 82 characters.	
Error	Output	BOOL	Indicates the existence of an error condition.	
			TRUE - An error is detected.	
			FALSE - No error.	
ErrorID	Output	UINT	A unique numeric that identifies the error. The errors for this instruction are defined in ABL error codes.	

ABL error codes

Use this table to determine the ABL error codes and descriptions.

Error code	Error description					
03	Transmission cannot be completed because the Clear-to-Send signal was lost.					
06	Illegal parameter was detected.					
07	Cannot complete ASCII send or receive because channel configuration has been shut down using the channel configuration dialog box.					
08	Cannot complete ASCII Write due to an ASCII transmission already in progress.					
09	ASCII communication requested is not supported by current channel configuration.					
10	The Cancel was set, stopping instruction execution. No action required.					
11	The requested length for the string is either invalid, a negative number, greater than 82, or O. Applies to ARD and ARL function blocks.					
13	The requested (.LEN) in the control block is a negative number or a value greater than the string size stored with the source string. Applies to AWA and AWT function blocks.					
14	The ACL function block was cancelled.					
16	Serial port is not supporting RTS or CTS control lines.					

ABL Function Block Diagram example



ABL Ladder Diagram example



ABL Structured Text example



```
1 ABL_1(in, input);
2 output := ABL_1.Q;
3 number := ABL_1.Characters;
4 error := ABL_1.Error;
5 ID := ABL 1.ErrorID;
```

ACL (ASCII clear buffer)

Clears the receive and transmit buffers, and removes instructions from the ASCII queue.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, and Micro870 controllers.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
IN	Input	BOOL	Rung input state.
			TRUE - When Rising Edge is detected, start the function block with the precondition that the last
			operation is complete.
			FALSE - The instruction block is idle.

ACLInput	Input	ACLI	The channel to be operated, and the state of the transmit and receive buffers. For RXBuffer, clears the receive buffer and removes the receive ASCII function blocks (ARL and ARD) from the ASCII queue. For TXBuffer, clears the transmit buffer and removes the transmit ASCII function blocks (AWA and AWT) from the ASCII queue. Use the <u>ACLI data type</u> on <u>page 122</u> to define the Channel, RXBuffer, and TXBuffer parameters for ACLInput.
Q	Output	BOOL	Indicates when the ASCII queue clearing process is ongoing or complete. TRUE - The function block is complete. FALSE - The function block is not complete.
Error	Output	BOOL	Indicates the existence of an error condition. TRUE - An error is detected. FALSE - No error.
ErrorID	Output	UINT	A unique numeric that identifies the error. The errors for this instruction are defined in ABL error codes.

ABL error codes

Use this table to determine the ABL error codes and descriptions.

Error code	Error description					
03	Transmission cannot be completed because the Clear-to-Send signal was lost.					
06	Illegal parameter was detected.					
07	Cannot complete ASCII send or receive because channel configuration has been shut down using the channel configuration dialog box.					
08	Cannot complete ASCII Write due to an ASCII transmission already in progress.					
09	ASCII communication requested is not supported by current channel configuration.					
10	The Cancel was set, stopping instruction execution. No action required.					
11	The requested length for the string is either invalid, a negative number, greater than 82, or O. Applies to ARD and ARL function blocks.					
13	The requested (.LEN) in the control block is a negative number or a value greater than the string size stored with the source string. Applies to AWA and AWT function blocks.					
14	The ACL function block was cancelled.					
16	Serial port is not supporting RTS or CTS control lines.					

ACL Function Block Diagram example


ACL Ladder Diagram example



ACL Structured Text example



AHL (ASCII handshake lines)

Sets or resets the RS-232 Request to Send (RTS) handshake control lines for a modem.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, and Micro870 controllers.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
IN	Input	BOOL	Rung input state. TRUE - When Rising Edge is detected, start the instruction block with the precondition that the last operation is complete. FALSE - The instruction block is idle.
AHLInput	Input	AHLI	The channel to be operated, and the set or reset of the RTS control line for the modem. Use the <u>AHLI data type</u> on <u>page 123</u> to define the Channel, SetRts, CIrRts, and Cancel parameters for AHLInput.

			Γ
Q	Output	BOOL	Indicates when the set or reset is complete.
			Outputs of this instruction are updated asynchronously from the program scan. Output Q cannot
			be used to re-trigger the instruction since IN is edge triggered.
			TRUE - The function block is complete.
			FALSE - The function block is not complete.
ChannelSts	Output	WORD	Displays the current status (0000 to 001F) of the handshake lines for the specified channel.
Error	Output	BOOL	Indicates the existence of an error condition.
			TRUE - An error is detected.
			FALSE - No error.
ErrorID	Output	UINT	A unique numeric that identifies the error. The errors for this instruction are defined in ABL error
			codes.

ABL error codes

Use this table to determine the ABL error codes and descriptions.

Error code	Error description
03	Transmission cannot be completed because the Clear-to-Send signal was lost.
06	Illegal parameter was detected.
07	Cannot complete ASCII send or receive because channel configuration has been shut down using the channel configuration dialog box.
08	Cannot complete ASCII Write due to an ASCII transmission already in progress.
09	ASCII communication requested is not supported by current channel configuration.
10	The Cancel was set, stopping instruction execution. No action required.
11	The requested length for the string is either invalid, a negative number, greater than 82, or 0. Applies to ARD and ARL function blocks.
13	The requested (.LEN) in the control block is a negative number or a value greater than the string size stored with the source string. Applies to AWA and AWT function blocks.
14	The ACL function block was cancelled.
16	Serial port is not supporting RTS or CTS control lines.

AHL Function Block Diagram example



AHL Ladder Diagram example



AHL Structured Text example



ACB (ASCII characters in buffer)

Counts the total number of ASCII characters in the buffer including end of line.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, and Micro870 controllers.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description

IN	Input	BOOL	Rung input state.
			TRUE - When Rising Edge is detected, start the instruction block with the precondition that the
			last operation is complete.
			FALSE - The instruction block is idle.
ACBInput	Input	<u>ABLACB</u> on <u>page</u>	The channel to be operated.
		<u>122</u>	Use the ABLACB data type to define the Channel, TriggerType, and Cancel parameters for ACBInput.
Q	Output	BOOL	Indicates whether the character count is ongoing or complete.
			Outputs of this function block are updated asynchronously from the program scan. Output Q
			cannot be used to re-trigger the instruction since IN is edge triggered.
			TRUE - The counting is complete.
			FALSE - The counting is ongoing.
Characters	Output	UINT	The number of characters in the buffer.
Error	Output	BOOL	Indicates the existence of an error condition.
			FALSE - No error.
			TRUE - An error is detected.
ErrorID	Output	UINT	A unique numeric that identifies the error. The errors for this instruction are defined in ABL error
			codes.

ACB error codes

Use this table to determine the ABL error codes and descriptions.

Error code	Error description
03	Transmission cannot be completed because the Clear-to-Send signal was lost.
06	Illegal parameter was detected.
07	Cannot complete ASCII send or receive because channel configuration has been shut down using the channel configuration dialog box.
08	Cannot complete ASCII Write due to an ASCII transmission already in progress.
09	ASCII communication requested is not supported by current channel configuration.
10	The Cancel was set, stopping instruction execution. No action required.
11	The requested length for the string is either invalid, a negative number, greater than 82, or 0. Applies to ARD and ARL function blocks.
13	The requested (.LEN) in the control block is a negative number or a value greater than the string size stored with the source string. Applies to AWA and AWT function blocks.
14	The ACL function block was cancelled.
16	Serial port is not supporting RTS or CTS control lines.

ACB Function Block Diagram example



ACB Ladder Diagram example



ACB Structured Text example



ARD (ASCII read)

Reads ASCII characters from the input buffer and stores them into a string.

Operation details:

- The ARD instruction runs until all of the characters in the ASCII buffer are received. If another <u>ASCII instruction</u> on <u>page 105</u> is executed, it is queued until ARD is finished.
- To cancel the ARD instruction, execute an ACL instruction.
- To prevent the ARD instruction delaying the ASCII queue while it waits for the required number of characters, use the results of an ACB instruction to trigger the ARD instruction.
- Status of the instruction can be extracted from the control bit of the instruction instance (for example, ARD_1.controlbit). This shows if the instruction is blocking the ASCII instruction queue waiting for more characters:
 - 7th bit = Instruction is enabled.
 - 6th bit = Instruction is in the queue.
 - 5th bit = Instruction is done.
 - 3rd bit = Instruction has an error.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, and Micro870 controllers.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
IN	Input	BOOL	Rung input state. TRUE - When Rising Edge is detected, start the instruction block with the precondition that the last operation is complete. FALSE - The instruction block is idle.
ARDInput	Input	ARDARL on page 123	Read characters from the buffer. The maximum is 82. Use the ARDARL data type to define the Channel, Length, and Cancel parameters for the ARDInput.
Q	Output	BOOL	Indicates when the buffer read is ongoing or complete. Outputs of this instruction are updated asynchronously from the program scan. Output Q cannot be used to re-trigger the instruction since IN is edge triggered. TRUE - The function block is complete. FALSE - The function block is not complete.
Destination	Output	ASCIILOCADDR	The string element where the characters are stored.
NumChar	Output	UINT	The number of characters.
Error	Output	BOOL	Indicates the existence of an error condition. TRUE - An error is detected. FALSE - No error.
ErrorID	Output	UINT	A unique numeric that identifies the error. The errors for this instruction are defined in ABL error codes.

ABL error codes

Use this table to determine the ABL error codes and descriptions.

Error code	Error description
03	Transmission cannot be completed because the Clear-to-Send signal was lost.
06	Illegal parameter was detected.
07	Cannot complete ASCII send or receive because channel configuration has been shut down using the channel configuration dialog box.
08	Cannot complete ASCII Write due to an ASCII transmission already in progress.
09	ASCII communication requested is not supported by current channel configuration.
10	The Cancel was set, stopping instruction execution. No action required.
11	The requested length for the string is either invalid, a negative number, greater than 82, or O. Applies to ARD and ARL function blocks.
13	The requested (.LEN) in the control block is a negative number or a value greater than the string size stored with the source string. Applies to AWA
	and AWT function blocks.

_	14	The ACL function block was cancelled.
	16	Serial port is not supporting RTS or CTS control lines.

ARD Function Block Diagram example



ARD Ladder Diagram example



ARD Structured Text example



ARL (ASCII read line)

Reads a line of <u>ASCII</u> on <u>page 105characters</u> from the buffer, up to and including the termination characters, and stores them in a string.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, and Micro870 controllers.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
IN	Input	BOOL	Rung input state. TRUE - When Rising Edge is detected, start the instruction block with the precondition that the last operation is complete. FALSE - The instruction block is idle.
ARLInput	Input	ARDARL on page 123	Read a line of ASCII characters from the buffer. The maximum is 82. Use the ARDARL data type to define the Channel, Length, and Cancel parameters for the ARDLInput.
0	Output	BOOL	Indicates when the read line from the input buffer is ongoing or complete. Outputs of this instruction are updated asynchronously from the program scan. Output Q cannot be used to re-trigger the instruction since IN is edge triggered. TRUE - The function block is complete. FALSE - The function block is not complete.
Destination	Output	ASCIILOCADDR	The string element where the characters are stored.
NumChar	Output	UINT	The number of characters in the line, including the termination character.
Error	Output	BOOL	Indicates the existence of an error condition. TRUE - An error is detected. FALSE - No error.
ErrorID	Output	UINT	A unique numeric that identifies the error. The errors for this instruction are defined in ABL error codes.

ABL error codes

Use this table to determine the ABL error codes and descriptions.

Error code	Error description		
03	Transmission cannot be completed because the Clear-to-Send signal was lost.		
06	Illegal parameter was detected.		
07	Cannot complete ASCII send or receive because channel configuration has been shut down using the channel configuration dialog box.		
08	Cannot complete ASCII Write due to an ASCII transmission already in progress.		
09	ASCII communication requested is not supported by current channel configuration.		
10	The Cancel was set, stopping instruction execution. No action required.		

11	The requested length for the string is either invalid, a negative number, greater than 82, or O. Applies to ARD and ARL function blocks.
13	The requested (.LEN) in the control block is a negative number or a value greater than the string size stored with the source string. Applies to AWA
	and AWT function blocks.
14	The ACL function block was cancelled.
16	Serial port is not supporting RTS or CTS control lines.

ARL Function Block Diagram example



ARL Ladder Diagram example



ARL Structured Text example



AWA (ASCII write append)

Writes a string with two appended (user-configured) characters to an external device.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, and Micro870 controllers.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
IN	Input	BOOL	Rung input state. TRUE - Rising Edge is detected, start the instruction block with the precondition that the last operation is complete. FALSE - The instruction block is idle.
AWAInput	Input	AWAAWT	The channel and number (Length) of the characters to write to the buffer. Maximum is 82. Use the <u>AWAAWT data type</u> on <u>page 123</u> to define Channel, Length, and Cancel parameters for AWAInput.
Source	Input	ASCIILOCADDR	The source string that was output as a character array by either the ARD or ARL instruction.
Q	Output	BOOL	Indicates when the write is ongoing or complete. Outputs of this instruction are updated asynchronously from the program scan. Output Q cannot be used to re-trigger the instruction since IN is edge triggered. TRUE - The function block is complete. FALSE - The function block is not complete.
NumChar	Output	UINT	The number of characters. NumChar may be less than the Length requested to be transmitted if the length of the Source String is shorter than the requested Length. Updates when the transmission is complete and Q is TRUE.
Error	Output	BOOL	Indicates the existence of an error condition. TRUE - An error is detected. FALSE - No error.
ErrorID	Output	UINT	A unique numeric that identifies the error. The errors for this instruction are defined in ABL error codes.

ABL error codes

Use this table to determine the ABL error codes and descriptions.

Error code	Error description	
03	Transmission cannot be completed because the Clear-to-Send signal was lost.	
06	Illegal parameter was detected.	
07	Cannot complete ASCII send or receive because channel configuration has been shut down using the channel configuration dialog box.	
08	Cannot complete ASCII Write due to an ASCII transmission already in progress.	
09	ASCII communication requested is not supported by current channel configuration.	
10	The Cancel was set, stopping instruction execution. No action required.	

11	The requested length for the string is either invalid, a negative number, greater than 82, or O. Applies to ARD and ARL function blocks.
13	The requested (.LEN) in the control block is a negative number or a value greater than the string size stored with the source string. Applies to AWA
	and AWT function blocks.
14	The ACL function block was cancelled.
16	Serial port is not supporting RTS or CTS control lines.

AWA Function Block Diagram example



AWA Ladder Diagram example



AWA Structured Text example



Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured

AWT (ASCII write)

Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, and Micro870 controllers.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
IN	Input	BOOL	Rung input state. TRUE - When Rising Edge is detected, start the instruction block with the precondition that the last operation is complete. FALSE - The instruction block is idle.
AWTInput	Input	AWAAWT	The channel and number (Length) of the characters to write to the buffer. Maximum is 82. Use the <u>AWAAWT data type</u> on <u>page 123</u> to define Channel, Length, and Cancel parameters for AWTInput.
Source	Input	ASCIILOCADDR	The source string that was output as a character array by either the ARD or ARL instruction.
Q	Output	BOOL	Indicates when the write is ongoing or complete. Outputs of this instruction are updated asynchronously from the program scan. Output Q cannot be used to re-trigger the instruction since IN is edge triggered. TRUE - The function block is complete. FALSE - The function block is not complete.
NumChar	Output	UINT	The number of characters. NumChar may be less than the Length requested to be transmitted if the length of the Source String is shorter than the requested Length. Updates when the transmission is complete and Q is TRUE.
Error	Output	BOOL	Indicates the existence of an error condition. TRUE - An error is detected. FALSE - No error.
ErrorID	Output	UINT	A unique numeric that identifies the error. The errors for this instruction are defined in ABL error codes.

ABL error codes

Use this table to determine the ABL error codes and descriptions.

Error code	Error description	
03	Transmission cannot be completed because the Clear-to-Send signal was lost.	
06	Illegal parameter was detected.	
07	Cannot complete ASCII send or receive because channel configuration has been shut down using the channel configuration dialog box.	
08	Cannot complete ASCII Write due to an ASCII transmission already in progress.	
09	ASCII communication requested is not supported by current channel configuration.	
10	The Cancel was set, stopping instruction execution. No action required.	
11	The requested length for the string is either invalid, a negative number, greater than 82, or O. Applies to ARD and ARL function blocks.	

13	The requested (.LEN) in the control block is a negative number or a value greater than the string size stored with the source string. Applies to AWA and AWT function blocks.	
14	The ACL function block was cancelled.	
16	Serial port is not supporting RTS or CTS control lines.	

AWT Function Block Diagram example



AWT Ladder Diagram example



AWT Structured Text example



ASCII parameter details

The following topics provide additional details for ASCII parameters and structured data types.

- ABLACB data type
- ACL data type

- AHL ChannelSts data type
- AHLI data type
- ARDARL data type
- AWAAWT data type

ABLACB data type

Use this table to help determine the parameter values for the ABLACB data type.

Parameter	Data type	Description
Channel	UINT	Serial port number:
		• 2 for the embedded serial port, or
		• 5-9 for serial port plug-ins installed in slots 1 through 5:
		• 5 for slot 1
		• 6 for slot 2
		• 7 for slot 3
		• 8 for slot 4
		• 9 for slot 5
TriggerType	USINT	Represents one of the following:
		• 0: Msg Triggered Once (when IN goes from False to True)
		• 1: Msg triggered continuously when IN is True
		Other value: Reserved
Cancel	BOOL	When this input is set to TRUE, this function block does not execute.

ACL data type

Use this table to help determine the parameter values for the ABL data type.

Parameter	Data type	Description
Channel	UINT	Serial port number:
		• 2 for the embedded serial port, or
		• 5-9 for serial port plug-ins installed in slots 1 through 5:
		• 5 for slot 1
		• 6 for slot 2
		• 7 for slot 3
		• 8 for slot 4
		• 9 for slot 5
RXBuffer	BOOL	When TRUE, clears the receive buffer and removes the receive ASCII function blocks (ARL and ARD) from the ASCII queue.
TXBuffer	BOOL	When TRUE, clears the transmit buffer and removes the transmit ASCII function blocks (AWA and AWT) from the ASCII queue

AHL ChannelSts data type

Use this table to help determine the parameter values for the AHL ChannelSts data type.

Parameter	Data type	Description
DTRstatus	UINT	Used for the DTR signal (reserved)
DCDstatus	UINT	Used for the DCD signal (bit 3 of word) 1 indicates active
DSRstatus	UINT	Used for the DSR signal (reserved)
RTSstatus	UINT	Used for the RTS signal (bit 1 of word) 1 indicates active

Parameter	Data type	Description
CTSstatus	UINT	Used for the CTS signal (bit 0 of word)
		1 indicates active

AHLI data type

Use this table to help determine the parameter values for the AHL data type.

Parameter	Data type	Description	
Channel	UINT	Serial port number:	
		• 2 for the embedded serial port, or	
		• 5-9 for serial port plug-ins installed in slots 1 through 5:	
		• 5 for slot 1	
		• 6 for slot 2	
		• 7 for slot 3	
		• 8 for slot 4	
		• 9 for slot 5	
CIrRts	BOOL	Used to reset the RTS control line.	
SetRts	BOOL	Used to set the RTS control line.	
Cancel	BOOL	When this input is set to TRUE, this function block does not execute.	

ARDARL data type

Use this table to help determine the parameter values for the ARDARL data

type.

Data type	Description
UINT	Serial port number:
	• 2 for the embedded serial port, or
	• 5-9 for serial port plug-ins installed in slots 1 through 5:
	• 5 for slot 1
	• 6 for slot 2
	• 7 for slot 3
	• 8 for slot 4
	• 9 for slot 5
UINT	The number of characters that you want to read from the buffer (maximum is 82).
BOOL	When this input is set to TRUE, this function block does not execute. If already executing, operation ceases.
	UINT

AWAAWT data type

Use this table to help determine the parameter values for the AWAAWT data type.

Parameter	Data type	Description
Channel	UINT	Serial port number:
		• 2 for the embedded serial port, or
		• 5-9 for serial port plug-ins installed in slots 1 through 5:
		• 5 for slot 1
		• 6 for slot 2
		• 7 for slot 3
		• 8 for slot 4
		• 9 for slot 5

Chapter 6 ASCII serial port instructions

Parameter	Data type	Description			
Length	UINT	Defines the number of characters to write to the buffer (maximum is 82). When Length is set to 0, AWA sends 0 bytes of user data and 2 bytes of appended characters to the buffer.			
Cancel	BOOL	When TRUE, this function block does not execute. If already executing, operation ceases.			

Binary instructions

Operator	Description			
AND_MASK on page 125	Performs a bit-to-bit AND between two Integer values.			
NOT_MASK on page 133	Integer bit-to-bit negation mask, inverts a parameter value.			
BSL on page 126	Shifts a bit in an array element to the left.			
<u>BSR</u> on <u>page 130</u>	Shifts a bit in an array element to the right.			
OR_MASK on page 134	Integer OR bit-to-bit mask, turns bits on.			
ROL on page 136	For 32-bit integers, rotates integer bits to the left.			
ROR on page 137	For 32-bit integers, rotates integer bits to the left.			
<u>SHL</u> on <u>page 139</u>	For 32-bit integers, moves integers to the left and places 0 in the least significant bit.			
<u>SHR</u> on <u>page 141</u>	For 32-bit integers, moves integers to the right and places 0 in the most significant bit.			
XOR_MASK on page 143	Integer exclusive OR bit-to-bit mask, returns inverted bit values.			

Use Binary instructions to perform mathematical operations.

AND_MASK (AND mask)

Performs a bit to bit AND between two integer values.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description	
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.	
			TRUE - execute the Integer AND bit-to-bit mask computation.	
			FALSE - there is no computation.	
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.	
IN	Input	DINT	Must have integer format.	
MSK	Input	DINT	Must have integer format.	
AND_MASK	Output	DINT	Bit-to-bit logical AND between IN and MSK.	
ENO	ENO Output BOOL		Enable output.	
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.	

AND_MASK Function Block Diagram example



AND_MASK Ladder Diagram example



AND_MASK Structured Text example



Results

User Glo	obal Variables - Micro870	Local Variables - RA	A_ANDMASK_LD	System Variables - I	Mcro870	1/0-1
	Name	LogicalValue	PhysicalValue	InitialValue	Lock	D ata 1
		R*	bian in	- 01		
	mask.	6	N/A			DINT
	in	5	N/A			DINT
	AndMask	4	N/A			DINT
4						3

BSL (bit shift left)

Shifts a bit in an array element to the left.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.

Operation details:

The BSL instruction is an immediate process on false-to-true rung transition and updates output synchronously. When Execute is TRUE, the leftmost bit (Src + SrcOffset and Length) is copied into the Unload bit and all bits in the array or non-array are shifted left by one bit. Length and 16 bit boundary are considered except for BOOL data types. The external bit is then moved to bit o (Src + SrcOffset) of the first element.

For wraparound operations, set the position of the BitAddr to the last bit position or to the Unload bit. Possible usage of the BSL instruction, track bottles through a bottling line where each bit represents a bottle.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description		
Execute	Input	BOOL	 Instruction enable. TRUE - Rising Edge detected, shifts bit to the left one position. Verify fault conditions first. If Length = 0, the external bit is moved into the Unload bit. No bit shift is done on Scr. Error and ErrorID bits are reset. Done bit is set. If Length > 0 and Length ≤ 2048, the Error and ErrorID bits are reset. After the bit shift completes, the Done bit is set. If Length > 0 and Length ≤ 2048, the leftmost bit (addressed by Src + SrcOffset and Length) is copied into the Unload bit and all bits that are part of the array or non-array are shifted left by one bit (up to the bit Length and 16-bit boundary except for BOOL). External bit is moved to bit 0 (Src + SrcOffset) of the first element. FALSE - Rising Edge not detected, do not enable BSL operation. 		
Scr	Input	ANY_ELEMENTARY			
SrcOffset	Input	UINT	 If SrcOffset is 0, start from the first element. Arrays: Set SrcOffset to 0. If set to Source1[0] or Source1[1] an error occurs: 'Source offset exceeds the size of the array.' Non-arrays: Set SrcOffset to 0 or an error occurs: 'Source offset exceeds the size of the array.' 		
BitAddr	Input	BOOL	Location of the bit shifted into Src.		

Length	Input	UINT	 Length contains the number of bits in the Src to be shifted. Supports shifting across array elements. For BOOL data type, number of Booleans in the array to be shifted. For 16- and 32-bit data types, bits are shifted in multiples of 16 (such as 16, 32, and 64). If Length is not an even multiple of 16, the number of shifted bits is sent to the next 16-bit boundary. Length is based on the size of the data type. If Length exceeds the range, an error occurs, 'Source offset exceeds the size of the array.' Length values: BOOL: 1 16-bit word: 1-16 32-bit word: 1-32 64-bit word: 1-64
Done	Output	BOOL	When TRUE, operation completed successfully. When FALSE, operation encountered an error condition.
Unload	Output	BOOL	Bit shifted out from Src address.
Error	Output	BOOL	When a fault occurs, Error is set to true.
ErrorID	Output	USINT	When a fault occurs, ErrorID contains the error code.

BSL error codes

Error code Error description			
01	Not supported dimension.		
02	Data type not supported.		
03	Length of bits exceeds 2048.		
04	Source offset exceeds the size of the array.		
05	Length of bits exceeds the size of the array.		
07	Invalid parameters.		

BSL Function Block Diagram example



BSL Ladder Diagram example



BSL Structured Text example



- 4 Error_BSL := BSL_1.Error;
- 5 ErrorID_BSL := BSL_1.ErrorID;

Results

	Name	Alias	Logical Val	Physical Val	Initial Valu	Lock	Data Type	Dimension
	* I T	• IT			- 17		- IT	* I Y
+	BSL_1						BSL 🔹	
	Execute			N/A			BOOL 💌	
+	Src						DINT 🔹	[14]
	SrcOffset		0	N/A			UINT 🔹	
	BitAddr			N/A			BOOL 🝷	
	Length		0	N/A			UINT 🔹	
	Done_BSL			N/A			BOOL 🔹	
	Unload_BSL			N/A			BOOL 🔹	
	Error_BSL			N/A			BOOL 👻	
	ErrorID_BSL		0	N/A			USINT 🔹	

BSR (bit shift right)

Shifts a bit in an array element to the right.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.

Operation details:

The BSR instruction is an immediate process on false-to-true rung transition and updates output synchronously. When Execute is TRUE, the right most bit (bit 0 of the element addressed by Src + SrcOffset) is copied into the Unload bit and all bits in the array or non-array are shifted right by one bit. Length and 16 bit boundary are considered except for BOOL data types. The external bit is then moved to bit 0 (Src + SrcOffset) of the first element.

For wraparound operations, set the position of the BitAddr to the last bit position or to the Unload bit. Possible usage of the BSL instruction, track bottles through a bottling line where each bit represents a bottle.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
-----------	----------------	-----------	-------------

Chapter 7 Binary instructions

Execute	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - Rising Edge detected, shifts bit to the right one position.
			FALSE - Rising Edge not detected, do not enable BSR operation.
Scr	Input	ANY_ELEMENTARY	The address of the Src (bit) to be shifted. Supported data types: BOOL, DWORD, INT, UINT, WORD, DINT and UDINT.
			• Arrays: Set Scr to a variable based address such as: Source1, Source1[0], or Source1[1].
			• Non-arrays: Set Scr to a variable address such as Source1.
SrcOffset	Input	UINT	If SrcOffset is 0, start from the first element.
			• Arrays: Set SrcOffset to 0. If set to Source1[0] or Source1[1] an error occurs: 'Source offset exceeds the size of the array.'
			 Non-arrays: Set SrcOffset to 0 or an error occurs: 'Source offset exceeds the size of the array.'
BitAddr	Input	BOOL	Location of the bit shifted into Src.
Length	Input	UINT	Length contains the number of bits in the Src to be shifted. Supports shifting across array elements.
			• For BOOL data type, number of Booleans in the array to be shifted.
			• For 16- and 32-bit data types, bits are shifted in multiples of 16 (such as 16, 32, and 64). If
			Length is not an even multiple of 16, the number of shifted bits is to the next 16-bit boundary.
			• Length is based on the size of the data type. If Length exceeds the range, an error occurs,
			'Source offset exceeds the size of the array.' Length values:
			• BOOL: 1
			• 16-bit word: 1-16
			• 32-bit word: 1-32
			• 64-bit word: 1-64
Done	Output	BOOL	When TRUE, operation completed successfully.
			When FALSE, operation encountered an error condition.
Unload	Output	BOOL	Bit shifted out from Src address.
Error	Output	BOOL	When a fault occurs, Error is set to true.
ErrorID	Output	USINT	When a fault occurs, ErrorID contains error code.

BSR error codes

Error code	Error description
01	Not supported dimension.
02	Data type not supported.
03	Length of bits exceeds 2048.
04	Source offset exceeds the size of the array.
05	Length of bits exceeds the size of the array.
07	Invalid parameters.

BSR Function Block Diagram example



BSR Ladder Diagram example



BSR Structured Text example



1 BSR_1(Execute,Scr,SrcOffset,BitAddr,Length);

- 2 Done_BSR := BSR_1.Done;
- 3 Unload_BSR := BSR_1.Unload;
- 4 Error BSR := BSR 1.Error;
- 5 ErrorID_BSR := BSR_1.ErrorID;

Physical Val Initial Val Data Type Name Alias Logical Val Lock Dimension - 17 - IT ▼ IT • IT * IT + BSR_1 BSR * ... N/A Execute BOOL . - [1..4] + Scr DINT ... SrcOffset N/A UINT * 0 N/A BitAddr BOOL • Length 0 N/A UINT -Done_BSR N/A BOOL -Unload_BSR N/A BOOL Error_BSR N/A BOOL • ErrorID_BSR N/A USINT -0

NOT_MASK (bit to bit NOT mask)

Integer bit-to-bit negation mask, inverts a parameter value.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Results

Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	ameter Type Data Type Description	
EN	EN Input BOOL		Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute the bit-to-bit negation mask computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.
IN	Input	DINT	Must have integer format.
NOT_MASK	Output	DINT	Bit-to-bit negation on 32 bits of IN.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.

NOT_MASK Function Block Diagram example



NOT_MASK Ladder Diagram example



NOT_MASK Structured Text example

NOT_MASK (
	INT NOT_MASK(DINT IN) it to bit negation
1 in := 2 NotMas	6; k := NOT_MASK(in);
(*ST equivale	ence: *)
result := NOT	'_MASK (16#1234);
(* result is 16	#FFFF_EDCB *)

Results

🖶 Va	riable Monitoring						_		×
User (Global Variables - Micro870	Lo	cal Variables - RA_NOTMAS	SK_LD	System V	ariables - Micro870	I/O - Micro870	Defined	Words
	Name	^	Alias	Logic	alValue	Physical Value	Initial Value	Lock	Data
	-	1 **	· de				- of		
	in			6		N/A			DINT
•	NotMask			-7		N/A			DINT
	151								10

OR_MASK (bit to bit OR mask)

Integer OR bit-to-bit mask, turns bits on.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description

Chapter 7 Binary instructions

EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute the Integer OR bit-to-bit mask computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.
IN	Input	DINT	Must have integer format.
MSK	Input	DINT	Must have integer format.
OR_MASK	Output	DINT	Bit-to-bit logical OR between IN and MSK.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.

OR_MASK Function Block Diagram example



OR_MASK Ladder Diagram example



OR_MASK Structured Text examples



parity := OR_MASK (xvalue, 1); (* makes value always odd *)

result := OR_MASK (16#abc, 16#fof); (* equals 16#fbf *)

Results

Jser	Global Variables - Micro870	Local Variables - RA	_ORMASK_LD	System Variables -	Micro870	1/0 - Micro87	0 De	fined Words
	Name	Logical Value	Physical Val	ue Initial Value	Lock	Data Ty	pe	Dimension
	- 0	Æ*		· A			- A*	- A
Þ	in	3	N/A			DINT	•	
	mask	6	N/A			DINT		
	OrMask	7	N/A			DINT		
4								

ROL (rotate left)

Rotates the DINT type input by NbR bits to the left in a circular form and fills the bits on the right with the bits that are rotated.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute the rotate bits left integer value computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.
IN	Input	DINT	Integer value.
NbR	Input	DINT	Number of 1-bit rotations (in set [131]).
ROL	Output	DINT	Left rotated value. When NbR <= 0, no change occurs.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.

ROL Function Block Diagram example



ROL Ladder Diagram example



ROL Structured Text example

ROL (
DINT ROL(DINT IN, DINT NbR) Rotate Left
<pre>1 in := 123; 2 nbr := 2; 3 rotation := ROL(in, nbr);</pre>
(* ST Equivalence: *)
result := ROL (register, 1);
(* register = 2#0100_1101_0011_0101*)
(* result = 2#1001_1010_0110_1010*)

Results

User G	Global Variables - Micro870	Local Variables - RA	_ROL_LD	System	Variables - Micro8	370 I/O	- Micro 870	Defined	Words	
	Name	▼ Logical Value	Physica	l Value	Initial Value	Lock	Data 1	уре	Dimen	sior
	* 0	Æ*	-81. 	10	- A*			- A*		- 1
	rotation	492	NZA				DINT			
	nbr	2	NZA				DINT			
Þ	in	123	NZA				DINT	~		
						01 I.			ð.	
4										

ROR (rotate right)

Rotate the DINT type input by NbR bits to right in a circular form and fills the bits on the left with the bits that are rorated.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	eter Parameter Type Data Type Description		Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute the rotate bits right integer value computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.
IN	Input	DINT	Any integer value.
NbR	Input	DINT	Number of 1-bit rotations (in set [131]).
ROR	Output	DINT	Right rotated value. There is no effect if NbR <= 0.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.

ROR Function Block Diagram example



ROR Ladder Diagram example



ROR Structured Text example

ROR
DINT ROR(DINT IN, DINT NBR)
Rotate Right
1 in := 123; 2 nbr := 2;
<pre>3 rotation := ROR(in, nbr);</pre>
(* ST Equivalence: *)
result := ROR (register, 1);
(* register = 2#0100_1101_0011_0101 *)
(* result = 2#1010_0110_1001_1010 *)

Results

User Glob	al Variables - Micro870	ocal Variables - RA	_ROR_LD	System	Variables - Micro8	70 1/0	- Micro870	Defined	Words	
	Name 9	Logical Value	Physical \	/alue	Initial Value	Lock	Data T	уре	Dimen	isio
	- A	ł			- A+			- A*		- 0
I	tation	-1073741794	NZA.				DINT	*		
nt	r	2	N/A				DINT			
in		123	N/A				DINT	*		

SHL (shift left)

For 32-bit integers, moves integers to the left and places 0 in the least significant bit.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description

EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - move integers to the left.
			FALSE - there is no integer movement.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.
IN	Input	DINT	Any integer value.
NbS	Input	DINT	Number of 1 bit shifts (in set [131]).
SHL	Output	DINT	Left shifted value. There is no effect if NbS <= 0. If a value of 0, replaces the least significant bit.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.

SHL Function Block Diagram example



SHL Ladder Diagram example



SHL Structured Text example

SHL (DINT SHL (DINT IN, DINT NbS) Shift Left
<pre>1 in := 123; 2 nbs := 2; 3 output := SHL(in, nbs);</pre>
(* ST Equivalence: *)
result := SHL (register,1);
(* register = 2#0100_1101_0011_0101 *)
(* result = 2#1001_1010_0110_1010 *)

Results

ser Global Vari	ables - Micro870 L	ocal Variables - RA	_SHL_LD System	Variables - Micro8	70 I/O	- Micro870	Defined	Words
	Name 🔍	LogicalValue	Physical Value	Initial Value	Lock	Data	Гуре	Dimensio
	· A	ł		· At			- A*	-
output		492	N/A			DINT	*	
nbs		2	N/A			DINT		
in		123	N/A			DINT	•	

SHR (shift right)

Shifts the 32 bits of an integer to the right and replicates the leftmost bit (significant bit) to fill the vacant bits.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.





Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - move integers to the right.
			FALSE - there is no integer movement.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.
IN	Input	DINT	Any integer value.
NbS	Input	DINT	Number of 1 bit shifts (in set [131]).
SHR	Output	DINT	Right shifted value. There is no effect if NbS <= 0. If a value of 0, replaces the most significant
			bit.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.

SHR Function Block Diagram example



SHR Ladder Diagram example



SHR Structured Text example

SHR (DINT SHR(DINT IN, DINT NbS) Shift Right
<pre>1 in := 123; 2 nbs := 2; 3 output := SHR(in, nbs);</pre>
(* ST Equivalence: *)
result := SHR (register,1);
(* register = 2#1100_1101_0011_0101 *)
(* result = 2#0110_0110_1001_1010 *)

Results

Variable Monitoring							-	
User Global Variables - Micro870	Local Variables	- RA_SHR_LD	System	Variables - Micro8	370 I/O	- Micro870	Defined	Words
Name	🖞 LogicalVa	lue Physical	Value	Initial Value	Lock	Data	Туре	Dimensio
-	A.*			- A*			- A*	- 0
output	30	N/A				DINT	~	
nbs	2	N/A				DINT	*	
in	123	N/A				DINT	÷.	
			0					
4								

XOR_MASK (exclusive OR mask)

Integer exclusive OR bit-to-bit mask, returns inverted bit values.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - perform the exclusive OR bit-to-bit mask computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.
IN	Input	DINT	Must have integer format.
MSK	Input	DINT	Must have integer format.
XOR_MASK	Output	DINT	Bit-to-bit logical Exclusive OR between IN and MSK.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.

XOR_MASK Function Block Diagram example



XOR_MASK Ladder Diagram example



XOR_MASK Structured Text example

XOR_MAS	L DINT XOR_MASK (DINT IN, DINT MSK) Analog bit to bit Exclusive OR mask
	= 5; := 6; ask := XOR_MASK(in, mask);
* ST Equi	valence: *)

crc32 := XOR_MASK (prevcrc, nextc);

result := XOR_MASK (16#012, 16#011); (* equals 16#003 *)

Results

lser Glob	bal Variables - Micro870	ocal Variables - RA	_XORMASK_LD S	ystem Variables -	Micro870	I/O - Micro8	70 D	efined Wor
	Name 🔍	Logical¥alue	Physical Value	Initial Value	Lock	Data Typ	e	Dimensi
	- A			- A+			d'	
	(orMask	3	N/A			DINT		
n	nask	6	N/A			DINT		
ir	ı	5	N/A			DINT	-	
4								
		101						
Boolean instructions

Use Boolean instructions to determine an output value based on a logical calculation from inputs. The module outputs can be directly controlled from the program or independently controlled by the module using the Boolean instructions.

Function	Description
MUX4B on page 160	Multiplexer between four BOOL inputs, outputs a BOOL value.
<u>MUX8B</u> on <u>page 156</u>	Multiplexer between eight BOOL inputs, outputs a BOOL value.
TTABLE on page 153	Provides the value of the output based on the combination of inputs.
Function block	Description
F_TRIG on page 145	Detects a falling edge of a Boolean variable.
<u>RS</u> on <u>page 148</u>	Reset dominant (highest priority when determining instruction behavior) bistable.
<u>R_TRIG</u> on <u>page 147</u>	Detects a rising edge of a Boolean variable.
SR on page 152 Set dominant bistable.	
Operator	Description
AND on page 150	Performs a boolean AND operation between two or more values.
<u>NOT</u> on <u>page 151</u>	Converts Boolean values to negated values.
XOR on page 151	Boolean exclusive OR of two values.
<u>OR</u> on <u>page 149</u>	Boolean OR of two or more values.

F_TRIG (falling edge detection)

Detects a falling edge of a Boolean variable. The F_TRIG block sets output Q for one cycle when input CLK toggles from set to cleared (i.e., a falling edge is detected at input CLK).

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description

CLK	Input	BOOL	Checks the input for a falling edge. Any Boolean variable. TRUE = No falling edge detected. FALSE = Falling edge detected on input CLK, set output Q to TRUE.
Q	Output	BOOL	Indicates status for Q output. TRUE = Falling edge detected, sets output Q for one more cycle. FALSE = No change to output Q.

F_TRIG Function Block Diagram example



F_TRIG Ladder Diagram example



F_TRIG Structured Text example



(* ST Equivalence: F_TRIG1 is an instance of a F_TRIG block *)

F_TRIG1(cmd); nb_edge := ANY_TO_DINT(F_TRIG1.Q) + nb_edge;

Results

Var	iable Monitoring								_		×
ser (ilobal Variables - Micro870	Loc	al Variables - RA	F_TRIG_LD	Syst	em Variables - Mic	ro870	I/O - Moro8	70 Defin	ed Word	İs
Т	Name	ų.	Logical Value	Physical Va	alue	Initial Value	Lock	Data	Гуре	Dimer	nsion
		1				- 🜌			- 1		- 01
•	culput			N/A				BOOL	*		
	F_TRIG_1							F_TRIG			
	enable			N/A				BOOL			
-											,

Detects a rising edge of a Boolean variable. The R_TRIG block sets output Q for one cycle when input CLK toggles from cleared to set (i.e., a rising edge is detected at input CLK).

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
CLK	Input	BOOL	Any Boolean variable.
			TRUE - Rising Edge detected, set Q to TRUE.
			FALSE - no Rising Edge detected, set Q to FALSE.
Q	Output	BOOL	TRUE - when CLK is TRUE.
			FALSE - in all other cases.

R_TRIG Function Block Diagram example



R_TRIG Ladder Diagram example



R_TRIG (rising edge detector)

R_TRIG Structured Text example



(* ST Equivalence: R_TRIG1 is an instance of a R_TRIG block *)

R_TRIG1(cmd); nb_edge := ANY_TO_DINT(R_TRIG1.Q) + nb_edge;

Results

m 970 L	ocal Variables - RA	R TRIG LD	Sustem Variables Mi	oro 970	1/O Mioro 9	70 Dofi	and Words
		No.		No.			
	and the second se	Physical Val		Lock	Data I		Dimensio
· A			- A*			- A*	- 0
					R_TRIG		
	V	N/A			BOOL		
	v	N/A			BOOL		
							Close
	0	LogicalValue	LogicalValue PhysicalValue Image: state stat	LogicalValue PhysicalValue InitialValue N/A N/A	LogicalValue PhysicalValue InitialValue Lock Image: Algorithm of the state of the sta	↓ LogicalValue PhysicalValue InitialValue Lock Data T ✓ Ø <t< td=""><td>LogicalValue PhysicalValue InitialValue Lock DataType </td></t<>	LogicalValue PhysicalValue InitialValue Lock DataType

RS (reset/set)

Resets or sets the dominant (highest priority when determining instruction behavior) bistable.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
SET	Input	BOOL	TRUE - sets Q1 to TRUE.
RESET1	Input	BOOL	TRUE - resets Q1 to FALSE (dominant).
Q1	Output	BOOL	Boolean memory state.

RS Function Block Diagram example



RS Ladder Diagram example



RS Structured Text example

RS	5_1(
	void RS_1 (BOOL SET, BOOL RESET1)
	Type : RS, Reset dominant bistable
1	set := TRUE;
2	reset1 := FALSE;
3	<pre>RS_1(set, reset1);</pre>
4	output := RS_1.Q1;
(* S'	T Equivalence: RS1 is an instance of a H

(* ST Equivalence: RS1 is an instance of a RS block *)

RS1(start_cmd, (stop_cmd OR alarm));
command := RS1.Q1;

Results

ser G	ilobal Variables - Micr	ro870 L	local Variables - RA_RS_LD	System Variable	s - Micro870 I/O - M	icro870 Defined	Words	
	Name	0	Alias 🛔	Logical Value	Physical Value	Initial Value	Lock	Da
		- A	· • #			· A*		
•	set				N/A			BOOL
+	RS_1							RS
	reset1				N/A			BOOL
	output			v	N/A			BOOL
)

Performs a logical OR operation of two or more Boolean values and returns the Boolean value true if either input is true, otherwise returns false.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
i1	Input	BOOL	
i2	Input	BOOL	
01	Output	BOOL	Boolean OR of the input terms.
			TRUE - When one or more of the inputs are TRUE.
			FALSE - When inputs are FALSE.

OR Structured Text example

(* ST equivalence: *)

bol0 := bil01 OR NOT (bil02); bo5 := (bi51 OR bi52) OR bi53;

AND

Performs a boolean AND operation between two or more values.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
i1	Input	BOOL	Value in Boolean data type.
i2	Input	BOOL	Value in Boolean data type.
01	Output	BOOL	Result of the Boolean AND operation of the input values.

AND Structured Text example

(* ST equivalence: *)

bol0 := bil01 AND NOT (bil02); bo5 := (bi51 AND bi52) AND bi53;

XOR (exclusive OR)

NOT

Performs an exclusive OR operation of two Boolean values.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description	
il	Input	BOOL		
i2	Input	BOOL		
01	Output	BOOL	Boolean exclusive OR of the two input terms. TRUE - When either input is TRUE. FALSE - When both inputs are FALSE or both inputs are TRUE.	

XOR Structured Text example

(* ST equivalence: *)

bol0 := bil01 XOR NOT (bil02); bo5 := (bi51 XOR bi52) XOR bi53;

Converts Boolean values to negated values.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
-----------	----------------	-----------	-------------

	i1	Input	BOOL	Any Boolean value or complex expression.
	01	Output	BOOL	TRUE when IN is FALSE.
				FALSE when IN is TRUE.

NOT Structured Text example

(* ST equivalence: *)

bol0 := NOT (bil01);

SR (set/reset)

Set a dominant bistable.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
SET1	Input	BOOL	TRUE - sets Q1 to TRUE (dominant: highest priority when determining instruction behavior).
RESET	Input	BOOL	TRUE - resets Q1 to FALSE.
Q1	Output	BOOL	Boolean memory state.
			TRUE - when SET1 is TRUE.
			FALSE - when RESET is TRUE.

Dominant bistable example

Set1	Reset	Q1	Result Q1
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	1
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	1

SR Function Block Diagram example



SR Ladder Diagram example



SR Structured Text example

SR_1(
void SR_1 (BOOL SET1, BOOL RESET) Type : SR, Set dominant bistable
<pre>1 set1 := TRUE; 2 reset := FALSE; 3 SR_1(set1, reset); 4 output := SR_1.Q1;</pre>
(* ST Equivalence: SR1 is an instance of a SR block *)

SR1((auto_mode & start_cmd), stop_cmd); command := SR1.Q1;

Results

ser G	ilobal Variables - Micro870	Local Variables - RA	SR_LD System V	/ariables - Micro87	70 I/O -	Micro870	De
	Name	🗣 Logical Value	Physical Value	Initial Value	Lock	Data	Туре
	* 6	A*		- A*			- 6
+	SR_1					SR	
•	set1	V	N/A			BOOL	1
i.	reset		N/A			BOOL	
	output		N/A			BOOL	

TTABLE (truth table)

Provides the value of the output based on the combination of inputs.

If the value is 0xABCD and In3 through In0 corresponds to the number 7,

then TTABLE is the value of bit 7 in the table (which is 1). The least significant bit in the table is bit 0.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description	
Table	Input	UINT	Truth table of BOOLEAN function.	
INO	Input	BOOL	Any BOOL input value.	
IN1	Input	BOOL	Any BOOL input value.	
IN2	Input	BOOL	Any BOOL input value.	
IN3	Input	BOOL	Any BOOL input value.	
TTABLE	Output	BOOL	The value of the output according to the combination of inputs.	

TTABLE input combinations

The TTABLE instruction has four inputs, and therefore 16 combinations. These combinations are found in a truth table; for each combination, the output value can be adjusted. The number of configurable combinations depends on the number of inputs connected to the function.

Truth Table combination example.

Number	ln3	ln2	ln1	ln0
1	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	1
3	0	0	1	0
4	0	1	1	1
5	0	1	0	1
6	0	1	1	0
7	0	1	1	1
8	1	0	0	0
9	1	0	0	1
10	1	0	1	0
11	1	0	1	1

Boolean instructions

Chapter 8

12	1	1	0	0	
13	1	1	0	1	
14	1	1	1	0	
15	1	1	1	1	

TTABLE Function Block Diagram diagram



TTABLE Ladder Diagram example



TTABLE Structured Text example

TTABLE

BOOL **TTABLE**(UINT Table, BOOL IN0, BOOL IN1, BOOL IN2, BOOL IN3) Provide the value output based on the combination of inputs.

1	table := 217;
2	<pre>inO := TRUE;</pre>
3	<pre>in1 := TRUE;</pre>
4	<pre>in2 := TRUE;</pre>
5	<pre>in3 := FALSE;</pre>
6	<pre>output := TTABLE(table, in0, in1, in2, in3);</pre>

Results



MUX8B (multiplexer of 8 BOOL inputs)

Multiplexer between eight BOOL inputs, outputs a BOOL value.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
Selector	Input	USINT	Selector integer value, must be in set [07].
INO	Input	BOOL	Any BOOL input value.
			TRUE - when Selector is 0.
			FALSE - when Selector is not 0.
IN1	Input	BOOL	Any BOOL input value.
			TRUE - when Selector is 1.
			FALSE - when Selector is not 1.
IN2	Input	BOOL	Any BOOL input value.
			TRUE - when Selector is 2.
			FALSE - when Selector is not 2.
IN3	Input	BOOL	Any BOOL input value.
			TRUE - when Selector is 3.
			FALSE - when Selector is not 3.
IN4	Input	BOOL	Any BOOL input value.
			TRUE - when Selector is 4.
			FALSE - when Selector is not 4.
IN5	Input	BOOL	Any BOOL input value.
			TRUE - when Selector is 5.
			FALSE - when Selector is not 5.
IN6	Input	BOOL	Any BOOL input value.
			TRUE - when Selector is 6.
			FALSE - when Selector is not 6.
IN7	Input	BOOL	Any BOOL input value.
			TRUE - when Selector is 7.
			FALSE - when Selector is not 7.

MUX8B	Output	BOOL	TRUE - when:
			 InO if Selector = 0
			• In1 if Selector = 1
			• In2 if Selector = 2
			• In3 if Selector = 3
			• In4 if Selector = 4
			• In5 if Selector = 5
			• In6 if Selector = 6
			• In7 if Selector = 7
			FALSE - for all other values of the Selector.

MUX8B Function Block Diagram example



MUX8B Ladder Diagram example



MUX8B Structured Text example

MU	JX8B (
				Selector, BOOL INO,			, BOOL IN	13, BOOL	IN4, BOO	L IN5, BO	OL IN6, B	OOL IN7)
	Multi	plexe	er(8 entries)	- accepts BOOL input	s and outp	out value.						
1	sele	ete	or := 7	•								
2			FALSE									
3	in1	:=	FALSE.									
4	in2	:=	FALSE;									
5	in3	:=	FALSE;									
6	in4	:=	FALSE;									
- 7	in5	:=	FALSE;									
8	in6	:=	FALSE;									
9		:=	TRUE:									
10	outp	ut	:= MUX	8B(selector	, inO,	, in1,	in2,	in3,	in4,	in5,	in6,	in7);
				h.,								

(* ST Equivalence: *)

range := MUX8 (choice, 1, 5, 10, 50, 100, 500, 1000, 5000);

(* select from 8 predefined ranges, for example, if choice is 3, range will be 50 *)

Results

ser	Global Variables	- Micro870	Local Va	riables - RA_MUX8	B_LD Syste	m Variabl	es - Micro	870	I/O - Micro87(4
	Name	+ Logi	cal Value	Physical Value	Initial Valu	e Lock	Data T	ype	Dimension	
		A.			· A			de*	- A*	Π
	selector	7		N/A			USINT	-		
	output			N/A			BOOL	-		
•	in7		V	N/A			BOOL	*		
	in6			N/A			BOOL	-		
	in5			N/A			BOOL	-		
	in4			N/A			BOOL	-		
	in3			N/A			BOOL	-		
	in2			N/A			BOOL	-		
	in1			N/A			BOOL	-		
	in0			N/A			BOOL	*		

MUX4B (multiplexer of 4 BOOL inputs)

Multiplexer between four BOOL inputs, outputs a BOOL value.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
Selector	Input	USINT	Selector integer value, must be in set [03].
INO	Input	BOOL	Any BOOL input value.
			TRUE - when Selector is 0.
			FALSE - when Selector is not 0.
IN1	Input	BOOL	Any BOOL input value.
			TRUE - when Selector is 1.
			FALSE - when Selector is not 1.

IN2	Input	BOOL	Any BOOL input value.
			TRUE - when Selector is 2.
			FALSE - when Selector is not 2.
IN3	Input	BOOL	Any BOOL input value.
			TRUE - when Selector is 3.
			FALSE - when Selector is not 3.
MUX4B	Output	BOOL	TRUE - when:
			 InO if Selector = 0
			• In1 if Selector = 1
			• In2 if Selector = 2
			• In3 if Selector = 3
			FALSE - for all other values of the Selector.

MUX4B Function Block Diagram example



MUX4B Ladder Diagram example



MUX4B Structured Text example

MUX4B (

BOOL MUX4B(USINT Selector, BOOL IN0, BOOL IN1, BOOL IN2, BOOL IN3) Multiplexer(4 entries) - accepts BOOL inputs and output value.

```
1 selector := 1;
2 in0 := FALSE;
3 in1 := TRUE;
4 in2 := FALSE;
5 in3 := FALSE;
6 output := MUX4B(selector, in0, in1, in2, in3);
```

```
(* ST Equivalence: *)
```

range := MUX4 (choice, 1, 10, 100, 1000);

(* select from 4 predefined ranges, for example, if choice is 1, range will be 10 *)

Results

er Global Variable	s - Micro870	Local Va	iables - RA_MUX4	B_ST	System	Variable	es - Micro	0870	I/O - Micro870	•
Name	- Logic	al Value	Physical Value	Initia	Value	Lock	Data	Туре	Dimension	
	of**				* 0#*			• A*	- A*	
selector	1		N/A				USINT	•		
output		-	N/A				BOOL			
in3			N/A				BOOL	•		
in2			N/A				BOOL	•		
in1		V	N/A				BOOL	*		
in0			N/A				BOOL			

Communication instructions

Use Communication instructions to read, write, compare, and convert communication strings.

Function block	Description
COM_IO_WDOG on page 163	Monitors communications to the controller.
MSG_CIPGENERIC on page 165	Sends a CIP generic explicit message.
MSG_CIPSYMBOLIC on page 173	Sends a CIP symbolic explicit message.
MSG_MODBUS on page 177	Sends a Modbus message.
MSG_MODBUS2 on page 182	Sends a MODBUS/TCP message over an Ethernet Channel.
MSG_PCCC on page 188	Sends a PCCC message over an Ethernet channel or a serial port.

COM_IO_WDOG

Monitors external messaging to controller inputs and outputs. For example, if CIP write command to variable _IO_EM_DO_00 is not received over EtherNet/IP within the configured timeout, the watch dog timer will expire and all controller outputs are reset.

EtherNet/IP, Modbus TCP, and Modbus RTU protocols are supported.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator. It is only supported with firmware version 12.00 and later.



Note:

- Although multiple instances of this instruction can exist, only one instance can be enabled. Otherwise, an error will occur with ErrorID set to 2.
- Only controller embedded, plug-in, and expansion digital I/O are supported.



Communication instructions

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
Enable	Input	BOOL	TRUE - These are the three cases of the TRUE condition.
			1. On rising edge of TRUE, the function block starts to execute. Status bit is set to 0 and the rest of the
			bits are cleared. Then verify the below error conditions. If no errors occur, proceeds to the next step.
			• If PresetValue is less than one second, Error is set to TRUE and ErrorID is set to 1, Status bit 4 is set,
			TimeOut and ElapsedTime are cleared.
			• If the timer is already acquired by the other instance, Error is set to TRUE and ErrorID is set to 2,
			Status bit 4 is set, TimeOut and ElapsedTime are cleared.
			2. PresetTime > ElapseTime. When Enable is set to TRUE and the function block starts to execute. Check
			if any commands are received. If any commands are received, reset the timer immediately. Set
			ElapsedTime to 0 and set Status bit 2. The rest of the bits are cleared. If no commands are
			received, set Status bit 1 and the rest of the bits are cleared.
			3. PresetTime = ElapsedTime. When Enable is set to TRUE and the function block starts to execute. Check
			if any commands are received. If received, reset the timer immediately. Set ElapsedTime to 0 and set
			the Status bit 2. The rest of the bits are cleared. Else set the TimeOut bit, set the Status bit 3 and the
			rest of the bits are cleared. Set the internal variable to clear the digital outputs at the end of the scan in
			the configured action is to clear all the digital outputs at the end of the scan.
			FALSE - the instruction does not execute and function block outputs are cleared.
OutputClr	Input	BOOL	0 - Do nothing if timeout occurs.
			1 - Clear all the digital outputs at the end of the scan (Embedded, EXIO and UPM) if timeout occurs.
PT	Input	TIME	Duration to wait before timeout.
			The value for a timeout cannot be less than one second, or an error occurs. The maximum value for
			PresetTime can be the maximum value within TIME data type.
TimeOut	Output	BOOL	TRUE - ElapsedTime equals to PresetTime.
			FALSE - Enable is set to FALSE; the timer is not elapsed or an error occurred.
ET	Output	TIME	The current elapsed time.
			The possible values range is from 0 ms to 1193h2m47s294ms.
Status	Output	USINT	Status of the function block.
			Bit O - Enable
			Bit 1 - Timer is running, no output or input has been received.
			Bit 2 - The output or input command has been received.
			Bit 3 - Timeout occurred. No output or input command has been received.
			Bit 4 - Error occurred.
			Other bits are reserved.
Error	Output	BOOL	Indicates an error occurred.
ErrorID	Output	USINT	When an error occurs, ErrorID contains the error code.

COM_IO_WDOG error code

ErrorID Code	Error description
1	The PresetTime is less than one second.
2	Another COM_IO_WDOG function block instance is already executing.

COM_IO_WDOG Function Block Diagram example



COM_IO_WDOG Ladder Diagram example



COM_IO_WDOG Structured Text example

COM_IO_WDOG_1 void COM_IO_WDOG_1(BOOL Enable, BOOL OutputClr, TIME PT) Type: COM_IO_WDOG, COM_IO_WDOG allows user to monitor communications to the controller COM_IO_WDOG_1 (Enable, OutputCrl, PT); Com_IO_WDOG_1 (Enable, OutputCrl, PT); Timeout :=COM_IO_WDOG_1.Timeout;

3

- 4 Status :=COM_IO_WDOG_1.Status;
- 5 Error :=COM_IO_WDOG_1.Error;
- 6 ErrorID :=COM_IO_WDOG_1.ErrorID;

MSG_CIPGENERIC (common industrial protocol generic message)

Sends a common industrial protocol (CIP) explicit message over an Ethernet channel or a serial port.

A maximum of four message requests per channel can be processed in one scan. For Ladder Diagram programs, message requests are executed at the

ET :=COM_IO_WDOG_1.ET;

end of a ladder scan.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
IN	Input	BOOL	Rung input state. TRUE - Rising Edge detected, start the instruction block with the precondition that the last operation has been completed. FALSE - Rising Edge not detected, idle.
CtrlCfg	Input	CIPCONTROLCFG	The instruction block execution control configuration. Use the <u>CIPCONTROLCFG data type</u> on <u>page 168</u> parameters to define CtrlCfg.
AppCfg	Input	CIPAPPCFG	CIP service and application path (EPATH) configuration. Use the <u>CIPAPPCFG data type</u> on <u>page 167</u> parameters to define AppCfg.
TargetCfg	Input	CIPTARGETCFG	Target device configuration. Use the <u>CIPTARGETCFG data type</u> on <u>page 171</u> parameters to define TargetCfg.
ReqData	Input	USINT[11]	CIP message request data. The array size should be greater than the ReqLength size.
ReqLength	Input	UINT	CIP message request data length: • 0 - 490
ResData	Input	USINT[11]	CIP message response data. The array size should be greater than the ReqLength size. When a MSG is triggered or re-triggered, data in the ResData array is cleared.
Q	Output	BOOL	Outputs of this instruction are updated asynchronously from the program scan. Output Q cannot be used to re-trigger the instruction since IN is edge triggered. TRUE - MSG instruction finished successfully. FALSE - MSG instruction is not finished.
Status	Output	CIPSTATUS	The instruction block status. When a MSG is triggered, or re-triggered, all elements inside Status are reset. The Status output is defined in <u>CIPSTATUS data type</u> on <u>page 169</u> .
ResLength	Output	UINT	CIP message response data length: • 0 - 490 When a MSG is triggered, or re-triggered, ResLength is reset to 0.

MSG_CIPGENERIC Function Block Diagram example



MSG_CIPGENERIC Ladder Diagram example



MSG_CIPGENERIC Structured Text example



CIPAPPCFG data type

Use this table to help define the parameters for the CIPAPPCFG data type.

Parameter	Data type	Description
		•

Chapter 9 Communication instructions

Parameter	Data type	Description
Service	USINT	Service code:
		1 – 127
Class	UINT	Logical segment's Class ID value:
		1 - 65535
Instance	UDINT	Logical segment's Instance ID value:
		0 - 4294967295
Attribute	UINT	Logical segment's Attribute ID value:
		1 - 65535, 0 - No Attribute ID used
MemberCnt	USINT	Members ID count. Maximum Member ID values used:
		1 - 3, 0 - No Member ID used
Memberld	UINT[3]	Member ID values:
		0 - 65535

CIPCONTROLCFG data type

Use this table to help determine the parameter values for the CIPCONTROLCFG data type.

Parameter	Data Type	Description
Cancel	BOOL	TRUE - Cancel the execution of the function block.
		Bit is cleared when the message is enabled.
		If the Cancel parameter is set, and the message is enabled (EN bit is set) and not done (DN bit is not set), then the
		message execution is cancelled and the ER bit is set.
TriggerType	USINT	Represents one of the following:
		• 0: Msg Triggered Once (when IN goes from False to True)
		• 1 to 65535: Cyclic trigger value in milliseconds. Msg is triggered periodically when IN is True. Set the value to 1 to trigger
		the MSG as quickly as possible.
StrMode	USINT	Reserved for future use.

CIP message triggering

A CIP message can be triggered periodically by setting a non-zero value to the TriggerType parameter.

Use this table to help define the actions for the TriggerType parameter.

Action	Results
Message is enabled	Trigger timer starts
Trigger timer expires before the message completes	Message is immediately triggered in the next ladder scan cycle.
Message completes before the trigger time expires	Message is triggered when the trigger time expires.

Example: message triggering

In the following example, the TriggerType value is set to 100.



CIPSTATUS data type

Use this table to help determine the parameter values for the CIPSTATUS data type.

Parameter	Data type	Description
Error	BOOL	This bit is set to TRUE when the function block execution encounters an error condition.
ErrorID	UINT	Error code value. ErrorIDs are defined in <u>CIPSTATUS error codes</u> on <u>page 170</u> .
SubErrorID	UINT	Sub Error code value. SubErrorIDs defined in CIPSTATUS error codes.
ExtErrorID	UINT	CIP extended status error code value.
StatusBits	UINT	 This parameter can be used to verify control bits: Bit 0: EN - Enable Bit 1: EW - Enable Wait Bit 2: ST - Start Bit 3: ER - Error Bit 4: DN - Done Bit 5: CIPCONN - CIP Connection Closure Bit 6: EIPSESS - EIP Session Closure Other bits are reserved StatusBits are defined for CIPSTATUS status bits on page 169.

CIPSTATUS status bits

The CIPSTATUS status bits are set based on the status of the message execution, the communication buffers, and the rung conditions.

4 3 2 1	0
---------	---

Bit	Name	Description	Behavior
0	EN	Enable	Set when the rung goes true and remains set until either the DN bit or the ER bit is set and the rung goes false.
1	EW	Enable Waiting	Set when the communication buffer is allocated for the message request. Cleared when the ST bit is set.
2	ST	Start	Set when the message has been transmitted and is waiting for a reply. Cleared when the DN bit is set.
3	ER	Error	Set when message transmission fails. An error code is written to ErrorID. The ER bit and error code values are cleared the next time the rung goes from false to true.
4	DN	Done	Set when the message is transmitted successfully. The DN bit is cleared the next time the rung goes from false to true. When the Done bit is set, all other bits are cleared to indicate the MSG completed successfully. When an error is detected and the Error bit is set, the other status bits (EN/EW/ST) are not cleared.

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Bit	Name	Description	Behavior
5	CIPCONN	Done	Set when the CIP Connection for the Communication is closed. The CIPCONN bit is applicable when ConnClose is True, for other cases the CIPCONN bit is False. The CIPCONN bit is also used for Serial, Ethernet and USB.
6	EIPSESS	Done	Set when the Encapsulation CIP Session for the Communication is closed. The EIPSESS bit is applicable when ConnClose is True, for other cases the EIPSESS bit is False. This bit is used for Ethernet only.

CIPSTATUS error codes

Use this table to help determine the parameter values for the ErrorID and SubErrorID fields of the CIPSTATUS parameter when the ER bit is set.

ErrorID code	SubErrorID	Error code description			
33	Parameter configuration related errors				
	32	Bad Channel number.			
	36	Unsupported CIP connection type.			
	40	Unsupported CIP symbolic data type.			
	41	Invalid CIP symbol name.			
	43	Unsupported CIP Class value or MemberID count.			
	48	The instruction block's input data array size is not sufficient.			
	49	Invalid target path.			
	50	Bad service code.			
	51	The instruction block's transmit data array size is too big for CIP communication. The maximum length for the user data to be transmitted varies for different message configurations. If the total CIP message payload (including user data and CIP message overload) is beyond 504 bytes, an error 0x21 (subError 0x33) is reported.			
	52	Bad Segment type value.			
	53	Bad UCCM timeout value. If the encapsulation timeout value is less than the UCCM timeout or the difference between encapsulation timeout and UCCM time out is less than or equal to one second, an error 0x21 (subError 0x35) is reported.			
	54	Bad connected timeout value. If the encapsulation timeout value is less than the CONNECTED message timeout or the difference between the encapsulation timeout and the CONNECTED message time out is less than or equal to one second, an error 0x21 (subError 0x36) is reported.			
55	Timeout related errors				
	112	Message timed out while waiting in the message wait queue.			
	113	Message timed out while waiting for the connection to the link layer to be established.			
	114	Message timed out while waiting to transmit to the link layer.			
	115	Message timed out while waiting for a response from the link layer.			
69	Server response format related error codes				
	65	Message reply does not match request.			
	68	Message reply data type not valid/supported. (MSG_CIPSYMBOLIC).			
208	No IP address o	configured for the network.			
209	Maximum number of connections used – no connections available.				
210	Invalid internet	address or node address.			
217	Message execu	tion was canceled by user. (Cancel parameter was set to TRUE).			
218	No network buf	fer space available.			
222	Reserved.				
223	The Link addre	ss is not available. A TCP/IP or Ethernet configuration change is in progress.			

ErrorID code	SubErrorID	Error code description	
224	CIP response error code. SubErrorID specifies the CIP status and ExtErrorID specifies the CIP extended status value. Refer to the CIP specificat for possible error code values.		
255	Channel is shutdown or reconfiguration is in progress. Error code occurs immediately after power on until a connection is established, and is normal behavior.		
	• An Ethernet cat	in one of the following situations: ple is disconnected annot be detected	
		ig-in is present but not configured	

CIPTARGETCFG data type

Use this table to help determine the parameter values for the CIPTARGETCFG data type.

Parameter	Data type	Description
Path	STRING[80]	Path for the target. A maximum of two hops can be specified. The path syntax is:
		• {" <port>,<node address="" slot="">"}2</node></port>
CipConnMode	USINT	CIP Connection type.
		• 0 - Unconnected (default)
		• 1 - Class3 connection
UcmmTimeout	UDINT	Unconnected message timeout (in milliseconds). The amount of time to wait for a reply for
		unconnected messages, including connection establishment for connected message.
		• Valid values: 250-10,000 ms.
		• Set to 0 to use the default value of 3000 ms (3 seconds).
		• A value set to less than 250 ms will be set to 250 ms (minimum).
		• A value set to greater than 10,000 ms will be set to 10,000 ms (maximum).
ConnMsgTimeout	UDINT	Class3 Connection timeout (in milliseconds). The amount of time to wait for a reply for
		connected messages. The connection closes when the timeout expires.
		• Valid values: 800-10,000 ms.
		• Set to 0 to use the default value of 10,000 ms (10 seconds).
		• A value set to less than 800 will be set to 800 ms (minimum).
		• A value set to greater than 10,000 ms will be set to 10,000 ms (maximum).
ConnClose	BOOL	Connection closing behavior:
		• TRUE - Close the connection when the message completes.
		• FALSE - Do not close the connection when the message completed (default).

Target path for CIP messaging

The target path for CIP messaging contains parameters which determine the path and destination of the of the CIP message.

The target path string parameter uses the following syntax:

• "<local port>, <1st target's address>, [<1st target's local port>, <2nd target's address>]"

The 1st hop must be present; the 2nd hop is optional.

String element	Description

Local port	Local port used to send out the message. The port should be an active EtherNet/IP or CIP Serial port - USB ports are not supported.
1st Target address	Target address of the 1st hop.
	 For EIP, specify the target's IP address. The IP address should be a unicast address and should not be 0, multicast, broadcast, local address or a loop back (127.x.x.x) address. For CIP Serial, specify the target's node address. The supported value is 1.
Local port of the 1st Target	Local port used to send out the message.
2nd Target address	Target address of the 2nd hop.

Target path example

The following table lists example values used in a target path string and describes the results for each string.

String element	Description
"0,0"	The target device is the local device.
"6,1"	Through Port 6 (Micro830 UPM Serial port) reach the Node at 1.
"4,192.168.1.100"	Through Port 4 (Micro850 embedded Ethernet port) reach the Node at 192.168.1.100.
"4,192.168.1.100,1,0"	Through Port 4 (Micro850 embedded Ethernet port) reach the Node at 192.168.0.100 (Logix ENET module). From ENET module, through the Backplane port (Port 1) reach the Logix controller at Slot 0.

CIP/EIP message connections

A maximum of 16 CIP (class 3) and 16 EIP connections are supported for client message execution. The following table describes the CIP/EIP connection behavior.

Scenario	Results
Message request is enabled and CipConnMode=1.	If a connection to the target does not exist, a CIP connection is established. If a connection to the target already exists, the existing CIP connection is used.
Message request is enabled, CipConnMode=1, and the message's local port is Ethernet.	If an EIP connection to the target does not exist, an EIP connection is established prior to establishing a CIP connection.
Message request is enabled, CipConnMode=O, and the message's local port is Ethernet.	If an EIP connection to the target does not exist, an EIP connection is established.
Message execution is completed, and ConnClose is set to True.	If there is only one connection to the target, the connection is closed. If there is more than one connection to the target, the connection is closed when the last message execution is completed. When a CIP connection is closed, any associated EIP connection is also closed. If more than one CIP connection uses the same EIP connection, the EIP connection will be closed after all associated CIP connections are closed.
When ConnClose is true, the message connection and EIP Session are closed upon completion of the message execution.	If more than one message shares the same connection then the connection is closed upon completion of the last message.
A CIP or EIP connection that is not associated with any active message is closed if it is idle for x seconds. Where x is a configurable Encapsulation Inactivity Timeout value that can be set using the CIP Set Service.	See CIP Specification Volume II TCP/IP objects for details regarding the CIP Set Service.

Scenario	Results
Message execution is completed, and ConnClose is set to False.	The connection is not closed.
Connection is not associated with an active message and remains idle for the amount of time specified in ConnTimeOut parameter.	The connection is closed.
Controller transitions from an executing mode (Run, Remote Run, Remote Test Single Scan and Remote Single Rung) to a non-executing mode.	All active connections are forcibly closed.

CIP message timeout timers

The following table describes how timers for CIPTARGETCFG timeout parameters (UcmmTimeout and ConnMsgTimeout) behave based on message requests and status.

Action	Results
Message is enabled	UcmmTimeout timer is activated
Connection is requested	ConnMsgTimeout timer is activated
ConnMsgTimeout timer is active	UcmmTimeout timer is disabled
Connection request is completed	UcmmTimeout timer is reactivated

industrial protocol symbolic message)

MSG_CIPSYMBOLIC (common Sends a common industrial protocol (CIP) symbolic message over an Ethernet channel or a serial port.

> Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



MSG_CIPSYMBOLIC operation

When the function block is enabled, the receive buffers for the Read operations are cleared on the rising edge of Enable.

Arguments			
Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
IN	Input	BOOL	Rung input state. TRUE - Rising Edge detected, start the instruction block with the precondition that the last operation has been completed. FALSE - Rising Edge not detected, idle.
CtrlCfg	Input	CIPCONTROLCFG	The instruction block execution control configuration. Use the <u>CIPCONTROLCFG data type</u> on <u>page 168</u> parameters to define CtrlCfg.
SymbolicCfg	Input	<u>CIPSYMBOLICCFG</u> on <u>page</u> 175	Information for the symbol for Read and Write.
TargetCfg	Input	CIPTARGETCFG	Target device configuration. Use the <u>CIPTARGETCFG data type</u> on <u>page 171</u> parameters to define TargetCfg.
Data	Input	USINT[490]	Read command stores the data returned from the server. Write command buffers the data to be sent to the server. When an MSG is triggered or re-triggered, Data is cleared for the MSG Read command.
Q	Output	BOOL	Outputs of this instruction are updated asynchronously from the program scan. Output Q cannot be used to re-trigger the instruction since IN is edge triggered. TRUE - MSG instruction finished successfully. FALSE - MSG instruction is not finished.
Status	Output	CIPSTATUS	Function block execution status When an MSG is triggered, or re-triggered, all elements inside Status are reset. The Status output is defined in <u>CIPSTATUS data type</u> on <u>page 169</u> .
DataLength	Output	UDINT	Number of data bytes for Read service. For Write service, it's O. When an MSG is triggered or re-triggered, DataLength is reset to O for MSG Read command.

MSG_CIPSYMBOLIC Function Block Diagram example



MSG_CIPSYMBOLIC Ladder Diagram example



MSG_CIPSYMBOLIC Structured Text example



CIPSYMBOLICCFG data type

Use this table to help determine the parameter values for the CIPSYMBOLICCFG data type.

Parameter	Data type	Description
Service USINT		Service code:
		• 0 - Read (default)
		• 1 - Write
Symbol	STRING	Name of the variable to Read/Write.
		• Maximum of 80 characters.
		• Field cannot be empty.
		Symbol syntax defined in Symbolic Read/Write syntax on page 176.
Count UINT Number of varia		Number of variable elements to Read/Write:
		• Valid values: 1 - 490
		• 1 is used if the value is set to 0.
Type User-defined User-defined data type for the target variable.		User-defined data type for the target variable.
		Type defined in Symbolic data type support.
Offset USINT Reserved for		Reserved for future use.
		A byte offset of Read/Write variable used to Read/Write a large size variable that cannot be
		processed in one message.
		• 0 - 0xFF

eserved for future use.

Symbolic data type support

Use this table to help determine the data types MSG_CIPSYMBOLIC supports.

Chapter 9 Communication instructions

Data type	Data type value (hexadecimal)	Description	
BOOL	193 (OxC1)	Logical Boolean with values TRUE (1) and FALSE (0)	
SINT	194 (OxC2)	Signed 8-bit integer value	
INT	195 (OxC3)	Signed 16-bit integer value	
DINT	196 (0xC4)	Signed 32-bit integer value	
LINT	197 (0xC5)	Signed 64-bit integer value	
USINT	198 (OxC6)	Unsigned 8-bit integer value	
UINT	199 (OxC7)	Unsigned 16-bit integer value	
UDINT	200 (0xC8)	Unsigned 32-bit integer value	
ULINT	201 (0xC9)	Unsigned 64-bit integer value	
REAL	202 (0xCA)	32-bit floating point value	
LREAL	203 (0xCB)	64-bit floating point value	
STRING	218 (OxDA)	Character string	

Symbolic Read/Write syntax

Syntax defines the combinations of symbols of a valid read/write instruction block.

Valid symbol names

To be valid, each symbol name must meet the following requirements.

- Begin with a letter or underscore character followed by a letter, digit, or single underscore character.
- Be 40 characters or less.
- Not contain two consecutive underscore characters.
- Use special characters []., as separators.

Symbol syntax

Use this table to help define the valid syntax for symbols. Only global variables are supported.

Symbol	Syntax	Example	
Variable	PROGRAM: <program name="">,<symbol name=""></symbol></program>	PROGRAM:POU1.MyTag	
Array	<symbol name="">[dim3, dim2, dim1]</symbol>	MyTag1[0]	
	(Maximum supported dimension is 3.	MyTag2[3,6]	
		MyTag3[1,0,4]	
Structure	<symbol name="">.<symbol field="" name="" of="" struct=""></symbol></symbol>	MyTag4.time.year	
		MyTag5.local.time[1].year	

Supported Data Packet Size for CIP Serial Function

For Micro830, Micro850 and Micro870 controllers, both embedded serial port and plug-in serial ports can support CIP serial communication. CIP serial communication data packet includes user data and CIP packet header. When working as a CIP serial client, Micro830/Micro850 serial ports can support a maximum of 490 bytes of read/write user data. This maximum specification applies to CIP serial data packets with a minimum packet header size. When the size of a packet header is bigger than the minimum packet header size, the maximum size of user data that the CIP client can support is less than 490 bytes. If data packet size is greater than the maximum data size supported by the CIP client, the function block reports an error (0x21) and a sub-error (0x33).

When working as a CIP serial server, Micro830, Micro850 and Micro870 serial ports can support a minimum of 255 bytes of read/write user data. This minimum user data size specification applies to CIP serial data packets with maximum packet header size. When the size of CIP packet header is less than the maximum packet header size, the CIP client can support data packet size that is greater than the minimum specification (that is, greater than 255 bytes). However, if user data size is greater than the maximum data size supported by the CIP server function, the CIP data packet could be dropped, and the client will time out.

IMPORTANT For CIP serial server function, it is recommended not to read/write more than 255 bytes of user data in a single CIP message.

MSG_MODBUS (modbus message)

Sends a Modbus message over a serial port.

Operation details:

- A maximum of four message requests per channel can be processed in one scan. For Ladder Diagram programs, message requests are executed at the end of a ladder scan.
- If a trigger is set to continuous, error codes are also continuously cleared. To view error codes, add a rung before the MSG_MODBUS instruction.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, and Micro870 controllers.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
IN	Input	BOOL	Rung input state.
			TRUE - Rising Edge detected, start the instruction block with the precondition that the last
			operation has been completed.
			FALSE - Rising Edge not detected, not started.
Cancel	Input	BOOL	TRUE - Cancel the execution of the instruction block.
			FALSE - when IN is TRUE.
			Cancel input is dominant.
LocalCfg	Input	MODBUSLOCPARA	Define structure input (local device).
			Define the input structure for the local device using the MODBUSLOCPARA data type on page 179.
TargetCfg	Input	MODBUSTARPARA	Define structure input (target device).
			Define the input structure for the target device using the MODBUSTARPARA data type on page
			<u>182</u> .
LocalAddr	Input	MODBUSLOCADDR	MODBUSLOCADDR is a 125 Word array that is used by Read commands to store the data (1-125
			words) returned by the Modbus slave and by Write commands to buffer the data (1-125 words) to
			be sent to the Modbus slave.
Q	Output	BOOL	Outputs of this instruction are updated asynchronously from the program scan. Output ${\tt Q}$ cannot
			be used to re-trigger the instruction since IN is edge triggered.
			TRUE - MSG instruction finished successfully.
			FALSE - MSG instruction is not finished.
Error	Output	BOOL	Indicates an error occurred.
			TRUE - An error is detected.
			FALSE - No error.
ErrorID	Output	UINT	A unique numeric that identifies the error. The errors for this instruction are defined in
			MSG_MODBUS error codes.

Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

MSG_MODBUS error codes

This table describes error codes for MSG_MODBUS.

Error code	Error description	
3	The value of the TriggerType has been changed from 2 - 255.	
20	The local communication driver is incompatible with the MSG instruction.	
21	A local channel configuration parameter error exists.	
22	The Target or Local Bridge address is higher than the maximum node address.	
33	A bad MSG file parameter exists.	
54	A lost modem.	
55	The message timed out in the local processor. A link layer timeout.	
217	The user cancelled the message.	
129	An illegal function.	
130	An illegal data address.	
131	An illegal data value.	
132	A slave device failure.	
133	Acknowledge.	
134	The slave device is busy.	
135	Negative acknowledge.	

Error code	Error description
136	A memory parity error.
137	A non-standard reply.
255	The channel has been shut down.

MSG_MODBUS Function Block Diagram example



MSG_MODBUS Ladder Diagram example



MSG_MODBUS Structured Text example



MODBUSLOCPARA data type

Parameter	Data type	Description
Channel	UINT	Micro800 PLC serial port number: • 2 for the embedded serial port, or • 5-9 for serial port plug-ins installed in slots 1 through • 5 for slot 1 • 6 for slot 2 • 7 for slot 3 • 8 for slot 4 • 9 for slot 5
TriggerType	USINT	 Represents one of the following: 0: Msg Triggered Once (when IN goes from False to True) 1: Msg triggered continuously when IN is True Other value: Reserved
Cmd	USINT	Represents one of the following: • 01: Read Coil Status (0xxxx) • 02: Read Input Status (1xxxx) • 03: Read Holding Registers (4xxxx) • 04: Read Input Registers (3xxxx) • 05: Write Single Coil (0xxxx) • 06: Write Single Register (4xxxx) • 06: Write Single Register (4xxxx) • 06: Write Single Register (4xxxx) • 15: Write Multiple Coils (0xxxx) • 16: Write Multiple Registers (4xxxx) • 16: Write Multiple Registers (4xxxx) • 0thers: Custom command support. MODBUSLOCPARA custom command support: Custom Commands in the range of 0-255 that are not already assigned to a Modbus command are also supported. If a custom command is used then the LocalCfg:ElementCnt contains the number of bytes received. The response is received into the Local Address Data and overwrites the request data. • Example for CMD=0x2B • Local Address Data 1:0x0E, READ_DEVICE_ID_MEI • Local Address Data 2:0x01, READ_DEV_ID_BASIC • Local Address Data 3:0x00, Read Vendor Object
ElementCnt	UINT	Limits • For Read Coil/Discrete inputs: 2000 bits • For Read Register: 125 words • For Write Coil: 1968 bits • For Write Register: 123 words

MSG_MODBUS message triggering

A Modbus message can be triggered periodically by setting a non-zero value to the TriggerType parameter.

This table describes the TriggerType parameter behavior when used with the <u>MSG_MODBUS</u> on <u>page 177</u> function block.

Action	Results
Message is enabled	Trigger timer starts
Action	Results
--	---
Trigger timer expires before the message completes	Message is immediately triggered in the next ladder scan cycle.
Message completes before the trigger time expires	Message is triggered when the trigger time expires.

Example: message triggering

In the following example, the TriggerType value is set to 100.



Message execution process (Rung = TRUE)

The following process diagram describes the message instruction events that occur when the Rung condition is True.



Com queue: Message requests added to the Com queue have a buffer allocated and processed by the communication task. The maximum queue size limit is 4.

Wait queue: Messages that cannot be added to the Com queue are added to the Wait queue to be processed at a later time. The Wait queue does not have a maximum size limit.

MODBUSTARPARA data type

The following table describes the MODBUSTARPARA data type.

Parameter	Data type	Description
Addr	UDINT	Target data address (1 - 65536). Decreases by one when sending.
Node	USINT	The default slave node address is 1. The range is 1-247. Zero is the Modbus broadcast address and is only valid
		for Modbus write commands (for example, 5, 6, 15 and 16).

MSG_MODBUS2 (MODBUS/TCP message)

Sends a MODBUS/TCP message over an Ethernet Channel.

Operation details:

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- A maximum of four message requests per channel can be processed in one scan. For Ladder Diagram programs, message requests are executed at the end of a ladder scan.
- When MSG_MODBUS2 is enabled, the receive buffers for Read operations are cleared on the rising edge of Enable.
- Canceling the execution of the MSG_MODBUS2 instruction does not guarantee the message request going out is Cancelled, but does guarantee the response is not processed.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro850, and Micro870 controllers. For the Micro800 Simulator, this instruction can be added to a program but is only a placeholder to prevent the instruction from being deleted during controller change.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
IN	Input	BOOL	Rung input state. TRUE - Rising Edge detected, start the instruction block with the precondition that the last operation has been completed. FALSE - Rising Edge not detected, idle.
Cancel	Input	BOOL	 TRUE - Cancel the execution of the instruction block. Canceling the execution of the MSG_MODBUS2 instruction does not guarantee the message request going out is Cancelled, but does guarantee the response is not processed. FALSE - when IN is TRUE. Cancel input is dominant.
LocalCfg	Input	MODBUS2LOCPARA	Defines structure input (local device). Define the input structure for the local device using the <u>MODBUS2LOCPARA data type</u> on <u>page 186</u> .
TargetCfg	Input	MODBUS2TARPARA	Defines structure input (target device). Define the input structure for the target device using the <u>MODBUS2TARPARA data type</u> on <u>page 187</u> .
LocalAddr	Input	MODBUSLOCADDR	 MODBUSLOCADDR data type is a 125 Word array. LocalAddr usage: For Read commands, store the data (1-125 words) returned by the Modbus slave. For Write commands, buffer the data (1-125 words) to be sent to the Modbus slave.

Q	Output	BOOL	Outputs of this instruction are updated asynchronously from the program scan. Output Q cannot be used to re-trigger the instruction since IN is edge triggered. TRUE - MSG instruction finished successfully. FALSE - MSG instruction is not finished.
Error	Output	BOOL	Indicates an error detected. TRUE - An error occurred. FALSE - No error.
ErrorID	Output	UINT	A unique numeric that identifies the error. The errors for this instruction are defined in Modbus2 error codes.
SuberrorID	Output	UINT	Used to verify status bits: • Bit 0: EN - Enable • Bit 1: EW - Enable Wait • Bit 2: ST - Start • Bit 3: ER - Error • Bit 4: DN - Done Other bits are reserved.
StatusBits	Output	UINT	SubError code value when Error is TRUE. When a MSG is triggered, or re-triggered, a previously set SubErrorID is cleared.

MSG_MODBUS2 error and sub-error codes

When the ER bit is set, the ErrorID and SubErrorID fields display the following error codes.

Error ID	SubErrorID Description		
33	Parameter configuration related errors		
	32	Bad Channel number.	
	37	Bad Element count.	
	38	Bad Data Address.	
55	Timeout related	errors	
	112	Message timed out while waiting in the message wait queue.	
	113	Message timed out while waiting for the a connection to the link layer to be established.	
	114	Message timed out while waiting to transmit to the link layer.	
	115 Message timed out while waiting for a response from the link layer.		
69	Server Response format related error codes.		
208	No IP address configured for the network.		
209	Maximum number of connections used – no connections available.		
210	Invalid internet address or node address.		
217	Message execution was canceled by user. (Cancel parameter was set to TRUE).		
222	Network connection fail to establish before timeout.		
255	Channel is shutdown or reconfiguration is in progress. Error code occurs immediately after power on until a connection is established, and is nor		
	behavior. It may also occur if an Ethernet cable is disconnected or an IP address cannot be detected.		
	Slave response error codes		
129	Illegal Function Code		
130	Illegal Data Address		
131	Illegal Data Value		

132	Server Failure
133	Acknowledge
134	Negative Acknowledge
136	Memory parity Error
137	Non-standard reply error code. Actual error code can be found in the SubErrorID.

MSG_MODBUS2 Function Block Diagram example



MS_MODBUS2 Ladder Diagram example



MSG_MODBUS2 Structured Text example

```
MSG_MODBUS2_1[]
[void MSG_MODBUS2_1(BOOL IN, BOOL Cancel, MODBUS2LOCPARA LocalCfg, MODBUSZTARPARA TargetCfg, MODBUSLOCADOR LocalAddr)
Type:MSG_MODBUS2_Send a modbus message.
1     MSG_MODBUS2_1 (in, cancel, lc, tc, la);
2     output := MSG_MODBUS2_1.Q;
3     error := MSG_MODBUS2_1.Error;
4     ID := MSG_MODBUS2_1.ErrorID;
```

MODBUS2LOCPARA data type

Use this table to help determine the parameter values for the MODBUS2LOCPARA data type.

Parameter	Data Type	Description
Channel	UINT	Local Ethernet port number:
		• 4 for Micro850 & Micro820 embedded Ethernet port.
TriggerType UDINT		Message trigger type:
		• 0: Msg Triggered Once (when IN goes from False to True)
		• 1 to 65535 - Cyclic trigger value in milliseconds. Message triggered periodically when IN is true
		and the previous message execution completes.
		• Set the value to 1 to trigger messages as quickly as possible.
		See below MSG_MODBUS2 message triggering.
Cmd	USINT	Modbus command:
		• 01: Read Coil Status (0xxxx)
		• 02: Read Input Status (1xxxx)
		• 03: Read Holding Registers (4xxxx)
		• 04: Read Input Registers (3xxxx)
		• 05: Write Single Coil (0xxxx)
		• 06: Write Single Register (4xxxx)
		• 15: Write Multiple Coils (0xxxx)
		• 16: Write Multiple Registers (4xxxx)
		Others: Custom command support
		MODBUS2LOCPARA custom command support:
		Custom Commands in the range of 0-255 not already assigned to a Modbus command are also
		supported. If a custom command is used then LocalCfg:ElementCnt contains the number of byte received.
		The response is received in Local Address Data and overwrites the request data.
		Example for CMD=0x2B:
		Local Address Data 1:0x0E, READ_DEVICE_ID_MEI
		Local Address Data 2:0x01, READ_DEV_ID_BASIC
		 Local Address Data 3:0x00, Read Vendor Object
ElementCnt	UINT	Limits
		For Read Coil/Discrete inputs: 2000 bits
		• For Read Register: 125 words
		• For Write Coil: 1968 bits
		• For Write Register: 123 words

MSG_MODBUS2 message triggering

A Modbus message can be triggered periodically by setting a non-zero value to the TriggerType parameter.

This table describes what happens when the TriggerType parameter is used with the <u>MSG_MODBUS2</u> on page 182 function block.

Action	Results
Message is enabled.	Trigger timer starts.
Trigger timer expires before the message completes.	Message is immediately triggered in the next ladder scan cycle.
Message completes before the trigger time expires.	Message is triggered when the trigger time expires.

MODBUS2TARPARA data typ<u>e</u>

Use this table to help determine the parameter values for the MODBUS2TARPARA data type.

e Parameter	Data type	Description
Addr	UDINT	 Target device's Modbus data address: 1 - 65536. Decreases by one when sending. Firmware uses low-word of address if the address value is greater than 65536.
NodeAddress[4]	usint Target device's IP address. The IP address should be a valid unicast address and cannot be 0, multilocal address or loop back address (127.x.x.x). For example, to specify 192.168.2.100: • NodeAddress[0]=192 • NodeAddress[1]=168 • NodeAddress[2]=2 • NodeAddress[3]=100	
Port	UINT	Target TCP port number. Standard Modbus/TCP port is 502. 1 - 65535 Set to 0 to use the default value 502
Unitld	USINT	Unit Identifier. Used to communicate with slave devices through a Modbus bridge. Refer Modbus specification for more details. Note that Micro800 shall not attempt to validate this value. 0 - 255 Set to 255 if Target device is not a bridge.
MsgTimeOut	UDINT	 Message timeout (in milliseconds). Amount of time to wait for a reply for an initiated command. 250-10,000 Set to 0 to use the default value 3,000. A value less than 250 (minimum) is set to 250. A value greater than 10,000 (maximum) is set to 10,000. See Modbus/TCP message timeout timers.
ConnTimeOut	UDINT	 TCP Connection establishment timeout (in milliseconds). Amount of time to wait for establishing successful TCP connection to the Target device. 250-10,000 Set to 0 to use the default value 5,000. A value less than 250 (minimum) is set to 250. A value greater than 10,000 (maximum) is set to 10,000. See Modbus/TCP message timeout timers.
ConnClose	BOOL	 TCP connection closing behavior. True - Close the TCP connection upon message completion. False - Do not close the TCP connection upon message completion [Default]. See Modbus/TCP message connections.

Modbus/TCP message timeout timers

This table describes the behavior for MsgTimeOut and ConnTimeOut based on message requests and status.

Action	Results
Message is enabled.	Activates the MsgTimeOut timer.
TCP connection is requested.	Activates the ConnTimeOut timer.

Action	Results
ConnTimeOut timer is active.	Disables the MsgTimeOut timer.
Connection request is complete.	Reactivates the MsgTimeOut timer.

Modbus/TCP message connections

Modbus/TCP client supports a maximum of 16 connections. This table describes Modbus/TCP connection behavior.

Scenario	Results
Message request is enabled, and a connection to the target does	If a connection to the target does not exist, a new connection is established.
not exist.	If a connection to the target already exists, the existing connection is used.
Message execution is completed, and ConnClose is set to True.	If there is only one connection to the target, the connection is closed.
	If there is more than one connection to the target, the connection is closed when the last message
	execution is completed.
Message execution is completed, and ConnClose is set to False.	The connection is not closed.
Connection is not associated with an active message, and	The connection is closed.
remains idle for the amount of time specified in ConnTimeOut	
parameter.	
Controller transitions from an executing mode (Run, Remote Run,	All active connections are forcibly closed.
Remote Test Single Scan and Remote Single Rung) to a	
non-executing mode.	

MSG_PCCC (programmable controller communication commands message)

Sends a PCCC message over an Ethernet channel or a serial port.

The commands supported: SLC Typed Read and SLC Typed Write.

Operation details:

• When sending the PCCC message over an Ethernet channel and more than four function block requests are in queue for CIP_GENERIC_FB, CIP_SYMBOLIC, or PCCC_MSG_FB, up to four messages per channel can be processed in one scan.

For Ladder Diagram programs, message requests are executed at the end of a ladder scan.

• When sending the PCCC message over a serial port and more than eight function block requests are in queue for serial communication, a total of eight messages on all channels can be processed in one scan.

For Ladder Diagram programs, message requests are executed at the end of a ladder scan.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

The instruction applies to the Micro870 L70E controllers.

(MSG_PCCC_1	
	MSG_PCCC	
IN		Q.
CtrlCfg		Status
PCCCCfg		DataLength •
 TargetCfg 		

Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
IN	Input	BOOL	Rung input state. TRUE - Rising Edge detected, start the function block with the precondition that the last operation has been completed. FALSE - Rising Edge not detected, not started.
CtrlCfg	Input	CIPCONTROLCFG	Function block execution control configuration. Use the <u>CIPCONTROLCFG</u> <u>data type</u> on <u>page 190</u> to define CtrlCfg.
PCCCCfg	Input	PCCC_CFG	The PCCC commands and address. Use the <u>PCCCCFG data type</u> on <u>page 191</u> to define PCCCCfg.
TargetCfg	Input	CIPTARGETCFG	Target device configuration. Use the <u>TARGETCFG data type</u> on <u>page 192</u> to define TargetCfg.
Q	Output	BOOL	True - The MSG instruction is completed. False - The MSG instruction is not completed.
Status	Output	CIPSTATUS	The execution status of the function block. When an MSG instruction is triggered or retriggered, all the Status elements are reset. The Status output is defined in <u>CIPSTATUS data type</u> on <u>page 194</u> .
DataLength	Output	UINT	The number of data bytes for CIPPCCC message response. When an MSG is triggered or retriggered, DataLength is reset to 0. DataLength is supported when a PCCC message is sent over an Ethernet channel.

MSG_PCCC Function Block Diagram example



MSG_PCCC Ladder Diagram example



MSG_PCCC Structured Text example



CIPCONTROLCFG data type

Use this table to help determine the parameter values for the CIPCONTROLCFG data type.

Parameter	Data Type	Description
Cancel	BOOL	TRUE - Cancel the execution of the function block. Bit is cleared when the message is enabled.
TriggerType	UDINT	 Represents one of the following: O: Msg Triggered Once (when IN goes from False to True) 1 to 65535: Cyclic trigger value in milliseconds. Msg is triggered periodically when IN is True. Set the value to 1 to trigger the MSG as quickly as possible.
StrMode	USINT	Reserved for future use.

PCCC message triggering

The message is triggered periodically by setting a non-zero value to the TriggerType parameter.

Action	Results
Message is enabled	Trigger timer starts.
Trigger timer expires before the message	Message is immediately triggered in the next ladder scan
completes	cycle.
Message completes before the trigger time expires	Message is triggered when the trigger time expires.

Example: message triggering

In the following example, the TriggerType value is set to 100.



PCCCCFG data type

Use this table to define the parameters for the PCCCCFG data type.

Parameter	Data Type	Description
Service	USINT	Service code:
		• 0 - Read (default)
		• 1 - Write
SrcAdr	STRING	Source address:
		• Source file name if the value of Source is O
		Syntax: < <i>File Type><file number="">:<element number=""></element></file></i>
		Example: N7:1
		The supported data types are:
		• N (Integer)
		• F (Float)
		• B (Bool)
		• L (Long)
		• ST (String)
		• Tag variable name if the value of Service is 1
		• Example of a 1-D array: testarrayVariable1/x/, where x
		is the position of the array in the array range.
		One-dimension arrays are supported.
		• Example of a normal variable or a 1-D array whose
		index starts from 0: VariableName1.

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Parameter	Data Type	Description
NumOfElements	UINT	The number of elements:
		• When Service is 0, the maximum number of elements
		(Element value * single Element occupied bytes) cannot exceed 244.
		 When Service is 1, the maximum number of elements (Element value * single Element occupied bytes) cannot exceed 232.
DstAdr	STRING	Destination address:
		• Source file name if the value of Service is 1
		Syntax: <i><file type=""><file number="">:<element number=""></element></file></file></i>
		Example: N7:1
		The supported data types are:
		• N (Integer)
		• F (Float)
		• B (Bool)
		• L (Long)
		• ST (String)
		• Tag variable name if the value of Service is 0
		• Example of a 1-D array: testarrayVariable2[x], where x
		is the position of the array in the array range.
		One-dimension arrays are supported.
		 Example of a normal variable or a 1-D array whose index starts from 0: VariableName2.

TARGETCFG data type

Use this table to help determine the parameter values for the TARGETCFG data type.

Parameter	Data Type	Description
Path	STRING[80]	 Path of the target defined using the syntax ("<port>, <node address="" slot="">")</node></port> Port number definition: 2 for embedded serial port 4 for embedded Ethernet port 5-7 for 2080-SERIALISOL plug-in module installed in slots 1-3
CipConnMode	USINT	CIP Connection type. • 1 - Class3 connection The parameter must be set to 1 for Ethernet and serial PCCC messages.

Parameter	Data Type	Description
UcmmTimeout	UDINT	 Unconnected message timeout (in milliseconds). The amount of time to wait for a reply for unconnected messages, including connection establishment for connected messages. Valid values: 250-10,000 ms. Set to 0 to use the default value of 3,000 ms (3 seconds). A value set to less than 250 ms will be set to 250 ms (minimum). A value set to greater than 10,000 ms will be set to 10,000 ms (maximum). The parameter is applicable for EtherNet/IP.
ConnMsgTimeout	UDINT	 Class3 Connection timeout (in milliseconds). The amount of time to wait for a reply for connected messages. The connection closes when the timeout expires. Valid values: 800-10,000 ms. Set to 0 to use the default value of 10,000 ms (10 seconds). A value set to less than 800 will be set to 800 ms (minimum). A value set to greater than 10,000 ms will be set to 10,000 ms (maximum). The parameter is applicable for EtherNet/IP and serial.
ConnClose	BOOL	 Connection closing behavior: TRUE - Close the connection when the message completes. FALSE - Do not close the connection when the message completed (default). The parameter is applicable for EtherNet/IP.

Target path example

The following table lists example values used in a target path string and describes the results for each string.

String Element Description	
"6,1"	Through the serial port plug-in module mounted in slot 2 to the node at address 1. Note that plug-in slots 1-3 equate to ports 5-7.
"4,192.168.1.100"	Through Port 4, Micro870 embedded Ethernet port, reaches the Node at 192.168.1.100.
Local port	Local port used to send out the message. The port should be an active EtherNet/IP or CIP Serial port - USB ports are not supported.

String Element	Description	
Target address	 For EIP, the target address specifies the target's IP address. The IP address must be a unicast address and cannot be 0, or a multicast, broadcast, local, or loopback (127.x.x.x) address. For CIP Serial, the target address specifies the target's node address. The supported range of values is from 0 through 254. 	

IMPORTANT When triggering an MS6_PCCC instruction out of a serial port, the user must include a message timeout timer in order to error out the message instruction in case an error-free response is not received within a reasonable amount of time, especially when using radio modems. The timer preset time should be set by the user depending on their application. An example is shown below.



CIPSTATUS data type

Use this table to determine the parameter values for the CIPSTATUS data type.

Parameter	Data Type	Description
Error	BOOL	This bit is set to TRUE when the function block execution encounters an error condition.
ErrorID	UINT	Error code value. For more information, see the <u>error code</u> table on page 196
SubErrorID	UINT	Sub Error code value.
ExtErrorID	UINT	CIP extended status error code value.
StatusBits	UINT	This parameter can be used to verify control bits: • Bit 0: EN - Enable • Bit 1: EW - Enable Wait • Bit 2: ST - Start • Bit 3: ER - Error • Bit 4: DN - Done • Bit 5: CIPCONN - CIP Connection Closure • Bit 5: EIPSESS - EIP Session Closure Bit 5 and Bit 6 are for Ethernet/IP and other bits are reserved. StatusBits are defined for <u>CIPSTATUS status bits</u> on <u>page</u> <u>194</u> .

CIPSTATUS status bits

The CIPSTATUS status bits are set based on the status of the message execution, the communication buffers, and the rung conditions.

Bit Name	Description	Behavior
EN	Enable	Set when the rung goes true and remains set until either
		the DN bit or the ER bit is set, and the rung goes false.

Bit Name	Description	Behavior
EW	Enable Waiting	Set when the communication buffer is allocated for the message request. Cleared when the ST bit is set.
ST	Start	Set when the message has been transmitted and is waiting for a reply. Cleared when the DN bit is set.
ER	Error	Set when message transmission fails. An error code is written to ErrorID. The ER bit and error code values are cleared the next time the rung goes from false to true.
DN	Done	Set when the message is transmitted successfully. The DN bit is cleared the next time the rung goes from false to true.
CIPCONN	Done	Set when the CIP Connection for the Communication is closed. The CIPCONN bit is applicable when ConnClose is True, for other cases the CIPCONN bit is False. The bit is used for Ethernet only.
EIPSESS	Done	Set when the Encapsulation CIP Session for the Communication is closed. The EIPSESS bit is applicable when ConnClose is True, for other cases the EIPSESS bit is False. The bit is used for Ethernet only.



Tip: When the message is enabled (EN bit is set) and is not done (DN bit is not set), if the Cancel parameter is set, then message execution ends, and the ER bit is set.

CIP/EIP message connections

A maximum of 16 CIP (class 3) and 16 EIP connections are supported for client message execution. The following table describes the CIP/EIP connection behavior. All the following scenarios are applicable for Ethernet.

Scenario	Results
Message request is enabled and CipConnMode=1.	If a connection to the target does not exist, a CIP connection is established. If the message's local port is Ethernet and an EIP connection to the target does not exist, an EIP connection is established prior to establishing a CIP connection.
Message request is enabled, CipConnMode=0, and the message's local port is Ethernet.	If an EIP connection to the target does not exist, an EIP connection is established. If multiple messages are designated to the same target, the messages must use the same connection.
ConnClose is true, the message connection and EIP Session are closed upon completion of the message execution.	If multiple messages share the same connection, then the connection is closed upon completion of the last message.
Message execution is completed, and ConnClose is set to False.	The connection is not closed upon completion of the message execution.
A CIP or EIP connection that is not associated with any active message is closed if it is idle for x seconds, where x is a configurable Encapsulation Inactivity Timeout value that can be set using the CIP Set Service.	See CIP Specification Volume II TCP/IP objects for details about the CIP Set Service.

Scenario	Results
A CIP connection is closed and any EIP connection is also closed.	If multiple CIP connections are using the same EIP connection, the EIP connection is closed when all the associated CIP connections are closed.
Controller transitions from an executing mode (Run, Remote Run, Remote Test Single Scan and Remote Single Rung) to a non-executing mode.	All active connections are forcibly closed.

Message timeout

The following table describes how timers for inUcmmTimeout and ConnMsgTimeout parameters behave based on message requests and status.

Action	Results		
Message is enabled	UcmmTimeout timer is activated		
CIP Connection is requested	ConnMsgTimeout timer is activated		
ConnMsgTimeout timer is active	UcmmTimeout timer is disabled Applicable for Ethernet/IP		
Connection request is completed	UcmmTimeout timer is reactivated Applicable for Ethernet/IP		

MSG_PCCC error codes

Use this table to determine the parameter values for the ErrorID and SubErrorID fields when ER bit is set.

ErrorID code	SubErrorID code	Error code description
30		SubErrorID represents the Status (STS) Remote Error. For more information, see Chapter 8 of the
		DF1 Protocol and Command Set Reference Manual
31		SubErrorID represents the Extended Status (EXT STS) Remote Error. For more information, see
		Chapter 8 of the DF1 Protocol and Command Set Reference Manual.
32	PCCC Configuration error	
	1	Unsupported Service code
		The supported Service codes are:
		• 0 - Read (default)
		• 1 - Write
	2	Invalid source address
		For correct source addresses, see SrcAdr in the <u>PCCCCFG data type</u> on <u>page 191</u> table.
		For the String data type, the supported fixed string size is 82.
	3	Invalid destination address
		For correct source addresses, see DstAdr in the <u>PCCCCFG data type</u> on <u>page 191</u> table.
		For the String data type, the supported fixed string size is 82.
	4	Invalid source data type
		The supported data types are:
		• N (Integer)
		• F (Float)
		• B (Bool)
		• L (Long)
		• ST (String)

ErrorID code	SubErrorID code	Error code description
	5	Invalid destination data type
		The supported data types are:
		• N (Integer)
		• F (Float)
		• B (Bool)
		• L (Long)
		• ST (String)
	6	File type and Symbol data type are not compatible. The float data type sends messages only to or
		from float data types.
	41	Invalid CIP symbol name
	48	The function block's input data array size is not sufficient. Verify that the data buffer size exceeds the requested data length.
33	Parameter configuration relate	
00	32	Bad Channel number.
	36	Unsupported CIP connection type.
	20	Make sure the parameter CipConnMode is set to 1 for PCCC messages.
	/0	Invalid Element count
	48	The range for Element count is from 1 to the maximum.
		For more information, see the Element count table.
	49	Invalid Target path.
	51	Invalid pay load or the size of the function block's transmitting data array is excessive for CIP
		communication.
	52	Bad Segment type value
	53	Bad UCCM timeout value
		If the encapsulation timeout value is less than UCCM timeout or the difference between
		encapsulation timeout and UCCM timeout is less than or equal to one second, the error is reported.
		This code is applicable for Ethernet/IP.
	54	Bad connected timeout value
		If the encapsulation timeout value is less than CONNECTED message timeout or the difference
		between encapsulation timeout and CONNECTED message time out is less than or equal to one
		second, the error is reported.
		This code is applicable for EtherNet/IP.
	Timeout related errors	
55	112	Message timed out while waiting in the message wait queue.
		To avoid this problem, verify that the number of executing function blocks is equal to or less than
		four for each port.
	113	Message timed out while waiting for the connection to the link layer to be established.
		To avoid this problem, you must ensure that:
		• The cable works and the target exists.
		 The controller supports processing a maximum of eight CIP client messages.
	114	Message timed out while waiting to transmit to the link layer.
		To avoid this problem, verify that the controller supports processing up to eight CIP client messages.
	115	Message timed out while waiting for a response from the link layer.
		To avoid this problem, verify that the target exists, and the cables are working.
	Server response format relate	d error codes
69	65	Message reply does not match request.
UŬ	68	Message reply data type is not valid or not supported.
	00	
208		There is no IP address configured for the network. To solve the problem, configure a valid IP address.
		The code is applicable for EtherNet/IP.

ErrorID code	SubErrorID code	Error code description
209		Maximum number of connections used – no connections available.
		To avoid this problem, reduce the number of connections that are used.
		The code is applicable for EtherNet/IP.
210		Invalid internet address or node address
		To avoid this problem, do not use 0, broadcast, multicast, or loop back for the target IP address.
		The code is applicable for EtherNet/IP.
217		Message execution was canceled by the user (Cancel parameter was set to TRUE).
		To avoid this problem, do not set the Cancel bit or perform the RMD operation.
218		No network buffer space available
		To avoid this problem, verify that there is not an undue amount of ongoing communication activity.
		The code is applicable for EtherNet/IP.
222		Reserved.
223		The link address is not available. A TCP/IP or Ethernet configuration change is in progress.
		This code is applicable for EtherNet/IP.
224		CIP response error code
		SubErrorID specifies the CIP status and ExtErrorID specifies the CIP extended status value. See the
		CIP specification for possible error code values.
		The code is applicable for EtherNet/IP.
255		Channel is shutdown or reconfiguration is in progress.
		You might encounter this error when the reconfiguration is in progress, or the port is not available
		when you are executing the MSG_CIPPCCC instructions.
		To avoid this problem, wait for the configuration to complete before executing the instructions.
		The code is applicable for EtherNet/IP.

Element count table

Source/Destination Data Type	Maximum Element Count for Service Code of 0 - read Service	Maximum Element Count for Service Code of 1 - write Service
BIT	122	116
INT	122	116
FLOAT	61	58
STRING	2	2
DOUBLE	61	58

For information on creating an MSG_PCCC program, see <u>Example: How to</u> <u>create an MSG_PCCC messaging program to write a value to and read a value</u> <u>from an address in MicroLogix</u> on <u>page 198</u>.

This example shows how to create a message program to write a value to a

from Controller A legacy address and saved to Controller B global variable

Controller A legacy address from Controller B global variable and read a value

Example: Create an MSG_PCCC messaging program to write a value to and read a value from an address in MicroLogix

Controller A Catalog: 1766-L32BWA IP Address: 192.168.3.33 Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0

over ethernet.

Controller B

Catalog: 2080-L70E-24QBB IP Address: 192.168.3.3 Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0

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PCCC Write example: Add an MSG_ PCCC function block, variables, and a contact

To create an MSG_PCCC messaging program used to write a value to a legacy address in MicroLogix 1400 from a Micro870E controller, perform the following tasks.

To create a global variable for the source variable

- 1. In the **Project Organizer**, double-click **Global Variables** to display the **Global Variables** selector.
- 2. Enter Write_Float_Data in the Name Column.
- 3. Verify the datatype is REAL.

The **Global Variables** selector should look similar to the following image.

Micro870-VA	R 🕫 🗙 PCCC-VAR	PCCC	-POU*	Micro870	Start Page		
Scope:	Micro870	•	Filter				
Name				Comment		Alias	Data Type
V	/rite_Float_Data						REAL ~

To add function block and variables

1. In the **Instruction Toolbar - Messaging**, select **MSG_PCCC** and drag it onto the ladder rung.

- [P Search																					
	н	Ψ	MSG	MSG_CIPSYMBOLIC	MSG_MODBUS	MSG_MODBU	S2 MSG_PCCC															
	< → (Arr	ay	File/Shift	Communications	Timer/Counter	Advanced Math	Data Log/Recipe	Date Time	HSC	Process	Input/Output	Conversion	Motion Event	Motion Move	Motion State	Motion Config	Module	Messaging	Process Control	Sockets	Interrupt	L

2. (optional) Double-click **MSG_PCCC** to change the instance of the function block to Write_PCCC.



- 3. Assign variable names.
 - a. In **Project Organizer**, double-click **Local Variables** to display the **Local variables** page.
 - b. In the **Variables Selector**, add the variables and data types listed in the table.
 - c. Assign the variables to the instruction input and output parameters.

Parameter	Variable Name	Data Type
CtrlCfg	Write_CtrlCfg	CIPCONTROLCFG

Chapter 9 Communication instructions

Parameter	Variable Name	Data Type
PCCCCfg	Write_PCCC	PCCC_CFG
TargetCfg	Write_TarCfg	CIPTARGETCFG
Status	Write_Sts	CIPSTATUS



- 4. Configure initial values for the local variables and add CtrlCfg initial values.
 - a. From the **Local Variables** page, expand the CtrlCfg parameter to view additional parameters.
 - b. Enter the following values in the **Initial Value** column for each parameter.

Parameter	Initial Value
Write_CtrlCfg.Cancel	Leave Blank
Write_CtrlCfg.TriggerType	50
Write_CtrlCfg.StrMode	Leave Blank



Tip: ${\bf 50}$ is entered in this example to define a 50ms cyclic trigger interval.

- 5. Add PCCCCfg initial values.
 - a. From the **Local Variables** page, expand the PCCCCfg parameter to view additional parameters.
 - b. Enter the following values in the **Initial Value** column for each parameter.

Parameter	Initial Value
Write_Float_PCCC.Service	1
Write_Float_PCCC.SrcAdr	'Write_Float_Data'
Write_Float_PCCC.NumOfElements	1
Write_Float_PCCC.DstAdr	'F8:0'



Tip: F8:0 is entered as the destination address in the MicroLogix controller.

The Local variables selector should look similar to the following image.

Name	Comment	Initial Value	Data Type	
✓ Write_CtrlCfg			CIPCONTROLCFG	\sim
Write_CtrlCfg.Cancel	Abort the execution		BOOL	
> Write_CtrlCfg.TriggerType	0 - Trigger once, n	50	UDINT	
> Write_CtrlCfg.StrMode	reserved parameter		USINT	
Virite_Float_PCCC			PCCC_CFG	\sim
> Write_Float_PCCC.Service	0-Read, 1-Write	1	USINT	
Write_Float_PCCC.SrcAdr	Source address:In c	'Write_Float_Data'	STRING	
> Write_Float_PCCC.NumOfElements	Number of elements	1	USINT	
Write_Float_PCCC.DstAdr	Destination address	'F8:0'	STRING	

- 6. Configure initial values for TarCfg.
 - a. From the **Local Variables** page, expand the TarCfg parameter to view additional parameters.
 - b. Enter the following values in the **Initial Value** column for each parameter.

Parameter	Initial Value
Write_TarCfg.Path	'4,192.168.3.33'
Write_TarCfg.CipConnMode	1
Write_TarCfg.UcmmTimeout	0
Write_TarCfg.ConnMsgTimeout	0
Write_TarCfg.ConnClose	FALSE

The Local variables selector should look similar to the following image.

Name	Comment	Initial Value	Data Type
✓ Write_TarCfg			CIPTARGETCFG ~
Write_TarCfg.Path	CIP destination path	'4,192.168.3.33'	STRING
> Write_TarCfg.CipConnMode	0 - Unconnected, 1 - CI	1	USINT
> Write_TarCfg.UcmmTimeout	Unconnected message	0	UDINT
> Write_TarCfg.ConnMsgTimeout	Connected message ti	0	UDINT
Write_TarCfg.ConnClose	TRUE: Close CIP conn	FALSE	BOOL

- 7. Add a contact.
 - a. In the **Instruction Toolbar Favorite**, select **Direct Contact** and drag it to the left of the MSG_PCCC function block input on the first ladder rung.
 - b. Click the contact and assign the **Write** variable to the contact.

The rung of your ladder diagram program for MSG_PCCC messaging should look similar to the following image.



8. Download the program.

After the download is complete, enter the value to write to MicroLogix into **Write_Float_Data** variable in the Micro800 controller and trigger the **Write** tag to perform a write value from the Write_Float_Data to the MicroLogix controller F8:0 address. Observe the MicroLogix address is being updated to the value.

To create an MSG_PCCC messaging program used to read a value from a legacy address in MicroLogix 1400 to a Micro870E controller, perform the following tasks.

To create a global variable for storing the results

- 1. In the **Project Organizer**, double-click **Global Variables** to display the **Global Variables** selector.
- 2. Enter **Read_Float_Data** in the **Name** Column.
- 3. Verify the datatype is REAL.

The Global Variables selector should look similar to the following image.

Micro870-VA	<mark>R ≠ ×</mark> PCCC-VAR	PCCC-	-POU*	Micro870	Start Page			
Scope:	Micro870	•	Filter					
Name				Comment		Alias	Data Type	
F	lead_Float_Data						REAL	~

To add function block and variables

1. In the **Instruction Toolbar - Messaging**, select **MSG_PCCC** and drag it onto the ladder rung.

D (here): H = WS3 MS3_CPS/MEDUC MS3_MODENS MS0_MODENS MS0_MODENS MS0_MODENS MS0_MODENS r , Amy FagBith Commissions TransContex AdvanceMath Data Lightopo Data Trans HDC Process Input/Caput Conversion Motor/Event Mator New Mater State Mater Config Models Learning Process Control Sockets Hearnyt

PCCC Read example: Add a PCCC_MSG function block, variables, and a contact

- Write_PCCC MSG_PCCC IN Q CtrlCfg Status PCCCCfg DataLength TargetCfg
- 2. (optional) Double-click **MSG_PCCC** to change the instance of the function block to Read_PCCC.

- 3. Assign variable names.
 - a. In **Project Organizer**, double-click **Local Variables** to display the **Local variables** page.
 - b. In the **Variables Selector**, add the variables and data types listed in the table.
 - c. Assign the variables to the instruction input and output parameters.

Variable Name	Data Type	
Read_CtrlCfg	CIPCONTROLCFG	
Read_PCCC	PCCC_CFG	
Read_TarCfg	CIPTARGETCFG	
Read_Sts	CIPSTATUS	
-	Read_CtrlCfg Read_PCCC Read_TarCfg	Read_CtrlCfg CIPCONTROLCFG Read_PCCC PCCC_CFG Read_TarCfg CIPTARGETCFG



- 4. Configure initial values for the local variables and add CtrlCfg initial values.
 - a. From the **Local Variables** page, expand the CtrlCfg parameter to view additional parameters.
 - b. Enter the following values in the **Initial Value** column for each parameter.

_	Parameter	Initial Value

Chapter 9 Communication instructions

Parameter	Initial Value
Read_CtrlCfg.cancel	Leave Blank
Read_CtrlCfg.TriggerType	50
Read_CtrlCfg.StrMode	Leave Blank



Tip: **50** is entered in this example to define a 50ms cyclic trigger interval.

- 5. Add PCCCCfg initial values.
 - a. From the **Local Variables** page, expand the PCCCCfg parameter to view additional parameters.
 - b. Enter the following values in the **Initial Value** column for each parameter.

Parameter	Initial Value
Read_Float_PCCC.Service	1
Read_Float_PCCC.SrcAdr	'F8:0'
Read_Float_PCCC.NumOfElements	1
Read_Float_PCCC.DstAdr	'Read_Float_Data'



Tip: **F8:0** is entered as the Source address in the MicroLogix controller.

The Local variables selector should look similar to the following image.

Na	me		Comment	Initial Value	Data Type	
~	Rea	ad_CtrlCfg			CIPCONTROLCEG	\sim
		Read_CtrlCfg.Cancel	Abort the execution of		BOOL	
	>	Read_CtrlCfg.TriggerType	0 - Trigger once, n - Cy	50	UDINT	
	>	Read_CtrlCfg.StrMode	reserved parameter		USINT	
\sim	Rea	ad_Float_PCCC			PCCC_CFG	\sim
	>	Read_Float_PCCC.Service	0-Read, 1-Write	1	USINT	
		Read_Float_PCCC.SrcAdr	Source address:In case	'F8:0'	STRING	
	>	Read_Float_PCCC.NumOfElements	Number of elements	1	USINT	
		Read_Float_PCCC.DstAdr	Destination address: In	'Read_Float_Data'	STRING	

- 6. Configure initial values for TarCfg.
 - a. From the **Local Variables** page, expand the TarCfg parameter to view additional parameters.
 - b. Enter the following values in the **Initial Value** column for each parameter.

Parameter	Initial Value
Read_TarCfg.Path	'4,192.168.3.33'
Read_TarCfg.CipConnMode	1
Read_TarCfg.UcmmTimeout	0
Read_TarCfg.ConnMsgTimeout	0
Read_TarCfg.ConnClose	FALSE

The Local variables selector should look similar to the following image.

Name	Comment	Initial Value	Data Type
✓ Read_TarCfg			CIPTARGETCFG ~
Read_TarCfg.Path	CIP destination path	'4,192.168.3.33'	STRING
> Read_TarCfg.CipConnMode	0 - Unconnected, 1 - CI	1	USINT
> Read_TarCfg.UcmmTimeout	Unconnected message	0	UDINT
> Read_TarCfg.ConnMsgTimeout	Connected message ti	0	UDINT
Read_TarCfg.ConnClose	TRUE: Close CIP conn	FALSE	BOOL

7. Add a contact.

- a. In the Instruction Toolbar Favorite, select Direct Contact and drag and drop it to the left of the MSG_PCCC function block input on the second ladder rung.
- b. Click the contact and assign the **Read** variable to the contact.



The rung of your ladder diagram program for MSG_PCCC messaging should look similar to the following image.

8. Download the program.

After the download is complete, enter the value in the MicroLogix controller F8:0 address and trigger the Read tag in Micro800 controller to perform a read value from MicroLogix F8:0 address and observe the value written to the Read_Float_Data in the Micro800 controller.

The following topics describe how and when <u>MSG_CIPGENERIC</u> on <u>page 165</u>, <u>MSG_CIPSYMBOLIC</u> on <u>page 173</u>, <u>MSG_MODBUS2</u> on <u>page 182</u>, and <u>MSG_PCCC</u> on <u>page 188</u> message instructions execute based on their bit and rung conditions.

- Message execution process (general)
- Message execution process (Rung = TRUE)
- Message execution timing diagram (Rung = True)
- Message execution process (Rung = FALSE)
- Message execution timing diagram (Rung = FALSE)
- Message execution process (Error)
- Message execution timing diagram (PCCC configuration error)
- Message execution timing diagram (message is canceled)

Message execution process (general)

The following diagram shows how and when messages execute based on the status of the Com queue.

Message execution processes and timing diagrams

Chapter 9

Communication instructions



The following table describes the sequence of events identified in the preceding diagram.

No.	Description of events			
1	The message is enabled.			
	If the Com queue is empty, the buffer is allocated for the message and the message is added to the Com queue for			
	transmission.			
	The Com queue size is 4 and each channel has a separate queue.			
2	2 If the Com queue is full, the message is added to the Wait Queue.			
	When the Com queue is empty, the message in the Wait queue is added to the Com queue.			
	There is no size limit for the Wait Queue and each channel has a separate queue.			
3	The communication task executes the messages in the Com queue on every End-of-Scan for transmission.			
	Each channel's queue is processed one by one in a round robin fashion.			
	One message from each channel is executed, and the process continues until all messages are executed or the			
	communication schedule (10ms) expires.			
	The channel next to the last processed channel is scheduled to appear first in the next End-of-Scan.			

Message execution process (Rung = TRUE)

The following process diagram describes the message instruction events that occur when the Rung condition is True.



Com queue: Message requests added to the Com queue have a buffer allocated and processed by the communication task. The maximum queue size limit is 4.

Wait queue: Messages that cannot be added to the Com queue are added to the Wait queue to be processed at a later time. The Wait queue does not have a maximum size limit.

Message execution timing diagram (Rung = TRUE)

The following table describes the message conditions and bit status for each execution step identified in the timing diagram while the rung condition remains true.

Step	Message description	Bit status
1	Rung condition goes TRUE. Message execution is enabled.	EN bit is set. All other bits are cleared.
2	Message control buffer is acquired. At this time, input data (that is, the "data" parameter for write messages) is copied for transmission. Subsequent changes to the input data will not be reflected in the transmitted message.	EW bit is set.

Step	Message description	Bit status
3	Message transmission starts.	EW bit is cleared. ST bit is set.
4	Message response is received.	ST bit is cleared. DN bit is set.
5	Rung condition goes FALSE.	EN bit is cleared.

Timing diagram for (Rung = TRUE)



Message execution process (Rung = FALSE) The following process diagram describes the message instruction events that occur when the Rung condition is False.



Message execution timing diagram (Rung = FALSE) The following table describes the message conditions and bit status for each execution step identified in the timing diagram when the rung goes to FALSE during execution.

Step Message description	Bit status
--------------------------	------------

Step	Message description	Bit status
1	Rung condition goes TRUE. Message execution is enabled.	EN bit is set. All other bits are cleared.
2	Rung condition goes FALSE. Message execution continues.	
3	Message buffer is acquired.At this time, input data (that is, the "data" parameter for write messages) is copied for transmission. Subsequent changes to the input data will not be reflected in the transmitted message.	EW bit is set.
4	Message transmission starts.	EW bit is cleared. ST bit is set.
5	Message response is received.	ST bit is cleared. DN bit is set.
6	Message is scanned again after step 5.	EN bit is cleared.

Timing diagram for (Rung = FALSE)



Message execution process (Error)

The following table describes the message conditions and bit status for each execution step identified in the timing diagram when an error occurs during execution.

Step	Message description	Bit status
1	Rung condition goes TRUE. Message execution is enabled.	EN bit is set. All other bits are cleared.
2	Message buffer is acquired.	EW bit is set.
3	Message transmission starts.	EW bit is cleared. ST bit is set.
4	Message transmission times out.	EW and ST bits do not change.
4-6	As rung condition goes FALSE.	EN bit is cleared. ER bit is set.

Message execution timing diagram (Error)

The following timing diagram shows a typical pattern when an error occurs during execution.



Message execution timing diagram (PCCC configuration error)

The following table describes the message conditions and bit status for each execution step identified in the timing diagram when a PCCC configuration error occurs during execution.

Step	Message description	Bit status
1	Rung condition goes TRUE. Message execution is enabled.	EN bit is set.
2	Message buffer is acquired.	EW bit is set.
3	Invalid elements exist in PCCCCfg.	ER bit is set to 1 before ST bit is set to 1. EW and ST bits do not change.
4	As rung condition goes FALSE.	EN, EW, and ER bits are cleared.

The following diagram shows the typical error condition when changing the number of elements in PCCCCfg to an invalid number 17.



Message execution timing diagram (message is canceled)

The following table describes the message conditions and bit status for each execution step identified in the timing diagram when a message is canceled.

Step	Message description	Bit status
1	Rung condition goes TRUE.	EN bit is set.
	Message execution is enabled.	All other bits are cleared.
2	Message buffer is acquired.	EW bit is set.
3	Message execution get canceled.	ER bit is set.
		EW and ST bits do not change.
4	Rung condition goes FALSE.	EN bit is cleared.
5	Rung condition goes TRUE.	The Cancel input is cleared.
		The function block starts to execute.



Timing diagram when a the message is canceled

Use the communication (message) function blocks

Configure object data values for explicit messaging (MSG_CIPGENERIC)

This section provides specific details and examples for using <u>communication</u> <u>instructions</u> on <u>page 163</u> in logic programs. See the following topics for details of and <u>examples for using the MSG_CIPGENERIC</u> on <u>page 215</u> and <u>MSG_CIPSYMBOLIC function blocks to create programs</u> on <u>page 223</u>.

To use the <u>MSG_CIPGENERIC</u> on <u>page 165</u> function block for explicit messaging, configure the AppCfg parameter with the correct values.

For additional information about message communication

There are several sources of information covering the implementation and use of message communication, including Connected Components Workbench Help, user manuals and the Rockwell Automation Literature Library.

The following table lists additional sources of information relevant to message communication.

Information source	Description	How to find the information
--------------------	-------------	-----------------------------

Chapter 9 Communication instructions

User manual for your specific communication device	Contains important information about messaging and specific information for configuring message function blocks.	Connected Components Workbench Help menu
EtherNet/IP Adapter 22-COMM-E FRN 1.xxx, Appendix C	Provides information about the EtherNet/IP objects that can be accessed using Explicit Messages.	Connected Components Workbench Help menu
EtherNet/IP specification	Defines the objects to be included in every CIP device: Identity object, Message Router object and the Network object.	ODVA web site (http://www.odva.org)
Micro800 Programmable Controllers: Getting Started with CIP Client Messaging	Provides quickstart instructions for using CIP GENERIC and CIP Symbolic Messaging in Micro830 and Micro850 programmable logic controllers (PLC).	Rockwell Automation Literature Library

To access user manuals and quickstart guides:

- 1. To access quickstart guides, on the Help menu, click View Help.
- 2. Double-click on **Connected Components Workbench**.
- 3. Double-click on **Getting Started with Connected Components Workbench**.
- 4. To access drive manuals, on the **Help** menu, click **User Manuals** to display the Manuals dialog box.
- 5. Click the plus (+) sign next to Drives to expand the category, and then expand the class until the manual is located.
- 6. Double-click the manual name to open the .pdf file.
- To access the EtherNet/IP manual, on the Help menu, click User Manuals to display the Manuals dialog box.
- 8. Click the plus (+) sign next to **Drives** to expand the category, and then expand the PowerFlex 4-class Peripherals class.
- 9. Double-click the 22-COMM-E EtherNet/IP Adapter User Manual to open the .pdf file.

To access manuals from the Rockwell Automation Literature Library:

- 1. Go to <u>http://literature.rockwellautomation.com</u>.
- 2. To access non-English language versions of user manuals, select the language from the Publication Language drop-down box (right corner).
- 3. Enter the full or partial device catalog number in the **Search** box. For example, enter 2080-LC30 to view Micro830 user manuals.
- 4. In the **Search** box, type the full or partial device catalog number. For example, enter 2080-LC30 to view Micro830 user manuals.

CIP Register object data

MSG_CIPGENERIC function blocks use the CIP Register object data in the AppCfg parameter. The object data includes the following:

- Class Code
- Instance

- Instance Attribute
- Service

Values for the MSG_CIPGENERIC AppCfg parameter

Use the values from the CIP register object in your input variables to configure the MSG_CIPGENERIC function block parameters. The following image shows the CIP register object data values used in the MSG_CIPGENERIC function block parameters.

Name	Alias	Alias Data Type D		Dimen 🔻 Project Val		
- at	· 01	- of	· dt	· d*	* d*	
MSG_ReadDrive		MSG_CIPGENERIC *			***	
 MyAppCfg 		CIPAPPCFG *				
MyAppCfg.Service		USINT			14	
MyAppCfg.Class		UINT			7	
MyAppCfg.Instance		UDINT			4	
MyAppCfg.Attribute		UINT			4	
MyAppCfg.MemberC		USINT				

Example: How to create an MSG_CIPGENERIC messaging program to read data from a controller

This example shows how to create a message program that retrieves Controller B catalog information from Controller A using a MSG_CIPGENERIC function block and a COP function block.



Perform the following tasks to create a MSG_CIPGENERIC messaging program that reads information from a different controller.

No	Task			
1	Identify initial values for the input variables (MSG_CIPGENERIC) on page 216			
2	Add a MSG_CIPGENERIC function block and variables on page 216			
3	Configure initial values for variables on page 217			
4	Add a contact and a coil on page 220			
5	Add a COP function block, variables and contact (MSG_CIPGENERIC) on page 221			
6	Verify correct IP configuration on Controller B on page 222			

Identify initial values for the input variables, MSG_CIPGENERIC

Follow these general steps to add input variables and initial values, and obtain the Identity Object values to configure the AppCfg parameter initial values.

To add input variables and initial values:

- 1. From the **Help** menu, click **User Manuals**.
- 2. Expand the Drives selection and locate the user manual for the type of communication adapter you are using (EtherNet/IP Adapter User Manual).
- 3. Double-click the manual to open it.
- 4. Review the Appendix headings to locate the section that provides information about the EtherNet/IP objects that can be accessed using Explicit Messages (Appendix C).
- 5. Go to the Appendix section and identify the object type related to your explicit message (Identity object).
- 6. Identify the initial values for the AppCfg parameters based on the type information being retrieved.

Ethernet/IP object data and AppCfg parameters example

The following table identifies the specific Ethernet/IP object data used to read catalog information from a controller.

Input variable example	AppCfg parameter	Ethernet/IP object data option	Description	Initial value
MyAppCfg.Service	Service	Service code	Implement for class = Yes Implement for Instance = Yes Get attribute single	14 (0x0E in hexadecimal)
MyAppCfg.Class	Class	Class code	EtherNet/IP object class = Identity object	01
MyAppCfg.Instance	Instance	Instances	22-COMM-E	01
MyAppCfg.Attribute	Attribute	Instance attribute	Get product name and rating as SHORT STRING	07

Add a MSG_CIPGENERIC function block and variables

To add a MSG_CIPGENERIC function block to a ladder diagram program and then add input variables to the function block, perform the following steps.

To add a MSG_CIPGENERIC function block:

- 1. Add a controller:
 - Expand the **Controllers** folder and the Micro850 folder to view all Micro850 controllers.
 - Double-click a controller (2080-LC50-48QVB) to add it to **Project Organizer**.
- 2. Add a ladder diagram program:
 - In **Project Organizer**, right-click **Programs**, click **Add**, and then click **New LD: Ladder Diagram**.
- Right-click the ladder diagram icon in **Project Organizer**, click **Rename** and type CIPExplicitMessage.
- Double-click the ladder diagram program in **Project Organizer** to display the LD POU in the language editor.
- 3. Add the MSG_CIPGENERIC function block:
 - In the **Toolbox**, select **Instruction Block** and drag and drop it onto the ladder rung to display the **Instruction Block Selector**.
 - In Search, type **MSG** to display the message function blocks.
 - Type **MSG_ReadDrive** in the **Instance** field.
 - Double-click **MSG_CIPGENERIC** to add an instance of the function block to the ladder diagram.
- 4. Add MSG_CIPGENERIC local input variables:
 - In **Project Organizer**, double-click **Local Variables** to display the **Local Variables** page.
 - In the **Variables** page, add the variables and data types listed in the table.

Parameter	Variable Name	Data Type
CtrlCfg	MyCtrlCfg	CIPCONTROLCFG
AppCfg	MyAppCfg	CIPAPPCFG
TargetCfg	MyTargetCfg	CIPTARGETCFG
ReqData	MyReqData	USINT
ReqLength	MyReqLength	UINT
ResData	MyResData	USINT (array)

5. For the MyResData variable, double click **Dimension** and change the array size to [1..81].

The **Variables** page should look similar to the following image.

		Name	Alias	Data Type		Dimension	Project Value	Initial Value
	7	* dt*	· 1	*	de*	- A*	- de	- dt+
	٠	MSG_ReadDrive		MSG_CIPGENERIC	*			
	٠	MyCtrlCfg		CIPCONTROLCEG	٠			
	٠	MyAppCfg		CIPAPPCFG	*			
	٠	MyTargetCfg		CIPTARGETCFG	*			
		MyReqData		USINT	*			
		MyReqLength		UINT	•			
•	٠	MyResData		USINT	*	[181]	me:	
*					*			

Configure initial values for variables

Follow these steps to add initial values to the input variables you previously created and then assign the variables to the correct MSG_CIPGENERIC function block input parameter.

To assign variables to MSG_CIPGENERIC:

- 1. To configure initial values for the MyCtrlCfg input variable:
 - From the **Local Variables** page, expand MyCtrlCfg to view its parameters.

• Enter the following values in the **Initial Value** column for each parameter.

Parameter	Initial value	Comments
MyCtrlCfg.Cancel	Leave blank	Not needed.
MyCtrlCfg.TriggerType	0	We only need to retrieve the catalog number once.
MyCtrlcfg.StrMode	Leave blank	Not needed.

- 2. To configure initial values for the MyAppCfg input variable
 - From the **Local Variables** page, expand MyAppCfg to view its parameters.
 - Enter the following values in the **Initial Value** column for each parameter.

Parameter	Initial value
MyAppCfg.Service	14
MyAppCfg.Class	01
MyAppCfg.Instance	01
MyAppCfg.Attribute	07

- 3. To configure initial values for the MyTargetCfg input variable
 - From the **Local Variables** page, expand MyTargetCfg to view its parameters.
 - Enter the following values in the **Initial Value** column for each parameter.

	P *** **	
Parameter	Initial Value	Comments
MyTargetCfg.Path	'4,192.168.100.4'	The first '4' indicates the message is being sent out of the embedded Ethernet port. 192.168.100.4 is the IP address of the drive Ethernet interface.
MyTargetCfg.CipConnMode	0	Unconnected is preferred for CIP messages.
MyTargetCfg.UcmmTimeout	blank	Unconnected messages have a timeout default of 3000 milliseconds if their Initial Values are blank.
MyTargetCfg.ConnMsgTimeout	blank	Connected messages have a timeout default of 3000 milliseconds if their Initial Values are blank.
MyTargetCfg.ConnClose	FALSE	For Connected messaging, the CIP connection could be closed immediately after completion of the message instruction by setting the Initial Value to TRUE.

		Name	Alias	Data Type	Dimension	Project Value	Initial Value
		- A*	- d*	- A	- dt	- A*	- 1
N	ASG_F	ReadDrive		MSG_CIPGENERIC *			
N	/lyCtrl	Cfg		CIPCONTROLCEG *			
		MyCtrlCfg.Cancel		BOOL			
		MyCtrlCfg.TriggerType		UDINT			0
		MyCtrlCfg.StrMode	3	USINT			
N	ЛуАрр	oCfg		CIPAPPCFG -			
		MyAppCfg.Service		USINT			14
		MyAppCfg.Class		UINT			01
		MyAppCfg.Instance		UDINT			01
		MyAppCfg.Attribute		UINT			07
		MyAppCfg.MemberCnt		USINT			
		MyAppCfg.MemberId		CIPMEMBERID			
N	/lyTar	getCfg		CIPTARGETCFG *			
		MyTargetCfg.Path		STRING			'4,192.168.100.4
		MyTargetCfg.CipConnMode		USINT			0
		MyTargetCfg.UcmmTimeout		UDINT			
		MyTargetCfg.ConnMsgTime		UDINT			
		MyTargetCfg.ConnClose		BOOL			FALSE
N	/lyRec	Data		USINT -			
N	/lyRec	Length		UINT -			
N	/lyRes	Data		USINT -	[181]		
		MyResData[1]	3	USINT			

The parameters in the **Variables** page should look similar to the following image.

- 4. To assign the variables to the parameters
 - In the ladder diagram POU, click the top portion of the variable input block to display the variable drop-down list.
 - From the list, assign each input parameter to its correct input variable as identified in the following table.

Parameter	Input variable	Comments
CtrlCfg	MyCtrlCfg	The catalog number must only be retrieved one time so the MyCtrlCfg.TriggerType initial value is set to 0.
AppCfg	MyAppCfg	The initial values were determined by looking up the object data values for Service, Class, Instance and Attribute.
Target	MyTargetCfg	The initial values are for target device configuration.
ReqData	MyReqData	Because this is a Read message, there is no request data so the ReqData parameters is not used.
ReqLength	MyReqLength	Because this is a Read message, there is no request data so the ReqLength parameters is not used.
ResData	MyResData	The catalog number string is stored in the array in the ODVA short string format. The first array element defines the strength length and the rest store the string character's hexadecimal value. The maximum number of characters is 80, plus the length element so MyResData is defined as a 1 dimension array with 81 elements.

The instance of the MSG_CIPGENERIC function block should look similar to the following image.



Add a contact and a coil

Use the following steps to add a coil and a contact to the MSG_CIPGENERIC instruction that converts the catalog information to a human readable string.

To add a coil to MSG_CIPGENERIC:

- 1. In the **Toolbox**, select **Direct Contact** and drag and drop it to the left of the MSG_CIPGENERIC function block input on the first ladder rung.
- 2. In the **Variable Selector**, type **Get_Catalog** in the Name field for the contact.
- 3. In the **Toolbox**, select **Direct Coil** and drag and drop it to the right of the MSG_CIPGENERIC function block output on the first ladder rung.
- 4. In the **Variable Selector**, type **Convert_String** in the Name field for the coil.



The first rung of your ladder diagram program for MSG_CIPGENERIC messaging should look similar to the following image.

Add a COP function block, variables and contact (MSG_CIPGENERIC)

Use the following steps to add a COP function block, variables and a contact. The COP instruction is used to convert data from the source data type (for example, DINT or REAL) to the destination data type. In this example, the catalog information is converted to a human readable string.

To add a COP function block:

- 1. In the **Toolbox**, select **Rung** and drag and drop it directly under the first ladder rung to add a second rung.
- 2. Add the COP function block:
 - In the **Toolbox**, select **Block** and drag and drop it onto the second ladder rung to open the **Instruction Block Selector**.
 - Double-click **COP** to add an instance of the function block to the ladder diagram.
- 3. Add local input variables for COP:
 - In **Project Organizer**, double-click **Local Variables** to display the **Local Variables** page.

٠	In the Local Variables page, add the variables and data types listed
	in the following table.

Parameter	Variable name	Data type
Src	MyResData	Array USINT
SrcOffset	0	UINT
Dest	CatalogID	Array STRING
DestOffset	0	UINT
Length	1	UINT
Swap	FALSE	BOOLEAN

- 4. For the CatalogID variable, double click **Dimension** and change the array size to [1..1]
- 5. Add a contact:
 - In the **Toolbox**, select **Direct Contact** and drag and drop it to the left of the COP function block input on the second ladder rung.
 - In the **Variable Selector**, select the **Convert_String** variable for the contact.

Result

The second rung of your ladder diagram program for MSG_CIPGENERIC messaging should look similar to the following image.



Verify correct IP

Follow these steps to verify the IP address settings are correct on Controller B.

configuration on Controller B

To verify the IP address:

- 1. Open the application workspace for the controller:
- 2. In Project Organizer, double-click the controller to open the controller workspace.
- 3. In the controller workspace, expand Ethernet in the Controller tree and then click Internet Protocol to display the controller configuration page.
- 4. Verify the IP address settings are correct as identified in the following table.

IP configuration option	Value
IP address	192.168.1.19
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Gateway address	192.168.1.1

Results

2 Convert_String COP_ COP Enable ENO MyResData Src STS 0 SrcOff. CatalogID Dest 0 DestO_ 1 Length FALSE Swap

The Internet Protocol options in your controller configuration page should look similar to the following image.

Example: How to create an MSG_CIPSYMBOLIC messaging program to write a value to a variable

This example shows how to create a message program to write a value to a Controller B global variable from Controller A.



To create a MSG_CIPSYMBOLIC messaging program used to write a value to a global variable on another controller, perform the following tasks.

No	Task
1	Add a COP function block, variables, and a contact (MSG_CIPSYMBOLIC) on page 224
2	Add an Equal operator and a coil on page 225
3	Add a MSG_CIPSYMBOLIC function block, variables and a contact on page 226
4	Verify correct IP configuration on Controller B on page 222
5	Create global variable for Controller B on page 229
6	Review the complete program results on page 229

Add a COP function block, variables and a contact (MSG_CIPSYMBOLIC)

The COP instruction is used to convert the data you enter to the destination data type so the data is compatible with the controller variable.

To add a COP function block:

- 1. Add a controller:
 - Expand the **Controllers** folder and the Micro850 folder to view all Micro850 controllers.
 - Double-click a controller (2080-LC50-48QVB) to add it to **Project Organizer**.
- 2. Add a ladder diagram program:
 - In **Project Organizer**, right-click **Programs**, click **Add**, and then click **New LD: Ladder Diagram**.
 - Right-click the ladder diagram icon in **Project Organizer**, click **Rename** and type **CIPSymbolicMessage**.
 - Double-click the ladder diagram program in **Project Organizer** to display the LD POU in the language editor.
- 3. Add a COP function block:
 - In the **Toolbox**, select **Instruction Block** and drag and drop it onto the first ladder rung to open the **Instruction Block Selector**.
 - In Search, type **COP**, and double-click **COP** to add an instance of the function block to the ladder diagram.
- 4. Add COP variables and initial values:
 - In the ladder diagram POU, double-click **Local Variables** to open the **Local Variables** page.
 - In the **Variables** page, add the variables and data types listed in the table below.
- 5. Create Arrays:
 - For ValueToWrite, double-click **Dimension** and change the array size to [1..1].
 - For A_Data, double-click **Dimension** and change the array size to [1..4].
- 6. Enter the data from the **Value** column of the table below into the **Initial Value** field for each variable.
- 7. Add a contact:
 - In the **Toolbox**, select **Direct Contact** and drag and drop it to the left of the COP function block input on the first ladder rung.
 - In the **Variable Selector**, assign a variable named **Convert_Data** to contact.

Use the variables defined in the table for the COP function block.

Parameter	Variable name	Data type
-----------	---------------	-----------

Parameter	Variable name	Data type	
Src	ValueToWrite	Array UDINT	
		Initial value:	
		987654321	
SrcOffset	0	UINT	
Dest	A_Data	Array USINT	
DestOffset	0	UINT	
Length	4	UINT	
Swap	TRUE	BOOLEAN	
STS	COPsts	Array UINT	

The first rung of your ladder diagram program for MSG_CIPSYMBOLIC messaging should look similar to the following image.



Add an Equal operator and a coil

The Equal instruction is used to trigger writing a value if the data type conversion was successful. To add an Equal (=) operator, variables and a coil, perform the following steps.

To add an Equal operator:

- 1. In the **Toolbox**, select **Rung** and drag and drop it directly under the first ladder rung to add a second rung.
- 2. Add an Equal operator:
 - In the **Toolbox**, select **Instruction Block** and drag and drop it onto the second ladder rung to open the **Instruction Block Selector**.
 - In Search, type the '=' sign and double-click '=' to add an instance of the operator to the ladder diagram.
- 3. To add Equal variables:
 - In the ladder diagram POU, double-click a variable to display the **Variable Selector**.

• In the **Variable Selector**, assign variable names as listed in the following table.

0	
Parameter	Variable name
i1	COPsts
i2	1

4. To add a coil to the Equal operator:

In the **Toolbox**, select **Direct Coil** and drag and drop it to the right of the Equal operator output on the second ladder rung. In the **Variable Selector**, type **WriteValue** in the Name field for the

coil.

The second rung of your ladder diagram program for MSG_CIPGENERIC messaging should look similar to the following image.



Add a MSG_CIPSYMBOLIC function block, variables and a contact

To add a MSG_CIPSYMBOLIC function block, input variables and a contact to a ladder diagram, perform the following steps.

To add function block and variables:

- 1. In the **Toolbox**, select **Rung** and drag and drop it directly under the second ladder rung to add a third rung.
- 2. Add the MSG_CIPSYMBOLIC function block:
 - In the **Toolbox**, select **Instruction Block** and drag and drop it onto the ladder rung to display the **Instruction Block Selector**.
 - In Search, type **MSG** to display the message function blocks.
 - Type **MSG_WriteVariable** in the **Instance** field.
 - Double-click **MSG_CIPSYMBOLIC** to add an instance of the function block called MSG_WriteVariable to the ladder diagram.
- 3. Assign variable names:
 - In the ladder diagram POU, double-click a variable to display the **Variable Selector**.
 - In the **Variable Selector**, assign variable names as listed in the following table.
- 4. For the Data variable, double click **Dimension** and change the array size to [1...4].
- 5. Configure initial values for the local variables, add CtrlCfg initial values:

- From the **Local Variables** page, expand the CtrlCfg parameter to view additional parameters.
- Enter the following values in the Initial Value column for each parameter.

Parameter	Initial value
A_CtrlCfg.Cancel	Leave blank
A_CtrlCfg.TriggerType	300
A_Ctrlcfg.StrMode	Leave blank

- 6. Add SymCfg initial values:
 - From the **Local Variables** page, expand the SymCfg parameter to view additional parameters.
 - Enter the following values in the Initial Value column for each parameter.

r	
Parameter	Initial value
A_SymCfg.Service	1
A_SymCfg.Symbol	'UDINT_FromA'
A_SymCfg.Count	Leave blank
A_SymCfg.DataType	200
A_SymCfg.Offset	Leave blank

The Local Variables selector should look similar to the following image.

			Name	Alias	Data Type	Dimension	Project Value	Initial Value
			- A*	* d*	~ A*	- A*	- A*	- A*
	+	MSG_CI	PSYMBOLIC_1		MSG_CIPSYMBOL 👻			
	-	A_CtrIC	fg		CIPCONTROLCFG -			
			A_CtrlCfg.Cancel		BOOL			
			A_CtrlCfg.TriggerType		UDINT			300
			A_CtrlCfg.StrMode		USINT			
•		A_Sym(Cfg		CIPSYMBOLICCFC 💌			
			A_SymCfg.Service		USINT			1
			A_SymCfg.Symbol		STRING			'UDINT_FromA'
			A_SymCfg.Count		UINT			
			A_SymCfg.DataType		USINT			200
			A_SymCfg.Offset		USINT			

- 7. Configure initial values for TargetCfg
 - From the ladder diagram POU, double-click the A_TarCfg variable to open the global variables selector.
 - Expand the TargetCfg parameter to view additional parameters.
 - Enter the following values in the Initial Value column for each

parameter.

F	
Parameter	Initial value
A_TarCfg.Path	'4,192.168.1.19'
A_TarCfg.CipConnMode	1
A_TarCfg.UcmmTimeout	0
A_TarCfg.ConnMsgTimeout	0
A_TarCfg.ConnClose	Leave blank

The User Global Variables selector should similar to the following image.

	Name	Alias	Data Type	Dimension	Project Value	Initial Value
	- A*	* A*	CIPTARG 🕆 📌	· A*	· #	* A*
- A_1	FarCfg		CIPTARGETCFG -			
	A_TarCfg.Path		STRING			'4,192.168.1.19'
	A_TarCfg.CipConnMode		USINT			1
	A_TarCfg.UcmmTimeout		UDINT			0
	A_TarCfg.ConnMsgTimeout		UDINT			0
•	A_TarCfg.ConnClose		BOOL			

- 8. Add a contact:
 - In the **Toolbox**, select **Direct Contact** and drag and drop it to the left of the MSG_CIPSYMBOLIC function block input on the third ladder rung.
 - In the **Variable Selector**, assign the **WriteValue** variable to the contact.

The third rung of your ladder diagram program for

MSG_CIPSYMBOLIC messaging should look similar to the following image.



Verify correct IP configuration on Controller B

Follow these steps to verify the IP address settings are correct on Controller B.

To verify the IP address:

- 1. Open the application workspace for the controller:
- 2. In **Project Organizer**, double-click the controller to open the controller workspace.
- 3. In the controller workspace, expand **Ethernet** in the **Controller** tree and then click Internet Protocol to display the controller configuration page.
- 4. Verify the IP address settings are correct as identified in the following table.

IP configuration option Value

IP address	192.168.1.19
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Gateway address	192.168.1.1

Results

The Internet Protocol options in your controller configuration page should look similar to the following image.



Create global variable for Controller B

Follow these steps to create a Global variable for controller B.

To create a Global variable:

- 1. In **Project Organizer**, double-click **Global Variables** to display the **Global Variables** selector.
- 2. Type UDINT_FromA in the **Name** column.
- 3. Configure the remaining parameters:
 - Verify the data type is UDINT.
 - Verify the **Read/Write** attribute is selected.

The **Global Variables** selector should look similar to the following image.

Scope:	Micro850	-	Filter					
Name				Data Type	Dimension	Project Value	Initial Value	Comment

Review the complete program results

The following example shows the complete MSG_CIPSYMBOLIC messaging program after it has executed.

Chapter 9

Project Organizer 🛛 🝷 🖡 🗙	Micro850-VAR 🗢 🗙 Micro850 🛛 🕅	Prog1-POU
Name: QS_CIPG_CtrlB	Scope: Micro850	▼ Filter
Devices Trends		
첼 첼 백	Name 个	Logical Value Physical Value
⊡ Imicro850	> UDINT_FromA	0 N/A
Programs	_IO_EM_DI_00	
Global Variables		
User-Defined Function Blocks	_IO_EM_DI_01	
User-Defined Functions	_IO_EM_DI_02	
DataTypes	_IO_EM_DI_03	
Convertions	ASS CRSYNBOLC 7 MSG CRSYNBOLC 7 N CxCle Status SymboloCla DataLenat - 0	
4.182.1881.19 A_Dee	TanaCh	
177	Des	

Controller B results

The following two images show the values for Controller B before and after the messaging program is executed.

Before the program executes

Project Organizer 👻 🕂 🗙	Micro850-VAR 🗢 🗙 Micro850	Prog1-POU	
Name: QS_CIPG_CtrlB	Scope: Micro850	▼ Filter	
Devices Trends			
헬 첼 캡	Name 🔨	Logical Value	Physical Value
⊡ <mark>i</mark> Micro850 	> UDINT_FromA	0	N/A
Global Variables	_IO_EM_DI_00		
User-Defined Function Blocks	_IO_EM_DI_01		
	_IO_EM_DI_02		
DataTypes	_IO_EM_DI_03		

After the program executes

Project Organizer 🛛 🔻 🕂 🗙	Micro850-VAR + ×		
Name: QS_CIPG_CtrlB	Scope: Micro850	▼ Filter	
Devices Trends			
첼 첼 백	Name 🔶	Logical Value	Physical Value
⊡… III Micro850	> UDINT_FromA	987654321	N/A
Global Variables	_IO_EM_DI_00		
User-Defined Function Blocks	_IO_EM_DI_01		
	_IO_EM_DI_02		
	_IO_EM_DI_03		
	_IO_EM_DI_04		

Example: How to configure Modbus communication to read from and write to a drive These examples describe how to configure Modbus communication to read status data from and write control data to a PowerFlex 4 drive using the <u>MSG_MODBUS</u> on <u>page 177</u> instruction.

Micro830 wiring

This example uses a Micro830 controller with a SERIALISOL module plugged into the first slot (Channel 5). A single PowerFlex 40 is connected, but the diagram below shows how to wire for multi-drop. Refer to the user manual for additional wiring information.



AK-U0-RJ45-TB2P is an RJ45 connector with 2 terminal blocks for RS485 communications

Modbus Read example

The following MSG_MODBUS instruction can be used to read status data from the PowerFlex 40 drive.



Drive status

An "1807" indicates the drive is

- Ready (bit 0 ON),
- Active (bit 1 ON)
- Commanded Forward (bit 2 ON)
- Rotating Forward (bit 3 ON)

• Status of some digital inputs on the drive

A "278" indicates 27.8Hz.

Refer to the PowerFlex user manual for additional information about Logic Status word bits, error code descriptions, commanded and actual speeds, and other status codes.

MSG_MODBUS Read configuration

The following image shows the variable options for the MSG_MODBUS instruction block used to read status data from a PowerFlex 40 drive.

			Name	Data Type		Direction	Dimension
			- A*	- A*		× ₫*	× ₫*
	Ŧ	MSG_M	IODBUS_1	MSG_MODI 🔻	Var	*	
	-	D2_lcfg)	Modbusle 👻	Var	*	
			D2_lcfg.Channel	UINT	Var	*	
			D2_lcfg.TriggerType	USINT	Var	*	
			D2_lcfg.Cmd	USINT	Var	•	
			D2_lcfg.ElementCnt	UINT	Var	•	
	-	D2_Tcf	g	MODBUST# 👻	Var	+	
			D2_Tcfg.Addr	UDINT	Var	*	
			D2_Tcfg.Node	USINT	Var	÷	
\mathbf{b}	-	D2_lad	dr	Modbusle 👻	Var		
			D2_laddr[1]	WORD	Var	÷	
			D2_laddr[2]	WORD	Var	÷	
			D2_laddr[3]	WORD	Var	•	
			D2_laddr[4]	WORD	Var	•	
			D2_laddr[5]	WORD	Var	*	

MSG_MODBUS Read variables

The following table identifies the variables and the values used to configure the MSG_MODBUS instruction to read status data from a PowerFlex 4 drive.

Variable	Value	Description	
*.Channel	5	Channel 5 - location of SERIALISOL module	
*.TriggerType	0	Trigger on False-to-True transition	
*.Cmd	3	Modbus Function Code "03" - Read Holding Registers	
*.ElementCnt	4	Length	
*.Addr	8449	PowerFlex Logic Status word address + 1	
*.Node	2	PowerFlex Node address	
*_laddr[1]	{data}	PowerFlex Logic Status word	
*_laddr[2]	{data}	PowerFlex Error Code	
*_laddr[3]	{data}	PowerFlex Commanded Speed (Speed Reference)	
*_laddr[4]	{data}	PowerFlex Speed Feedback (Actual Speed)	

MOV instruction example

The following images shows an example of using the MOV instruction to move the *_1[1] array value to a Word, which allows you to directly access the individual bits.



Modbus Write example

The following MSG_MODBUS instruction is used to write control data to a PowerFlex 40 drive.



MSG_MODBUS Write configuration

The following image shows the variables and the values used to configure the MSG_MODBUS instruction to write control data to a PowerFlex 4 drive.

	Name	Data Type		Direction	Dimension
	- dt	- of		· 01*	- d*
💽 💽 D3_k	fg	MODBUSLC -	¥ar	-	
	D3_lcfg.Channel	UINT	Var	*	
	D3_lcfg.TriggerType	USINT	Var	*	
	D3_lcfg.Cmd	USINT	¥ar	*	
	D3_lcfg.ElementCnt	UINT	¥ar	*	
D3_T	cfg	MODBUST# *	¥ar	*	
	D3_Tcfg.Addr	UDINT	Var	*	
	D3_Tcfg.Node	USINT	Var	*	
💽 D3_k	ddr	MODBUSLC -	Var		
	D3_laddr[1]	WORD	¥ar	*	
	D3_laddr[2]	WORD	¥ar	-	
	D3_laddr[3]	WORD	Var		

MSG_MODBUS Write variables

The following table lists the variables, values and describes the purpose of each variable.

Variable	Value	Description
*.Channel	5	Channel 5 - location of SERIALISOL module
*.TriggerType	0	Trigger on False-to-True transition
*.Cmd	16	Modbus Function Code "16" - Write Holding Registers
*.ElementCnt	2	Length
*.Addr	8193	PowerFlex Logic Status word address + 1
*.Node	2	PowerFlex Node address
*_laddr[1]	{data}	PowerFlex Logic Command word
*_laddr[2]	{data}	PowerFlex Speed Reference word

Communication protocol support

The MSG_CIP function blocks support different communication protocols as described in this section.

Function block support for message communication protocols.

Messaging Protocol	Communication media	Use this function block
Modbus/RTU client and server	Through a Serial port configured as Modbus RTU.	MSG_MODBUS on page 177
Modbus/TCP client and server	Over the Ethernet instead of through a serial port.	MSG_MODBUS2 on page 182
Ethernet IP client and server	Through an embedded Ethernet channel.	MSG_CIPSYMBOLIC on page 173 MSG_CIPGENERIC on page 165
CIP Serial client and server	Ethernet cable or Serial cable.	MSG_CIPSYMBOLIC on page 173

Modbus RTU

ASCII driver.

Modbus is a half-duplex, master-slave communications protocol that allows a single master to communicate with a maximum of 247 slave devices. The Modbus network master reads and writes bits and registers. Modbus RTU is supported by configuring the Serial port as Modbus RTU.

For more information about the Modbus protocol, refer to the Modbus Protocol Specifications (available from http://www.modbus.org).

Modbus/TCP

The Modbus/TCP Server communication protocol uses the same Modbus mapping features as Modbus RTU, but it is supported over the Ethernet instead of through a Serial port.

The Micro850 controller supports up to 16 simultaneous Modbus TCP Server connections. No protocol configuration is required other than configuring the Modbus mapping table.

EtherNet/IP

Micro820 and Micro850 controllers support up to 16 simultaneous EtherNet/IP server connections through an <u>embedded Ethernet</u> <u>communication channel</u> on <u>page 237</u>. The channel can be used to connect a Micro850 controller to various devices through a local area network using a 10 Mbps/100 Mbps transfer rate.

Common Industrial Protocol (CIP)

The CIP protocol is a transport and application layer protocol used for messaging over EtherNet/IP, ControlNet, and DeviceNet networks that allows HMIs to easily connect to a Micro830 or a Micro850 controller.

CIP explicit messaging

The CIP protocol is used for explicit messaging. Explicit Messaging (configuration, data collection, and diagnostics) is used to transfer data that does not require continuous updates. Explicit messaging is supported using CIP Generic client messaging through the MSG_CIPGENERIC function block and using CIP Symbolic client messaging through the MSG_CIPSYMBOLIC function block.

CIP Serial

Embedded communication

channels

CIP serial uses DF1 Full Duplex protocol, and provides point-to-point connection between two devices. It combines data transparency (American National Standards Institute ANSI - X3.28-1976 specification subcategory D1) and 2-way simultaneous transmission with embedded responses (subcategory F1)

Micro830 and Micro850 controllers support CIP Serial through an RS-232 connection to external devices, such as computers running RSLinx Classic software, PanelView Component terminals (firmware revisions 1.70 and above), or other controllers that support CIP Serial over DF1 Full-Duplex, such as ControlLogix and CompactLogix controllers that have embedded serial ports.

The Serial Port driver can be configured as CIP Serial, Modbus RTU, ASCII or Shutdown through the device configuration tree.

The Micro820, Micro830, and Micro850 controllers have the following additional embedded communication channels:

- A non-isolated RS-232/485 combo port
- A non-isolated USB programming port (Micro830 and Micro850 only)
- An RJ-45 ethernet port (Micro820, and Micro850 only)

Compare instructions

Use Compare instructions to compare Integer, Real, Time, Date, and String values using an expression or a specific compare instruction.

Instruction	Description
(=) <u>Equal</u> on <u>page 239</u>	Compares the first input to the second input to determine equality. For Integer, Real, Time, Date, and String data types.
(>) <u>Greater Than</u> on <u>page 242</u>	Compares input values to determine whether the first is greater than the second.
(>=) <u>Greater Than or Equal</u> on <u>page 244</u>	Compares input values to determine whether the first is greater than or equal to the second.
(<) <u>Less Than</u> on <u>page 245</u>	Compares input values to determine whether the first is less than the second.
(<=) <u>Less Than or Equal</u> on <u>page 247</u>	Compare input values to determine whether the first is less than or equal to the second.
(<>) <u>Not Equal</u> on <u>page 247</u>	Compares input values to determine whether the first is not equal to the second.

Equal

Performs an operation that compares the first input to the second input to determine equality for Integer, Real, Time, Date, and String data types.

Operation details:

- Equality testing of Time values is not recommended for TON, TP, and TOF instruction blocks.
- The Real data type is not recommended when comparing values for equality because numbers in the math operation are rounded differently than those that appear in the variable output display. Consequently, two output values may appear equal in the display, though evaluate as false. For example, 23.500001 compared to 23.499999, both display as 23.5 in the variable input display, but are not equal in the controller.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Function enable.
			TRUE - execute the equality comparison.
			FALSE - there is no comparison.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.
i1	Input	BOOL	All inputs must be the same data type.
		SINT	The Time input applies to the Structured Text, Ladder Diagram and Function Block
		USINT	Diagram languages.
		BYTE	The Real data type is not recommended.
		INT	
		UINT	
		WORD	
		DINT	
		UDINT	
		DWORD	
		LINT	
		ULINT	
		LWORD	
		REAL	
		LREAL	
		TIME	
		DATE	
		STRING	

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
i2	Input	BOOL	
		SINT	
		USINT	
		BYTE	
		INT	
		UINT	
		WORD	
		DINT	
		UDINT	
		DWORD	
		LINT	
		ULINT	
		LWORD	
		REAL	
		LREAL	
		TIME	
		DATE	
		STRING	
01	Output	BOOL	TRUE if i1 = i2.

Compare Real Values using Subtraction (-) ABS, and Less than (<) example

The Real data type is not recommended when comparing values for equality because of differences in the way numbers are rounded. Two output values may appear equal in a Connected Components Workbench display, but will evaluate as false.

For example, 23.500001 compared to 23.499999 will both display as 23.5 in the variable input display, but will not be equal in the controller.

To test whether two Real data type values are equal, you can use a Subtraction instruction to get the difference between the values and then determine if the difference is Less Than an established precision value. See the following LD program example for comparing two Real data type values.



Equal (=) Structured Text example

(* ST Equivalence: *)

```
aresult := (10 = 25); (* aresult is FALSE *)
mresult := ('ab' = 'ab'); (* mresult is TRUE *)
```

Greater than

Compares Integer, Real, Time, Date, and String input values to determine whether the first is greater than the second.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute the input comparison.
			FALSE -there is no comparison.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.
i1	Input	SINT	All inputs must be the same data type.
		USINT	
		BYTE	
		INT	
		UINT	
		WORD	
		DINT	
		UDINT	
		DWORD	
		LINT	
		ULINT	
		LWORD	
		REAL	
		LREAL	
		TIME	
		DATE	
		STRING	
i2	Input	SINT	
		USINT	
		- BYTE	
		INT	
		UINT	
		WORD	
		DINT	
		UDINT	
		DWORD	
		LINT	
		ULINT	
		LWORD	
		REAL	
		LREAL	
		TIME	
		DATE	
		STRING	

Chapter 10	Compare instructions		
01	Output	BOOL	TRUE if i1 > i2.

Greater than (>) Structured Text example

```
(* ST Equivalence: *)
```

```
aresult := (10 > 25); (* aresult is FALSE *)
mresult := ('ab' > 'a'); (* mresult is TRUE *)
```

Greater than or equal

Compares Integer, Real, Time, Date, and String input values to determine whether the first is greater than or equal to the second.

For TON, TP, and TOF, equality testing of Time values is not recommended.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable. TRUE - execute the input comparison. FALSE - there is no comparison. Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.
il	Input	SINT USINT BYTE INT UINT WORD DINT UDINT UUINT LWORD REAL LREAL TIME DATE STRING	All inputs must be the same data type. The Time input applies to the Structured Text, Ladder Diagram and Function Block Diagram languages.

i2	Input	SINT		
		USINT		
		BYTE		
		INT		
		UINT		
		WORD		
		DINT		
		UDINT		
		DWORD		
		LINT		
		ULINT		
		LWORD		
		REAL		
		LREAL		
		TIME		
		DATE		
		STRING		
01	Output	BOOL	TRUE if i1 >= i2.	

Greater than or equal (>=) Structured Text example

(* ST Equivalence: *)

```
aresult := (10 >= 25); (* aresult is FALSE *)
mresult := ('ab' >= 'ab'); (* mresult is TRUE *)
```

Less than

Compares Integer, Real, Time, Date, and String input values to determine whether the first is less than the second.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute the input comparison.
			FALSE - there is no comparison.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

hapter 10	Compare instruc	tions	
i1	Input	SINT	All inputs must be the same data type.
		USINT	
		BYTE	
		INT	
		UINT	
		WORD	
		DINT	
		UDINT	
		DWORD	
		LINT	
		ULINT	
		LWORD	
		REAL	
		LREAL	
		TIME	
		DATE	
		STRING	
i2	Input	SINT	
		USINT	
		BYTE	
		INT	
		UINT	
		WORD	
		DINT	
		UDINT	
		DWORD	
		LINT	
		ULINT	
		LWORD	
		REAL	
		LREAL	
		TIME	
		DATE	
		STRING	
01	Output	BOOL	TRUE if i1 < i2.

Less than (<) Structured Text example

(* ST Equivalence: *)

aresult := (10 < 25); (* aresult is TRUE *)
mresult := ('z' < 'B'); (* mresult is FALSE *)</pre>

(* IL equivalence: *)

LD	10
LT	25
ST	aresult
LD	'Z'
LT	'Β'
ST	mresult

Less than or equal

Not equal

Compares Integer, Real, Time, Date, and String input values to determine whether the first is less than or equal to the second.

For TON, TP, and TOF, equality testing of Time values is not recommended.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable. TRUE - execute the input comparison. FALSE - there is no comparison.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.
il	Input	SINT - USINT - BYTE - INT - UINT - WORD - DINT - UDINT - DWORD - LINT - ULINT - LWORD - REAL - LREAL - TIME - DATE - STRING	All inputs must be the same data type. The Time input applies to the Structured Text, Ladder Diagram and Function Block Diagram languages.
12	Input	SINT - USINT - BYTE - INT - UINT - WORD - DINT - UDINT - DWORD - LINT - ULINT - LWORD - REAL - LREAL - TIME - DATE - STRING	
01	Output	BOOL	TRUE if i1 <= i2.

Less than or equal (<=) Structured Text example

(* ST Equivalence: *)

aresult := (10 <= 25); (* aresult is TRUE *)
mresult := ('ab' <= 'ab'); (* mresult is TRUE *)</pre>

Compares Integer, Real, Time, Date, and String input values to determine whether the first is not equal to the second.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute current compare computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.
i1	Input	BOOL	All inputs must be the same data type.
		SINT	
		USINT	
		BYTE	
		INT	
		UINT	
		WORD	
		DINT	
		UDINT	
		DWORD	
		LINT	
		ULINT	
		LWORD	
		REAL	
		LREAL	
		TIME	
		DATE	
		STRING	

i2	Input	BOOL	
12	mput	SINT	
		USINT	
		BYTE	
		INT	
		UINT	
		WORD	
		DINT	
		UDINT	
		DWORD	
		LINT	
		ULINT	
		LWORD	
		REAL	
		LREAL	
		TIME	
		DATE	
		STRING	
01	Output	BOOL	TRUE - if first <> second.

Not equal (<>) Structured Text example

(* ST Equivalence: *)

```
aresult := (10 <> 25); (* aresult is TRUE *)
mresult := ('ab' <> 'ab'); (* mresult is FALSE *)
```

Counter instructions

Use Counter instructions to control operations based on the number of events.

Instruction	Description
<u>CTD</u> on <u>page 251</u>	Counts integers from a given value down to 0, 1 by 1.
<u>CTU</u> on <u>page 253</u>	Counts integers from 0 up to a given value, 1 by 1.
<u>CTUD</u> on <u>page 255</u>	Counts integers from 0 up to a given value, 1 by 1, or from a given value down to 0, 1 by 1.

CTD (count down)

Counts integers from a given value down to 0, 1 by 1.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
CD	Input	BOOL	Counts down. TRUE - Rising edge detected, count down in increments of one. FALSE - Falling edge detected, hold the counter value at the same value.
LOAD	Input	BOOL	Load verifies the PV value against the count down value. TRUE - set CV=PV. FALSE - Continue incrementing count down by one.
PV	Input	DINT	Programmed maximum value of the counter.
Q	Output	BOOL	Indicates whether the count down instruction has resulted in a number less than or equal to the maximum value of the counter. TRUE - Counter result <=0 (Underflow condition). FALSE - Counter result >0.
CV	Output	DINT	Current counter value.

CTD Function Block Diagram example



CTD Ladder Diagram example



CTD Structured Text example


				Chapter 11	C	counter in	struction
esult	S						
🖳 Varial	ble Monitoring					- 0	×
User Glo	bal Variables - Micro850	Local Variables - RA	_CTD_LD System	n Variables - Micro	350 I/O	- Micro850	Defin • •
	Name	▼ LogicalValue	Physical Value	Initial Value	Lock	Data	уре 📥
	-	₽*		- A*			- A*
k	oad		N/A			BOOL	•
l l	nitiaMalue	10	N/A			DINT	•
• 🗄 🕻	CTD_1					CTD	*
0	CounterResult	9	N/A			DINT	
	:d	V	N/A			BOOL	- v
				the second se			

CTU (count up)

CTU counts (integers) from 0 up to a given value, 1 by 1.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
CU	Input	BOOL	Counts upward.
			TRUE - Rising edge detected, count upward in increments of one.
			FALSE - Falling edge detected, hold the counter value at the same value.
RESET	Input	BOOL	Reset verifies the PV value against the count upward value.
			TRUE - set the CV value to zero.
			FALSE - Continue incrementing count upward by one.
PV	Input	DINT	Programmed maximum value of the counter.
Q	Output	BOOL	Indicates whether the count up instruction has resulted in a number greater than or
			equal to the maximum value of the counter.
			TRUE - Counter result =>PV (Overflow condition).
			FALSE - Counter result < PV
CV	Output	DINT	Current counter result.

CTU Function Block Diagram example



CTU Ladder Diagram example



CTU Structured Text example



Results

er G	lobal Variables - M	icro850	Local Va	riables - RA_CTU_LI	System Variab	les - Mic	ro850 I/O - M	1 1
	Name 🔻	Logic	alValue	Physical Value	Initial Value	Lock	Data Ty	ре
	- A				- d			-
	reset			N/A			BOOL	
	MaximumValue	10		N/A			DINT	
	cu		1	N/A			BOOL	
	CTU_1						CTU	
	CounterResult	1		N/A			DINT	
			11					

CTUD (count up down)

Counts integers from 0 up to a given value, 1 by 1, or from a given value down to 0, 1 by 1.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
CU	Input	BOOL	TRUE - Rising Edge detected, count up.
CD	Input	BOOL	TRUE - Rising Edge detected, count down.
RESET	Input	BOOL	Reset dominant (highest priority when determining instruction behavior) command. (CV = 0 when RESET is TRUE).
LOAD	Input	BOOL	Load command. TRUE - set CV = PV.
PV	Input	DINT	Programmed maximum value.
QU	Output	BOOL	Overflow. TRUE - when CV >= PV.
QD	Output	BOOL	Underflow. TRUE - when CV <= 0.
CV	Output	DINT	Counter result.

CTUD Function Block Diagram example



CTUD Ladder Diagram example



CTUD Structured Text example



(* ST Equivalence: We suppose CTUD1 is an instance of block*)

CTUD1(trigger1, trigger2, reset_cmd, load_cmd,100); full := CTUD1.QU; empty := CTUD1.QD; nb_elt := CTUD1.CV;

Data conversion instructions

Use Data conversion instructions to convert the data type of a variable to a different data type.

Instruction	Description
ANY_TO_BOOL on page 259	Converts a non-Boolean value to a Boolean.
ANY_TO_BYTE on page 260	Converts a value to a Byte.
ANY_TO_DATE on page 261	Converts a String, Integer, Real, or Time data type to Date data type.
ANY_TO_DINT on page 263	Converts a value to a Double Integer.
ANY_TO_DWORD on page 264	Converts a value to a Double Word value.
ANY_TO_INT on page 265	Converts a value to an Integer.
ANY_TO_LINT on page 266	Converts a value to a Long Integer.
ANY_TO_LREAL on page 267	Converts a value to a Long Real.
ANY_TO_LWORD on page 268	Converts a value to a Long Word.
ANY_TO_REAL on page 269	Converts a value to a Real.
ANY_TO_SINT on page 270	Converts a value to a Short Integer.
ANY_TO_STRING on page 270	Converts a value to a String.
ANY_TO_TIME on page 272	Converts a value to the Time data type.
ANY_TO_UDINT on page 273	Converts a value to an Unsigned Double Integer.
ANY_TO_UINT on page 274	Converts a value to an Unsigned Integer.
ANY_TO_ULINT on page 275	Converts a value to an Unsigned Long Integer.
ANY_TO_USINT on page 276	Converts a value to an Unsigned Short Integer.
ANY_TO_WORD on page 277	Converts a value to a Word.

ANY_TO_BOOL

Converts a non-Boolean value to a Boolean value.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description

EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute the conversion to Boolean computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.
i1	Input	SINT	Any non-Boolean value.
		USINT	
		BYTE	
		INT	
		UINT	
		WORD	
		DINT	
		UDINT	
		DWORD	
		LINT	
		ULINT	
		LWORD	
		REAL	
		LREAL	
		TIME	
		DATE	
		STRING	
01	Output	BOOL	Boolean value.

ANY_TO_BOOL Structured Text example

(* ST Equivalence: *)

ares := ANY_T0_BOOL (10);	(* ares is TRUE *)
tres := ANY_TO_BOOL (t#0s);	(* tres is FALSE *)
mres := ANY_TO_BOOL ('FALSE');	(* mres is FALSE *)

ANY_TO_BYTE

Converts a value to an 8-bit Byte value.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute the conversion to Byte computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.

i1	Input	BOOL	Any non-Byte value.
		SINT	
		USINT	
		INT	
		UINT	
		WORD	
		DINT	
		UDINT	
		DWORD	
		LINT	
		ULINT	
		LWORD	
		REAL	
		LREAL	
		TIME	
		DATE	
		STRING	
01	Output	BYTE	An 8-bit Byte value.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable out.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

ANY_TO_BYTE Structured Text example

(* ST Equivalence: *)

bres := ANY_TO_BYTE (true);	(* bres is 1 *)
tres := ANY_TO_BYTE (t#0s46ms);	(* tres is 46 *)
mres := ANY_TO_BYTE ('0198');	(* mres is 198 *)

ANY_TO_DATE

Converts a String, Integer, Real, or Time data type to Date data type.

Boolean, Byte, and Word date types are supported but are not recommended.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute the conversion to the Date computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

•1		DOOL	
i1	Input	BOOL	• Strings are directly converted to DATE data type and must be in the format of YYYY-MM-DD,
		SINT	DATE#YYYY-MM-DD, or D#YYYY-MM-DD.
		USINT	 Integers and Real, which must be positive, are in units of seconds and added to the date
		BYTE	1970-01-01.
		INT	• Time is added to the date 1970-01-01.
		UINT	
		WORD	
		DINT	
		UDINT	
		DWORD	
		LINT	
		ULINT	
		LWORD	
		REAL	
		LREAL	
		TIME	
		STRING	
01	Output	DATE	Converted date value. Errors during conversion (such as a negative date) results in an INVALID result.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

ANY_TO_DATE Function Block Diagram example



ANY_TO_DATE Ladder Diagram example



ANY_TO_DATE Structured Text example

	.ogicalValue	Phone in all (also		-	
		nysicai vaide	InitialValue	Lock	Data Type
- of			- at-	1	-
Time_Type Ti	#2d N	/A			TIME
Date_Type D4	#1970-01-03 N	/Α			DATE

ANY_TO_DINT

Converts a value to 32-bit Double Integer value.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable. TRUE - execute the conversion to the 32-bit Double Integer computation. FALSE - there is no computation. Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.
ī	Input	BOOL SINT USINT BYTE INT UINT WORD UDINT DWORD LINT ULINT LWORD REAL LREAL TIME DATE STRING	Any value other than a Double Integer.
01	Output	DINT	A 32-bit Double Integer value.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output. Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

ANY_TO_DINT Structured Text example

(* ST Equivalence: *)

bres := ANY_TO_DINT (true);	(* bres is 1 *)
tres := ANY_TO_DINT (t#1s46ms);	(* tres is 1046 *)
mres := ANY_TO_DINT ('0198');	(* mres is 198 *)

ANY_TO_DWORD

Converts a value to a 32-bit double Word value.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute the conversion to the 32-bit double Word computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.
i1	Input	BOOL	Any value other than a double word.
		SINT	
		USINT	
		BYTE	
		INT	
		UINT	
		WORD	
		DINT	
		UDINT	
		LINT	
		ULINT	
		LWORD	
		REAL	
		LREAL	
		TIME	
		DATE	
		STRING	
01	Output	DWORD	A 32-bit double Word value.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

ANY_TO_DWORD Structured Text example

(* ST Equivalence: *)

bres := ANY_TO_DWORD (true);	(* bres is 1 *)
tres := ANY_TO_DWORD (t#1s46ms);	(* tres is 1046 *)
mres := ANY_TO_DWORD ('0198');	(* mres is 198 *)

ANY_TO_INT

Converts a value to a 16-bit Integer value.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute the conversion to the 16-bit Integer computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.
i1	Input	BOOL	Any non-16-bit Integer value.
		SINT	
		USINT	
		BYTE	
		UINT	
		WORD	
		DINT	
		UDINT	
		DWORD	
		LINT	
		ULINT	
		LWORD	
		REAL	
		LREAL	
		TIME	
		DATE	
		STRING	
01	Output	INT	A 16-bit Integer value.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

ANY_TO_INT Structured Text example

(* ST Equivalence: *)

bres := ANY_TO_INT (true);	(* bres is 1 *)
tres := ANY_TO_INT (t#0s46ms);	(* tres is 46 *)
mres := ANY_TO_INT ('0198');	(* mres is 198 *)

ANY_TO_LINT

i1

Converts a value to a 64-bit Long Integer value.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Description Parameter **Parameter Type** Data Type ΕN BOOL Instruction enable. Input TRUE - execute the conversion to the 64-bit Long Integer computation. FALSE - there is no computation. Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs. Input BOOL Any value other than a Long Integer. SINT USINT BYTE INT UINT WORD DINT UDINT DWORD LINT ULINT LWORD REAL LREAL TIME DATE STRING Output LINT A 64-bit Long Integer value. о1 ENO Output BOOL Enable output.

Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

ANY_TO_LINT Structured Text example

(* ST Equivalence: *)

bres := ANY_TO_LINT (true);	(* bres is 1 *)
tres := ANY_TO_LINT (t#0s46ms);	(* tres is 46 *)
mres := ANY_TO_LINT ('0198');	(* mres is 198 *)

ANY_TO_LREAL

Converts any value to a Long Real value.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute the conversion to the long Real computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.
i1	Input	BOOL	Any value other than a long Real.
		SINT	
		USINT	
		BYTE	
		INT	
		UINT	
		WORD	
		DINT	
		UDINT	
		DWORD	
		LINT	
		ULINT	
		LWORD	
		REAL	
		TIME	
		DATE	
		STRING	
01	Output	LREAL	A long real value.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

ANY_TO_LREAL Structured Text example

(* ST Equivalence: *)

bres := ANY_TO_LREAL (true); tres := ANY_TO_LREAL (t#1s46ms); ares := ANY_TO_LREAL (198); (* bres is 1.0 *) (* tres is 1046.0 *) (* ares is 198.0 *)

ANY_TO_LWORD

Converts a value to a 64-bit Long Word value.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute the conversion to the 64-bit Long Word computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.
il	Input	BOOL	Any value other than a Long Word.
		SINT	
		USINT	
		BYTE	
		INT	
		UINT	
		WORD	
		DINT	
		UDINT	
		DWORD	
		LINT	
		ULINT	
		REAL	
		LREAL	
		IME	
		DATE	
		STRING	
01	Output	LWORD	A 64-bit Long Word value.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

ANY_TO_LWORD Structured Text example

(* ST Equivalence: *)

bres := ANY_TO_LWORD (true); tres := ANY_TO_LWORD (t#0s46ms); (* bres is 1 *) (* tres is 46 *) mres := ANY_TO_LWORD ('0198');

(* mres is 198 *)

ANY_TO_REAL

Converts a value to a Real value.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute the conversion to the Real computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.
i1	Input	BOOL	Any value other than Real.
		SINT	
		USINT	
		BYTE	
		INT	
		UINT	
		WORD	
		DINT	
		UDINT	
		DWORD	
		LINT	
		ULINT	
		LWORD	
		LREAL	
		TIME	
		DATE	
		STRING	
01	Output	REAL	A real value.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

ANY_TO_REAL Structured Text example

(* ST Equivalence: *)

bres := ANY_TO_REAL (true);	(* bres is 1.0 *)
tres := ANY_TO_REAL (t#1s46ms);	(* tres is 1046.0 *)
ares := ANY_TO_REAL (198);	(* ares is 198.0 *)

ANY_TO_SINT

Converts a value to a Short Integer value.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute the conversion to the 8-bit Short Integer computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.
i1	Input	BOOL	Any non-Short Integer value.
		USINT	
		BYTE	
		INT	
		UINT	
		WORD	
		DINT	
		UDINT	
		DWORD	
		LINT	
		ULINT	
		LWORD	
		REAL	
		LREAL	
		TIME	
		DATE	
		STRING	
01	Output	SINT	A Short Integer value.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

ANY_TO_SINT Structured Text example

(* ST Equivalence: *)

 bres := ANY_T0_SINT (true);
 (* bres is 1 *)

 tres := ANY_T0_SINT (t#0s46ms);
 (* tres is 46 *)

 mres := ANY_T0_SINT ('0198');
 (* mres is 198 *)

ANY_TO_STRING

Converts a value to a String value.

Operation details:

- When converting a REAL data type to a String the ANY_TO_STRING instruction uses the IEEE 754 format.
 - ANY_TO_STRING converts 125.0 to 1.25000E+02
- When the target string length is 5 chars:
 - ANY_TO_STRING converts 125.0 to 1.25000E+02 and outputs 1.250 to the target string.
 - Consider creating a user-defined function block to convert from Exponential notation to number.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute the conversion to String computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.
i1	Input	BOOL	Any value other than String.
		SINT	
		USINT	
		BYTE	
		INT	
		UINT	
		WORD	
		DINT	
		UDINT	
		DWORD	
		LINT	
		ULINT	
		LWORD	
		REAL	
		LREAL	
		TIME	
		DATE	

01	Output	STRING	If IN is a Boolean, 'FALSE' or 'TRUE'.
			If IN is an Integer or a real, a decimal representation.
			If IN is a TIME, can be:
			TIME time1
			STRING s1
			time1 :=13 ms;
			s1:=ANY_T0_STRING(time1);
			(* s1 = '0s13' *).
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

ANY_TO_STRING Structured Text example

(* ST Equivalence: *)	
bres := ANY_TO_STRING (TRUE);	(* bres is 'TRUE' *)
ares := ANY_TO_STRING (125);	(* ares is '125' *)

ANY_TO_TIME

Converts a non-Time or non-Date value to a Time value.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute the conversion to the Time computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

i1	Input	BOOL	Any positive value other than a Time or Date data type.
		SINT	IN (or integer part of IN if it is real) is the number of milliseconds.
		USINT	STRING (number of milliseconds, for example, a value of 300032 represents 5
		BYTE	minutes and 32 milliseconds).
		INT	
		UINT	
		WORD	
		DINT	
		UDINT	
		DWORD	
		LINT	
		ULINT	
		LWORD	
		REAL	
		LREAL	
		STRING	
01	Output	TIME	Time value represented by IN. A value of 1193h2m47s295ms indicates an invalid time.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

ANY_TO_TIME Structured Text example

(* ST Equivalence: *)	
-----------------------	--

ares := ANY_TO_TIME (1256);	(* ares := t#1s256ms *)
rres := ANY_TO_TIME (1256.3);	(* rres := t#1s256ms *)

ANY_TO_UDINT

Converts a value to a 32-bit Unsigned Double Integer value.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute the conversion to the 32-bit Double Integer computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

i1	Input	BOOL	Any value other than an Unsigned Double Integer.
		SINT	
		USINT	
		BYTE	
		INT	
		UINT	
		WORD	
		DINT	
		DWORD	
		LINT	
		ULINT	
		LWORD	
		REAL	
		LREAL	
		TIME	
		DATE	
		STRING	
01	Output	UDINT	A 32-bit Unsigned Double Integer value.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

ANY_TO_UDINT Structured Text example

(* ST Equivalence: *)

bres := ANY_TO_UDINT (true);	(* bres is 1 *)
tres := ANY_TO_UDINT (t#1s46ms);	(* tres is 1046 *)
mres := ANY_TO_UDINT ('0198');	(* mres is 198 *)

ANY_TO_UINT

Converts a value to an Unsigned Integer value.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute the conversion to the 16-bit Unsigned Integer computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

	•	•	
i1	Input	BOOL	Any non-Unsigned Integer value.
		SINT	
		USINT	
		BYTE	
		INT	
		WORD	
		DINT	
		UDINT	
		DWORD	
		LINT	
		ULINT	
		LWORD	
		REAL	
		LREAL	
		TIME	
		DATE	
		STRING	
01	Output	UINT	An Unsigned Integer value.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

ANY_TO_UINT Structured Text example

(* ST Equivalence: *)

bres := ANY_TO_UINT (true);	(* bres is 1 *)
tres := ANY_TO_UINT (t#0s46ms);	(* tres is 46 *)
mres := ANY_TO_UINT ('0198');	(* mres is 198 *)

ANY_TO_ULINT

Converts a value to a 64-bit Unsigned Long Integer value.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute the conversion to the 64-bit Unsigned Long Integer computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

i1	Input	BOOL	Any value other than an Unsigned Long Integer.
		SINT	
		USINT	
		BYTE	
		INT	
		UINT	
		WORD	
		DINT	
		UDINT	
		DWORD	
		LINT	
		LWORD	
		REAL	
		LREAL	
		TIME	
		DATE	
		STRING	
01	Output	ULINT	A 64-bit Unsigned Long Integer value.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

ANY_TO_ULINT Structured Text example

(* ST Equivalence: *)

bres := ANY_TO_ULINT (true);	(* bres is 1 *)
tres := ANY_TO_ULINT (t#0s46ms);	(* tres is 46 *)
mres := ANY_TO_ULINT ('0198');	(* mres is 198 *)

ANY_TO_USINT

Converts a value to an Unsigned Short Integer value.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute the conversion to the 8-bit Unsigned Short Integer computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

i1	Input	BOOL	Any non-Short Integer value.
		SINT	
		BYTE	
		INT	
		UINT	
		WORD	
		DINT	
		UDINT	
		DWORD	
		LINT	
		ULINT	
		LWORD	
		REAL	
		LREAL	
		TIME	
		DATE	
		STRING	
01	Output	USINT	An Unsigned Short Integer value.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

ANY_TO_USINT Structured Text example

(* ST Equivalence: *)

bres := ANY_TO_USINT (true);	(* bres is 1 *)
tres := ANY_TO_USINT (t#0s46ms);	(* tres is 46 *)
mres := ANY_TO_USINT ('0198');	(* mres is 198 *)

ANY_TO_WORD

Converts a value to a 16-bit Word value.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute the conversion to the 16-bit Word computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

-			
i1	Input	BOOL	Any value other than a WORD value.
		SINT	
		USINT	
		BYTE	
		INT	
		DINT	
		UDINT	
		DWORD	
		LINT	
		ULINT	
		LWORD	
		REAL	
		LREAL	
		TIME	
		DATE	
		STRING	
01	Output	WORD	A Word value.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

ANY_TO_WORD Structured Text example

(* ST Equivalence: *)	
bres := ANY_TO_WORD (true);	(* bres is 1 *)
tres := ANY_TO_WORD (t#0s46ms);	(* tres is 46 *)
mres := ANY_TO_WORD ('0198');	(* mres is 198 *)

Data manipulation instructions

Use Data manipulation instructions to alter the output data to change the status without altering the program.

Instruction	Description
AVERAGE on page 279	Calculates a running average over a number of a defined samples.
<u>COP</u> on <u>page 280</u>	Copies the binary data in the source element to the destination element.
MAX on page 287	Calculates the maximum of two integer values.
MIN on page 286	Calculates the minimum of two integer values.

AVERAGE

Calculates a running average over a number of a defined samples and stores the value at each cycle.

Operation details:

- The defined number of samples (N) cannot exceed 127.
- When setting or changing the value for N, set RUN to FALSE, then set it back to TRUE.
- If the RUN command is FALSE (reset mode), the output value is equal to the input value.
- When the maximum number of stored values is reached, the first stored value is erased by the last one.
- Using floating-point data types could result in inaccurate calculations due to the rounding limitations inherent in floating-point mathematics.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
RUN	Input	BOOL	TRUE = run
			FALSE = reset
XIN	Input	REAL	Any real variable.
Ν	Input	DINT	Application defined number of samples.
XOUT	Output	REAL	Running average of XIN value.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

AVERAGE Function Block Diagram example



AVERAGE Ladder Diagram example



AVERAGE Structured Text example



Copies the binary data in the source element to the destination element. The source element remains unchanged.

COP

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data TypeBOOLBOOLSINTREALUSINTTIMEBYTEDATEINTSTRINGUINTUNTUNTUINTUINTUINTUINTLINTUDINTLREAL		Description	
Enable	Input Input			Instruction block enable. COP iis level triggered. TRUE - perform copy. FALSE - the function block is idle.	
Src				Initial element to copy. If the source is a STRING data type the destination must be a either a STRING dat type or a USINT (UCHAR and BYTE) data type. If it is not, a data type mismatch is reported.	
SrcOffset	Input	UINT		 The source element offset is used with array data types to identify the position in the source array to copy the data from. Set the offset to 0 if: If it is not an array data type, or To copy from the first element for an array data type. 	
Dest	Input	BOOL SINT USINT BYTE INT UINT WORD DINT UDINT	DWORD REAL TIME DATE STRING LWORD ULINT LINT	Initial element to be overwritten by the source. If the destination is a STRING data type the source must be either a STRING data type or a USINT (UCHAR and BYTE) data type. If it is not, a data type mismatch is reported.	

•			
DestOffset	Input	UINT	 The destination element offset is used with array data types to identify the position in the destination array to copy the data to. Set the offset to 0 if: If it is not an array data type, or To copy from the first element for an array data type.
Length	Input	UINT	Number of destination elements to copy. When the destination is a STRING data type, it indicates the number of strings to be copied.
Swap	Input	BOOL	Used to exchange the data from the source and destination elements, so that the destination data replaces the source data and the source data replaces the destination data. TRUE - Swap bytes according to the data type. A swap operation does not occur if: • The source data type or the destination data type is a STRING, or • If both the source and the destination are 1-byte length data.
Sts	Output	UINT	Status of the copy operation. The definitions for the Sts parameter are defined in COP status codes.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enables output. Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

COP status codes (Sts)

The following table describes the COP status codes.

COP Status code	Status description
0x00	No action taken (not enabled).
0x01	COP function block success.
0x02	Destination has spare bytes when copying from String.
0x03	Source data are truncated.
0x04	Copy length is invalid.
0x05	Data type mismatch when there is String Data type as either source or destination.
0x06	Source data size is too small for copy.
0x07	Destination data size is too small for copy.
0x08	Source Data offset is invalid.
0x09	Destination Data offset is invalid.
OxOA	Data is invalid in either source or destination.

COP Function Block Diagram example



COP Ladder Diagram example



COP Structured Text example

```
1 COP_1(EnableCopy, ElementSource, SourceOffset, SourceDest,
2 DestOffset, ElementLength, SwapBytes);
3 output :=COP_1.STS;
```

Copy to a different data type

When a copy to or from a String data type is performed, the ODVA short String format is used for data in the USINT array. When <u>COP</u> on <u>page 280</u> is used between any other pair of data types, the copy operation is valid, even if the data type in the source is not the same as the data type in the destination, and even when they are not in a valid format. The logic must be validated at the application level.

From a USINT array to a String array

To copy a USINT array to a String array, the data in the USINT array must be in this format:

- Byte1: Length of first String
- Byte2: First Byte Character
- Byte3: Second Byte Character
- Byte n: Last Byte Character
- Byte (n+1): Length of second String
- Byte (n+2): First Byte Character for second String

COP string array example

The following example shows a <u>COP</u> on <u>page 280</u> instruction copying a string array into Usint array. The COP instruction skips all the elements in the source array with Zero length.

For this example:

- Length is specified as 4 bytes.
- Number of Destination Elements to copy is 4 bytes.
- All the array elements with Zero length (blanks) are skipped.
- The COP instruction finds a non zero length element in the string array[1], which is copied into the designation Usint array[1] with 1. One is the length of the string in String array[1]) and Usint array[2] is 65, which is the ASCII code of "A".
- The COP instruction finds a non zero length element in String array[10] which is "a", which is copied into destination Usint array[3] with 1. One is the length of string in String array[10]) and Usint array[4] is 97 which is ASCII code of "a".

Ladder Diagram



Array elements with Logical Values

Name	Alias	Logical Value
* IT	- ET	
String_String_1.String1_array		
String_String_1.String1_array[1]		A
String_String_1.String1_array[2]		<
String_String_1.String1_array[3]		
String_String_1.String1_array[4]		
String_String_1.String1_array[5]		
String_String_1.String1_array[6]		
String_String_1.String1_array[7]		
String_String_1.String1_array[8]		
String_String_1.String1_array[9]		
String_String_1.String1_array[10]		а
String_String_1.COP_8		
String_String_1.L8		4
String_String_1.Usint2_Array		
String_String_1.Usint2_Array[1]		1
String_String_1.Usint2_Array[2]		65
String_String_1.Usint2_Array[3]		1
String_String_1.Usint2_Array[4]		97
String_String_1.Usint2_Array[5]		0
String_String_1.Usint2_Array[6]		0
String_String_1.Usint2_Array[7]		0
String_String_1.Usint2_Array[8]		0
String_String_1.Usint2_Array[9]		0
String_String_1.Usint2_Array[10]		0
String_String_1.Usint2_Array[11]		0
String_String_1.Usint2_Array[12]		0
String_String_1.Usint2_Array[13]		0

MIN (minimum)

Calculates the minimum of two integer values.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable. TRUE - execute the minimum integer value computation
			FALSE - there is no computation. Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.
IN1	Input	DINT	Any signed integer value.
IN2	Input	DINT	Cannot be Real.
MIN	Output	DINT	Minimum of both input values.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output. Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.

MIN Function Block Diagram example



MIN Ladder Diagram example



MIN Structured Text example

M	IN (
	DIN Minir	「 MIN (DINT IN1, DINT IN2) num	
1	in1	:= 3;	
2	in2	:= 10;	

3 minimum := MIN(in1, in2);

(* ST Equivalence: *)

new_value := MAX (MIN (max_value, value), min_value);

(* bounds the value to the [min_value..max_value] set *)

Results

ser Global Variables - Micro850	Local Variables	-RA_MIN_LD	System V	/ariables - Micro8	50 I/O	- Micro850	4
Name	▲ LogicalVa	lue Physical	Value	Initial Value	Lock	Data	Тур
	A			- 1			
in1	3	N/A				DINT	
in2	10	N/A				DINT	
minimum	3	N/A				DINT	
							_

MAX (maximum)

Calculates the maximum of two integer values.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable. TRUE - execute maximum integer value computation. FALSE - there is no computation. Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.

Chapter 13	Data manipulation instr		
IN1	Input	DINT	Any signed integer value.
IN2	Input	DINT	Cannot be Real.
MAX	Output	DINT	Maximum of both input values.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.

MAX Function Block Diagram example



MAX Ladder Diagram example



;

MAX Structured Text example

MA	LX (DINT MAX (DINT IN1, DINT IN2 Maximum)
1	IN1 := 3;	
2	IN2 := 10;	
3	Maximum := MAX(IN1,	IN2)
1		

(* ST Equivalence: *)

new_value := MAX (MIN (max_value, value), min_value);

(* bounds the value to the [min_value..max_value] set *)
Results

User Global \	Variables - Micro 850 L	ocal Variables - RA	_MAX_LD System	Variables - Micro85	0 1/0	- Micro850	4
	Name 4	Logical Value	Physical Value	Initial Value	Lock	Data Ty	ype
	· 01			· 01			¥
IN1		3	N/A			DINT	
IN2		10	N/A			DINT	
Maxi	imum	10	N/A			DINT	

High-Speed Counter (HSC) instructions

Use High-speed counter instructions to monitor and control the high-speed counter.

Instruction	Description
HSC on page 292	HSC applies high presets, low presets and output source values to the high-speed counter.
HSC_SET_STS on page 307	HSC_SET_STS manually sets or resets the HSC counting status.

What is a High-Speed Counter?

A high-speed counter detects and counts narrow (fast) pulses and then issues specialized instructions to initiate control operations when the detected counts reach their preset values. Control operations include the automatic and immediate execution of the high-speed counter interrupt routine and the immediate update of outputs based on the configured source and mask pattern.

High-speed counter capabilities

Because HSC instructions have high-performance requirements, their operation is performed by custom circuitry that runs in parallel with the main system processor. Enhanced capabilities of High-Speed Counters (HSC) include:

- 100 kHz operation high-speed direct control of outputs
- 32-bit signed integer data (count range of \pm 2,147,483,647)
- Programmable high and low presets
- Overflow and underflow setpoint
- Automatic interrupt processing based on accumulated count
- Run-time editable parameters (from the user control program) HSC instruction operation

Micro800 controller support for HSC

All Micro830, Micro850 and Micro870 controllers, except for 2080-LCxx-AWB, support up to six HSC inputs. HSC functionality is implemented in Micro800 controllers using high-speed counter hardware (embedded inputs in the controller), and the HSC instruction in the application. The <u>HSC instruction</u> on <u>page 291</u> configures the high-speed counter hardware and updates the image accumulator.

IMPORTANT The HSC function can only be used with the controller's embedded I/O. It cannot be used with expansion I/O modules.

HSC (high-speed counter)

HSC applies high presets, low presets and output source values to the high-speed counter.

Operation details:

- Programmable Limit Switch (PLS) is enabled by setting the HSCAppData.PLSEnable parameter to True.
- The PLSPosition parameter is reset after a full cycle completes and the HSCSTS.HP value is reached.

This instructions applies to the Micro830, Micro850, and Micro870 controllers.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description	
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction block rung state. TRUE - the timer starts incrementing. FALSE - the function block is idle. The recommendation is not to use the EN parameter with the HSC function block because when EN is set to FALSE the timer continues to increment.	
Enable	Input	BOOL	Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.Enable instruction block.TRUE - execute the HSC operation specified in the HSC command parameter.FALSE - no HSC commands are issued.	
HscCmd	Input	USINT	Issues commands to the HSC.	
HSCAppData	Input	HSCAPP on page 294	HSC application configuration, which is usually only needed once.	
HSCStsInfo	Input	HSCSTS on page 297	eHSC dynamic status, which is continuously updated during HSC counting.	
PlsData	Input	DINT UDINT	Programmable Limit Switch (PLS) data structure.	

			Chapter 14	High-Speed Counter (HSC) instructions
Sts	Output	UINT	HSC execution status.	
			HSC status codes:	
			• 0x00 - No action taken (not enabled).	
			• 0x01 - HSC execution successful.	
			• 0x02 - HSC command invalid.	
			• 0x03 - HSC ID out of range.	
			• 0x04 - HSC configure error.	
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.	
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.	

HSC Function Block Diagram example



HSC Ladder Diagram example



HSC Structured Text example



HSCCmd values

The following table describes the HSC commands for each HSC command value.

HSC command	Command description
0x01	HSC RUN
	Start HSC (if HSC is in Idle mode and the rung is enabled).
	• Update HSC Status Information only (if HSC in Run mode and the rung is enabled).

Chapter 14	High-Speed Counter (HSC) instructions
0x02	HSC Stop: Stop a HSC counting (if HSC is in Run mode and the rung is enabled).
0x03	HSC Load/Set: reload the HSC Application Data (if rung is enabled) for 6 input elements: HPSetting, LPSetting, HPOutput, LPOutput, OFSetting, and UFSetting.
	Note: This command does not re-load the following input element: HSC accumulator.
0x04	HSC Accumulator Reset (if rung is enabled).

HSC command results

Command value	Result	Conditions
HscCmd =1	Starts the HSC mechanism, and the	Setting the Enable input parameter to False does not stop counting while in running mode.
	HSC transitions to running mode.	HscCmd =2 must be issued to stop counting.
	The HSC mechanism automatically	HSC AppData.Accumalator is updated with HSC Sts.Accumulator
	updates values.	
HscCmd =4 (reset) Sets the HSC Acc value to the HSC HscCmd =4 does not sto		HscCmd =4 does not stop HSC counting.
	AppData.Accumalator value.	If HSC is counting when HscCmd =4 is issued, some counting may be lost
		To set a specific value to HSC Acc while counting, write the value to HSC AppData.Accumalator immediately
		before HscCmd =4 is issued.

HSCAPP data type

Use the HSCAPP data type to define the HSCAppData parameter in HSC instruction. The HSCApp data type parameters are used to define HSC configuration data.

Use this table to help determine the parameter values for the HSCAPP data type.

Parameter	Data Type	Data format	User program access	Description
PLSEnable	BOOL	bit	read/write	Enable or disable the High-Speed Counter Programmable Limit Switch (PLS).
HSCID	UINT	word	read/write	Defines the HSC.
HSCMode	UINT	word	read/write	Defines the HSC mode.
Accumulator	DINT	long word	read/write	Initial accumulator value. HSCApp.Accumulator sets the initial accumulator value when the High-Speed Counter starts. When the HSC is in Counting mode, the Accumulator is automatically updated by the HSC sub-system to reflect the actual HSC accumulator value.
HPSetting	DINT	long word	read/write	High preset setting. The HSCApp.HPSetting parameter sets the upper setpoint (in counts) that defines when the HSC sub-system generates an interrupt. The data loaded into the high preset must be less than or equal to the data resident in the overflow (HSCAPP.OFSetting) parameter or an HSC error is generated.

-				
LPSetting	DINT	long word	read/write	Low preset setting. HSCApp.LPSetting sets the lower setpoint (in counts) that defines when the HSC sub-system generates an interrupt. The data loaded into the low preset must be greater than or equal to the data resident in the underflow (HSCAPP.UFSetting) parameter or an HSC error is generated. If the underflow and low preset values are negative numbers, the low preset must be a number with an absolute value smaller than the underflow.
OFSetting	DINT	long word	read/write	 Overflow setting. The HSCApp.OFSetting overflow setting defines the upper count limit for the counter. If the counter's accumulated value increments above the value specified in OFSetting, an overflow interrupt is generated. When the overflow interrupt is generated, the HSC sub-system resets the accumulator value to the underflow value and the counter continues counting from the underflow value (counts are not lost in this transition). OFSetting values must be: Between -2,147,483,648 and 2,147,483,647. Greater than the underflow value. Greater than or equal to the data resident in the high preset (HSCAPP.HPSetting) or an HSC error is generated.
UFSetting	DINT	long word	read/write	 Underflow setting. The HSCApp.UFSetting underflow setting that defines the lower count limit for the counter. If the counter's accumulated value decrements below the value specified in UFSetting, an underflow interrupt is generated. When the underflow interrupt is generated, the HSC sub-system resets the accumulated value to the overflow value and the counter starts counting from the overflow value (counts are not lost in the transition). UFSetting values must be: Between -2,147,483,648 and 2,147,483,647. Less than the overflow value. Less than or equal to the data resident in the low preset (HSCAPP.LPSetting or an HSC error is generated.
OutputMask	UDINT	word	read/write	Out mask for output. The HSCApp.OutputMask defines the embedded outputs on the controller tha the High-Speed Counter can directly control. The HSC sub-system can, witho control program interaction, turn outputs ON or OFF based on the High or Low presets of the HSC accumulator. The bit pattern stored in HSCApp.OutputMask defines which outputs are controlled by the HSC and which outputs are not controlled by the HSC. The HSCAPP.OutputMask bit pattern corresponds to the output bits on the controller and can only be configured during initial setup. Bits that are set (1) are enabled and can be turned on or off by the HSC sub-system. For example, to use the HSC to control outputs 0, 1, 3, assign: HscAppData.OutputMask = 2#1011, or

HPOutput	UDINT	long word	read/write	 32-bit output setting for High preset reaching. HSCApp.HPOutput defines the state (1 = 0N or 0 = 0FF) of the outputs on the controller when the high preset is reached. For more information on how to directly turn outputs on or off based on the high preset. Configure the high output bit pattern during initial setup, or you can use the HSC function block to load the new parameters while the controller is operating.
LPOutput	UDINT	long word	read/write	32-bit output setting for Low preset reaching. HSCApp.LPOutput defines the state (1 = "on", 0 = "off ") of the outputs on the controller when the low preset is reached. For more information on how to directly turn outputs on or off based on the low preset. Configure the low output bit pattern during initial setup, or you can use the HSC function block to load the new parameters while the controller is operating.

HSCApp settings versus PLSData settings

When the PLS function is enabled, relevant HSCApp settings are superseded by the corresponding PLSData settings as shown in the following table.

HSCApp setting	PLSData setting
HSCAPP.HpSetting	HSCHP
HSCAPP.LpSetting	HSCLP
HSCAPP.HPOutput	HSCHPOutput
HSCAPP.LPOutput	HSCLPOutput

HSCApp.HSCID

The HSCApp.HSCID parameter identifies the High-Speed Counter.

Output Selection	Bit	Description
First word of HSC Function Data	15-13	Module type of HSC:
		• 0x00 - Embedded.
		• 0x01 - Expansion.
		• 0x02 - Plug-in Port.
	12-8	Slot ID of the module:
		• 0x00 - Embedded.
		• 0x01-0x1F - ID of Expansion Module.
		• 0x01-0x05 - ID of Plug-in Port.
	7-0	HSC ID inside the module:
		• 0x00-0x0F - Embedded.
		• 0x00-0x07 - ID of HSC for Expansion.
		• 0x00-0x07 - ID of HSC for Plug-in Port.
		For the initial version of Connected Components Workbench, only IDs
		0x00-0x05 are supported.

The following table lists the values for the HSCID:

HSCApp.HSCMode

The HSCApp.HSCMode parameter sets the High-Speed Counter to one of 10 types of counting modes. The mode value is configured through the programming device and is accessible in the control program.

For additional information on HSC operating modes and input assignments, see HSC Inputs and Wiring Mapping in the *Micro830 and Micro850 Programmable Controllers User Manual.*

HSC operating modes, the main HSC and sub HSC support different modes.

- The main high-speed counters support 10 types of operation modes.
- Sub high-speed counters support 5 types of operation modes (mode 0, 2, 4, 6, 8).
- If the main high-speed counter is set to mode 1, 3, 5, 7 or 9, then the sub high-speed counter is disabled.

HSCMode	Counting mode
0	Up counter. The accumulator is immediately cleared (0) when it reaches the high preset. A low preset cannot be defined in this mode.
1	Up counter with external reset and hold. The accumulator is immediately cleared (0) when it reaches the high preset. A low preset cannot be defined in this mode.
2	Counter with external direction.
3	Counter with external direction, reset and hold.
4	Two input counter (up and down).
5	Two input counter (up and down) with external reset and hold.
6	Quadrature counter (phased inputs A and B).
7	Quadrature counter (phased inputs A and B) with external reset and hold.
8	Quadrature X4 counter (phased inputs A and B).
9	Quadrature X4 counter (phased inputs A and B) with external reset and hold.

HSCAppData parameters example

The following image shows the HSCAppData parameters in the **Variable Selector**.

		Name	Alias	Data Type	Dimension	Project Val	Initial Value
		~ A*		* ~ A*	* A*	- A*	· A*
HSC_1				HSC *			
	HSC_1.	Enable	ENB	BOOL			
	HSC_1.	HscCmd	HscC	USINT			
• -	HSC_1.	HscAppData	HscA	HSCAPP			
		HSC_1.HscAppData.PlsEnable		BOOL			
		HSC_1.HscAppData.HscID		UINT			
		HSC_1.HscAppData.HscMode		UINT			
		HSC_1.HscAppData.Accumulator		DINT			
		HSC_1.HscAppData.HPSetting		DINT			
		HSC_1.HscAppData.LPSetting		DINT			
		HSC_1.HscAppData.OFSetting		DINT			
		HSC_1.HscAppData.UFSetting		DINT			
		HSC_1.HscAppData.OutputMask		UDINT			
		HSC_1.HscAppData.HPOutput		UDINT			
		HSC_1.HscAppData.LPOutput		UDINT			

HSCSTS data type

HSCSTSInfo (data type HSCSTS) displays the status of the High-Speed

Counter.

HSCSTSInfo status actions

During HSC counting, the following HSC status actions occur.

- If the HSC function block is counting with command 0x01, the HSC status is continuously updated.
- If an error occurs, the Error_Detected flag is turned on and an error code is set.

Parameter	Data type	HSC mode	User program access	Description
CountEnable	BOOL	09	read only	Counting enabled.
ErrorDetected	BOOL	09	read/write	Non-zero means error detected.
CountUpFlag	BOOL	09	read only	Count up flag.
CountDwnFlag	BOOL	29	read only	Count down flag.
Mode1Done	BOOL	0 or 1	read/write	HSC is Mode 1A or Mode 1B; accumulator counts up to the HP value.
OVF	BOOL	09	read/write	Overflow is detected.
UNF	BOOL	09	read/write	Underflow is detected.
CountDir	BOOL	09	read only	1: count up; 0: count down.
HPReached	BOOL	29	read/write	High preset reached.
LPReached	BOOL	29	read/write	Low preset reached.
OFCauseInter	BOOL	09	read/write	Overflow caused a HSC interrupt.
UFCauseInter	BOOL	29	read/write	Underflow caused a HSC. interrupt.
HPCauseInter	BOOL	09	read/write	High preset reached, causing a HSC interrupt.
LPCauseInter	BOOL	29	read/write	Low Preset reached, causing a HSC interrupt.
PlsPosition	UINT	09	read only	Position of the Programmable Limit Switch (PLS). The PLSPosition parameter is reset after completing a full cycle and reaching the HP value.
ErrorCode	UINT	09	read/write	Displays the error codes detected by the HSC sub-system.
Accumulator	DINT		read/write	Actual accumulator reading.
HP	DINT		read only	Last high preset setting.
LP	DINT		read only	Last low preset setting.
HPOutput	UDINT		read/write	Last high preset output setting.
LPOutput	UDINT		read/write	Last low preset output setting.

HSCSTSInfo parameters

HSCSTSInfo parameter details

HSCSTSInfo (data type HSCSTS) parameters are used to determine the status of the High-Speed Counter.

CountEnable

Parameter	Data type	HSC mode	User program access
HSCSTS.CountEnable	BOOL	09	read only

Indicates the status of the High-Speed Counter, whether counting is enabled (1) or disabled (0, default).

ErrorDetected

Parameter	Data type	HSC mode	User program access
HSCSTS.ErrorDetected	BOOL	09	read/write

Detects if an error is present in the HSC sub-system. Configuration errors are the most common types of error represented by the ErrorDetectedr. When the bit is set (1), look at the specific error code in parameter HSCSTS.ErrorCode, which is maintained by the controller. You can clear the ErrorDetected bit when necessary.

CountUpFlag

Parameter	Data type	HSC mode	User program access
HSCSTS.CountUpFlag	BOOL	09	read only

Used with all of the HSCs (modes 0...9). If the HSCSTS.CountEnable bit is set, the Count Up bit is set (1). If the HSCSTS.CountEnable is cleared, the Count Up bit is cleared (0).

CountDownFlag

Parameter	Data type	HSC mode	User program access
HSCSTS.CountDownFlag	BOOL	29	read only

Used with the bidirectional counters (modes 2...9). If the HSCSTS.CountEnable bit is set, the Count Down bit is set (1). If the HSCSTS.CountEnable bit is clear, the Count Down bit is cleared (0).

Mode1Done

Parameter	Data type	HSC mode	User program access
HSCSTS.Mode1Done	BOOL	0 or 1	read/write

The HSC sub-system sets the HSCSTS.Mode1Done status flag to (1) when the HSC is configured for Mode 0 or Mode 1 behavior, and the accumulator counts up to the High Preset value.

OVF

Parameter	Data type	HSC mode	User program access
HSCSTS.OVF	BOOL	09	read/write

The HSC sub-system sets the HSCSTS.OVF status flag to (1) whenever the accumulated value (HSCSTS.Accumulator) has counted through the overflow variable (HSCAPP.OFSetting). This bit is transitional and is set by the HSC sub-system. It is up to the control program to use, track, and clear (0) the overflow condition.

Overflow conditions do not generate a controller fault.

UNF

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Parameter	Data type	HSC mode	User program access
HSCSTS.UNF	BOOL	09	read/write

The HSC sub-system sets the HSCSTS.UNF status flag to (1) whenever the accumulated value (HSCSTS.Accumulator) has counted through the underflow variable (HSCAPP.UFSetting). This bit is transitional and is set by the HSC sub-system. It is up to the control program to use, track, and clear (0) the underflow condition.

Underflow conditions do not generate a controller fault.

CountDir

Parameter	Data type	HSC mode	User program access
HSCSTS.CountDir	BOOL	09	read only

The HSC sub-system controls the HSCSTS.CountDir status flag. When the HSC accumulator counts up, the direction flag is set to (1). Whenever the HSC accumulator counts down, the direction flag is cleared (0).

If the accumulated value stops, the direction bit retains its value. The only time the direction flag changes is when the accumulated count reverses.

This bit is updated continuously by the HSC sub-system whenever the controller is in a run mode.

HPReached

Parameter	Data type	HSC mode	User program access
HSCSTS.HPReached	BOOL	29	read/write

The HSC sub-system sets the HSCSTS.HPReached status flag to (1) whenever the accumulated value (HSCSTS.Accumulator) is greater than or equal to the high preset variable (HSCAPP.HPSetting).

This bit is updated continuously by the HSC sub-system whenever the controller is in an executing mode. Writing to this element is not recommended.

LPReached

Parameter	Data type	HSC mode	User program access
HSCSTS.LPReached	BOOL	29	read only

The HSC sub-system sets the HSCSTS.LPReached status flag to (1) whenever the accumulated value (HSCSTS.Accumulator) is less than or equal to the low preset variable (HSCAPP.LPSetting).

This bit is updated continuously by the HSC sub-system whenever the controller is in an executing mode. Writing to this element is not recommended.

OFCauseInter

Parameter	Data type	HSC mode	User program access
HSCSTS.OFCauseInter	BOOL	09	read/write

The Overflow Interrupt status bit sets (1) when the HSC accumulator counts through the overflow value and the HSC interrupt is triggered. This bit can be used in the control program to identify that the overflow variable caused the HSC interrupt. If the control program needs to perform any specific control action based on the overflow, this bit is used as conditional logic.

This bit can be cleared (0) by the control program and is also cleared by the HSC sub-system whenever these conditions are detected:

- Low Preset Interrupt executes
- High Preset Interrupt executes
- Underflow Interrupt executes

UFCauseInter

Parameter	Data type	HSC mode	User program access
HSCSTS.UFCauseInter	BOOL	29	read/write

The Underflow Interrupt status bit sets (1) when the HSC accumulator counts through the underflow value and the HSC interrupt is triggered. This bit can be used in the control program to identify that the underflow condition caused the HSC interrupt. If the control program needs to perform any specific control action based on the underflow, this bit is used as conditional logic.

This bit can be cleared (0) by the control program and is also cleared by the HSC sub-system whenever these conditions are detected:

- Low Preset Interrupt occurs
- High Preset Interrupt occurs
- Overflow Interrupt occurs

HPCauseInter

Parameter	Data type	HSC mode	User program access
HSCSTS.HPCauseInter	BOOL	09	read/write

The High Preset Interrupt status bit sets (1) when the HSC accumulator reaches the high preset value and the HSC interrupt is triggered. This bit can be used in the control program to identify that the high preset condition caused the HSC interrupt. If the control program needs to perform any specific control action based on the high preset, this bit is used as conditional logic.

This bit can be cleared (0) by the control program and is also cleared by the HSC sub-system whenever these conditions are detected:

- Low Preset Interrupt occurs
- Underflow Interrupt occurs
- Overflow Interrupt occurs

LPCauseInter

Parameter	Data type	HSC mode	User program access
HSCSTS.LPCauseInter	BOOL	29	read/write

The Low Preset Interrupt status bit sets (1) when the HSC accumulator reaches the low preset value and the HSC interrupt is triggered. This bit can be used in the control program to identify that the low preset condition caused the HSC interrupt. If the control program needs to perform any specific control action based on the low preset, this bit is used as conditional logic.

This bit can be cleared (0) by the control program and is also cleared by the HSC sub-system whenever these conditions are detected:

- High Preset Interrupt occurs
- Underflow Interrupt occurs
- Overflow Interrupt occurs

PlsPosition

Parameter	Data type	HSC mode	User program access
HSCSTS.PLSPosition	UINT	09	read only

When the HSC is in Counting mode, and PLS is enabled, this parameter indicates which PLS element is used for the current HSC configuration.

ErrorCode

Parameter	Data type	HSC mode	User program access
HSCSTS.ErrorCode	BOOL	09	read only

Displays the error codes detected by the HSC sub-system.

Error code sub-element HSC counting error User program access code		User program access
Bit 15-8 (high byte)	0-255	The non-zero value for the high byte indicates that the HSC error is due to the PLS data setting. The value of the high byte indicates which element of the PLS data triggers the error.
Bit 7-0 (low byte)	0x00	No error occurring.
	0x01	Invalid HSC counting mode.
	0x02	Invalid high preset.
	0x03	Invalid overflow.
	0x04	Invalid underflow.
	0x05	No PLS data.

Accumulator

Parameter	Data type	User program access
HSCApp.Accumulator	DINT	read/write

Sets the initial accumulator value when the High-Speed Counter starts. When the HSC is in Counting mode, the Accumulator is automatically updated by the HSC sub-system to reflect the actual HSC accumulator value.

HP

Parameter	Data type	User program access
HSCSTS.HP	DINT	read only

The HSCSTS.HP is the upper setpoint (in counts) that defines when the HSC sub-system generates an interrupt.

The data loaded into the high preset must be less than or equal to the data resident in the overflow (HSCAPP.OFSetting) parameter or an HSC error is generated.

This is the latest high preset setting, which may be updated by PLS function from the PLS data block.

LP

Parameter	Data type	HSC mode	User program access
HSCSTS.LP	DINT		read only

The HSCSTS.LP is the lower setpoint (in counts) that defines when the HSC sub-system generates an interrupt.

The data loaded into the low preset must be greater than or equal to the data resident in the underflow (HSCAPP.UFSetting) parameter or an HSC error is generated. If the underflow and low preset values are negative numbers, the low preset must be a number with a smaller absolute value.

This is the latest low preset setting, which may be updated by PLS function from the PLS data block.

HPOutput

Parameter	Data type	User program access
HSCApp.HPOutput	UDINT	read/write

Defines the state (1 = ON or 0 = OFF) of the outputs on the controller when the high preset is reached. For more information on how to directly turn outputs on or off based on the high preset.

You can configure the high output bit pattern during initial setup, or you can use the HSC function block to load the new parameters while the controller is operating.

LPOutput

Parameter	Data type	User program access	
HSCApp.LPOutput	UDINT	read/write	
HSCApp.LPOutput	UDINI	read/write	

LPOutput (HSCApp.LPOutput) defines the state (1 = "on", 0 = "off") of the outputs on the controller when the low preset is reached. For more information on how to directly turn outputs on or off based on the low preset.

You can configure the low output bit pattern during initial setup, or you can use the HSC function block to load the new parameters while the controller is operating.

HSCSTSInfo parameters example

The following image shows the HSCStsInfo parameters in the **Variable Selector**.

Name	Alias	Data Type	Dimension	Project Val	Initial Value
·	· d*	· 08*	* of*	· d*	· 01
HSC_1		HSC *			
HSC_1.Enable	ENB	BOOL			
HSC_1.HscCmd	HscC	USINT			
+ HSC_1.HscAppData	HscA	HSCAPP			
HSC_1.HscStsInfo	HscS	HSCSTS			-
HSC_1.HscStsInfo.CountEnable		BOOL			
HSC_1.HscStsInfo.ErrorDetected		BOOL			
HSC_1.HscStsInfo.CountUpFlag		BOOL			
HSC_1.HscStsInfo.CountDwnFlag		BOOL			
HSC_1.HscStsInfo.Mode1Done		BOOL			
HSC_1.HscStsInfo.OVF		BOOL			
HSC_1.HscStsInfo.UNF		BOOL			
HSC_1.HscStsInfo.CountDir		BOOL			
HSC_1.HscStsInfo.HPReached		BOOL			
HSC_1.HscStsInfo.LPReached		BOOL			
HSC_1.HscStsInfo.OFCauseInter		BOOL			
HSC_1.HscStsInfo.UFCauseInter		BOOL			
HSC_1.HscStsInfo.HPCauseInter		BOOL		1	
HSC_1.HscStsInfo.LPCauseInter		BOOL			
HSC_1.HscStsInfo.PlsPosition		UINT			
HSC_1.HscStsInfo.ErrorCode		UINT			
HSC_1.HscStsInfo.Accumulator		DINT			
HSC_1.HscStsInfo.HP		DINT			
HSC_1.HscStsInfo.LP		DINT			
HSC_1.HscStsInfo.HPOutput		UDINT			
HSC 1.HscStsInfo.LPOutput		UDINT			

PLS data type

PLSData (data type PLS) is used to <u>configure the programmable limit switch</u> on <u>page 314</u>.

PLSData structure elements

The PLS data structure is a flexible array with the following elements.

Element	Element order	Data Type	Element description
HSCHP	Word O1	DINT	High preset
HSCLP	Word 23	DINT	Low preset
HSCHPOutput	Word 45	UDINT	Output high data
HSCLPOutput	Word 67	UDINT	Output low data

The total number of elements for one PLS data structure should not exceed 255.

PLSData parameters

The following table lists the PLSData parameter details.

Element	Data Type	Data Format	HSC mode	User program access	Description
HSCHP	DINT	32-bit signed integer	0	read/writer	High preset
HSCLP	DINT	32-bit signed integer	0	read/writer	Low preset
HSCHPOutput	UDINT	32-bit binary	0	read/writer	Output high data

				Chapter 14	High-Speed Counter (HSC) instructions
HSCLPOutput	UDINT	32-bit binary	0	read/writer	Output low data

HSCApp settings versus PLSData settings

When the PLS function is enabled, relevant HSCApp settings are superseded by the corresponding PLSData settings as shown in the following table.

HSCApp setting	PLSData setting
HSCAPP.HpSetting	HSCHP
HSCAPP.LpSetting	HSCLP
HSCAPP.HPOutput	HSCHPOutput
HSCAPP.LPOutput	HSCLPOutput

PLSData parameters example

The following figure shows the PLSData parameters in the **Variable Selector**.

	Name		Alias	Data Type	Dimension	Project Value	Initial Value	Comment	String Size	
			- of	·	·	· 11	- 01-	- 01-	· 8	- 0
•	HSC_1				HSC *					
		HSC_1.Enabl	le	ENB	BOOL				Function block enable.	
		HSC_1.HscCi	md	HscC	USINT				See HSC Command Values.	
	•	HSC_1.HscA	ppData	HscA	HSCAPP				HSC application configuration.	
	+	HSC_1.HscSt	sinfo	HscS	HSCSTS				HSC dynamic status.	
	• 🗄	HSC_1.PIsDa	ta	PIsD				-	Programmable Limit Switch (PLS) Data Structure	
		- HSC	_1.PlsData[1]		PLS					
			HSC_1.PlsData[1].HscHP		DINT					
			HSC_1.PIsData[1].HscLP		DINT					
			HSC_1.PlsData[1].HscHPO	8	UDINT					
			HSC_1.PlsData[1].HscLPOu		UDINT					
		HSC_1ADI	PisData	ADI	UINT			0	ADI hidden parameter for <pisdata> array input</pisdata>	
		HSC_1.Sts		Sts	UINT				Execution status. See HSC Status Values.	

HSCE_CHANNEL data type

This describes the HSCE_CHANNEL data type:

@typedef struct struct_HSCE_channel
{
USINT ModuleType;
USINT SlotID;
USINT HSCID;

} HSCE_CHANNEL;

Below is the description:

Byte	Description
Module Type	OxOO: Embedded
	0x01: Expansion (Sliced)
	0x02: Universal Port
Slot ID	0x00: Embedded
	0x01-0x1F: ID of Expansion (Sliced) Module
	0x01-0x05: ID of Universal Port
HSCID	0x00-0x0F: Embedded
	0x00-0x07: ID of <u>HSC</u> on <u>page 292for</u> Expansion
	0x00-0x01: ID of HSC for Universal-Port

Parameter	Data type	HSC mode	Description		
CountEnable	BOOL	013	Counting enabled.		
ErrorDetected	BOOL	013	Non-zero means error detected.		
CountUpFlag	BOOL	013	Count up flag.		
CountDwnFlag	BOOL	213	Count down flag.		
Mode1Done	BOOL	0 or 1	HSC is Mode 1A or Mode 1B; accumulator counts up to the HP value.		
OVF	BOOL	013	Overflow is detected.		
UNF	BOOL	013	Underflow is detected.		
CountDir	BOOL	013	1: count up; 0: count down.		
HPReached	BOOL	213	High preset reached.		
LPReached	BOOL	213	Low preset reached.		
OFCauseInter	BOOL	013	Overflow caused a <u>HSC</u> on <u>page 292interrupt</u> .		
UFCauseInter	BOOL	213	Underflow caused a HSC interrupt.		
HPCauseInter	BOOL	013	High preset reached, causing a HSC interrupt.		
LPCauseInter	BOOL	213	Low Preset reached, causing a HSC interrupt.		
StateInfo	USINT		HSCE counter state machine information		
PlsPosition	UINT	09	Position of the Programmable Limit Switch (PLS). The PLSPosition parameter is reset		
			after completing a full cycle and reaching the HP value.		
ErrorCode	UINT	013	Displays the error codes detected by the HSC sub-system.		
Accumulator	DINT		Actual accumulator reading.		
HP	DINT		Last high preset setting.		
LP	DINT		Last low preset setting.		
HPOutput	UDINT		Last high preset output setting.		
LPOutput	UDINT		Last low preset output setting.		

HSCE_STS data type

Below is the description of HSCE STS data type:

PLS_HSCE data type

The Programmable Limit Switch function is an additional set of operating modes for the High Speed Counter. When operating in these modes, the preset and output data values are updated using user supplied data each time one of the presets is reached. These modes are programmed by providing a PLS file that contains the data sets to be used. PLS_HSCE data structure is a flexible array with each element defined as following:

Element	Data Type	Element description
HighPreset	LINT	High preset setting
LowPreset	LINT	Low preset setting
HiPresetOutput	UDINT	High preset output data
LoPresetOutput	UDINT	Low preset output data

// structure for PLS element

```
typedef struct PLS_HSCE_EleStruct
{
   LINT HighPreset; // HSC high preset value
   LINT LowPreset; // HSC low preset value
   UDINT HiPresetOutput; // HSC high preset output
   UDINT LoPresetOutput; // HSC low preset output
} PLS_HSCE_EleStruct;
```

The total number of elements for one PLS_HSCE data shall be not bigger than 24 for HSC plug-in.

HSC_SET_STS (high-speed counter set status)

HSC_SET_STS manually sets or resets the HSC counting status.

Operation details:

• The HSC function block must be stopped (not counting) for the HSC_SET_STC function block to set or reset the HTS status. If HSC function is not stopped, the input parameters continue to update and changes made using HSC_SET_STS are ignored.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instructions applies to the Micro830, Micro850, and Micro870 controllers.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
Enable	Input	BOOL	Instruction block enable.
			TRUE - set/reset the HSC status.
			FALSE - there is no HSC status change.
HscID	Input	UINT	Manually sets ore resets the HSC status.
Mode1Done	Input	BOOL	Mode 1A or 1B counting is done.
			This bit can be set or reset when HSC is not counting.
HPReached	Input	BOOL	High preset reached.
			This bit can be set or reset when HSC is not counting.
LPReached	Input	BOOL	Low preset reached.
			This bit can be set or reset when HSC is not counting.
OFOccurred	Input	BOOL	Overflow occurred.
			This bit can be set or reset when HSC is not counting.
UFOccurred	Input	BOOL	Underflow occurred.
			This bit can be set or reset when HSC is not counting.
Sts	Output	UINT	Status codes are defined in HSC status codes (Sts).
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

HSC status codes (Sts)

The following table describes the status codes for the HSC function block.

Status code	Status description
0x00	No action taken (not enabled).
0x01	HSC execution successful.
0x02	HSC command invalid.
0x03	HSC ID out of range.
0x04	HSC configure error.

HSC_SET_STS Function Block Diagram example



HSC_SET_STS Ladder Diagram example



HSC_SET_STS Structured Text example

	HSC_SET_STS_1[] void HSC_SET_STS_1(BOOL Enable, UINT HscID, BOOL Mode1Done, BOOL HPReached, BOOL LPReached, BOOL OFOcccurred, BOOL UFOccurred) Type : HSC_SET_STS, Manually set/reset HSC status.				
	<pre>1 HSC_SET_STS_1(enable, hid, m1d, hpr, lpr, ofo, ufo); 2 sts := HSC_SET_STS_1.Sts;</pre>				
Use the High-Speed Counter instructions	This section provides specific details and examples for using high-speed counter instructions in logic programs, including the following:				
	<u>Update HSC application data on page 309</u>				
	<u>Configure a High-Speed Counter (HSC) user interrupt</u> on page 310				
	<u>Configure a Programmable Limit Switch (PLS)</u> on page 314				
	<u>Example: How to create a High-Speed Counter(HSC)</u> on page 315				
	Example: How to add a Programmable Limit Switch (PLS) function on page 323				
	Example: Programmable Limit Switch (PLS) enabled on page 325				
Update HSC application data	HSC configuration is defined in the HSC application data, and is usually only configured once before programming the HSC instruction. Changes made to the HSC application data (HSCAppData parameter) are ignored while the HSC is counting.				

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To update the HSC configuration

- 1. Update HSCAppData.
- 2. Call the <u>HSC instruction</u> on <u>page 292</u> with command 0x03 (set/reload).

High-Speed Counter (HSC) User Interrupt dialog box

How do I open the High-Speed Counter (HSC) User Interrupt dialog box?

In Interrupt Type, select **High-Speed Counter (HSC) User Interrupt**.

Use the HSC interrupt dialog box to:

- <u>Configure the interrupt properties</u> on <u>page 310</u>, such as ID and the program to use it in.
- Configure the interrupt parameters.

Add Interru	pt				×
Interrupt D	etails				
Туре:	High Speed Co	ounter	(HSC)		~
ld:	HSC0	~			
Program:	RA_MAX_LD	~			
Parameters					
Auto S	Start				
Overfl	ow Mask		🗌 High	Preset Mask	
Under	flow Mask		Low F	reset Mask	
	ОК		Cancel	Apply	Help

Configure a High-Speed Counter (HSC) User Interrupt

A user interrupt causes the controller to suspend the task it is currently performing, perform a different task, and then return to the suspended task at the point where the task was suspended.

Micro830, Micro850 and Micro870 controllers support up to six HSC User Interrupts that can be used to execute selected user logic at a pre-configured event.

	Q		O	Q	
	Add Interru	pt			
	ss Interrupt D	etails			
	Type:	High Speed Coun	ter (HSC)		
Controller	ld:	HSC0 ~			
General	Program:	RA_MAX_LD ~			
Memory Startup/Faults	Parameters	;			
Serial Port	Auto S	Start			
USB Port Ethernet	Overfl	ow Mask	🔄 High	Preset Mask	
Interrupts Modbus Mapping		flow Mask	Low P	reset Mask	
Real Time Clock		ОК	Cancel	Apply	Help
Data Log		V			

Add and configure a High-Speed Counter (HSC) User Interrupt

To add and <u>configure a HSC interrupt</u> on <u>page 310</u> from the controller's configuration workspace, perform the following steps.

To add an HSC interrupt:

- 1. In **Project Organizer**, double-click the controller to open the controller workspace.
- 2. In the **Controller** tree, click **Interrupts** to display the **Interrupt** configuration page.
- 3. Right-click an empty row, and click **Add** to open the **Interrupt** properties dialog box.
- 4. To configure an HSC interrupt:
 - In Interrupt Type, select **High-Speed Counter (HSC) User** Interrupt.
 - Select the <u>HSC Interrupt properties</u> on <u>page 311</u>.
 - Select the <u>HSC Interrupt parameters</u> on <u>page 312</u>.
- 5. Close the **Interrupt** properties dialog box.

HSC Interrupt properties

The HSC Interrupt properties status bits indicate the enabled/disabled status, the execution status, and whether or not the interrupt condition is lost.

User Interrupt Enable (HSCO.Enabled)

Parameter	Data format	HSC modes	User program access
HSCO.Enabled	bit	09	read only

Enabled bit is used to indicate HSC interrupt enable or disable status.

Parameter	Data format	HSC modes	User program access
HSCO.Ex	bit	09	read only

User Interrupt Executing (HSCO.EX)

The EX (User Interrupt Executing) bit is set (1) whenever the HSC sub-system begins processing the HSC subroutine due to any of the following conditions:

- Low preset reached
- High preset reached
- Overflow condition count up through the overflow value
- Underflow condition count down through the underflow value

The HSC EX bit can be used in the control program as conditional logic to detect if an HSC interrupt is executing.

The HSC sub-system will clear (0) the EX bit when the controller completes its processing of the HSC subroutine.

User Interrupt Pending (HSCO.PE)

Parameter	Data format	HSC modes	User program access
HSCO.PE	bit	09	read only

The PE (User Interrupt Pending) status flag indicates an interrupt is pending. The PE status bit can be monitored or used for logic purposes in the control program if you need to determine when a subroutine cannot be immediately executed. The PE bit is maintained by the controller and is set and cleared automatically.

User Interrupt Lost (HSCO.LS)

Parameter	Data format	HSC modes	User program access
HSCO.LS	bit	09	read only

The LS (User Interrupt Lost) is a status flag that indicates an interrupt has been lost. The controller can process 1 active user interrupt condition and maintain 1 pending user interrupt condition before it sets the lost bit.

The LS bit is set by the controller. It is up to the control program to use and monitor a lost condition.

HSC Interrupt parameters

The HSC interrupt parameters are used to configure the start and mask options.

Auto Start (HSCO.AS)

-			
Parameter	Data format	HSC modes	User program access

HSCO.AS	bit	09	read only

Auto Start is configured with the programming device and stored as part of the user program. The auto start bit defines if the HSC interrupt function automatically starts whenever the controller enters any run or test mode.

Overflow Mask (HSCO.MV)

The **MV** (Overflow Mask) control bit is used to enable (allow) or disable (not allow) an overflow interrupt from occurring. If the bit is clear (0), and an **Overflow Reached** condition is detected by the **HSC**, the **HSC** user interrupt is not executed.

The **MV** bit is controlled by the user program and retains its value through a power cycle. The user program must set and clear the **MV** bit.

Parameter	Data format	HSC modes	User program access
HSCO.MV	bit	09	read only

Underflow Mask (HSCO.MN)

	Parameter	Data format	HSC modes	User program access
_	HSCO.MN	bit	29	read only

The MN (Underflow Mask) control bit is used to enable (allow) or disable (not allow) an underflow interrupt from occurring. If the bit is clear (0), and an Underflow Reached condition is detected by the HSC, the HSC user interrupt is not executed.

The MN bit is controlled by the user program and retains its value through a power cycle. The user program must set and clear the MN bit.

High Preset Mask (HSCO.MH)

Parameter	Data format	HSC modes	User program access
HSCO.MH	bit	09	read only

The MH (High Preset Mask) control bit is used to enable (allow) or disable (not allow) a high preset interrupt from occurring. If this bit is clear (0), and a High Preset Reached condition is detected by the HSC, the HSC user interrupt is not executed.

The MH bit is controlled by the user program and retains its value through a power cycle. The user program must set and clear the MH bit.

Low Preset Mask (HSCO.ML)

Parameter Data format	HSC modes	User program access
-----------------------	-----------	---------------------

HSCO.ML bit 29	read only
----------------	-----------

The ML (Low Preset Mask) control bit is used to enable (allow) or disable (not allow) a low preset interrupt from occurring. If this bit is clear (0), and a Low Preset Reached condition is detected by the HSC, the HSC user interrupt is not executed.

The ML bit is controlled by the user program and retains its value through a power cycle. The user program must set and clear the ML bit.

Configure a Programmable Limit Switch (PLS)

The <u>high-speed counter</u> on <u>page 292</u> has additional operating modes for implementing a Programmable Limit Switch (PLS). The PLS function is used to configure the High-Speed Counter to operate as a PLS or as a rotary cam switch. The PLS function supports up to 255 pairs of high and low presets, and can be used when you need more than one pair of high and low presets.

Enabling PLS in the HSC

The PLS mode only operates in tandem with the HSC of the Micro800 controller, and must be enabled in the HSC instruction by setting the HSCAppData.PLSEnable parameter to True.

The PLSPosition parameter is reset after completing a full cycle and reaching the HSCSTS.HP value. Resetting the HSC instruction or moving 0 to the PLSPositon parameter does not reset the PLSPosition.

HSC operation when PLS is enabled

The PLS function can operate with all other HSC capabilities, including the ability to select which HSC events generate a user interrupt.

<u>When the PLS function is enabled</u> on page 325, and the controller is in run mode, the HSC counts incoming pulses, and the following events occur.

- When the count reaches the first preset (HSCHP or HSCLP) defined in the PLS data, the output source data (HSCHPOutput or HSCLPOutput) is written through the HSC mask (HSCAPP.OutputMask).
- At that point, the next presets (HSCHP and HSCLP) defined in the PLS data become active.
- When the HSC counts to the new preset, the new output data is written through the HSC mask.
- This process continues until the last element within the PLS data block is loaded.
- At that point the active element within the PLS data block is reset to zero.
- This behavior is referred to as circular operation.

The PLS preset difference between embedded HSC and plug-in HSC module

The PLS HSCHP and HSCLP preset behaviors are different between embedded HSC and plug-in HSC module. The embedded HSC High Preset bit will be set only when the last PLS is executed, while the plug-in HSC module High Preset bit will be set when first PLS is executed. For example,

• Embedded HSC PLSo-PLS23:

High Preset will be set when PLS23HP=Accumulator value Low Preset will be set when PLS23LP=Accumulator value

• Plug-in HSC PLSo-PLS23:

High Preset will be set when PLSOHP=Accumulator value Low Preset will be set when PLSOLP=Accumulator value

This example shows how to create a <u>High-Speed Counter (HSC)</u> on <u>page 292</u> program that uses a quadrature encoder and includes a Programmable Limit Switch (PLS) function.

Quadrature encoder used in the example

The High Speed Counter program example uses an HSC function block and a quadrature counter with phased inputs A and B. The quadrature encoder determines the direction of rotation and the position for rotating equipment, such as a lathe. The Bidirectional Counter counts the rotation of the quadrature encoder.

The following quadrature encoder is connected to inputs 0 and 1. The count direction is determined by the phase angle between A and B:

- If A leads B, the counter increments.
- If B leads A, the counter decrements.



Example: How to create a High-Speed Counter (HSC) program

Create a High-Speed Counter (HSC) program

Perform the following tasks to create, build, and test the HSC program, and then add a PLS function.

Step	Task
1	Create a ladder diagram and add variables on page 316
2	Assign values to the HSC variables on page 319
3	Assign variables and build the program on page 320
4	Test the program and run the High-Speed Counter on page 321
5	Add a Programmable Limit Switch (PLS) function on page 323

Create a ladder diagram and add variables

Create a ladder diagram and then add local variables to the rung. This sample program uses a 2080-LC50-24QVB controller. The <u>HSC</u> on <u>page 292</u> is supported on all Micro830 and Micro850 controllers except 2080-LCxx-xxAWB controller types.

To create a ladder diagram and add variables:

1. In the **Device Toolbox**, expand the **Catalog** tab to view the device folders.

2. Expand the Controllers folder and the Micro830 folder to view all Micro830 controllers. Double-click a controller (2080-LC50-24QVB) to add it to the **Project Organizer**.



- 3. In the **Project Organizer**, right-click **Programs**, click **Add**, and then click **New LD: Ladder Diagram** to add a new ladder logic program.
- 4. Right-click **UntitledLD** and select **Open**.
- 5. In the **Toolbox** dialog box.
 - Double-click Direct Contact to add it to the rung, or
 - Drag and drop a **Direct Contact** onto the rung.



- 6. Assign a variable to the direct contact:
 - Double-click on the direct contact to display the **Variable Selector**, and then click the **I/O Micro830** tab.

• Click **_IO_EM_DI_05**, and then click **OK** to assign the direct contact to input 5.

Variable Selector					1.001		×
Name _IO_EM_DI_05	Type BOOL		al Scope ro850		al Scope _MAX_LD	~	
User Global Variables - Micr	o850 Local Variab	les - RA_MAX_L	D System Va	riables - Micro850 I	/O - Micro850	Defined	•
Name	▼ Data	аТуре Dim	ension	Comment		String S	-
	- A*	* ==	· At		- A*	*	
_IO_EM_DO_19	BOOL						
_IO_EM_DO_18	BOOL						=
_I0_EM_D0_17	BOOL	-					
_IO_EM_DI_09	BOOL	*					
_IO_EM_DI_08	BOOL						H
_IO_EM_DI_07	BOOL						
_IO_EM_DI_06	BOOL	*					
IO_EM_DI_05	BOOL						
_IO_EM_DI_04	BOOL						-
4							
					OK	Cance	Ļ

7. In the **Toolbox** dialog box, select a function block and drag it to the right of the direct contact as shown in the following image.



- 8. Double-click the function block to open the Instruction Block Selector.
- 9. In the Instruction Block Selector, select HSC and click OK.
- 10. Verify the ladder rung looks similar to the following figure.



- 11. In the **Project Organizer**, double-click **Local Variables** to display the **Variables** page.
- 12. In the **Variables** page, add the following variables and data types.

Variable Name	Data Type
MyCommand	USINT
MyAppData	HSCAPP
MyInfo	HSCSTS
MyPLS	PLS
MyStatus	UINT
· · ·	•

Result

The **Variables** page should look like the image below:

UntitledLD-VAR 🗢 🗙 UntitledLD-POU*		
Scope: UntitledLD	*	Filter
Name	Data	Туре
> MyCommand	USIN	T v
> MyAppData	HSC	APP ~
> MyInfo	HSC	STS 🗸
> MyPLS	PLS	~
> MyStatus	UINT	~
+ New		~

Assign values to the HSC variables

After you add variables, follow these steps to add values to the variables using the Initial Value column in the **Variable Selector**. A standard program usually uses a routine to assign values to the variables.

To assign values to the HSC variables:

- 1. Expand **MyAppData** to view all variables.
- 2. Assign the HSC mode value:
 - In the **Initial Value** field for the MyAppData.HSCMode variable, type 6.
 - See HSCMode in <u>HSCAPP data type</u> on <u>page 294</u> for more information on the description for each value.
- 3. Assign the rest of the values to the MyAppData variables as shown in the following figure.
 - In the **Initial Value** field, enter the value.
 - See <u>HSCAPP data</u> on <u>page 294</u> type for more information on the description for each value.

Name	Alias	Data Type	Dimension	Project Value	Initial Value
- A.	- A*	- de*	* A*	- d**	~ d**
MyAppData		HSCAPP *			
MyAppData.PlsEnable		BOOL			FALSE
MyAppData.HscID		UINT			0
MyAppData.HscMode		UINT			6
MyAppData.Accumulator		DINT			
MyAppData.HPSetting		DINT			40
MyAppData.LPSetting		DINT			-40
MyAppData.OFSetting		DINT			50
MyAppData.UFSetting		DINT			-50
MyAppData.OutputMask		UDINT			3
MyAppData.HPOutput		UDINT			1
MyAppData.LPOutput		UDINT			2

4. Assign the HSC command value:

- In the Initial Value field for the MyCommand variable, type 1.
- See <u>HSCCmd values</u> on <u>page 293</u> for more information on command values.

Assign variables and build the program

After you enter values in the HSC variables, follow these steps to assign the variables to the function block, and build the program.

To assign variables and build the program:

1. From the Ladder Diagram editor, assign each variable to the HSC function block element as shown.



2. From **Project Organizer**, click the controller to display the **Controller** tree.



3. From the **Controller** tree, click **Embedded I/O**, and select input filters for the encoder.

Controller	- Embedded I/O						
Input Filt	er		Input La	tch and l	Ell Edge —		
Inputs	Input Filter		Input	Enable	Latch	Ell Edge	
0-1	Default	~	0		Falling	Falling	
2-3	Default	~	1		Falling	Falling	
4-5	Default	~	2		Falling	Falling	
6-7	Default	~	3		Falling	Falling	
8-9	Default	~	4		Falling	Falling	
10-11	Default	~	5		Falling	Falling	
12-13	Default	~	6		Falling	Falling	
14-15	Default	~	7		Falling	Falling	
16-23	Default	~	8		Falling	Falling	
24-27	Default	~	9		Falling	Falling	
			10		Falling	Falling	

- 4. Verify the encoder is connected to the Micro830 controller.
- 5. Start the Micro830 controller and connect the controller to your computer.
- 6. Build the program and then download the program to the controller.

Test the program and run the High-Speed Counter

After you download the HSC program to the controller, you can test it and then run the High-Speed Counter.

To test the program:

- 1. Connect to the Controller.
- 2. From the **Project Organizer**, double-click the HSC program, then double-click **Local Variables**.

You can see the values of the two HSC outputs: STS (MyStatus) and HSCSTS (MyInfo).

- 3. Double-click the _IO_EM_DI_05 direct contact to display the **Variable Selector** window.
- 4. Click the I/O Micro830 tab, and then click the _IO_EM_DI_05 row.

Name	Alias	Logical Value	Physical Value	Initial Value	Lock	Data Type	Dimension
- dt	- df			- de		- ot	- at
_IO_EM_DO_00						BOOL ·	
_IO_EM_DO_01						BOOL -	
_IO_EM_DO_02						BOOL -	
_IO_EM_DO_03						BOOL -	
_IO_EM_DO_04						BOOL -	
_IO_EM_DO_05						BOOL *	
_IO_EM_DO_06						BOOL *	
_IO_EM_DO_07						BOOL -	
_IO_EM_DO_08						BOOL ~	
_IO_EM_DO_09						BOOL -	
_IO_EM_DI_00						BOOL -	
_IO_EM_DI_01						BOOL ~	
_IO_EM_DI_02						BOOL *	
_IO_EM_DI_03						BOOL -	
_IO_EM_DI_04						BOOL -	
IO_EM_DI_05						BOOL 👻	
_IO_EM_DI_06						BOOL -	
_IO_EM_DI_07						BOOL -	
_IO_EM_DI_08						BOOL *	
_IO_EM_DI_09						BOOL ·	

5. Select Lock and Logical Value to force the input to the ON position.

- 6. To view results, click the **Local Variables** tab to view variable changes.
- 7. Expand MyAppData and MyInfo variable list.
- 8. Turn on the encoder to see the counter count up/down. For example, if the encoder is attached to a motor shaft, then turn on the motor to trigger the HSC count.
- 9. Verify the Logical Value of in the MyStatus variable is 1, which indicates the HSC is running.
- 10. View the counter value in MyInfo.Accumulator.

See <u>HSC (high-speed counter)</u> on <u>page 292</u> for the complete list of status codes.

Results

In this example, once MyInfo.Accumulator reaches a High Preset value of 40, output 0 turns on and the HPReached flag turns on. If MyInfo.Accumulator reaches a Low Preset value of -40, output 1 turns on and the LPReached flag turns on.

r Glol	oal Variables - Micro850	Local Variables - U	ntitledLD Syst
	Name	▲ Logical¥alue	e Physical \
	- d	P ⁴	
+ +	ISC_1		
- N	4yAppData		
	MyAppData.PlsEna	ь	N/A
	MyAppData.HscID	0	N/A
	MyAppData.HscMc	ic 7	N/A
	MyAppData.Accum	u 40	N/A
	MyAppData.HPSet	tir 40	N/A
	MyAppData.LPSett	ir -40	N/A
Ī	MyAppData.OFSett	ir 50	N/A
1Î	MyAppData.UFSett	ir -50	N/A
	MyAppData.Output	M 3	N/A
j	MyAppData.HPOut	p 1	N/A
	MyAppData.LPOutp	ol <mark>2</mark>	N/A
N	4yCommand	0	N/A
. N	1yInfo		
	MyInfo.CountEnable	e 🗸	N/A
1Î	MyInfo.ErrorDetecte	e(🔲	N/A
1	MyInfo.CountUpFla	g 🔽	N/A
1Î	MyInfo.CountDwnF	la 🔽	N/A
	MyInfo.Mode1Done		N/A
, Î	MyInfo.0VF		N/A
1	MyInfo.UNF		N/A
ιĨ	MyInfo.CountDir	V	N/A
ΞĒ.	MyInfo.HPReached	i 🔽	N/A
ιĨ	MyInfo.LPReached		N/A
ΞĒ.	MyInfo.OFCauseInt	e 🗖	N/A
1Ē	MyInfo.UFCauseInt	e 🔳	N/A
	MyInfo.HPCauseInt	e 🗖	N/A
ιĨ	MyInfo.LPCauseInto	ei 🔲	N/A
ĩ	MyInfo.PIsPosition	0	N/A
ιĒ	MyInfo.ErrorCode	0	N/A
T	MyInfo.Accumulato	r 40	N/A
1	MyInfo.HP	40	N/A
ĩ	MyInfo.LP	-40	N/A
	MyInfo.HPOutput	1	N/A
Ξį.	MyInfo.LPOutput	2	N/A
+ N	4yPLS		
- 1	4yStatus	1	N/A

Add a Programmable Limit Switch (PLS) function

This example explains how to add a Programmable Limit Switch (PLS) function to the HSC program.

Variable values for the counter settings:

- **MyAppData.PlsEnable** is used to enable or disable the PLS settings. It should be set to FALSE (disabled) if the MyAppData variable is used.
- **MyAppData.HscID** is used to specify which embedded inputs will be used based on the mode and application type. See HSC Inputs and Wiring Mapping to know the different IDs that can be used as well as the embedded inputs and its characteristics.
- If ID 0 is used, ID 1 cannot be used on the same controller because the inputs are used by Reset and Hold.
- **MyAppData.HscMode** is used to specify the type of operation the HSC uses to count. See <u>HSC Mode (HSCAPP.HSCMode)</u> on <u>page 294</u>.

To enable PLS:

- 1. In **Project Organizer**, double-click **Local Variables** to display the **Variables** page.
- 2. Enable the PLS function:
 - In the Initial Value field for the MyAppData.PlsEnable variable, select TRUE.
- 3. Configure the underflow and overflow settings:
 - In the Initial Value field for MyAppData.OFSetting, type 50.
 - In the Initial Value field for MyAppData.UFSetting, type -50.
- 4. (optional) Configure the output mask if an output.

Results for this example:

- The PLS variable has a dimension of [1..4]. This means that HSC can have four pairs of High and Low Presets.
- High Preset values should be lower than the OFSetting and the Low Preset should be greater than the UFSetting.
• The HscHPOutPut and HscLPOutPut values determine which outputs are turned on when a High Preset or Low Preset is reached.

	Name	Alias	Data Type	Dimension	Project Val	Initial Value
	- df*	- A*	- A*	- A*	~ A*	~ de*
MyPLS			PLS *	[14]		
- MyPLS	[1]		PLS			
	MyPLS[1].HscHP		DINT			10
	MyPLS[1].HscLP		DINT			-10
	MyPLS[1].HscHPOutPut		UDINT			1
	MyPLS[1].HscLPOutPut		UDINT			16
- MyPLS	[2]		PLS			
	MyPLS[2].HscHP		DINT			20
	MyPLS[2].HscLP		DINT			-20
	MyPLS[2].HscHPOutPut		UDINT			2
	MyPLS[2].HscLPOutPut		UDINT			32
- MyPLS	[3]		PLS			
	MyPLS[3].HscHP		DINT			30
	MyPLS[3].HscLP		DINT			-30
	MyPLS[3].HscHPOutPut		UDINT			4
	MyPLS[3].HscLPOutPut		UDINT			64
- MyPLS	[4]		PLS			
	MyPLS[4].HscHP		DINT			40
	MyPLS[4].HscLP		DINT			-40
	MyPLS[4].HscHPOutPut		UDINT			8
	MyPLS[4].HscLPOutPut		UDINT			128

Example: Programmable Limit Switch (PLS) enabled

This example describes the results when PLS is enabled using specific <u>HSC</u> on <u>page 292</u> and PLSData parameter values.

HSC parameter values

This example assumes the HSC parameters are set to the following values:

- HSCApp.OutputMask = 31
- HSCApp.HSCMode = 0
- HSC controls Embedded Output 0...4 only

PLSData parameter values

This example assumes the PLSData parameters for the variable (HSC_PLS) are configured as follows.

Name	Alias	Data Type	Dimension	Project Value	Initial Value
· dt*	- A*	· A*	- A*	- A*	~ A*
+ HSC_1		HSC *			
HSC_PLS		PLS *	[14]		
HSC_PLS[1]		PLS			
HSC_PLS[1].HscHP		DINT			250
HSC_PLS[1].HscLP		DINT			-2
HSC_PLS[1].HscHPOutPut		UDINT			3
HSC_PLS[1].HscLPOutPut		UDINT			0
- HSC_PLS[2]		PLS			
HSC_PLS[2].HscHP		DINT			500
HSC_PLS[2].HscLP		DINT			-2
HSC_PLS[2].HscHPOutPut		UDINT			7
HSC_PLS[2].HscLPOutPut		UDINT			0
HSC_PLS[3]		PLS			
HSC_PLS[3].HscHP		DINT			750
HSC_PLS[3].HscLP		DINT			-2
HSC_PLS[3].HscHPOutPut		UDINT			15
HSC_PLS[3].HscLPOutPut		UDINT			0
HSC_PLS[4]		PLS			
HSC_PLS[4].HscHP		DINT			1000
HSC_PLS[4].HscLP		DINT			-2
HSC_PLS[4].HscHPOutPut		UDINT			31
HSC_PLS[4].HscLPOutPut		UDINT			0

PLS enabled results

For this example, the following events occur.

- When the ladder logic first runs: HSCSTS.Accumulator = 1, which means all outputs are turned off.
- When HSCSTS.Accumulator = 250, HSC_PLS[1].HSCHPOutput is sent through the HSCAPP.OutputMask, and energizes outputs 0 and 1.
- Sending the high preset output through the output mask repeats as the HSCSTS.Accumulator reaches 500, 750, and 1000, and the controller energizes outputs 0...2, 0...3, and 0...4 respectively.
- After the operation completes, the cycle resets and repeats from HSCSTS.HP = 250.
- When the full cycle completes and the HSCSTS.HP value is reached the PLSPositon parameter is reset.

HSCE instructions

Use HSCE instructions to monitor and control the high-speed counter.

Instruction	Description
HSCE on page 327	HSCE start, stop and read accumulator value.
HSCE_CFG on page 330	HSCE_CFG is the high speed counter configuration.
HSCE_CFG_PLS on page 332	HSCE_CFG_PLS is the high speed counter PLS configuration.
HSCE_READ_STS on page 335	HSCE_READ_STS reads high speed counter status.
HSCE_SET_STS on page 327	HSCE_SET_STS manually set/reset high speed counter status.

HSCE

HSCE is used for controlling and reading the HSC counter.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, and Micro870 controllers.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
Enable	Input	BOOL	TRUE - the HSCE initiates the function block and the plug-in HSC module. Accumulator = InitAcc. Status of HSCE will be reset. Rate1 = 0, Rate2 = 0.
			FALSE - the Accumulator is updated by reading from the plug-in module. Done, Active, Error = FALSE while ErrorID = 0, Rate1, Rate2 = 0.

Channel	Input	HSCE_CHANNEL	The HSCE channel.
Run	Input	BOOL	For HSCE to count the operational state.
			TRUE - HSCE counts the pulses.
			FALSE - HSCE stops the counting.
Reset	Input	BOOL	True - all outputs are cleared and accumulator. Rate1 and Rate2 are also cleared to 0. Plug-in HSC
			module status clear. The priority of Reset input is higher than the input of Run
Done	Output	BOOL	True - when HSCE Enable is True and no error is detected
			False - when HSCE Enable is True but Run is False.
Active	Output	BOOL	True - when HSCE Enable is True, Done is True and Run is False.
			False - when HSCE Enable is True but Run is False.
Rate1	Output	REAL	Current Pulse Rate in user unit per second (Per Pulse method).
Rate2	Output	REAL	Current Pulse Rate in user unit per second (Cyclic method).
TPValue	Output	LINT	Accumulator Value capture when touch probe is triggered.
OutputSts	Output	UINT	HSC plug-in Physical & Virtual Output status and is only applicable for HSC counter 0.
			Bit 0: Output 0 (Physical Output Status)
			Bit 1 to 15: Output 1 to Output 15 (Virtual Output Status)
Status	Output	UINT	HSC status information.
Error	Output	BOOL	Indicates an error occurred.
ErrorID	Output	UINT	When an error occurs, ErrorID contains the error code.

HSCE Function Block Diagram example



HSCE Ladder Diagram example



HSCE Text Structure example

HSCE_1 () ; void HSCE_1(BOOL Enable, HSCE_CHANNEL Channel, BOOL Run, BOOL Reset) Type : HSCE, Start, stop and read accumulator value

```
HSCE 1(Enable, chl, Run, Reset);
 1
 2
    Done_HSCE := HSCE_1.Done;
 3
    Active HSCE := HSCE 1.Active;
    Accumulator HSCE := HSCE_1.Accumulator;
 4
 5
    Rate1 HSCE := HSCE 1.Rate1;
    Rate2_HSCE := HSCE_1.Rate2;
 6
 7
    TPValue HSCE := HSCE 1.TPValue;
 8
    Outputsts_HSCE := HSCE_1.OutputSts;
 9
    Status_HSCE := HSCE_1.Status;
10
    Error HSCE := HSCE 1.Error;
    ErrorID_HSCE := HSCE_1.ErrorID;
11
```

HSCE_CFG

HSCE_CFG is used to configure high speed counter.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, and Micro870 controllers.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
Execute	Input	BOOL	Rising Edge initiates the HSC configuration. (HSCE Enable should be equal to FALSE) Falling edge will clear all the output value.
Channel	Input	HSCE_CHANN EL	The HSCE channel.
InitAccumulator	Input	LINT	Accumulator initial value.
OFSetting	Input	LINT	Counter overflow limit value.
UFSetting	Input	LINT	Counter underflow limit value.
HPSetting	Input	LINT	High Preset (HP) Value of HSCE.
LPSetting	Input	LINT	Low Preset (LP) Value of HSCE.
PLS_Offset	Input	USINT	Offset to start with in the PLS data array.
OutputMask	Input	USINT	Output mask for PLS functionality.
HPOutput	Input	UDINT	High preset outputs state.
LPOutput	Input	UDINT	Low preset outputs state.
Done	Output	BOOL	HSC configuration action(initiated by this instruction) succeeds.
Error	Output	BOOL	Indicates an error occurred.
ErrorID	Output	UINT	When an error occurs, ErrorID contains the error code.

HSCE_CGF Function Block Diagram example



HSCE_CGF Ladder Diagram example



HSCE_CGF Text Structure example



4 ErrorID_HSCE_CFG := HSCE_CFG_1.ErrorID;

HSCE_CFG_PLS

This instruction is used for HSC configuration with Programmable Limit Switch (PLS). This function is an additional set of operating modes for the High Speed Counter. When operating in these modes, the preset and output data values are updated using user supplied data each time one of the presets is reached. These modes are programmed by providing a PLS file that contains the data sets to be used.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, and Micro870 controllers.



Parameter	Parameter	Data Type	Description
	Туре		
Execute	Input	BOOL	Rising Edge initiates the HSC configuration. (HSCE Enable should be equal to FALSE)
			Falling edge will clear all the output value.
Channel	Input	HSCE_CHANNEL	The HSCE channel.
InitAccumulator	Input	LINT	Accumulator initial value.
OFSetting	Input	LINT	Counter overflow limit value.
UFSetting	Input	LINT	Counter underflow limit value.
PLS_Data	Input	PLS2	Array of PLS (PLS_64)
PLS_Size	Input	USINT	PLS data size, and the maximum value is 24 for plug-in.
PLS_Offset	Input	USINT	Offset to start with in the PLS data array.
OutputMask	Input	USINT	Output mask for PLS functionality.
Done	Output	BOOL	HSC configuration action(initiated by this instruction) succeeds.
Error	Output	BOOL	Indicates an error occurred.
ErrorID	Output	UINT	When an error occurs, ErrorID contains the error code.

HSCE_CGF_PLS Function Block Diagram example



HSCE_CGF_PLS Ladder Diagram example



HSCE_CGF_PLS Text Structure example

HSCE_CF0_PLS_11 valHSCE_CF0_PLS_1000LExecute, HSCE_CH0NNELCH0nnel, UNT bitAccumulator, UNT OFSetting, LINT UFSetting, PLS_HSCE[1_1]PLS_Date, USNT PLS_Size, USNT PLS_Officet, UDNT OutputMark) Type : HSCE_CF0_PLS_High Speed Counter PLS configuration

1 HSCE_CFG_PLS_1(Execute,chl,initacc,OFsetting,UFsetting,PLS_data,PLS_Size,PLS_Offset,optmsk);
2 Done_HSCE_CFG_PLS :=HSCE_CFG_PLS_1.Done;

- 3 Error_HSCE_CFG_PLS :=HSCE_CFG_PLS_1.Error;
- 4 ErrorID_HSCE_CFG_PLS := HSCE_CFG_PLS_1.ErrorID;

HSCE_READ_STS

The instruction is used to read current HSC status.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, and Micro870 controllers.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
Enable	Input	BOOL	If Enable is True then HSC2StsInfo is updated.
Channel	Input	HSCE_CHANNEL	The HSCE channel.
Valid	Output	BOOL	HSC2StsInfo is Valid if TRUE.
HSCEStsInfo	Input	LINT	Counter overflow limit value.
Error	Output	BOOL	Indicates an error occurred.
ErrorID	Output	UINT	When an error occurs, ErrorID contains the error code.

HSCE_READ_STS Function Block Diagram example



HSCE_READ_STS Ladder Diagram example



HSCE_READ_STS Text Structure example



HSCE_SET_STS

The instruction manually sets and resets the HSC counting status flags. The HSC function block must be stopped for the HSCE_SET_STC function block to set or reset its HTS status. If the HSC function block is not stopped or HSC channel is not configured, HSC2_SET_STS function block will throw error.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, and Micro870 controllers.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
Enable	Input	BOOL	Function block enable.
			TRUE - set/reset the HSC status.
			FALSE - there is no HSC status change.
Channel	Input	HSCE_CHANNEL	The HSCE channel.
HPReached	Output	BOOL	When High preset value reached, this bit will be set to TRUE by plug-in module. Set or reset this bit by HSCE_SET_STS function block.
LPReached	Input	BOOL	When low preset value is reached, this bit will be set to be TRUE by plug-in module. Set or reset this bit by HSCE_SET_STS function block.
OFOccurred	Input	BOOL	When overflow occurred, this bit will be set to be TRUE by plug-in module.Set or reset this bit by HSCE_SET_STS function block.
UFOccurred	Input	BOOL	When underflow occurred, this bit will be set to be TRUE by plug-in module. Set or reset this bit by HSCE_SET_STS function block.
TouchProbe	Input	BOOL	When touch probe is triggered, this bit will be set to be TRUE by plug-in module.
Hold	Input	BOOL	When HSC hold is triggered this bit will be set to be TRUE by plugin module.Set or reset this bit by HSCE_SET_STS function block. This input parameter is only effective for counter 0. For counter 1 is always reset
Preset	Input	BOOL	When Z ACC Reset is triggered, this bit will be set to be TRUE by plug-in module.
			Set or reset this bit by HSCE_SET_STS function block.
			This input parameter is only effective for counter 0. For counter 1 is always reset.
Done	Output	BOOL	HSC configuration action(initiated by this instruction) succeeds.
Error	Output	BOOL	Indicates an error occurred.
ErrorID	Output	UINT	When an error occurs, ErrorID contains the error code.

HSCE_SET_STS Function Block Diagram example



HSCE_SET_STS Ladder Diagram example



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HSCE_SET_STS Text Structure example

HSCE_SET_STS_1

- 1 HSCE_SET_STS_1(Enable, chl, hprd, ofocccrd, ufoccrd, touchprob, hold, preset);
- 2
- Done_HSCE_SET_STS := HSCE_SET_STS_1.Done; Error_HSCE_SET_STS := HSCE_SET_STS_1.Error; 3 4
- ErrorID_HSCE_SET_STS := HSCE_SET_STS_1.ErrorID;

HSCE error codes

The following table describes the status error codes for HSCE instructions on

page 327:

ErrorID Code	Error description	Corrective action
0	The instruction successfully completed operation.	
1	Invalid HSC configuration files.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative. For contact information, see:
		http://www.rockwellautomation.com/support
2	Invalid HSC module type.	Correct the module type. For example, select module type as plug-in.
3	Invalid HSC Slot ID.	Correct the Slot ID in the Channel input of the function block.
4	Invalid HSC ID.	Correct the HSC ID. For example, set 0 for counter 0.
5	Invalid mode for the Channel.	Contact Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
6	Invalid PLS Size.	PLS size should be \leq 24 and size of the PLS data array \geq PLS size.
7	Invalid PLS offset.	PLS offset + PLS size should be within the size of the PLS data array.
8	Invalid InitAccumulator value.	Correct the InitAccumulator value. Maybe it is over the boundary or out range of LP or HP limit (LP \leq InitACC \leq HP).
9	Invalid LP.	Correct the LP value. It may be over the boundary.
10	Invalid OF.	Correct the OF value.
11	Invalid UF.	Correct the UF value.
12	Invalid HP.	Correct the HP value.
13	There is no configuration for HSCE.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
14	Invalid HSCE state.	Check the HSCE related function block to confirm the state of this function block.
15	Invalid plug-in module	Check the plug-in module to confirm it is HSC module.
16	HSCE is running.	When HSC is counting, no configuration and setting status are allowed. <u>HSCE_CFG</u> on <u>page 330</u> and <u>HSCE_CFG_PLS</u> on <u>page 332</u> are executed while HSCE is running.
17	Stop HSC plug-in failure.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
18	Update rate write failure.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
19	Write the number of plus failure.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
20	Write Apply ACC failure.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
21	Write ACC failure.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
22	Write Apply failure.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
23	Write number of PLS failure.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
24	Write under flow failure.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
25	Write over flow failure.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
26	Write low preset failure.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
27	Write high preset failure.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
28	Write low preset out failure.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
29	Write high preset out failure.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
30	Write out mask failure.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
31	Write PLS low preset out failure.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
32	Write PLS high preset out failure.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.

ErrorID Code	Error description	Corrective action
33	Write PLS low preset failure.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
34	Write PLS high preset out failure.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
35	Write PLS offset failure.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
36	Write PLS number failure.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
37	Read status failure.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
38	Read high preset failure.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
39	Read low preset failure.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
40	Read ACC failure.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
41	Read number of pulse width failure.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
42	Read pulse width failure.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
43	Read number of pulse failure.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
44	Read update rate failure.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
45	Write status failure.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
46	Read low preset out failure.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
47	Read high preset out failure.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
48	Read PLS number failure.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
49	N.A.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
50	Write apply status failure.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
51	Invalid channel input.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
52	Read touch probe failure.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
53	Write reset ACC failure.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
54	Start HSC failure.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
55	Counter is disabled.	The HSC counter is disabled. Check the Channel configuration to verify if the HSC counter is enabled.
56	Invalid output mask value.	Check if the output mask is within the valid range. For plug-in HSC module, the range is 0-65535.
57	Invalid high preset output.	Check the if the HP output is within the valid range. For plug-in HSC module, the range is 0-65535
58	Invalid low preset output.	Check if the LP output is within the valid range. For plug-in HSC module, the range is 0-65535.
59	Not a supported UPM revision.	Check the revision configuration for the HSC plug-in module.
60	Not a HSC module is added.	Check if the actual plug-in module is HSC module.
61	HSCE plug-in module is not configured.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
62	A UPM plug-in Write error occurs while changing HSC plug-in Mode to Non-run.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
63	A UPM plug-in Write error occurs while changing HSC plug-in Mode to run mode.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.
64	A UPM plug-in Read error occurs while reading Output Status.	Contact the Rockwell Automation technical support representative.

Input/Output instructions

Use Input/Output instructions to read or write data to or from a controller or module using signals sent to a device that is physically connected to a programmable logic controller. Input relays transfer signals to the internal relays, and output relays transfer signals to external output devices.

Instruction	Description
LCD on page 341	Micro810 only.
	Displays a string or number on an LCD screen.
LCD_BKLT_REM on page 344	Sets the remote LCD backlight parameters in a user program.
LCD_REM on page 346	Displays user defined messages for the remote LCD.
<u>RHC</u> on <u>page 348</u>	Reads the high speed clock value in the Micro800 controller.
<u>RPC</u> on <u>page 350</u>	Reads the user program checksum, either from the controller or memory module.
<u>DLG</u> on <u>page 351</u>	Writes variable values from the run-time engine into a Data Logging File on an SD Card.
<u>IIM</u> on <u>page 353</u>	Updates inputs prior to normal output scan.
<u>IOM</u> on <u>page 354</u>	Updates outputs prior to normal output scan.
<u>KEY_READ</u> on page 356	Micro810 only.
	Reads the Key status on the optional LCD module when the user display is active.
<u>KEY_READ_REM</u> on <u>page 359</u>	Micro820 only.
	Reads the Key status on the optional remote LCD module when the user display is active.
MM_INFO on page 361	Reads memory module header information.
MODULE_INFO on page 364	Reads module information from a plug-in or expansion module excluding the
	2080-MEMBAK-RTC memory module.
PLUGIN_INFO on page 375	Reads module information from a generic plug-in or expansion module excluding the
	2080-MEMBAK-RTC memory module.
PLUGIN_READ on page 377	Reads data from a generic plug-in module excluding the 2080-MEMBAK-RTC memory module.
PLUGIN_RESET on page 379	Resets the hardware for a generic plug-in module excluding the 2080-MEMBAK-RTC memory module.
PLUGIN_WRITE on page 381	Writes data to a generic plug-in module excluding the 2080-MEMBAK-RTC memory module.
RCP on page 383	Reads and writes recipe data to and from an SD memory card.
RTC_READ on page 385	Reads the real-time clock (RTC) module information.
RTC_SET on page 387	Sets RTC data to the RTC module information.
<u>SYS_INFO</u> on <u>page 389</u>	Reads the status data block for the Micro800 controller.
TRIMPOT_READ on page 392	Reads the trimpot value from a specific trimpot.

Displays a string or a number on the optional LCD screen.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810 controllers.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
Enable	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - the LCD switches to the user-defined screen (strings display on the LCD screen) instead
			of the I/O status screen.
			FALSE - the LCD displays the contents of the I/O status screen.
Line1	Input	STRING	String displayed on line 1 of the LCD.
Line2	Input	STRING	String displayed on line 2 of the LCD.
Line3	Input	STRING	String displayed on line 3 of the LCD.
Line4	Input	STRING	String displayed on line 4 of the LCD.
LCD	Output	BOOL	TRUE - function is enabled.

LCD Function Block Diagram example



LCD Ladder Diagram example



LCD Structured Text example



TESTOUTPUT := LCD(LCDENABLE, LINE1, LINE2, LINE3, LINE4);

Results

Global Variables - I	Micro810 Local Variables -	Prog1 System Variable	s - Micro	810 1/0 - •
Name	LogicalVal	ue Physical Value	Lock	Data Typ
10	- at			
enable	Image: A start and a start	N/A		BOOL
line1	R	N/A		STRING
line2	0	N/A		STRING
line3	C	N/A		STRING
line4	K	N/A		STRING
output	×	N/A		BOOL

backlight)

LCD_BKLT_REM (remote LCD Sets the Remote LCD backlight parameters in a user program.

Operation details:

The backlight settings defined in LCD_BKLT_REM are used when the Remote LCD display is:

- a user defined screen defined using LCD_REM.
- the default IO Status screen.
- For all other screens, the backlight settings used are those defined using the menu on the Remote LCD.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820 controllers.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
Enable	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - execute REM_LCD_BKLT, overwrite any current backlight settings.
			FALSE - REM_LCD_BKLT is disabled and the Remote LCD menu settings take effect.
Color	Input	UINT	Backlight Color Code
			• O: White
			• 1: Blue
			• 2: Red
			• 3: Green
			• 4-65535: Reserved
Mode	Input	UINT	• 0 : Permanently OFF
			• 1: Permanently ON
			• 2: Flash (1 sec interval)
			• 3-65535: Reserved
LCD_BKLT_REM	Output	BOOL	TRUE - Instruction executed successfully.
			FALSE - Error occurred during instruction execution.

_	Sts	Output	UINT	Status of the remote LCD operation.
				LCD_BKLT_REM status codes:
				• 0 - Enable input is false.
				• 1 - Success.
				• 2 - Remote LCD not detected.
				May occur when:
				 Remote LCD is not physically connected to the controller or the wiring is incorrect.
				 Serial port settings are other than what is required for the Remote LCD.
				• 3 - Connection error.
				May occur when there is an internal state machine error such as an incompatibility between
				Controller FW version and RLCD FW version.
				• 4 - Invalid color code.
				• 5 - Invalid mode.
				• 6-65535 - Reserved.

LCD_BKLT_REM Function Block Diagram examples



LCD_BKLT_REM Ladder Diagram example



LCD_BKLT_REM Structured Text example



LCD_REM (remote LCD)

Displays user defined messages for the Remote LCD.

Operation details:

• For Line1 through Line8 the maximum string length is 24 characters.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820 controllers.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
Enable	Input	BOOL	Enable the instruction block.
			TRUE - remote LCD switches to user-defined screen from I/O status screen.
			FALSE - remote LCD switches back to I/O status screen.
Font	Input	UDINT	Font size for startup message:
			• 0: Default (Large - 8x16)
			• 1: Small (8x8)
			• 2: Large (8x16)
			• 3: Extra Large (16x16)
			• 4 onward: Reserved
			The Remote LCD size is 192x64 pixels.
			When the font size for the start up message is small font, the Remote LCD displays:
			• strings in Line1 to Line8.
			• a maximum of 24 characters per line.
			When the font size for the start up message is large or extra large, the Remote LCD displays:
			• strings in Line1 to Line4.
			• ignores strings in Line5 to Line8.
			• a maximum of 12 characters per line.

Line1	Input	String	String to be displayed on line 1 of the LCD.
			For Line1 through Line8 the maximum string length is 24 characters.
Line2	Input	String	String displayed on line 2 of the LCD.
Line3	Input	String	String displayed on line 3 of the LCD.
Line4	Input	String	String displayed on line 4 of the LCD.
Line5	Input	String	String displayed on line 5 of the LCD.
Line6	Input	String	String displayed on line 6 of the LCD.
Line7	Input	String	String displayed on line 7 of the LCD.
Line8	Input	String	String displayed on line 8 of the LCD.
LCD_REM	Output	BOOL	Function block enable.
			When Enable = TRUE, user display is active.
			When Enable = FALSE, IO Status/Menu display is active.
Sts	Output	UINT	Status of the remote LCD operation.
			LCD_REM status codes:
			• 0 - Enable input is false.
			• 1 - User message displayed successfully.
			• 2 - Remote LCD not detected.
			• 3 - Connection error.
			May occur when:
			• Remote LCD is not physically connected to the controller (or the wiring is
			incorrect).
			• Serial port settings are other than what is required for the Remote LCD.
			• 4 - Invalid font code.
			• 5 - 5-65535 - Reserved.

LCD_REM Function Block Diagram example



LCD_REM Ladder Diagram example



LCD_REM Structured Text example



RHC (read high speed clock)

Reads the high speed clock value in the Micro800 controller.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - read high speed clock.
			FALSE - no operation.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.
RHC	Output	UDINT	The value of the high speed clock.

High-speed clock resolution

Controller Type	Increments	Timebase	Resolution
Micro810	4 every 40 microseconds	10 microseconds	40 microseconds
Micro820	1 every 10 microseconds	10 microseconds	10 microseconds
Micro830			
Micro850			

RHS Function Block Diagram example



RHS Ladder Diagram example



RHS Structured Text example

	RHC (UDINT RHC() Read high-speed clock.
	1 rhc := RHC();
	(* ST Equivalence: *)
	TESTOUTPUT2 := RHC();
RPC (read program checksum)	Reads the user program checksum, either from the controller or memory module.
	Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.
	This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.
	- MemMod RPC -

Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
MemMod	Input	BOOL	TRUE - the value is taken from the memory module.
			FALSE - the value is taken from the Micro800 controller.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.
RPC	Output	UDINT	The checksum value of the specified user program.

RPC Function Block Diagram example



RPC Structured Text example

	RPC (UDINT RPE(BOOL MemMod) Reads user program checksum.
	<pre>1 MemMod := TRUE; 2 rpc := RPC(MemMod);</pre>
	(* ST Equivalence: *)
	TESTOUTPUT2 := RPC(TESTINPUT);
DLG (data log)	Writes variable values from the run-time engine into a Data Logging File on an SD Card.
	When writing to a data log a maximum of 50 group folders are allowed per day. Each group folder has a maximum of 50 files with a file size of 4k-8k.
	Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.
	This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, and Micro870 controllers.
	DLG_1 DLG - Enable ENO -
	- TSEnable Status -

Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
Enable	Input	BOOL	Data logging write enable.
			TRUE - Rising Edge Enable detected, start data logging operation when previous
			instruction operations are complete.
			FALSE - Rising Edge not detected.
TSEnable	Input	BOOL	TRUE - Date and time stamp logging enable flag.
CfgID	Input	USINT	Data logging configuration VA ID number from 1-10.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.
Status	Output	USINT	Current status of the instruction.
			Data logging Status codes:
			• 0 - Idle
			• 1 - Doing
			• 2 - Succeed, indicates data logging is complete.
			• 3 - Error, indicates data logging completed with error.

ErrorID -

- CfgID

Chapter 16	Input/Output instructions				
ErrorID	Output	UDINT	A unique numeric error code for DLG.		

DLG error codes

Error code	Error Name	Comments			
0	DLG_ERR_NONE	No error.			
1	DLG_ERR_NO_SDCARD SD card is absent.				
2	DLG_ERR_RESERVED	Reserved.			
3	DLG_ERR_DATAFILE_ACCESS	Access Data logging file error.			
4	DLG_ERR_CFG_ABSENT	Data logging configuration file is absent.			
5	DLG_ERR_CFG_ID	Configure ID is absent in data logging configuration file			
6	DLG_ERR_RESOURCE_BUSY	The Data logging operation linked to this Data logging ID is used by another FB operation.			
7	DLG_ERR_CFG_FORMAT	Data logging configuration file format is invalid.			
8	DLG_ERR_RTC	Real time clock is invalid.			
9	DLG_ERR_UNKNOWN	Unspecified error has occurred.			

DLG Function Block Diagram example



DLG Ladder Diagram example



DLG Structured Text example

DLG_	1(
	void DLG_1(BOOL Enable, BOOL TSEnable, USINT CfgID)
	Type : DLG, Save list of data instances to SD Card Data Log file.
1 D	LG_1 (EN, Enable, TSEnable, CfgID)
2 O	utput := DLG_1.ENO
3 з	tatus := DLG 1.Status
4 I	D := DLG 1.ErrorID

IIM (immediate input)

Update inputs prior to normal output scan.

Operation details:

• Typically used at the beginning of an interrupt program to select or mask inputs that are immediately scanned to get the current inputs.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instructions applies to the Micro830, Micro850, and Micro870 controllers.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
Enable	Input	BOOL	Instruction block enable.
			TRUE - execute instruction block.
			FALSE - do not execute.
InputType	Input	USINT	Identifies the type of input:
			0 - Embedded input.
			1 - Plug-in input.
InputSlot	Input	USINT	Identifies the input slot.
			0 - Embedded input
			1,2,3,4,5 - Plug-in slot number. (Slots are numbered from left to right, starting with
			number 1.)
			For embedded input, always 0.
			For Plug-in input, input slot is 1,2,3,4,5 (Plug-in slot number, starting with left-most
			slot = 1).
Sts	Output	USINT	Immediate input scan status.
			IIM status (Sts) codes:
			• 0x00 - Not enabled (no action taken).
			• 0x01- Input/output scan success.
			• 0x02 - Input/output type invalid.
			• 0x03 - Input/output slot invalid.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			TRUE - Input updated.
			FALSE - Input not updated.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

IIM Function Block Diagram example



IIM Ladder Diagram example



IIM Structured Text example



Results

ser G	lobal Variables - Micro850	Local Variables - Un	titledST System Va	riables - Micro850	1/0 - 1	Micro850 D	efine 1
	Name	▲ LogicalValue	Physical Value	Initial Value	Lock	Data	Гуре
	- 0	R ⁺	(a	- 🐠			- 01
•	IIM_1		-			IIM	-
	InputSlot	0	N/A			USINT	-
•	InputType	0	N/A			USINT	-
	output	1	N/A			USINT	*

IOM (immediate output)

Update outputs prior to normal output scan.

Operation details:

• Typically used at the end of an interrupt program to select or mask which outputs are immediately scanned and updated.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instructions applies to the Micro830, Micro850, and Micro870 controllers.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
Enable	Input	BOOL	Instruction block enable.
			TRUE - execute instruction.
			FALSE - do not execute.
OutputType	Input	USINT	Identifies the type of output:
			0 - Embedded output.
			1 - Plug-in output.
OutputSlot	Input	USINT	Identifies the output slot:
			0 - Embedded output
			1,2,3,4,5 - Plug-in slot number. (Slots are numbered from left to right, starting with
			number 1.)
			For embedded output, always 0.
			For Plug-in output, output slot is 1,2,3,4,5 (Plug-in slot number, starting with left-most
			slot = 1).
Sts	Output	USINT	Immediate output scan status.
			IOM (Sts) status codes:
			 0x00 - Not enabled (no action taken).
			 0x01- Input/output scan success.
			• 0x02 - Input/output type invalid.
			• 0x03 - Input/output slot invalid.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			TRUE - Output updated.
			FALSE - Output not updated.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

IOM Function Block Diagram example



IOM Ladder Diagram example



IOM Structured Text example



Results

ser G	ilobal Variables - Micro850	Local Variables - Uni	ttledST System Va	riables - Micro850	1/0 - 1	Micro850 Defin	٠
	Name	LogicalValue	Physical Value	Initial Value	Lock	Data Type	•
	- 1			- 4			
	OutputType	0	N/A			USINT	
	OutputSlot	0	N/A			USINT	
	output	1	N/A			USINT	
۰	IOM_1			-		IDM	
	enable		N/A			BOOL	
	S				9 - 6	0	
G							

KEY_READ (read keys on LCD)

Reads the Key status on the optional LCD module when the user display is active.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810 controller.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
Enable	Input	BOOL	Enables the instruction block.
			TRUE - enable Read Keys on the Remote LCD keypad.
			FALSE - disable Read Keys on the Remote LCD keypad.
CKYL	Output	BOOL	TRUE: ESC key pressed for more than 2 seconds.
EKYL	Output	BOOL	TRUE: OK key pressed for more than 2 seconds.
CKY	Output	BOOL	TRUE: ESC key pressed.
EKY	Output	BOOL	TRUE: OK key pressed.
UKY	Output	BOOL	TRUE: Up key pressed.
DKY	Output	BOOL	TRUE: Down key pressed.
LKY	Output	BOOL	TRUE: Left key pressed.
RKY	Output	BOOL	TRUE: Right key pressed.

KEY_READ Function Block Diagram example



KEY_READ Ladder Diagram example



KEY_READ Structured Text example

```
KEY READ 1 (
            void KEY_READ_1(BOOL Enable)
            Type : KEY_READ, Read key status on option LCD module.
1
   KEY READ 1(enable);
2
   ckyl := KEY READ 1.CKYL;
   ekyl := KEY READ 1.EKYL;
3
4 cky := KEY READ 1.CKY;
5 eky := KEY READ 1.EKY;
61
   uky := KEY READ 1.UKY;
7 dky := KEY READ 1.DKY;
8
    lky := KEY READ 1.LKY;
9 rky := KEY READ 1.RKY;
(* ST Equivalence: *)
   KEY READ 1 (KEYENABLE) ;
   KEY EKYL := KEY READ 1.EKYL ;
   KEY_CKY := KEY_READ_1.CKY ;
   KEY EKY := KEY READ 1.EKY ;
   KEY UKY := KEY READ 1.UKY ;
   KEY DKY := KEY READ 1.DKY ;
   KEY RKY := KEY READ 1.RKY ;
   KEY LKY := KEY READ 1.LKY ;
Reads the Key status on the optional Remote LCD module when the user
display is active.
Operation details:
   • Use the LCD_REM instruction to activate the user display on the
      Remote LCD module. If the user display is not active, an error occurs
      during KEY_READ_REM execution.
   • P-BUTTON property in LCD Function File activates; otherwise all key
      status is FALSE.
```

• Only single key presses are supported for the KEY_READ_REM instruction; two-key press combinations are not supported.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820 controllers.



KEY_READ_REM (read keys

for remote LCD)

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
Enable	Input	BOOL	Instruction block enable.
			TRUE - Enable
			FALSE - Disable
KEY_READ_REM	Output	BOOL	TRUE - Remote LCD Key data is read successfully.
			FALSE - Enable is false, there is an error reading. Remote LCD Key Data or User
			Display is not active.
Sts	Output	UINT	Status of the KEY_READ_REM operation.
			KEY_READ_REM status codes:
			• 0 - Enable Input is False.
			• 1 - Key data read successfully.
			• 2 - Remote LCD not detected.
			May occur when:
			 Remote LCD is not physically connected to the controller (or the wiring is incorrect).
			• Serial port settings are other than what is required for the Remote LCD.
			• 3 - Connection Error.
			May occur when there is an internal state machine error. Possible cause, an
			incompatibility between Controller FW version and RLCD FW version.
			• 4 - User Display is not active.
			• 5-65535 - Reserved.
KeyData	Output	UDINT	Remote LCD KeyPad Data.
			KeyData definitions are defined in KeyData bitfields table.

KeyData bitfields table

Use this table to help determine the KeyData bitfields for KEY_READ_REM.

Bit No. in KeyData	Name	Parameter Description	
0	UKY	TRUE = Up key pressed.	
1	DKY	TRUE = Down key pressed.	
2	LKY	TRUE = Left key pressed.	
3	RKY	TRUE = Right key pressed.	
4	F1KY	TRUE = F1 key pressed.	
5	F2KY	TRUE = F2 key pressed.	
6	F3KY	TRUE = F3 key pressed.	
7	F4KY	TRUE = F4 key pressed.	
8	F5KY	TRUE = F5 key pressed.	
9	F6KY	TRUE = F6 key pressed.	
10	EKY	TRUE = Enter key pressed.	
11	СКҮ	TRUE = Cancel key pressed.	
12	EKYL	TRUE = Enter key pressed for more than 2 seconds.	
13	CKYL	TRUE = Cancel key pressed for more than 2 seconds.	
14-31		Reserved.	
KEY_READ_REM Function Block Diagram example



KEY_READ_REM Ladder Diagram example



KEY_READ_REM Structured Text example



4 data := KEY READ REM.KeyData

MM_INFO (memory module information)

Reads Memory Module header information. When a Memory Module is not present, all values return zero (0).

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.

The outputs are always reset when the instruction is applied to the simulated controller (2080-LC50-48QWB-SIM).



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
-----------	----------------	-----------	-------------

Enable	Input	BOOL	Instruction block enable. TRUE - read Memory Module header information. FALSE - there is no read operation, and the output Memory Module information is invalid.
MMInfo	Output	MMINFO	Memory Module Information is defined in the <u>MMINFO data type</u> on <u>page 363</u> .
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output. Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

MM_INFO Function Block Diagram example



MM_INFO Ladder Diagram example



MM_INFO Structured Text example



Results

For controllers using 2080-MEMBAK-RTC:

Iser Global	Variables - Micro870 Lo	cal Variables - Proc	31 System Variables - M	Aicro870 I/O - Micr	o870 Definec
an an	Name	Alias	Logical Value	Physical Value	Initial Value
	· 0**	* 0 ^{#*}			~ <i>A</i> **
🖃 ММ І					
	MM_INFO_1.Enable				
+	MM_INFO_1.MMInfo				
enabl			V	N/A	
🖃 outpu					
	output.MMCatalog			94.2 	
	output.MMCata		2080-MEMBAK-RTC2	N/A	
	output.Series		1	N/A	
	output.Revision		513	N/A	
	output.UPValid			N/A	
	output.ModeBehavior			N/A	
	output.LoadAlways			N/A	
	output.LoadOnError			N/A	
	output.FaultOverride			N/A	

For controllers using an SD card:

Name	Alias	Logical Value	Physical Value	Initial Value
- ET	- IT			- IT
TEST_EN		 Image: A set of the /li>	N/A	
PLUGIN_READ_1				
slotid		1	N/A	
addrOffset		D	N/A	
dataLen		0	N/A	
e dataAddr				
sts_read		3	N/A	
MM_INFO_1				
MM_INFO_1.Enable		1		
MM_INFO_1.MMInfo				•••
MM_INFO_1.MMInfo.MMCatalog				
MM_INFO_1.MMInfo.MMC		2080-SD-RTC-SC	N/A	
MM_INFO_1.MMInfo.Series		1	N/A	
MM_INFO_1.MMInfo.Revision		257	N/A	
MM_INFO_1.MMInfo.UPValid			N/A	
MM_INFO_1.MMInfo.ModeBehav			N/A	
MM_INFO_1.MMInfo.LoadAlways			N/A	
MM_INFO_1.MMInfo.LoadOnErro			N/A	
(IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII				

MMINFO data type

The following table describes the MMINFO data type parameters.

Parameter	Data type	Description
MMCatalog	MMCATNUM	The catalog number of the Memory Module.
		When using the MM_INFO on page 361 instruction on controllers with an SD card,
		the MMCatalog is "SD CARD".
Series	UINT	The series of the Memory Module.
		When using the MM_INFO instruction on controllers with an SD card, the series is 1.
Revision	UINT	The revision of the Memory Module.
		When using the MM_INFO on controllers with an SD card, the revision is 257.

Chapter 16 Input/Output instructions

Parameter	Data type	Description		
UPValid	BOOL	User program is present (TRUE: possibly valid project is found).		
		Note: Even if TRUE, there is still a possibility that the project will be detected		
		during download or restore as invalid if individual files are missing or corrupt.		
ModeBehavior	BOOL	Mode behavior (TRUE: Go to RUN on power up).		
LoadAlways	BOOL	Memory Module restore to controller always on power up.		
LoadOnError	BOOL	Memory Module restore to controller if power up with error.		
FaultOverride	BOOL	Override fault on power up.		
MMPresent	BOOL	Memory Module is present.		

MODULE_INFO

Reads module information from a plug-in module or an expansion module.

Operation details:

- Plug-in module information is read during RUN time.
- The 2080-MEMBAK-RTC memory plug-in module is not supported.
- Expansion module information is read when the module is powered on.
- When a plug-in or expansion module is not defined with a ModuleID, ProductType, or ProductCode, the MODULE_INFO operation returns o for the respective output parameter.
- The plug-in and expansion module identification information is defined by Allen-Bradley and is provided below as part of the MODULE_INFO description.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, and Micro870 controllers. Expansion modules are only supported on the Micro850 and Micro870 controllers.



Use this table to	1 1 1 .			
	1	1		

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
Enable	Input	BOOL	Instruction block enable.
			TRUE - executes MODULE_INFO read operation.
			FALSE - does not execute the read operation. All output data values are reset to O.
ModuleType	Input	USINT	Identifies the module type:
			• 1 - 2085 Expansion Module.
			• 2 - 2080 Plug-in Module.
SlotID	Input	USINT	The slot number where the plug-in or expansion module is located.
			Slot IDs are: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5
			Slot 1 is on the far left.
Done	Output	BOOL	TRUE - Operation completed successfully.
			FALSE - Operation is not executing or an error condition occurred.
Present	Output	BOOL	Detects the plug-in or expansion module in the controller slot.
			TRUE - Module is physically present.
			FALSE - Module is not physically present.
ModID	Output	UINT	The identification for the module in the controller slot.
			Plug-in modules are defined with a unique module identifier.
			• Expansion modules are not defined with a unique module identifier, ModID returns 0.
VendorID	Output	UINT	The plug-in or expansion module vendor ID.
			For Allen-Bradley products, the vendor ID is 1.
ProductType	Output	UINT	The plug-in or expansion module product type.
ProductCode	Output	UINT	The plug-in or expansion module product code.
ModRevision	Output	UINT	The plug-in or expansion module revision information.
Error	Output	BOOL	Indicates the existence of an error condition.
			TRUE - An error is detected.
			FALSE - No error.
ErrorID	Output	USINT	A unique numeric that identifies the error. The errors are defined in the MODULE_INFO error codes.

MODULE_INFO error codes

Use this table to determine the MODULE_INFO error codes and descriptions.

Error code	Error description				
1	Invalid module type.				
	Change to a valid module type.				
	Valid module types are:				
	1 - 2085 Expansion Module. Only supported on Micro850 controllers.				
	2 - 2080 Plug-in Module. Supported on Micro820, Micro830, and Micro850 controllers.				
2	Invalid slot number.				
	Change to a valid slot number.				
3	Invalid expansion module type.				
4	Expansion module fatal error.				
5	Plug-in module Read Info is not supported.				
6	Plug-in module read error occurred while reading the Module ID.				
7	Plug-in module read error occurred while reading the Vendor ID.				
8	Plug-in module read error while reading the Product Type.				
9	Plug-in module read error occurred while reading the Product Code.				

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Error code	Error description
1	Invalid module type.
	Change to a valid module type.
	Valid module types are:
	1 - 2085 Expansion Module. Only supported on Micro850 controllers.
	2 - 2080 Plug-in Module. Supported on Micro820, Micro830, and Micro850 controllers.
2	Invalid slot number.
	Change to a valid slot number.
3	Invalid expansion module type.
4	Expansion module fatal error.
5	Plug-in module Read Info is not supported.
10	Plug-in module read error occurred while reading the Module Revision.

MODULE_INFO Function Block Diagram example



MODULE_INFO Ladder Diagram example



MODULE_INFO Structured Text example

```
MODULE INFO 1(enable, mt, si);
 1
   done := MODULE INFO 1.Done;
2
3
   present :=MODULE INFO 1.Present;
 4
   mi :=MODULE INFO 1.ModID;
 5 vi :=MODULE INFO 1.VendorID;
   pt :=MODULE INFO 1.ProductType;
 6
7
   pc :=MODULE INFO 1.ProductCode;
   mr :=MODULE INFO 1.ModRevision;
8
9
   error :=MODULE_INFO_1.Error;
10
   errorID :=MODULE INFO 1.ErrorID;
MODULE INFO_1 (
```

void MODULE_INFO_1(BOOL Enable, USINT ModuleType, USINT SlotID)

Results

Global Variables - Micro85	0 Local Variables - Pro	g1 System Varia	ables - Mi	icro850 I/O - Micro
Name	Logical Value	Physical Valu	Lock	Data Type
				▼ []
enable	Image: A start and a start	N/A		BOOL -
enable1		N/A		BOOL -
mt	1	N/A		USINT -
si	1	N/A		USINT -
done	V	N/A		BOOL 👻
present	V	N/A		BOOL 👻
mi	0	N/A		UINT 👻
vi	1	N/A		UINT 👻
pt	7	N/A		UINT 👻
рс	1150	N/A		UINT 👻
mr	50272	N/A		UINT 👻
error		N/A		BOOL -
errorID	0	N/A		USINT -
MODULE_INFO_1				MODULE_INFO -

MODULE_INFO - plug-in and expansion module information

The following information provides the plug-in and expansion module Type, Module ID, Vendor ID, Product Codes and the Revision Word descriptions for expansion modules as defined by Allen-Bradley.

Plug-in module information

Use this table to determine the plug-in module information defined by Allen-Bradley.

Plug-in Module	Plug-in Type	Module ID	Vendor ID	Product Type	Product Code
2080-IF2	Analog	96	1	10	32
2080-IF4	Analog	98	1	10	33
2080-0F2	Analog	100	1	10	34
2080-TC2	Analog	102	1	10	35
2080-RTD2	Analog	104	1	10	36
2080-DNET20	Communication	34	1	12	249
2080-SERIALISOL	Communication	32	1	-	-
2080-IQ4	Digital	192	1	7	192
2080-0B4	Digital	193	1	7	193
2080-0V4	Digital	194	1	7	194
2080-1Q40B4	Digital	195	1	7	195
2080-IQ40V4	Digital	196	1	7	196
2080-0W4I	Digital	197	1	7	197
2080-MOT-HSC	Specialty	48	1	43	48

					· ·
2080-TRIMPOT6	Specialty	72	1	-	-

Expansion module information

Use this table to determine the expansion module information defined by Allen-Bradley.

Model number	Expansion Type	Module ID	Vendor ID	Product Type	Product Code
2085-IF4	Analog	-	1	10	208
2085-IF8 Analog		-	1	10	206
2085-IRT4	Analog	-	1	10	213
2085-0F4	Analog	-	1	10	214
2085-IA8 Digital		-	1	7	1148
2085-IM8	Digital	-	1	7	1152
2085-IQ16 Digital		-	1	7	1144
2085-IQ32T Digital		-	1	7	1145
2085-0A8	Digital	-	1	7	1149
2085-0B16	Digital	-	1	7	1146
2085-0V16	Digital	-	1	7	1147
2085-0W16	Digital	-	1	7	1151
2085-0W8	Digital	-	1	7	1150

Expansion module Revision Word descriptions

Use this table to determine the Revision Word information for Allen-Bradley expansion modules.

Bit	Name	Description
15	Max Baud Rate (1:0)	These bits identify the maximum frequency for Max Baud Rate (1:0).
14		00 (bin) is 2 Mbps
		01 (bin) is 4 Mbps
		10 (bin) is 8 Mbps
		11 (bin) is 16 Mbps
13	Minor Revision (3:0)	Minor Revision (3:0) is the product minor revision designation. This field indicates the minor revision of
12		the Catalog number designated by the Vendor ID, Product Type, Product Code, Series and Major Revision.
11		The Minor Revision ranges from 0 to 15.
10		
9	Major Revision (4:0)	Major Revision (4:0) is the product major revision designation. This field indicates the major revision of
8		the Catalog number designated by the Vendor ID, Product Type, Product Code, and Series.
7		The Major ranges from 0 to 31.
6		
5		

Chapter 16 Input/Output instructions

4

Series (4:0)	Series	Series (4:0)	Series	Series (4:0)	Series	Series (4:0)	Series
0	А	8	1	16	Q	24	Y
1	В	9	J	17	R	25	Z
2	С	10	К	18	S	26	AA
3	D	11	L	19	Т	27	AB
4	E	12	М	20	U	28	AC
5	F	13	N	21	٧	29	AD
6	G	14	0	22	W	30	AE
7	Н	15	Р	23	Х	31	>AE

MODULE_INFO instruction timing diagrams

The following timing diagram examples describe execution scenarios for the <u>MODULE INFO instruction</u> on <u>page 364</u>.

Successful execution when a module is physically present



Scan Cycle	Description

Scan Cycle	Description			
1, 8	Rung condition becomes TRUE when:			
	• Enable input bit is TRUE.			
	 ModuleType and SlotID are valid. A physical module is present. 			
	• Done and Present output bits are TRUE.			
	• Error output bit is FALSE.			
	 Update module related information for Module ID, Vendor ID, Product Type, Product Code, and Module Revision accordingly. 			
2,3,4	No change in rung condition.			
5.9	Rung condition becomes FALSE when Enable bit is FALSE. All output parameters are cleared.			
6, 7, 10, 11	No change in rung condition. Enable bit is FALSE. All output parameters are cleared.			

Successful execution when Module is not physically present



Scan Cycle	Description					
1, 8	Rung condition becomes TRUE when:					
	• Enable input bit is TRUE.					
	• ModuleType and SlotID are valid. A physical module is not present.					
	• Done output bit is TRUE.					
	• Error and Present output bits are FALSE.					
	• Update module related information for Module ID, Vendor ID, Product Type, Product Code, and Module Revision accordingly.					
2,3,4	No change in rung condition.					
	Enable input bit is TRUE.					
	• Input parameters are valid and a physical module is not present.					
	• Update output parameters accordingly.					

Chapter 16 Input/Output instructions

Scan Cycle	Description
5. 9	Rung condition becomes FALSE when: • Enable bit is FALSE.
	All output parameters are cleared.
6, 7, 10, 11	No change in rung condition. Enable bit is FALSE. All output parameters are cleared.

MODULE_INFO execution with Error



Scan Cycle	Description				
1, 8	Rung condition becomes TRUE when:				
	• Enable input bit is TRUE.				
	 ModuleType and SlotID are valid. A physical module is not present. 				
	• Done and Present output bits are TRUE.				
	• Error output bit is TRUE.				
	• Module related information for Module ID, Vendor ID, Product Type, Product Code, and Module Revision is				
	cleared.				
2,3,4	No change in rung condition.				
	• Enable input bit is TRUE.				
	• ModuleType, SlotID, or both are invalid.				
	• Update output parameters accordingly.				
5.9	Rung condition becomes FALSE when:				
	• Enable bit is FALSE.				
	All output parameters are cleared.				
6, 7, 10, 11	No change in rung condition. Enable bit is FALSE. All output parameters are cleared.				

MODULE_INFO successful execution with error - no physical module



Scan Cycle	Description					
1, 8	Rung condition becomes TRUE when:					
	• Enable input bit is TRUE.					
	• ModuleType or SlotID or both are invalid. A physical Module is not present.					
	• Done and Present output bits are FALSE.					
	• Error output bit is TRUE.					
	• Module related information for Module ID, Vendor ID, Product Type, Product Code, and Module Revision is cleared.					
2	No change in rung condition.					
	• Enable input bit is TRUE.					
	• ModuleType or SlotID or both are invalid.					
	• Update output parameters accordingly.					
3, 4	No change in rung condition.					
	• Enable input bit is TRUE.					
	 ModuleType and SlotID are both are valid. Module is physically present. 					
	• Done and Present output bits are TRUE.					
	• Error output bit is FALSE.					
	• Update module information for Module ID, Vendor ID, Product Type, Product Code, and Module Revision accordingly.					
5.9	Rung condition becomes FALSE when:					
	• Enable bit is FALSE.					
	All output parameters are cleared.					
6, 7, 10, 11	No change in rung condition. Enable bit is FALSE. All output parameters are cleared.					

MODULE_INFO successful execution with error when physical module is present



Scan Cycle	Description					
1, 8	Rung condition becomes TRUE when:					
	• Enable input bit is TRUE.					
	 ModuleType or SlotID or both are valid. Module is physically present. 					
	• Done and Present output bits are TRUE.					
	• Error output bit is FALSE					
	• Update module related information for Module ID, Vendor ID, Product Type, Product Code, and Module Revision accordingly.					
2	No change in rung condition.					
	• Enable input bit is TRUE.					
	• Module input parameters are valid and module is physically present.					
	• Update output parameters accordingly.					
3, 4	No change in rung condition.					
	• Enable input bit is TRUE.					
	• ModuleType and SlotID are both are invalid. Module is physically present.					
	• Done and Present output bits are FALSE.					
	• Error output bit is TRUE and cleared.					
	 Update module information for Module ID, Vendor ID, Product Type, Product Code, and Module Revision accordingly. 					
5.9	Rung condition becomes FALSE when:					
	• Enable bit is FALSE.					
	• All output parameters are cleared.					
6, 7, 10, 11	No change in rung condition. Enable bit is FALSE. All output parameters are cleared.					

PLUGIN_INFO (plug-in information)

Read module information from a generic Plug-in or Expansion module.

Operation details:

- In Connected Components Workbench 10 or higher, the PLUGIN_INFO instruction can read any generic Plug-in or Expansion Module information, except the 2080-MEMBAK-RTC module.
- When a generic Plug-in or Expansion Module is not present, all values return to zero (0).

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, and Micro870 controllers.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
Enable	Input	BOOL	Instruction block enable.
			TRUE - execute Plug-in or Expansion module information read.
			FALSE - the instruction block is not executed. All output data values are reset to 0.
SlotID	Input	UINT	Plug-in Slot number:
			Slot ID = 1,2,3,4,5
			(Starting with the first Slot from left = 1).
			Expansion Slot number:
			Slot ID = 101, 102, 103, 104
			(Starting with the first Slot from left = 101).
ModID	Output	UINT	Plug-in Generic Module physical ID.
			• If the Expansion Module is not supported ModID = 0xFFF
			• If a Plug-in or Expansion Module is not present ModID = 0x0000
VendorID	Output	UINT	The Plug-in or Expansion Generic Module vendor ID.
			For Allen Bradley products, the vendor ID = 1.
			If a Plug-in or Expansion Module is not present VendorID = 0x0000
ProductType	Output	UINT	Plug-in or Expansion Generic Module product type.
			If a Plug-in or Expansion Module is not present ProductType = 0x0000

Chapter 16	Input/Output instructions
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ProductCode	Output	UINT	Plug-in or Expansion Generic Module product code.
			If a Plug-in or Expansion Module is not present ProductCode = 0x0000
ModRevision	Output	UINT	Plug-in or Expansion Generic Module revision information.
			If a Plug-in or Expansion Module is not present ModRevision = 0x0000
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs. Ladder Diagram adds the ENO output
			automatically.

PLUGIN_INFO Function Block Diagram example



PLUGIN_INFO Ladder Diagram example



PLUGIN_INFO Structured Text example

PLU	GIN_INFO_1 (
	void PLUGIN_INFO_1 (BOOL Enable, UINT SlotID) Type : PLUGIN_INFO, Get module information from a generic plug-in module.
1	SlotID := 1;
2	PLUGIN_INFO_1(enable, SlotID);
3	output1 := PLUGIN_INFO_1.ModID;
4	<pre>output2 := PLUGIN_INFO_1.VendorID;</pre>
5	output3 := PLUGIN_INFO_1.ProductType;
6	<pre>output4 := PLUGIN_INFO_1.ProductCode;</pre>
7	output5 := PLUGIN_INFO_1.ModRevision;

Results

🖁 Vari	able Monitoring						
Global	Variables - Micro830	Local Variables - I	JntitledST	System V	/ariables	- Micro830	< >
	Name	Logical Value	Physica	alValue	Lock	Data Ty	ре
	₹ A	- 2		- A*	- A		A*
	enable		NZA -			BOOL	
	SlotID	1	NZA			UINT	+
	output1	0	N/A			UINT	-
	output2	0	N/A			UINT	
	output3	0	N/A			UINT	
	output4	0	N/A			UINT	
	output5	0	N/A			UINT	
+	PLUGIN_INFO_1					PLUGIN_I	N 🔻
					ĸ	<u>C</u> ancel	

PLUGIN_READ (read plugin)

Reads data from a generic plug-in module.

Operation details:

- Any plug-in module except for 2080-MEMBAK-RTC modules.
- When a Plug-in Generic Module is not present, all values return to zero (0).

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, and Micro870 controllers.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
Enable	Input	BOOL	Instruction block enable.
			TRUE - execute UPM read.
			FALSE - there is no read operation and the data inside the data array is invalid.
SlotID	Input	UINT	Plug-in slot number.
			Slot ID = 1,2,3,4,5 (starting with the far left slot = 1).
Offset	Input	UINT	Address offset of the first data to be read, calculating from the first byte of the Plug-in
			Generic Module.
DataLength	Input	UINT	The number of bytes to be read.
DataArray	Input	USINT	An array used to store the data read from the Plug-in Generic Module.
Sts	Output	UINT	Status codes for PLUGIN_READ.
			Status (Sts) codes:
			• 0x00 - Function block not enabled (no operation).
			• 0x01- Plug-in operation success.
			• 0x02 - Plug-in operation fails due to an invalid Slot ID.
			• 0x03 - Plug-in operation fails since it is not a valid Plug-in Generic module.
			• 0x04 - Plug-in operation fails due to data operated out of range.
			• 0x05 - Plug-in operation fails due to a data access parity error.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

PLUGIN_READ Function Block Diagram example



PLUGIN_READ Ladder Diagram example



PLUGIN_READ Structured Text example



```
1 PLUGIN_READ_1(enable, ID, ao, dl, da);
2 sts := PLUGIN_READ_1.Sts;
```

PLUGIN_RESET (reset plugin)

Resets any Plug-in Generic Module hardware except 2080-MEMBAK-RTC modules. After the hardware reset, the Plug-in Generic Module is ready for configuration and operation.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, and Micro870 controllers.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
Enable	Input	BOOL	Instruction block enable. TRUE - execute Plug-in reset. FALSE - there is no reset operation.
SlotID	Input	UINT	Plug-in slot number. Slot ID = 1,2,3,4,5 (starting with the far left slot = 1).
Sts	Output	UINT	 PLUGIN_RESET status codes. Status (Sts) codes: 0x00 - Function block not enabled (no operation). 0x01 - Plug-in operation success. 0x02 - Plug-in operation fails due to an invalid Slot ID. 0x03 - Plug-in operation fails since it is not a valid Plug-in Generic module. -2080-M0T-HSC module configuration is in High Speed Counter Instruction mode. 0x04 - Plug-in operation fails due to adta operated out of range. 0x05 - Plug-in operation fails due to a data access parity error.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output. Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

PLUGIN_RESET Function Block Diagram example



PLUGIN_RESET Ladder Diagram example



PLUGIN_RESET Structured Text example

3 output := PLUGIN RESET 1.Sts;

Results

•	Va	aria	ıble Mor	nitoring						×
[Glob	bal \	/ariables -	Micro830	Local Variat	oles - Uni	titledST	System V	'ariab ≺	*
			Nar	ne	LogicalV	alue	Physica	IValue	Lock	-
				- A*	·	· At		- A*	- A	
			SlotID		1	N	/A			
	Þ		output		3	N	/A 👘			=
		+	PLUGIN	_RESET_1						
										¥
									- F.	
							<u>0</u> K		incel	

PLUGIN_WRITE (write plugin)

Writes a block of data to any Plug-in Generic Module hardware except 2080-MEMBAK-RTC modules.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, and Micro870 controllers.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
Enable	Input	BOOL	Instruction block enable.
			TRUE - execute Plug-in write.
			FALSE - there is no data write operation.

Chapter 16 Input/Output instructions

SlotID	Input	UINT	Plug-in slot number.		
			Slot ID = $1,2,3,4,5$ (starting with the far left slot = 1).		
AddrOffset	Input	UINT	Address offset of the first data to be written, calculating from the first byte of the		
			Plug-in Generic Module.		
DataLength	Input	UINT	The number of bytes to be written.		
DataArray	Input	USINT	Data to be written to the Plug-in Generic Module.		
Sts	Output	UINT	PLUGIN_WRITE status codes.		
			Status (Sts) codes:		
			• 0x00 - Function block not enabled (no operation).		
			• 0x01- Plug-in operation success.		
			• 0x02 - Plug-in operation fails due to an invalid Slot ID.		
			• 0x03 - Plug-in operation fails since it is not a valid Plug-in Generic module.		
			• 0x04 - Plug-in operation fails due to data operated out of range.		
			• 0x05 - Plug-in operation fails due to a data access parity error.		
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.		
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.		

PLUGIN_WRITE Function Block Diagram example







PLUGIN_WRITE Structured Text example

PLUGIN_WRITE_1

PLUGIN_WRITE_1(enable, ID, ao, dl, da);
sts := PLUGIN_WRITE_1.Sts;

RCP (recipe)

Reads the data value of a variable from the recipe data file that resides in the recipe data file folder in the SD card and updates the value to the run-time engine. Writes the variable value with the run-time engine to the recipe data file in the SD card.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, and Micro870 controllers.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
Enable	Input	BOOL	Enable recipe read/write instruction block. TRUE - Rising Edge detected, execute recipe instruction if the previous operation is completed. FALSE - Rising Edge not detected, do not execute recipe instruction.
RWFlag	Input	BOOL	TRUE - RWFlag (Write operation). Recipe writes the the variable's values with the run-time engine into a recipe data file on the SD card. FALSE - RWFlag (Read operation). The recipe reads the variable's values from the SD card and updates the corresponding variable's value to the runtime engine.
CfgID	Input	USINT	Recipe configuration VA ID number 1-10.
FileName	Input	STRING	Recipe data file name (maximum 30 characters length).
Status	Output	USINT	 Recipe instruction block current status. RCP status codes: 0 Idle 1 Doing 2 Succeed, complete without error. 3 Error, complete with error.
ErrorID	Output	UDINT	The numeric RCP error code. The definitions are defined in RCP error codes.

Error code	Error Name			
0	RCP_ERR_NONE			
1	RCP_ERR_NO_SDCARD			
2	RCP_ERR_DATAFILE_FULL			
3	RCP_ERR_DATAFILE_ACCESS			
	SD card are identified as:			
	• broken.			
	• full.			
	• read only.			
4	RCP_ERR_CFG_ABSENT			
5	RCP_ERR_CFG_ID			
6	RCP_ERR_RESOURCE_BUSY			
7	RCP_ERR_CFG_FORMAT			
8	RCP_ERR_RESERVED			
	Reserved for future possible expansion.			
9	RCP_ERR_UNKNOWN			
10	RCP_ERR_DATAFILE_NAME			
11	RCP_ERR_DATAFOLDER_INVALID			
12	RCP_ERR_DATAFILE_ABSENT			
13	RCP_ERR_DATAFILE_FORMAT			
14	RCP_ERR_DATAFILE_SIZE			
	Recipe data file size is too large (>4kb).			

----.

RCP Function Block Diagram example



RCP Ladder Diagram example



RCP Structured Text example

void **RCP_1**(BOOL Enable, BOOL RWFlag, USINT CfgID, STRING FileName) Type : RCP, Save/Restore list of data to/from SD Card Recipe file.

1 RCP_1 (EN, Enable, RWFlag, CfgID, FileName); 2 output := RCP_1.ENO 3 status := RCP_1.Status 4 error ID RCP := RCP 1.ErrorID

RTC_READ (read real-time clock)

Reads the real-time clock (RTC) module information.

Operation details:

RCP 1 (

- Micro810 or Micro820 controller with embedded RTC:
 - RTCBatLow is always set to zero (0).
 - RTCEnabled is always set to one (1).
- When the embedded RTC has lost its charge/memory due to loss of power:
 - RTCData is set to 2000/1/1/0/0/0.
 - RTCEnabled is set to one (1).

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.

The outputs are always reset when the instruction is applied to the simulated controller (2080-LC50-48QWB-SIM).



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
Enable	Input	BOOL	Instruction block enable.
			TRUE - execute RTC information read.
			FALSE - there is no read operation and output RTC data is invalid.
RTCData	Output	RTC	RTC data information: yy/mm/dd, hh/mm/ss, week.
			RTCData output is defined using the RTC data type.
RTCPresent	Output	BOOL	TRUE - Free Running clock is utilized, or RTC hardware is plugged in.
			FALSE - Free Running clock is not utilized, or RTC hardware is not plugged in.
RTCEnabled	Output	BOOL	TRUE - Free Running clock is utilized, or RTC hardware is enabled (timing).
			FALSE - Free Running clock is not utilized, RTC hardware is disabled (not timing).
RTCBatLow	Output	BOOL	TRUE - RTC battery is low.
			FALSE - RTC battery is not low.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

RTC data type

Use this table to help determine the parameter values for the RTC data type.

Parameter	Data type	Description	
Year	UINT	The year setting for the RTC. 16-bit value, and the valid range is from 2000 (Jan 01, 00:00:00) to 2098 (Dec. 31, 23:59:59)	
Month	UINT	e month setting for the RTC.	
Day	UINT	he day setting for the RTC.	
Hour	UINT	The hour setting for the RTC.	
Minute	UINT	he minute setting for the RTC.	
Second	UINT	The second setting for the RTC.	
DayOfWeek	UINT	The day of the week setting for the RTC. This parameter is ignored for RTC_SET.	

RTC_READ Function Block Diagram example



RTC_READ Ladder Diagram example



RTC_READ Structured Text example



RTC_SET (set real-time clock)

Set RTC (real-time clock) data to the RTC module information.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.

The outputs are always reset when the instruction is applied to the simulated controller (2080-LC50-48QWB-SIM).



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
Enable	Input	BOOL	Instruction block enable. TRUE - execute RTC_SET with the RTC information from input. Typically, only execute for 1 program scan when updating the RTC. FALSE - do not execute RTC_SET. Set to FALSE to operate RTC normally.
RTCEnable	Input	BOOL	TRUE - To enable RTC with the RTC data specified. FALSE - To disable RTC.
RTCData	Input	RTC	RTC data information: yy/mm/dd, hh/mm/ss, week as defined in the RTC data type. RTCData is ignored when RTCEnable = 0.
RTCPresent	Output	BOOL	TRUE - Free Running clock is utilized, or RTC hardware is plugged in. FALSE - Free Running clock is not utilized, or RTC hardware is not plugged in.
RTCEnabled	Output	BOOL	TRUE - Free Running clock is utilized, or RTC hardware is enabled (timing). FALSE - Free Running clock is not utilized, or RTC hardware is disabled (not timing).
RTCBatLow	Output	BOOL	TRUE - RTC battery is low. FALSE - RTC battery is not low.
Sts	Output	USINT	 The read operation status. RTC_Set status (Sts) values: 0x00 - Function block not enabled (no operation). 0x01 - RTC set operation success. 0x02 - RTC set operation fails.

RTC data type

Use this table to help determine the parameter values for the RTC data type.

Parameter	Data type	Description	
Year	UINT	The year setting for the RTC. 16-bit value, and the valid range is from 2000 (Jan 01, 00:00:00) to 2098 (Dec. 31, 23:59:59)	
Month	UINT	ne month setting for the RTC.	
Day	UINT	The day setting for the RTC.	
Hour	UINT	The hour setting for the RTC.	
Minute	UINT	he minute setting for the RTC.	
Second	UINT	The second setting for the RTC.	
DayOfWeek	UINT	The day of the week setting for the RTC. This parameter is ignored for RTC_SET.	

RTC_SET Function Block Diagram example



RTC_SET Ladder Diagram example



RTC_SET Structured Text example



SYS_INFO

Reads the status data block for the Micro800 controller.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
-----------	----------------	-----------	-------------

Enable	Input	BOOL	Instruction block enable.
			TRUE - execute read operation.
			FALSE - do not execute function.
Sts	Output	SYSINFO	System status data block.
			The Sts output is defined in the <u>SYS_INFO data type</u> on page 391.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

SYS_INFO Function Block Diagram example



SYS_INFO Ladder Diagram example



SYS_INFO Structured Text example



Results

er Globa	l Variables - Micro850 L	ocal Variables - F	Prog1 System Variab	les - Micro850 1/	0 - Micro	850 Defined W
	Name 🔺	Logical Valu	e Physical Value	Initial Value	Lock	Data Type
	· A	•		- A*		
ena	able	1	N/A			BOOL
- out	tput	•••• 	······································	••••		SYSINFO
	output.BootMajRev	3	N/A			UINT
	output.BootMinRev	4	N/A			UINT
	output.OSSeries	0	N/A			UINT
	output.OSMajRev	12	N/A			UINT
	output.OSMinRev	11	N/A			UINT
	output.ModeBehavio		N/A			BOOL
	output.FaultOverrid		N/A			BOOL
	output.StrtUpProtect		N/A			BOOL
	output.MajErrHalted		N/A			BOOL
	output.MajErrCode	0	N/A			UINT
	output.MajErrUFR		N/A			BOOL
	output.UFRPouNum	0	N/A			UINT
	output.MMLoadAlwa		N/A			BOOL
	output.MMLoadOnE		N/A			BOOL
	output.MMPwdMism		N/A			BOOL
	output.FreeRunCloc	6726	N/A			UINT
	output.ForcesInstall		N/A			BOOL
	output.EmInFilterMo		N/A			BOOL
∓ SY	S_INFO_1		••• ::			SYS_INFO

SYS_INFO data type

The following table describes the SYSINFO data type.

Parameter	Data type	Description	
BootMajRev	UINT	Boot Major Revision.	
BootMinRev	UINT	Boot Minor Revision.	
Operating System Series	UINT	Operating System Series:	
		O indicates a series A device	
		1 indicates a series B device	
OSMajRev	UINT	OS Major Revision.	
OSMinRev	UINT	OS Minor Revision.	
ModeBehaviour	BOOL	Mode Behavior (TRUE: Go to RUN on power up).	
FaultOverride	BOOL	Fault Override (TRUE: Override error on power up).	
StrtUpProtect	BOOL	Startup Protection (TRUE: Run startup protection program on power up).	
		For future release.	
MajErrHalted	BOOL	Major error halted (TRUE: Major error halted).	
MajErrCode	UINT	Major error code.	
MajErrUFR	BOOL	Major error during user fault routine.	
		For future release.	
UFRPouNum	UINT	User fault routine program number.	

Chapter 16 Input/Output instructions

Parameter	Data type	Description
MMLoadAlways	BOOL	Memory Module restore to controller always on power up (TRUE: Restore).
MMLoadOnError	BOOL	Memory Module restore to controller if power up with error (TRUE: Restore).
MMPwdMismatch	BOOL	Memory Module password mismatch (TRUE: Controller and Memory Module password mismatch).
FreeRunClock	UINT	Free running clock that increments every 100 microseconds from 0 to 65535 and then returns to 0. You can use the Clock, which is globally accessible, if you need more resolution than the standard 1 millisecond timer. Only supported for Micro830 and Micro850 controllers. Value for Micro810 controllers remains 0.
ForcesInstall	BOOL	Forces enabled (TRUE: Enabled).
EMINFilterMod	BOOL	Embedded filter modified (TRUE: Modified).

TRIMPOT_READ (read trimpot)

Reads the trimpot value from a specific trimpot.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, and Micro870 controllers.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description	
Enable	Input	BOOL	Instruction block enable. TRUE - execute Trimpot read. FALSE - there is no read operation and output Trimpot value is invalid.	
TrimPotID	Input	UINT	The ID of the Trimpot to be read. TrimPotID is defined in <u>Trimpot ID definitions</u> on <u>page</u> <u>393</u> .	
TrimPotValue	Output	UINT	Current trimpot value.	
Sts	Output	UINT	The Trimpot read operation status. TRIMPOT status (Sts) codes: • 0x00 - Function block not enabled (no read/write operation). • 0x01- Read/write operation success. • 0x02 - Read/write operation fails due to an invalid Trimpot ID. • 0x03 - Write operation fails due to an out of range value.	
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output. Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.	

TRIMPOT Function Block Diagram example



TRIMPOT Ladder Diagram example



TRIMPOT Structured Text example

1 2

TRIMPOT_READ_1[
void TRIMPOT_READ_1(BOOL Enable, UINT TrimPotID)
Type : TRIMPOT_READ, Read the Trimpot value from a specific Trimpot.
TRIMPOT_READ_1 (enable, ID);
value := TRIMPOT_READ_1.TrimPotValue;

3 status := TRIMPOT_READ_1.Sts;

Trimpot ID definition

The following table describes the Trimpot ID definition used in the <u>TRIMPOT_read instruction</u> on <u>page 392</u>.

Output selection	Bit	Description
Trimpot ID definition	15 - 13	Module type of trimpot: • 0x00 - Embedded. • 0x01 - Expansion.
	12 - 8	 0x02 - Plug-in Port. Slot ID of the module: 0x00 - Embedded. 0x01-0x1F - ID of Expansion Module. 0x01-0x05 - ID of Plug-in Port.
	7 - 4	Trimpot type: • 0x00 - Reserved. • 0x01 - Digital Trimpot Type 1 (LCD Module 1). • 0x02 - Mechanical Trimpot Module 1.

Input/Output instructions

Output selection	Bit	Description
	3 - 0	Trimpot ID inside the module:
		• 0x00-0x0F - Embedded.
		• 0x00-0x07 - ID of Trimpot for Expansion.
		• 0x00-0x07 - ID of Trimpot for Plug-in Port.
		The trimpot ID starts from 0.

Interrupt instructions

Use Interrupt instructions to signal the processor that an event needs attention. Usually the interrupt signal is used for high-priority conditions that require interruption of the current code the processor is executing.

Function	Description
STIS on page 395	Starts the selected timed user interrupt (STI) timer from the control program rather than starting automatically.
UIC on page 397	Clears the lost bit for the selected user interrupt.
UID on page 398	Disables a specific user interrupt.
<u>UIE</u> on <u>page 400</u>	Enables a specific user input.
<u>UIF</u> on <u>page 402</u>	Flushes or removes a pending user input.

STIS (select timed start)

Starts the selectable timed user interrupt (STI) timer from the control program rather than starting automatically.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
Enable	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - start the STI timer from the control program.
			FALSE - do not perform function.
IRQТуре	Input	UDINT	Use the STI defined words.
			- IRQ_STIO
			- IRQ_STI1
			- IRQ_STI2
			- IRQ_STI3
SetPoint	Input	UINT	The amount of time (in ms) which must expire prior to executing the selectable
			timed interrupt.
			A value of 0 disables the STIS function.
			A value between 1 and 65535 enables the STIS function.

Chapter 17	Interrupt instructions				
STIS	Output	BOOL	Rung status (same as Enable).		

STIS Function Block Diagram example



STIS Ladder Diagram example



STIS Structured Text example



TESTOUTPUT := STIS(TESTENABLE, 2, 1000);
📲 Va	ariable Monitoring				-	-	
User	Global Variables - Micro850	Local Variables - RA	_STIS_ST	System	Variables - Micro	850 I/C) - Microl
	Name	▲ Logical Value	Physica	al Value	Initial Value	Lock	Dat
	- 6	A*			- A*		
	enable	V	N/A				BOOL
	IRQType	131072	N/A				UDINT
	output	7	N/A				BOOL
	SetPoint	1000	N/A				UINT
4							

Chapter 17

Interrupt instructions

UIC (clear interrupt lost bit)

Clears the lost bit for the selected user interrupt(s).

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description	
Enable	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.	
			TRUE - start clear bit	operation.
			FALSE - do not perfo	rm function.
IRQType	Input	UDINT	Use the STI defined	- IRQ_HSC3
			words.	- IRQ_HSC4
			- IRQ_EIIO	- IRQ_HSC5
			- IRQ_EII1	- IRQ_STIO
			- IRQ_EII2	- IRQ_STI1
			- IRQ_EII3	- IRQ_STI2
			- IRQ_EII4	- IRQ_STI3
			- IRQ_EII5	- IRQ_UFR
			- IRQ_EII6	- IRQ_UPMO
			- IRQ_EII7	- IRQ_UPM1
			- IRQ_HSCO	- IRQ_UPM2
			- IRQ_HSC1	- IRO_UPM3
			- IRQ_HSC2	- IRQ_UPM4
UIC	Output	BOOL	Rung status (same as	s Enable).

UIC Function Block Diagram example



UIC Ladder Diagram example



UIC Structure Text example

```
1 enable := TRUE;
2 IRQType := 2;
3 output := UIC (enable, IRQType);
```

Results

User (Global Variables - Micro850	Local Variables - R.	A_UIC_ST	System \	/ariables - Micro8	50 I/O	- Micro850	De 1
	Name	✓ Logical Value	Physic	al Value	Initial Value	Lock	Data	аТуре
	- 6	₽ª			- A+			- A
	output		NZA				BOOL	*
•	IRQType	2	NZA				UDINT	
	enable		NZA				BOOL	*
4								

UID (disable interrupt)

Disables a specific user interrupt(s).

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description	
Enable	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.	
			TRUE - start the disable operation	
			FALSE - do not perform function.	
IRQType	Input	UDINT	Use the STI defined words.	- IRQ_HSC3
			- IRQ_EIIO	- IRQ_HSC4
			- IRQ_EII1	- IRQ_HSC5
			- IRQ_EII2	- IRQ_STIO
			- IRQ_EII3	- IRQ_STI1
			- IRQ_EII4	- IRQ_STI2
			- IRQ_EII5	- IRQ_STI3
			- IRQ_EII6	- IRQ_UFR
			- IRQ_EII7	- IRQ_UPMO
			- IRQ_HSCO	- IRQ_UPM1
			- IRQ_HSC1	- IRQ_UPM2
			- IRQ_HSC2	- IRQ_UPM3
				- IRQ_UPM4
UID	Output	BOOL	Rung status (same as Enable).	

UID Function Block Diagram example



UID Ladder Diagram example



UID Structured Text example

UID	(
	BOOL UID (BOOL Enable, UDINT IR Disable specific user interrupt.	(QType)
2	enable := TRUE; IRQType := 2; output := UID(enable,	IRQType)
(* ST	Equivalence: *)	

TESTOUTPUT := UID(TESTENABLE, 2);

Results

Jser Gl	obal Variables - Micro850	Local Variables - RA	UID_ST System	/ariables - Micro8	50 I/O	- Micro8!
	Name	 Logical Value 	Physical Value	Initial Value	Lock	Data T
	- 0	£+		· A*		
	output		N/A			BOOL
	IRQType	2	N/A			UDINT
	enable	~	N/A			BOOL
•)

;

UIE (enable interrupt)

Enables a specific user interrupt.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description
Enable	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.
			TRUE - start enable operation.
			FALSE - do not perform function.

			Chapter 17	Interrupt instructions
IRQType	Input	UDINT	Use the STI defined words.	- IRQ_HSC3
			- IRQ_EIIO	- IRQ_HSC4
			- IRQ_EII1	- IRQ_HSC5
			- IRQ_EII2	- IRQ_STIO
			- IRQ_EII3	- IRQ_STI1
			- IRQ_EII4	- IRQ_STI2
			- IRQ_EII5	- IRQ_STI3
			- IRQ_EII6	- IRQ_UFR
			- IRQ_EII7	- IRQ_UPMO
			- IRQ_HSCO	- IRQ_UPM1
			- IRQ_HSC1	- IRQ_UPM2
			- IRQ_HSC2	- IRQ_UPM3
				- IRQ_UPM4
UIE	Output	BOOL	Rung status (same as Enable).	

UIE Function Block Diagram example



UIE Ladder Diagram example



UIE Structured Text example



Results

User Global Variables - Micr	o850 Local	Variables - RA	UIE_ST System \	/ariables - Micro8	50 1/0	- Micro 8! 1
Name			Physical Value		Lock	Data Ty
	- A+			- A+		
output			N/A			BOOL
IRQType	2		N/A			UDINT
enable		1	N/A			BOOL
•						•
						Close

UIF (flush pending interrupt)

Flushes or removes a pending user interrupt.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Parameter	Parameter Type	Data Type	Description	
Enable	Input	BOOL	Instruction enable.	
			TRUE - start UIF operation.	
			FALSE - do not perform function.	
IRQType	Input	UDINT	Use the STI defined words.	- IRQ_HSC3
			- IRQ_EIIO	- IRQ_HSC4
			- IRQ_EII1	- IRQ_HSC5
			- IRQ_EII2	- IRQ_STIO
			- IRQ_EII3	- IRQ_STI1
			- IRQ_EII4	- IRQ_STI2
			- IRQ_EII5	- IRQ_STI3
			- IRQ_EII6	- IRQ_UFR
			- IRQ_EII7	- IRQ_UPMO
			- IRQ_HSCO	- IRQ_UPM1
			- IRQ_HSC1	- IRQ_UPM2
			- IRQ_HSC2	- IRQ_UPM3
				- IRQ_UPM4
UIF	Output	BOOL	Rung status (same as Enable).	

UIF Function Block Diagram example



UIF Ladder Diagram example



UIF Structured Text example

UI	F (BOOL UIF (BOOL Enable, UDINT IR Flush specific user interrupt.	QType)
1 2 3	enable := TRUE; IRQType := 2; output := UIF(enable,	IRQType)
(* SI	ſ Equivalence: *)	

TESTOUTPUT := UIF(TESTENABLE, 2);

Results

lser	Global Variables - Micro850	Local Variables - RA	_UIF_ST System \	/ariables - Micro85	50 I/O ·	Micro8
	Name	▲ Logical Value	Physical Value	Initial Value	Lock	Data T
		A+		* A*		
	enable	v	N/A			BOOL
•	IRQType	2	N/A			UDINT
	output		N/A			BOOL
0-						•

;

Motion control instructions

Use the motion control instructions to program and design the motion of a particular axis. Motion control requires Connected Components Workbench 2.0 or higher.



Tip:

- Administrative instructions support both PTO motion and Feedback motion.
- The motion control instructions that support an FBAxis are: MC_ReadActualPosition and MC_ReadActualVelocity.

Instruction	Description			
Administrative				
<u>MC_AbortTrigger</u> on <u>page 415</u>	Cancells Motion function blocks that are connected to trigger events.			
<u>MC_Power</u> on page 436	Control the power stage, ON or OFF.			
MC_ReadAxisError on page 447	Reads the axis errors not related to the Motion control instruction blocks.			
MC_ReadBoolParameter on page 451	Returns the value of a vendor specific parameter of type BOOL.			
MC_ReadParameter on page 454	Returns the value of a vendor specific parameter of type Real.			
MC_ReadStatus on page 456	Returns the status of the axis with respect to the motion currently in progress.			
MC_Reset on page 461	Transitions the axis state from ErrorStop to StandStill by resetting all internal axis-related errors.			
MC_SetPosition on page 463	Shifts the coordinate system of an axis by manipulating the actual position.			
MC_TouchProbe on page 470	Records an axis position at a trigger event.			
MC_WriteBoolParameter on page 473	Modifies the value of a vendor specific parameter of type BOOL.			
MC_WriteParameter on page 475	Modifies the value of a vendor specific parameter of type REAL.			
Motion				
<u>MC_Halt</u> on page 418	Commands a controlled motion stop under normal operating conditions.			
<u>MC_Home</u> on <u>page 421</u>	Commands the axis to perform the < <i>search home</i> > sequence.			
<u>MC_MoveAbsolute</u> on page 424	Commands a controlled motion to a specified absolute position.			
<u>MC_MoveRelative</u> on <u>page 428</u>	Commands a controlled motion of a specified distance relative to the actual position at the time of the execution.			
MC_MoveVelocity on page 432	Commands a never ending controlled motion at a specified velocity.			
MC_ReadActualPosition on page 440	Returns the actual position of the feedback axis.			
	Requires Connected Components Workbench 8 or higher.			
<u>MC_ReadActualVelocity</u> on <u>page 444</u>	Returns the actual velocity of the feedback axis.			
	Requires Connected Components Workbench 8 or higher.			
MC_Stop on page 466	Commands a controlled motion stop and transfers the axis state to Stopping.			

General rules for motion control function blocks

The general rules for the Micro800 <u>motion control function blocks</u> on <u>page</u> <u>405</u> follow the PLCopen Motion control specifications. The following table

Rule applies to	Rule				
Input parameters	 With Execute: The parameters are used with the rising edge of the execute input. To modify any parameter, change the input parameter(s) and trigger the motion again. If an instance of a function block receives a new Execute before it finishes (as a series of commands on the same instance), the new Execute is ignored, and the previously issued instruction continues with its execution. With Enable: The parameters are used with the rising edge of the enable input and can be modified continuously. 				
Missing input parameters	Missing input is captured during User Application compilation. There is no missing input error handling at the controller level.				
Inputs exceeding application limits	If a function block is commanded with parameters that result in a violation of application limits, the instance of the function block generates an error. In this case, the Error output is flagged On, and error information is indicated by the output ErrorID. The controller, in most cases, remains in Run mode, and there is no Motion Error reported as a major controller fault.				
Sign rules for inputs	The Acceleration, Deceleration, and Jerk inputs are always positive values. Velocity, Position and Distance inputs can have positive and negative values.				
Position versus Distance	Position is a value defined within a coordinate system. Distance is a relative measure related to technical units. Distance is the difference between two positions.				
Position/Distance input	Only linear motion is supported on Micro800 controllers. For MC_MoveAbsolute function block, the position input is the absolute location to be commanded to the axis. For MC_MoveRelative, the distance input is the relative location (considering current axis position is 0) from current position.				
Velocity input	Velocity can be a signed value, but it can also use Direction input to define the sign of the velocity (negative velocity x negative direction = positive velocity). The E parameter "Direction" refers to the velocity input and output for compatibility reasons.				
Direction input	For distance (position) motion, with the target position (either absolute, or relative) defined, the motion direction is unique. The direction input for distance move is ignored. For velocity motion, direction input value can be 1 (positive direction), 0 (current direction) or -1 (negative direction). For any other value, only the sign is considered. For example, -3 denotes negative direction, +2 denotes positive direction, and so on. For velocity move (MC_MoveVelocity), the sign (velocity x direction) determines the actual motion direction if the value is not 0. For example, if velocity x direction = +300, then direction is positive.				
Acceleration, Deceleration and Jerk inputs	 Deceleration or Acceleration inputs should have a positive value. If Deceleration or Acceleration is set to a non-positive value, the function block reports an error (Error ID: MC_FB_ERR_RANGE). Jerk input should have a non-negative value. If Jerk is set to a negative value, the function block reports an error (Error ID: MC_FB_ERR_RANGE). If Maximum Jerk is set to zero, all jerk parameters for the motion control function block, including jerk setting for MC_Stop have to be set to zero. If they are not, the function block reports an error (Error ID: MC_FB_ERR_RANGE). If Jerk is set to a non-zero value, S-Curve profile is generated; if Jerk is set to 0, trapezoidal profile is generated. Home Jerk configuration is not limited to Max Jerk configuration. If the motion engine fails to generate the motion profile prescribed by the dynamic input parameters, the function block reports an error (Error ID: MC_FB_ERR_PROFILE). 				

provides general rules about the interface of motion control function blocks.

Rule applies to	Rule
Output exclusivity	 With Execute: When Execute is TRUE, one of the Busy, Done, Error, or CommandAborted outputs must also be TRUE. The outputs are mutually exclusive: only one output on one function block can be TRUE. Only one of the outputs Active, Error, Done and CommandAborted is set at one time. With Enable: The Valid and Error outputs are mutually exclusive: only one output on one function block can be TRUE.
Output status	With Execute: The Done, Error, ErrorID and CommandAborted outputs are reset with the falling edge of Execute instruction. However, the falling edge of Execute does not stop or influence the execution of the actual function block. Even if Execute is reset before the function block completes, the corresponding outputs are set for at least one cycle. If an instance of a function block receives a new Execute command before it completes (as a series of commands on the same instance), the new Execute command is ignored, and the previously issued instruction continues with execution. With Enable: Valid, Enabled, Busy, Error, and ErrorID outputs are reset with the falling edge of Enable as soon as possible.
Behavior of Done output	 The Done output is set when the commanded action has successfully completed. When multiple function blocks are working on the same axis in a sequence, the following applies: When one movement on an axis is interrupted with another movement on the same axis without having reached the final goal, Done on the first function block will not be set.
Behavior of Busy output	Every function block can have a Busy output, indicating the function block is not finished (for function blocks with an Execute input) or is not working and new output values can be expected (in case of Enable input). Busy is set at the rising edge of Execute and reset when one of the outputs Done, Aborted, or Error is set. The function block should be kept in the active loop of the application program for at least as long as Busy is TRUE because the outputs may change. Function blocks with the same instance that are busy cannot execute until it is no longer busy. Function blocks with different instances can override the currently executing function block.
Behavior of CommandAborted output	The CommandAborted output is set when a commanded motion is interrupted by another motion command. The reset behavior of CommandAborted output is similar to Done output. When CommandAborted occurs, other output signals such as InVelocity are reset.
Output Active	The Active output is required on buffered function blocks, and is set at the moment the function block takes control of the motion of the according axis. For unbuffered mode, the Active and Busy outputs can have the same value.
Enable and Valid status	The Enable input is coupled to a Valid output. Enable is level sensitive, and Valid shows that a valid set of outputs is available at the function block. The Valid output is TRUE as long as a valid output value is available and the Enable input is TRUE. The relevant output value can be refreshed as long as the input Enable is TRUE. If there is a function block error, the output is not valid (Valid set to FALSE). When the error condition disappears, the values reappear and Valid output is set again.
Output error handling	Outputs used to define errors All blocks have the following two outputs that are used for errors that occur during execution: • Error - Rising edge of "Error" informs that an error occurred during the execution of the function block. • ErrorID - Error number. Done and InVelocity outputs are used for successful completion so they are logically exclusive to Error. Instance errors do not always result in an axis error (bringing the axis to ErrorStop). How the error outputs are reset • Error outputs of the relevant function blocks are reset with the falling edge of Execute and Enable. • The error outputs of a function block with Enable can be reset during operation without having to reset Enable.

Rule applies to	Rule			
	Types of errors			
	• Function blocks logics (for example, parameters out of range, state machine violation attempted, and so on)			
	• HW Limit or SW Limit			
	Mechanism/Motor			
	• Drive			
Naming conventions ENUM types	Due to the naming constraints in the IEC standard on the uniqueness of variable names, the 'mc' reference to the PLCopen Motion Control namespace is used for the ENUMs.			
	In this way we avoid the conflict that using the ENUM types 'positive' and 'negative' for instance with variables with these names throughout the rest of the project since they are called mcPositive and mcNegative respectively.			

Motion control function block parameter details	The following topics provide details for motion control parameters that are relevant to all motion control function blocks.		
	<u>Motion control axis states</u> on <u>page 408</u>		
	<u>Motion control function block parameter numbers on page 410</u>		
	Motion control function block error IDs on page 411		
Motion control axis states	The basic rule for the behavior of the axis at a high level when multiple motion control function blocks are activated is that motion commands are always taken sequentially, even if the controller has the capability of real parallel processing. Any motion command is a transition that changes the state of the axis and, as a consequence, modifies the way the current motion is computed.		

Motion control axis state diagram

The axis is always in one of the defined states as shown in the following diagram.



Motion control axis state behavior

No	Note
1	In the ErrorStop and Stopping states, all function blocks (except MC_Reset), can be called although they will not be executed. MC_Reset generates a transition to the Standstill state. If an error occurs while the state machine is in the Stopping state, a transition to the ErrorStop state is generated.
2	Power.Enable = TRUE and there is an error in the axis.
3	Power.Enable = TRUE and there is no error in the axis
4	MC_Stop.Done AND NOT MC_Stop.Execute.
5	When MC_Power is called with Enable = False, the axis goes to the Disabled state for every state including ErrorStop.
6	If an error occurs while the state machine is in Stopping state, a transition to the ErrorStop state is generated.

Motion control axis state code values

You can monitor the axis state using the Axis Monitor feature. The following table identifies the values used to define each of the predefined axis states.

State value	State name
0x00	Disabled
0x01	Standstill
0x02	Discrete Motion
0x03	Continuous Motion

0x04	Homing
0x06	Stopping
0x07	Error Stop

Axis state updates

On motion execution, the axis state update is dependent on when the relevant motion function block is called by the POU scan. This is the case even though the motion profile is controlled by the Motion Engine as a background task, and is independent from the POU scan.

For example, on a moving axis on a Ladder POU (state of a rung=true), an MC_MoveRelative function block in the rung is scanned and the axis starts to move. Before MC_MoveRelative completes, the state of the rung becomes False, and MC_MoveRelative is no longer scanned. In this case, the state of the axis cannot switch from Discrete Motion to StandStill, even after the axis fully stops, and the velocity comes to 0.

	Monitoring						×
Jser Globa	I Variables - Micro870	Local Variables - N	V/A System Var	iables - Micro870	I/O - Micro870	Define	d Word
	Name	Alias	Logical Value	Physical Value	Initial Value	Lock	Da
	· 01.	* <i>O</i> **			* #*		
	TION_DIAG						мот
🕨 🖃 Axis	0		••••				AXIS
	Axis0.ErrorFlag			N/A			B00
	Axis0.AxisHome			N/A			BOO
	Axis0.ConstVel			N/A			B00
	Axis0.AccelFlag			N/A			B00
	Axis0.DecelFla			N/A			BOO
	Axis0.AxisState		1	N/A			USIN
	Axis0.ErrorID		0	N/A			UINT
11 E I	Axis0.ExtraDate		0	N/A			UINT
	Axis0.TargetPo		2345.66	N/A			REA
	Axis0.Comman(2345.66	N/A			REA
	Axis0.TargetVe		100.0	N/A			REA
	Axis0.Comman(0.0	N/A			REA
axis	0_done			N/A			B00
•							
						Close	

Motion control function block parameter numbers

The following function blocks use specific parameter numbers when the function blocks are programmed.

- MC_ReadParameter
- MC_ReadBoolParameter
- MC_WriteParameter
- MC_WriteBoolParameter

Parameter number identification

Parameter numbers between 0 and 999 are reserved for standard parameters. Extensions by a supplier or user are also allowed, although using them can affect portability between different platforms. If the parameter number is greater than 999, the parameter is supplier-specific.

Parameter number	Parameter Name	Data type	R/W	Description	
1	Commanded Position	REAL	R	Commanded position.	
2	SWLimitPos	REAL	R/W	Positive software limit switch position.	
3	SWLimitNeg	REAL	R/W	Negative software limit switch position.	
4	EnableLimitPos	BOOL	R/W	Enable positive software limit switch.	
5	EnableLimitNeg	BOOL	R/W	Enable negative software limit switch.	
8	MaxVelocitySystem	REAL	R	Maximal allowed velocity of the axis in the motion system.	
9	MaxVelocityAppl	REAL	R/W	Maximal allowed velocity of the axis in the application.	
11	CommandedVelocity	REAL	R	Commanded velocity.	
12	MaxAccelerationSystem	REAL	R	Maximal allowed acceleration of the axis in the motion system.	
13	MaxAccelerationAppl	REAL	R/W	Maximal allowed acceleration of the axis in the application.	
14	MaxDecelerationSystem	REAL	R	Maximal allowed deceleration of the axis in the system.	
15	MaxDecelerationAppl	REAL	R/W	Maximal allowed deceleration of the axis in the application.	
16	MaxJerk	REAL	R/W	Maximal allowed jerk of the axis.	
1001	TargetPosition	REAL	R	The final target position for current active moving function block	
1002	TargetVelocity1	REAL	R	The final target velocity for current active moving function block.	
1005	Duty Cycle	REAL	R/W	The pulse duty cycle for one pulse. The valid value is 0 – 100, indicating 0% - 100%. (PWM function can be realized by adjusting this value). This parameter is configurable only using this Function Block. The default value is set 50.0 by the controller.	
				Note : For Duty Cycle, the value will be overwritten by the default setting, 50.0 when the controller is switched from RUN mode to PRG and RUN again, or when the controller power is cycled.	
1006	PulsePerRevolution	REAL	R	The Pulse per Revolution setting input by user in CCW GUI.	
1007	TravelPerRevolution	REAL	R	The Travel per Revolution setting input by user in CCW GUI.	

Motion control function block error IDs

When a motion control function block ends with an error and the axis state is ErrorStop, use MC_Reset function block or MC_Power Off/On and MC_Reset to recover the axis. The axis can be reset to normal motion operation without stopping the controller operation.

Use this table to help determine the errors for the motion control function blocks.

Value	MACRO ID	Description
00	MC_FB_ERR_ NO	The function block execution is successful.
01	MC_FB_ERR_ WRONG_STATE	The function block cannot execute because the axis is not in the correct state. Check the <u>axis state</u> on <u>page 408</u> .

Value	MACRO ID	Description					
02	MC_FB_ERR_ RANGE	The function block cannot execute because there is invalid axis dynamic parameter(s)(velocity, acceleration, deceleration, or jerk) set in the function block. Correct the setting for the dynamic parameters in the function block against Axis Dynamics configuration page.					
03	MC_FB_ERR_ PARAM	The function block cannot execute because there is invalid parameter other than velocity, acceleration, deceleration, or jerk, set in the function block. Correct the setting for the parameters (for example, mode or position) for the function block.					
04	MC_FB_ERR_ AXISNUM	The function block cannot execute because the axis does not exist, the axis configuration data is corrupted, or the axis is not correctly configured.					
05	MC_FB_ERR_ MECHAN	The function block cannot execute because this axis gets a fault due to drive or mechanical issues. Check the connection between the drive and the controller (Drive Ready and In-Position signals), and ensure the drive is operating normally.					
06	MC_FB_ERR_ NOPOWER	The function block cannot execute because the axis is not powered on. Power on the axis using MC_Power function block.					
07	MC_FB_ERR_ RESOURCE	 The function block cannot execute because the resource required by the function block is controlled by some other function block or it is not available. Ensure the resource required by the function block is available for use. Examples: MC_Power try to control the same axis. MC_Stop are executed against the same axis at the same time. MC_TouchProbe are executed against the same axis at the same time.) MC_TouchProbe is executed, while touch probe input is not enabled in Motion Configuration. 					
08	MC_FB_ERR_ PROFILE	The function block cannot execute because the motion profile defined in the function block cannot be achieved. Correct the profile in the function block.					
09	MC_FB_ERR_ VELOCITY	 The function block cannot execute because the motion profile requested in the function block cannot be achieved due to current axis velocity. Examples: The function block requests the axis to reverse the direction while the axis is moving. The required motion profile cannot be achieved due to current velocity too low or too high. Check the motion profile setting in the function block, and correct the profile, or re-execute the function block when the axis velocity is compatible with the requested motion profile. 					
AO	MC_FB_ERR_ SOFT_LIMIT	This function block cannot execute as it will end up moving beyond the Soft Limit, or the function block is cancelled as the Soft Limit has been reached. Check the velocity or target position settings in the function block, or adjust Soft Limit setting.					
OB	MC_FB_ERR_ HARD_LIMIT	This function block is cancelled as the Hard Limit switch active state has been detected during axis movement, or cancelled as the Hard Limit switch active state has been detected before axis movement starts. Move the axis away from the Hard Limit switch in the opposite direction.					
OC	MC_FB_ERR_ LOG_LIMIT	This function block cannot execute as it will end up moving beyond the PTO Accumulator logic limit, or the function block is cancelled as the PTO Accumulator logic limit has been reached. Check the velocity or target position settings for the function block. Or use MC_SetPosition function block to adjust the axis coordinate system.					
OD	MC_FB_ERR_ ERR_ENGINE	A motion engine execution error is detected during the execution of this function block. Power cycle the whole motion setup, including controller, drives and actuators, and re-download the User Application. If the fault persists, call Tech support.					

Value	MACRO ID	Description
10	MC_FB_ERR_ NOT_HOMED	The function block cannot execute because the axis need to be homed first. Execute homing against the axis using MC_Home function block.
80	MC_FB_ERR_ PARAM_MODIFIED	Warning: The requested velocity for the axis has been adjusted to a lower value. The function block executes successfully at a lower velocity.

Axis error scenarios

In most cases, when a movement function block instruction issued to an axis results in a function block error, the axis transitions to an Error state, and the corresponding ErrorID element is set on the AXIS_REF data for the axis.

In the following situations, the axis may not transition to an Error state, and it is possible for the user application to issue a successful movement function block to the axis after the axis state changes.

Scenario	Example
A movement function block instructs an axis, but the axis is in a state in which the function block cannot be executed properly.	The axis has no power, or the axis is in a Homing sequence, or in an Error Stop state.
A movement function block instructs an axis, but the axis is still controlled by another movement function block. The axis cannot allow the motion to be controlled by the new function block without going to a full stop.	The new function block commands the axis to change motion direction.
When one movement function block tries to control an axis, but the axis is still controlled by another movement function block, and the newly-defined motion profile cannot be realized by the controller.	User Application issues an S-Curve MC_MoveAbsolute function block to an axis with too short a distance given when the axis is moving.

AXIS_REF data type

The AXIS_REF data type is a data structure that contains information for a motion axis and is used as an input and output variable in all motion control function blocks. An instance of an AXIS_REF data type is automatically created when you add a motion axis to the configuration.

Parameter	Data type	Description
Axis_ID	AXIS_REF	The logic axis ID automatically assigned by Connected Components Workbench. It cannot be edited or viewed by user.
Error Flag	BOOL	Indicates whether an error is present in the axis. Once an axis is flagged with an error, and the error ID is not zero, the axis must be reset using MC_Reset before issuing any other movement function block.
AxisHomed	BOOL	Indicates whether homing operation is successfully executed for the axis or not. When the user tries to redo homing for an axis with AxisHomed already set (homing performed successfully), and the result is not successful, the AxisHomed status is cleared.
ConstVel	BOOL	Indicates whether the axis is in Constant Velocity movement or not. Stationary axis is not considered in Constant Velocity.
AccFlag	BOOL	Indicates whether the axis is in an Accelerating movement or not.
DecelFlag	BOOL	Indicates whether the axis is in an Decelerating movement or not.
AxisState	USINT	Indicates the current state of the axis.
ErrorID	UINT	Indicates the cause for axis error when error is indicated by ErrorFlag. This error usually results from motion control function block execution failure.

Chapter 18 Motion control instructions

ExtraData	UINT	Reserved.
TargetPos	REAL	Indicates the final target position of the axis for MoveAbsolute and MoveRelative function blocks. For MoveVelocity, Stop, and Halt function blocks, TargetPos is 0 except when the TargetPos set by previous position function blocks is not cleared.
CommandPos	REAL	During motion, this is the current position the controller commands the axis to take. There may be a slight delay between the axis actual position and this CommandPos.
TargetVel	REAL	The maximum target velocity instructed to the axis for a moving function block. The value of TargetVel in current function block, or smaller than it, depending on the other parameters in the same function block.
CommandVel	REAL	During motion, this element indicates the current velocity the controller instructs the axis to use. Note that there may be a slight difference between the axis actual velocity and CommandVel, due to the drive delay or drive adjustment overshoot.

FB_AXIS_REF data type

The FB_AXIS_REF data type is a data structure that contains information for a Motion Feedback Axis. It is used as an input and output variable in motion control function blocks. An instance of an FB_AXIS_REF data type is automatically created when you add a HSC module and the mode is configured as Feedback Axis mode.

IMPORTANT Once a Feedback Axis is flagged with an error, and the error ID is not zero, the FBAxis must be reset using MC_Reset before issuing any other movement function block.

Parameter	Data type	Description	
Axis_ID	FB_AXIS_REF	The logic axis ID automatically assigned by Connected Components Workbench. It cannot be edited or viewed by user.	
ErrorFlag	BOOL	Indicates whether an error is present in the Feedback Axis.	
ConstVel	BOOL	Indicates whether the Feedback Axis is in Constant Velocity movement or not. Stationary axis is not considered in Constant Velocity.	
AccelFlag	BOOL	Indicates whether the Feedback Axis is in an Accelerating movement or not.	
DecelFlag	BOOL	Indicates whether the Feedback Axis is in an Decelerating movement or not.	
AxisState	USINT	Indicates the current state of the Feedback Axis.	
ErrorID	UINT	Indicates the cause for axis error when error is indicated by ErrorFlag. This error usually results from motion control function block execution failure.	
ExtraData	UINT	Reserved.	
ActualPos	REAL	Actual mechanical position read back from Motion feedback channel (HSC).	
ActualVel	REAL	Actual mechanical velocity read back from Motion feedback channel (HSC).	

Axis variables

Axis variables are used to control position, speed, acceleration, and error for a given motion control axis.

To assign a variable to an Axis output parameter:

• In a Function Block Diagram

Graphically connect the Axis output parameter of a motion control function block to the AxisIn input parameter of another motion control function block for convenience. For example, connect MC_POWER Axis output parameter to MC_HOME AxisIn input parameter.

• In a Ladder Diagram

A variable can not be assigned to the Axis output parameter of a motion control function block because it is read-only.

Monitor an AXIS_REF variable

Monitor an AXIS_REF or a FBAXIS_REF variable in the software while connected to the controller, when the motion engine is active, or in the user application as part of user logic. You can also monitor the AXIS_REF or FBAXIS_REF variable remotely through various communication channels.

Cancels Motion function blocks that are connected to trigger events.

MC_AbortTrigger only executes when assigned to an axis that is controlled by MC_TouchProbe.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro830, Micro850 and Micro870 controllers that support motion control.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

Parameter	Parameter	Data type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction block enable.
			TRUE - execute current MC_AbortTrigger computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.

MC_AbortTrigger (motion control abort trigger)

Chapter 18 Motion control instructions

AxisIn	Input	AXIS_REF on page	Use the AXIS_REF data type to define the AxisIn parameter.			
		<u>413</u>	If the axis is a FB_Axis (feedback axis), use the FB_AXIS_REF data type to define AxisIn			
		FB_AXIS_REF on	parameters.			
		<u>page 414</u>				
TriggerInp	Input	USINT	This parameter is ignored.			
Execute	Input	BOOL	When TRUE, cancels the trigger event at the rising edge.			
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.			
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.			
Axis	Output	AXIS_REF	Axis output is read-only in Ladder Diagram programs.			
TriggerInput	Output	USINT	This parameter is ignored.			
Done	Output	BOOL	TRUE - the trigger event is cancelled.			
Busy	Output	BOOL	TRUE - the function block is not finished.			
Error	Output	BOOL	TRUE - an error is detected.			
ErrorID	Output	UINT	A unique numeric that identifies the error. The errors for this instruction are defined in			
			Motion control function block error IDs.			

MC_AbortTrigger Function Block Diagram example



MC_AbortTrigger Ladder Diagram example



MC_AbortTrigger Structured Text example



Results

ilobal	Variables - Micro850	Local	Variables - N	I/A	System Variable	es - Micro	o850 I/O
	Name	Log	ical Value	Ph	ysical Value	Lock	Data Ty
	- <i>A</i> *		- A*		· A*	* A*	
	TrigerInp_AbortTrig	0		N/A			USINT
•	Execute_AbortTrig		1	N/A			BOOL
	TrigerInput_AbortT	0		N/A			USINT
	Done_AbortTrigger		1	N/A			BOOL
	Busy_AbortTrigger			N/A			BOOL
	Error_AbortTrigger			N/A			BOOL
	ErrorID_AbortTrigg	0		N/A			UINT
•							

MC_Halt (motion control halt)

Commands a controlled motion stop under normal operating conditions.

Operating details;

- The axis state changes to DiscreteMotion, until velocity is zero. When velocity reaches zero, Done is set to True and the axis state changes to StandStill.
 - It is possible to execute another motion command during deceleration of the axis, which overrides MC_Halt.
 - If MC_Halt is issued when the axis state is Homing, the instruction block reports an error, and the homing process is not interrupted.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro830, Micro850 and Micro870 controllers that support motion control.



	Parameter type	Data type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction block enable.
			TRUE - execute current MC_Halt computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.
AxisIn	Input	AXIS_REF	Use the AXIS_REF data type parameters to define AxisIn.
Execute	Input	BOOL	Indicates when to start motion.
			TRUE - start the motion at rising edge.
			FALSE - do not start motion.
			Executing MC_Halt during homing, MC_Halt is set to MC_FB_ERR_STATE and the homing process
			continues.
Deceleration	Input	REAL	Value of the deceleration (always positive) (decreasing energy of the motor).
			If Deceleration <= 0 and the axis state is not Standstill, MC_Halt is set to MC_FB_ERR_RANGE.
Jerk	Input	REAL	Value of the Jerk (always positive).
			If Jerk < 0 and the axis state is Standstill, MC_Halt is set to MC_FB_ERR_RANGE.
BufferMode	Input	SINT	Not used. The mode is always MC_Aborting.

	Parameter type	Data type	Description
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output. Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.
Axis	Output	AXIS_REF on page 413	Axis output is read-only in Ladder Diagram programs.
Done	Output	BOOL	Zero velocity reached.
Busy	Output	BOOL	The instruction block is not finished.
Active	Output	BOOL	Indicates that the instruction block has control on the axis.
CommandAborted	Output	BOOL	Command is overridden by another command, or error stop.
Error	Output	BOOL	Indicates an error occurred. TRUE - An error is detected. FALSE - No error.
ErrorID	Output	UINT	A unique numeric that identifies the error. The errors for this instruction are defined in <u>Motion control</u> <u>function block error IDs</u> on page 411.

MC_Halt Function Block Diagram example



MC_Halt Ladder Diagram example



MC_Halt Structured Text example

```
1 MC_Halt_1(
void MC_Halt_1(AXIS_REF AxisIn, BOOL Execute, REAL Deceleration, REAL Jerk, SINT BufferMode)
Type: MC_Halt_Commands a controlled motion stop. The axis is moved to the state Discrete Motion, until the velocity is zero.
Deceleration_Halt := 10.0;
Jerk_Halt := 10.0;
MC_Halt_1(Axis1, Execute_Halt, Deceleration_Halt, Jerk_Halt, BufferMode_Halt);
Done_Halt := MC_Halt_1.Done;
Busy_Halt := MC_Halt_1.Busy;
Active_Halt := MC_Halt_1.Active;
CommandAbort_Halt := MC_Halt_1.CommandAborted;
Error_Halt := MC_Halt_1.Error;
ErrorID_Halt := MC_Halt_1.ErrorID;
```

Results

Micro850 - Axis Monitor				8		Varia	ble Monitoring				•
Axis Name:	Axis1 •				G	ilobal	Variables · Micro850	Loca	Variables - I	N/A System Variable	es - M 🔹 🕨
Axis State:	Discrete Motion						Name	Log	jical Value	Physical Value	
Pours state.	provide morent						- of		· 04	- 011	* of
Axis Homed:	Yes					•	Execute_Halt		1	NA	
							Deceleration_Halt	10.0		NA	
Movement:	Decelerating						Jerk_Halt	10.0		NA	
							BufferMode_Halt	0		N/A	
Error Description:							Done_Halt			NA	
							Busy_Halt		1	N/A	
							Active_Halt		1	NA	
							CommandAbort_Ha			NA	
							Error_Halt			NA	
Position and Velocit	у —						ErrorID_Halt	0	-	N/A	
Command Position	-42223.86 mm	Command Velocity:	413.185 mm/sec			•					>
Target Position:	0.0 mm	Target Velocity:	0.0 mm/sec							0	lose
					-			_			

MC_Home (motion control home)

Commands the axis to perform the *<search home>* sequence. The details of this sequence are manufacturer dependent and can be set by the axis parameters. The Position input is used to set the absolute position when a reference signal is detected, and the configured Home offset is reached.

Operation details:

- After MC_Power is issued, the axis Homed status is reset to 0 (not homed). In most cases, after the axis is powered on, the MC_Home function block needs to be executed to calibrate the axis position and the Home reference.
- The MC_Home function block can only be cancelled using a MC_Stop or a MC_Power function block. If it is cancelled before it completes, the previously searched Home position is considered invalid and the axis Homed status is cleared.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro830, Micro850 and Micro870 controllers that support motion control.



Parameter	Parameter type	Data type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction block enable. TRUE - execute current MC_Home computation. FALSE - there is no computation. Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.
AxisIn	Input	AXIS_REF	Use the AXIS_REF data type parameters to define AxisIn.
Execute	Input	BOOL	Indicates when to start motion. TRUE - start the motion at rising edge. FALSE - do not start motion.

Parameter	Parameter type	Data type	Description
Position	Input	REAL	Absolute position is set when the reference signal is detected and configured Home offset is reached. The value range for this input is -0x40000000 – 0x40000000 physical pulse after the position is converted from user position unit to PTO pulse. Set the Position value within the Soft Limit. An invalid input value results in an error. Error ID = MC_FB_ERR_PARAM.
HomingMode	Input	SINT	Enum input for Homing mode.
BufferMode	Input	SINT	Not used. The mode is always mcAborting.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output. Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.
Axis	Output	AXIS_REF on page 413	Axis output is read-only in Ladder Diagram programs.
Done	Output	BOOL	TRUE - the Homing operation completed successfully and the axis state is set to StandStill. FALSE - Homing operation is ongoing or incomplete.
Busy	Output	BOOL	TRUE - the instruction block is not finished. FALSE - the instruction block is finished.
Active	Output	BOOL	TRUE - indicates that the instruction block has control on the axis.
CommandAborted	Output	BOOL	TRUE - command was overridden by another command, or error stop.
Error	Output	BOOL	Indicates an error occurred. TRUE - An error is detected. FALSE - No error.
ErrorID	Output	UNIT	A unique numeric that identifies the error. The errors for this instruction are defined in <u>Motion</u> <u>control function block error IDs</u> on <u>page 411</u> .

HomingModes

Use this table to help determine the values for the HomingMode parameter in the MC_Home motion control instruction on page 405.

Value	Name	Description
0x00	MC_HOME_ABS_SWITCH	Homing process by searching Home Absolute switch
0x01	MC_HOME_LIMIT_SWITCH	Homing process by searching limit switch
0x02	MC_HOME_REF_WITH_ABS	Homing process by searching Home Absolute switch plus using encoder reference pulse
0x03	MC_HOME_REF_PULSE	Homing process by searching limit switch plus using encoder reference pulse
0x04	MC_HOME_DIRECT	Static homing process with direct forcing a home position from user reference. The function block will set current position the mechanism is in as home position, with its position determined by the input parameter, "Position"

MC_Home Function Block Diagram example



MC_Home Ladder Diagram example



MC_Home Structured Text example



Position_Home := -50000.0;
HomeMode_Home := 4; (*1*)
<pre>MC_Home_1(Axis1,Execute_Home,Position_Home,HomeMode_Home,BufferMode_Home);</pre>
Done_Home := MC_Home_1.Done;
Busy_Home := MC_Home_1.Busy;
Active_Home := MC_Home_1.Active;
CommandAbort_Home := MC_Home_1.CommandAborted;
<pre>Error_Home := MC_Home_1.Error;</pre>
ErrorID Home := MC Home 1.ErrorID;

Results

ficro850 - Axis Monitor				
Auis Name:	Aois1 •			
Axis State	Homing			
Aais Homed:	No			
Movement:	Constant Velocity			
Error Description:				
Position and Velocity				
Command Position:	-176.07 mm	Command Velocity:	-25.0 mm/sec	
Target Position:	0.0 mm	Target Velocity:	-25.0 mm/sec	

	Name	Alias	Logical Value	Physical Value	Initial Value	Lock	Data 1 🚽
	- of 1	~ 0 ^{#*}	- <i>d</i> et	- 02ª	- o#*	• A*	
►	Execute_Home		V	N/A			BOOL
	Position_Home		-50000.0	N/A			REAL
	HomeMode_Home		1	N/A			SINT
	BufferMode_Home		0	N/A			SINT
	Done_Home			N/A			BOOL
	Busy_Home		V	N/A			BOOL
	Active_Home		1	N/A			BOOL
	CommandAbort_Hc			N/A			BOOL
	Error_Home			N/A			BOOL
	ErrorID_Home		0	N/A			UINT

MC_MoveAbsolute (motion control move absolute)

Commands a controlled motion to a specified absolute position.

Operation details:

- For the Micro800 controller,
 - The sign of the input Velocity for a MC_MoveAbsolute function block is ignored because the motion direction is determined by the Current position and the Target position.
 - The input Direction for a MC_MoveAbsolute function block is ignored because there is only one mathematical solution to reach the Target position.
- If the MC_MoveAbsolute function block is issued when the Micro800 controller axis state is StandStill and the relative distance to move is zero, the execution of the function block is immediately reported as Done.
- If a MC_MoveAbsolute function block is issued to an axis that is not in the Homed, position, the function block reports an error.
- The MoveAbsolute function block completes with Velocity zero if it is not overridden by another function block.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro830, Micro850 and Micro870 controllers that support motion control.



Parameter	Parameter type	Data type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction block enable.
			TRUE - execute current MC_MoveAbsolute computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.
AxisIn	Input	AXIS_REF	Use the AXIS_REF data type parameters to define AxisIn.
Execute	Input	BOOL	Indicates when to start motion.
			TRUE - start the motion at rising edge.
			FALSE - do not start motion.
			The axis should be in the home position when this execute command is issued or an error occurs,
			MC_FB_ERR_NOT_HOMED.
Position	Input	REAL	Target position for the motion in technical unit (negative or positive).
			The technical unit is defined in the Motion - General configuration page for an axis.
Velocity	Input	REAL	Value of the maximum velocity.
			The maximum velocity may not be reached when Jerk = 0.
			The sign of Velocity is ignored, the motion direction is determined by the input Position.
Acceleration	Input	REAL	Value of the acceleration (always positive - increasing energy to the motor.)
			user unit/sec ²
Deceleration	Input	REAL	Value of the deceleration (always positive - decreasing energy to the motor).
			u/sec ²

Parameter	Parameter type	Data type	Description
Jerk	Input	REAL	Value of the Jerk (always positive). u/sec ³
			When the value of the input Jerk = 0, the Trapezoid profile is calculated by Motion Engine. When Jerk > 0, the S-Curve profile is calculated.
Direction	Input	SINT	This parameter is not used.
BufferMode	Input	SINT	This parameter is not used.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output. Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.
Axis	Output	<u>AXIS_REF</u> on <u>page 413</u>	Axis output is read-only in Ladder Diagram programs.
Done	Output	BOOL	When TRUE, command position reached. When the In-Position Input is configured as Enabled for this axis, the drive needs to set In-Position Input signal active before this Done bit goes to True. This action completes with velocity zero unless it is cancelled.
Busy	Output	BOOL	When TRUE, the function block is not finished.
Active	Output	BOOL	When TRUE, indicates that the function block has control of the axis
CommandAborted	Output	BOOL	When TRUE, the Command was overridden by another command, or error stop.
Error	Output	BOOL	Indicates an error occurred. TRUE - An error is detected. FALSE - No error.
ErrorID	Output	UINT	A unique numeric that identifies the error. The errors for this instruction are defined in <u>Motion control</u> <u>function block error IDs</u> on <u>page 411</u> .

MC_MoveAbsolute Function Block Diagram example



MC_MoveAbsolute Ladder Diagram example



MC_MoveAbsolute Structured Text example

Results

Axis Name:	Axis1 •			Glob	al Variables - Micro850	Local Variables - I	N/A System Variabl	es - Micro	- 011 038c	Nic *
kxis State:	Discrete Motion				Name	Logical Value	Physical Value	Lock	Data Ty	po
wis state:	Discrete Motion				* of	- 🖋	- 4	* a*	-	041
xis Homed:	Yes			Þ	Execute_Absolute	X	N/A		BOOL	*
					Position_Absolute	50000.0	NA		REAL	-
lovement:	Constant Velocity				Velocity_Absolute		NA		REAL	*
rror Description:					Acceleration_Abso	1000.0	NA		REAL	*
nor descriptions					Deceleration_Abso		NA		REAL	
					Jerk_Absolute	10.0	NA		REAL	
					Direction_Absolute		NA		SINT	-
					BufferMode_Absolu	0	NA		SINT	*
					Done_Absolute	<u></u>	NA		BOOL	-
Position and Velocity					Busy_Absolute		NIA		BOOL	*
					Active_Absolute	1	NA		BOOL	*
Command Position	-44400.6 mm	Command Velocity:	500.0 mm/sec		CommandAbort_Ab		NIA		BOOL	
Target Position:	50000.0 mm	Target Velocity:	500.0 mm/sec		Error_Absolute	101	NA		BOOL	*
ranger Postston.	200000 11111	ranget verbeity.	seeve ming sec		ErrorID_Absolute	0	NIA		UINT	-
								_		

MC_MoveRelative (motion control move relative)

Commands a controlled motion of a specified distance relative to the actual position at the time of the execution.

Operation details:

- Because the motion direction for MC_MoveRelative is determined by the current position and the target position, the sign of the Velocity is ignored.
- MoveRelative completes with Velocity zero if it is not overridden by another function block.
- If MC_MoveRelative is issued when the Micro800 controller axis state is StandStill and the relative distance to move is zero, the execution of the function block is immediately reported as Done.
- For a Micro800 controller, the sign of the input Velocity for MC_MoveRelative is ignored because the motion direction is determined by the Current position and the Target position.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro830, Micro850 and Micro870 controllers that support motion control.

MC_Mo	veRelative_1
MC_Mc	oveRelative
AxisIn	Axis
Execute	Done •
Distance	Busy •
Velocity	Active
Acceleration	Commandaborted •
Deceleration	Error
Jerk	ErrorID
BufferMode	

MC_MoveRelative operation

Parameter	Parameter type	Data type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction block enable.
			TRUE - execute current MC_MoveRelative computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.
AxisIn	Input	<u>AXIS_REF</u> on <u>page 413</u>	Use the AXIS_REF data type parameters to define AxisIn.
Execute	Input	BOOL	Indicates when to start motion.
			TRUE - start the motion at rising edge.
			FALSE - do not start motion.
Distance	Input	REAL	Relative distance for the motion (in technical unit [u]).
Velocity	Input	REAL	Value of the maximum velocity (not necessarily reached) [u/s]. As the motion direction is determined by input Position, the sign of Velocity is ignored by the function block. The maximum velocity may not be reached when Jerk = 0.
Acceleration	Input	REAL	Value of the acceleration (increasing energy of the motor)[u/s 2]
Deceleration	Input	REAL	Value of the deceleration (decreasing energy of the motor)[u/s 2]
Jerk	Input	REAL	Value of the Jerk [u/s ³]
BufferMode	Input	SINT	This parameter is not used.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.
Axis	Output	AXIS_REF	Axis output is read-only in Ladder Diagram programs.
Done	Output	BOOL	TRUE - commanded distance reached. When the In-Position input is enabled for an axis, the In-Position signal must be set to active before Done = True.
Busy	Output	BOOL	TRUE - the instruction block is not finished. FALSE - the instruction block is finished.
Active	Output	BOOL	TRUE - indicates that the instruction block has control on the axis.
CommandAborted	Output	BOOL	TRUE - command was ovreridden by another command, or Error Stop.
Error	Output	BOOL	Indicates an error occurred.
			TRUE - An error is detected.
			FALSE - No error.
ErrorID	Output	UINT	A unique numeric that identifies the error. The errors for this instruction are defined in Motion.
			control function block error IDs on page 411.



MC_MoveRelative Function Block Diagram example

MC_MoveRelative Ladder Diagram example



MC_MoveRelative Structured Text example

MC_MoveRelative_1{
 void MC_MoveRelative_1(AXIS_REF Axis[n, BOOL Execute, REAL Distance, REAL Velocky, REAL Acceleration, REAL Jerk, SINT BufferMode)
 Type: MC_MoveRelative_1(AXIS_REF Axis[n, BOOL Execute, REAL Distance, REAL Velocky, REAL Acceleration, REAL Jerk, SINT BufferMode)
Distance_Relative := 100000.0;
Velocity_Relative := 300.0;
Acceleration_Relative := 100.0;
Deceleration_Relative := 100.0;
Jerk_Relative := 100.0;
MC_MoveRelative_1(Axis], Execute_Relative, Distance_Relative,
Velocity_Relative := 100.0;
MC_MoveRelative_1(Axis], Execute_Relative, Distance_Relative,
Velocity_Relative, Acceleration_Relative, Deceleration_Relative, Jerk_Relative, BuffMode_Relative);
Done_Relative := MC_MoveRelative_1.Done;
Busy_Relative := MC_MoveRelative_1.Accive;
CommandAbort_Relative := MC_MoveRelative_1.Accive;
Error_Relative := MC_MoveRelative_1.Error;
Error_Relative := MC_MoveRelative_1.Error];

Results

kis Name:	Axis1	•			
wis State:	Discrete	Motion			
uis Horned:	No				
fovement:	Constan	t Velocity			
rror Description:					
osition and Velocity					
Command Position:		60875.68 mm	Command Velocity:		300.0 mm/sec
		00013.00 mm			
Target Position		100000.0 mm	Target Velocity:		300.0 mm/sec
Global Variables - Mi	icro950		- N/A System Variab	les - Mice	
	ino950	Logical Valu	e Physical Value	es - Mice Lock	0050 1/0 · · Data Type
Global Variables - Mi Namo	icro850 - 💽	Logical Valu	e Physical Value	les - Mice	:850 1/0 · · Data Type - 6
Global Variables - Mi Namo Execute_R/	icro850 • off elative	Logical Valu	e Physical Value	es - Mice Lock	050 1/0 · · Data Type
Global Variables - Mi Namo	icro950 - Jef elative felative	Logical Valu	e Physical Value 47 - 94 N/A	es - Mice Lock	BOOL
Global Variables - Mi Normo Execute_Ri Distance_R	elative elative elative elative	Logical Valu - 2 100000 0 300.0	e Physical Value 4° • 64 N/A N/A	es - Mice Lock	BOOL REAL
Global Variables - Mi Namo Execute_Ri Distance_R Velocity_Ri	elative elative elative elative elative m_Relat	Logical Valu - 2 100000.0 300.0 100.0	e Physical Value N/A N/A N/A N/A	es - Mice Lock	BOOL REAL
Blobal Variables - Mi Namo Execute_Ri Distance_R Velocity_Ri Acceleratio	elative elative elative n_Relat n_Relat	Logical Valu - 2 100000.0 300.0 100.0	e Physical Value Physical Value N/A N/A N/A N/A	es - Mice Lock	BOOL REAL REAL REAL
Global Variables - Mi Name Execute_Ri Distance_R Velocity_Ri Acceleratio Deceleratio Uerk_Relati ButfMode_R	elative elative n_Relative n_Relative Relative	Logical Valu - 2 100000.0 300.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	e Physical Value NVA NVA NVA NVA NVA NVA NVA	es - Mice Lock	BOOL REAL REAL REAL REAL REAL REAL
Biobel Variables - Mi Name Execute_Ri Distance_R Velocity_Ri Acceleratio Deceleratio Jerk_Relati BufMode_R Done_Relat	elative elative elative n_Relative n_Relative Relative tive	Logical Valu - 2 100000.0 300.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	e Physical Value NVA NVA NVA NVA NVA NVA NVA NVA NVA NVA	es - Mice Lock	BOOL REAL REAL REAL REAL REAL REAL REAL
Global Variables - Mi Name Execute_Ri Distance_R Velocity_Ri Acceleratio Deceleratio Uerk_Relati ButfMode_R	elative elative elative n_Relative n_Relative Relative tive	Logical Value 100000.0 300.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 0	e Physical Value N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	es - Mice Lock	BOOL REAL REAL REAL REAL REAL SINT
Slobel Variables - Mi Name Execute_Ri Distance_R Velocity_Ri Acceleratio Deceleratic Jerk_Relati ButfMode_R Done_Relat Busy_Relat Active_Relati	elative elative relative relative relative relative Relative tive tive ative	Logical Valu - 2 100000.0 300.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 0 	e Physical Value NIA NIA NIA NIA NIA NIA NIA NIA NIA NIA	es - Mice Lock	BOOL REAL REAL REAL REAL REAL REAL SINT BOOL BOOL BOOL
Bobel Variables - Mi Name Execute_Ri Distance_R Velocity_Ri Acceleratio Deceleratic Jerk_Relat BufMode_F Done_Relat Busy_Relat Active_Relat CommandA	elative elative lelative ro_Relative Relative Relative tive tive tive ative bort_Re	Logical Valu - 2 100000.0 300.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 0 	e Physical Value N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	es - Mice Lock	BOOL REAL REAL REAL REAL REAL REAL SINT BOOL BOOL BOOL BOOL BOOL
Global Variables - Mi Name Execute_Ri Distance_R Velocity_Ri Acceleratio Deceleratic Jerk_Relat ButMode_F Done_Relat Busy_Relat Active_Relat CommandA Error_Relat	icro850 elative elative elative n_Relative rive Relative tive tive tive tive tive tive tive	Logical Valu - 2 100000.0 300.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 0 	e Physical Value N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	es - Mice Lock	BOOL REAL REAL REAL REAL REAL REAL SINT BOOL BOOL BOOL BOOL BOOL BOOL
Bobel Variables - Mi Name Execute_Ri Distance_R Velocity_Ri Acceleratio Deceleratic Jerk_Relat BufMode_F Done_Relat Busy_Relat Active_Relat CommandA	icro850 elative elative elative n_Relative rive Relative tive tive tive tive tive tive tive	Logical Valu - 2 100000.0 300.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 0 	e Physical Value N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	es - Mice Lock	BOOL REAL REAL REAL REAL REAL REAL SINT BOOL BOOL BOOL BOOL BOOL
Global Variables - Mi Name Execute_Ri Distance_R Velocity_Ri Acceleratio Deceleratic Jerk_Relat ButMode_F Done_Relat Busy_Relat Active_Relat CommandA Error_Relat	icro850 elative elative elative n_Relative rive Relative tive tive tive tive tive tive tive	Logical Value	e Physical Value N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	es - Mice Lock	BOOL REAL REAL REAL REAL REAL REAL SINT BOOL BOOL BOOL BOOL BOOL BOOL
Name Execute_Re Distance_R Velocity_Re Acceleratio Deceleratio Deceleratio Deceleratio Derk_Relation BufMode_Relation Busy_Relation Active_Relation Active_Relation Active_Relation Error_Relati	icro850 elative elative elative n_Relative rive Relative tive tive tive tive tive tive tive	Logical Value	e Physical Value N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	es - Mice Lock	BOOL REAL REAL REAL REAL REAL REAL BOOL BOOL BOOL BOOL BOOL BOOL BOOL BO

MC_MoveVelocity (motion control move velocity)

Commands a never ending controlled motion at a specified velocity.

Operation details:

- If the DirectionIn input for MC_MoveVelocity is equal to 0 and:
 - the axis is in a moving state, the sign of the Velocity input is ignored, the axis continues to move in its current direction, and new dynamic parameters are applied.
 - the axis is not in a moving state, MC_MoveVolecity reports an error.
- If the PTO Pulse limit is reached during execution of MC_MoveVelocity, the PTO Accumulator value is rolled over to 0 (or to the opposite Soft Limit if the limit is activated) and execution continues.
- If the axis is in a moving state, and MC_MoveVelocity issues a motion in which the direction (the sign of Velocity * Direction) is the opposite of the current motion direction, the MC_MoveVelocity reports an error.
- Once the signal 'InVelocity' is set, it indicates MC_MoveVelocity is complete. Any subsequent motion event has no effect on the MC_MoveVelocity outputs except the signal 'InVelocity'.
- The InVelocity output of MC_MoveVelocity stays True once the Velocity of the axis reaches the commanded Velocity or until MC_MoveVelocity is stopped.
- The sign of (Velocity * Direction) determines the motion direction for MC_MoveVelocity. If the Velocity sign and the Direction sign are the same, positive motion is issued. If the Velocity sign and the Direction sign are different, negative motion is issued.
- The signal 'InVelocity' is reset when MC_MoveVelocity is overridden by another function block or Motion event, or at the falling edge of 'Execute'.
- To stop or change the motion initiated by MC_MoveVelocity, the instruction block must be interrupted or overridden by another instruction block, which includes executing MC_MoveVelocity again with different parameters.
- If MC_MoveVelocity is issued with the axis state in StandStill (not controlled by another function block) and a function block error occurs, the axis state goes to ErrorStop.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro830, Micro850 and Micro870 controllers that support motion control.



Parameter	Parameter type	Data type	Description
EN	Input	BOOL	Instruction block enable.
			TRUE - execute current MC_MoveVelocity computation.
			FALSE - there is no computation.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.
AxisIn	Input	AXIS_REF	Use the AXIS_REF data type parameters to define AxisIn.
Execute	Input	BOOL	Indicates when to start motion.
			TRUE - start the motion at rising edge.
			FALSE - do not start motion.
Velocity	Input	REAL	Value of the maximum velocity [u/s].
Acceleration	Input	REAL	Value of the acceleration (increasing energy of the motor) $[u/s^2]$
Deceleration	Input	REAL	Value of the deceleration (decreasing energy of the motor)[u/s ²]
Jerk	Input	REAL	Value of the Jerk [u/s³]
DirectionIn	Input	SINT	The valid values are: -1, 0, 1.
BufferMode	Input	SINT	This parameter is not used.
ENO	Output	BOOL	Enable output.
			Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.
Axis	Output	AXIS_REF on page	Axis output is read-only in Ladder Diagram programs.
		<u>413</u>	
InVelocity	Output	BOOL	TRUE - commanded velocity was reached (first time).
Busy	Output	BOOL	TRUE - the instruction block is not finished.
			FALSE - the instruction block is finished.
Active	Output	BOOL	TRUE - indicates the function block has control on the axis.
Direction	Output	SINT	The valid values are: -1, 0, 1.
CommandAborted	Output	BOOL	TRUE - command was overridden by another command, or Error Stop.
Error	Output	BOOL	Indicates an error occurred.
			TRUE - An error is detected.
			FALSE - No error.
ErrorID	Output	UINT	A unique numeric that identifies the error. The errors for this instruction are defined in
			Motion control function block error IDs on page 411.

MC_MoveVelocity Function Block Diagram example



MC_MoveVelocity Ladder Diagram example



MC_MoveVelocity Structured Text example

```
NC_NoveVelocity 10

Velocity_Velocity := 400.0;

Acceleration_Velocity := 100.0;

Deceleration_Velocity := 100.0;

Jerk Velocity := 100.0;

Jerk Velocity := 100.0;

DirectionIn_Velocity := 100.0;

DirectionIn_Velocity := 1;

MC_MoveVelocity := 1;

MC_MoveVelocity i= 1;

MC_MoveVelocity := 1;

MC_MoveVelocity := 1;

MC_MoveVelocity := 1;

MC_MoveVelocity := MC_MoveVelocity_Jerk_Velocity,

Acceleration_Velocity := MC_MoveVelocity_1.InVelocity;

Busy_Velocity := MC_MoveVelocity_1.DirectionIn_Velocity,

DirectionIr_Velocity := MC_MoveVelocity_1.Direction;

CommandMobrt_Velocity := MC_MoveVelocity_1.CommandAborted;

Error_Velocity := MC_MoveVelocity_1.Error;

ErrorID_Velocity := MC_MoveVelocity_1.Error;

ErrorID_Velocity := MC_MoveVelocity_1.ErrorID;

MC_MoveVelocity ```

### Results

| Micro850 - Axis Monitor                                                  |                                                         |    |                   |       |        |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|----|-------------------|-------|--------|
| Asis Name<br>Asis State:<br>Asis Homed<br>Movement<br>Error Description: | Axis1 •<br>Continuous Motion<br>No<br>Constant Velocity |    |                   |       |        |
| Position and Velocit                                                     | ,                                                       |    |                   |       |        |
| Command Position                                                         | 1330.095                                                | mm | Command Velocity: | 400.0 | mm/sec |
| Target Position                                                          | 0.0                                                     | mm | Target Velocity:  | 400.0 | mm/sec |

| Name                | Alias         | Logical Value | Physical Value | Initial Value | Lock | Data Type | Dimer |
|---------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|------|-----------|-------|
| - dt                | - <i>0</i> 21 | - 021         | - A*           | - de          | - of | - 1       |       |
| Execute_Velocity    |               | <b>V</b>      | N/A            |               |      | BOOL 🗸 🗸  |       |
| Velocity_Velocity   |               | 400.0         | N/A            |               |      | REAL 🔹    |       |
| Acceleration_Veloc  |               | 100.0         | N/A            |               |      | REAL -    |       |
| Deceleration_Veloc  |               | 100.0         | N/A            |               |      | REAL 🔫    |       |
| Jerk_Velocity       |               | 100.0         | N/A            |               |      | REAL -    |       |
| DirectionIn_Velocit |               | 1             | N/A            |               |      | SINT 🔹 👻  |       |
| BufferMode_Velocit  |               | 0             | N/A            |               |      | SINT 🔹    |       |
| InVelocity_Velocity |               | <b>V</b>      | N/A            |               |      | BOOL -    |       |
| Busy_Velocity       |               |               | N/A            |               |      | BOOL -    |       |
| Active_Velocity     |               |               | N/A            |               |      | BOOL 🔹    |       |
| Direction_Velocity  |               | 1             | N/A            |               |      | SINT 🔹 👻  |       |
| CommandAbort_Ve     |               |               | N/A            |               |      | BOOL -    |       |
| Error_Velocity      |               |               | N/A            |               |      | BOOL -    |       |
| ErrorID_Velocity    |               | 0             | N/A            |               |      | UINT 🔹 👻  |       |

## MC\_Power (motion control power)

Controls the power stage, ON or OFF.

Operation details:

- If you import a project created in CCW 7 into CCW 8, the Mc\_Power new input parameter, \_\_DTI\_AxisIn shows. If a Build error occurs, reselect the instruction and rebuild.
- After axis power On completes, the axis Homed status is reset to 0 (not homed).
- The Enable\_Positive input and the Enable\_Negative input for MC\_Power are both level triggered and are checked when the Enable input changes from OFF to ON. The on-the-fly change for the

Enable\_Positive input and the Enable\_Negative input without Enable input toggling is not checked.

- If power fails during operation (when Servo ready has been detected) the axis state changes to ErrorStop.
- The MC\_Power instruction has a time out value of 2 minutes. MC\_Power returns an error when the time out period expires and Drive Ready Input is FALSE.
- If an MC\_Power function block with Enable set to True is called while the axis state is Disabled, the axis state changes to StandStill unless an error is detected, in which case the axis state changes to ErrorStop.
- Only one MC\_Power function block should be issued per axis. If a different MC\_ Power function block is used to control the same axis simultaneously, it is rejected by the Motion Engine.
- When there is a Power On or Off state switch for an axis, the absolute axis position is not reset.
- If an MC\_Power function block with Enable set to False is called, the axis state changes to Disabled for every state including ErrorStop.
- The MC\_Power function block can power on the axis if Enable is set to True and power off the axis if Enable is set to False.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro830, Micro850 and Micro870 controllers that support motion control.



| Parameter | Parameter<br>type | Data type               | Description                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-----------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EN        | Input             | BOOL                    | Instruction block enable.<br>TRUE - execute current MC_Power computation.<br>FALSE - there is no computation.<br>Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.                                      |
| AxisIn    | Input             | AXIS_REF<br>FB_AXIS_REF | Use the <u>AXIS_REF data type</u> on <u>page 413</u> parameters to define AxisIn.<br>For an FB_Axis (feedback axis), use the <u>FB_AXIS_REF data type</u> on <u>page 414</u> to define AxisIn. |

| Parameter       | Parameter<br>type | Data type | Description                                                                                |
|-----------------|-------------------|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Enable          | Input             | BOOL      | TRUE - power is ON.                                                                        |
|                 |                   |           | FALSE - power is OFF                                                                       |
| Enable_Positive | Input             | BOOL      | TRUE - motion is allowed in the positive direction.                                        |
| Enable_Negative | Input             | BOOL      | TRUE - motion is allowed in the negative direction.                                        |
| ENO             | Output            | BOOL      | Enable output.                                                                             |
|                 |                   |           | Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.                                                   |
| Axis            | Output            | AXIS_REF  | Axis output is read-only in Ladder Diagram programs.                                       |
|                 |                   |           | AXIS_REF data type.                                                                        |
| Status          | Output            | BOOL      | State of the power stage:                                                                  |
|                 |                   |           | • TRUE - drive power on is done.                                                           |
|                 |                   |           | • FALSE - drive power on is not done.                                                      |
| Busy            | Output            | BOOL      | TRUE - the instruction block is not finished.                                              |
|                 |                   |           | FALSE - the instruction block is finished.                                                 |
| Active          | Output            | BOOL      | TRUE - indicates the function block has control on the axis.                               |
| Error           | Output            | BOOL      | Indicates an error occurred.                                                               |
|                 |                   |           | TRUE - An error is detected.                                                               |
|                 |                   |           | FALSE - No error.                                                                          |
| ErrorID         | Output            | UINT      | A unique numeric that identifies the error. The errors for this instruction are defined in |
|                 |                   |           | Motion control function block error IDs on page 411.                                       |

### MC\_Power Function Block Diagram example



### MC\_Power Ladder Diagram example



### **MC\_Power Structured Text example**



### **Results**

| Aris Name:            | Ariti •   |                   |         | Gb | bal Variables - Missol | 10 Lood/Vetable | 1114.5. Surten | Variables - Me | 04 0886  |
|-----------------------|-----------|-------------------|---------|----|------------------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|----------|
| Alos Name:            | Ann •     |                   |         |    | Name                   |                 | he Physical I  |                |          |
| luis State            | Standobil |                   |         |    |                        |                 |                | - 21 - 2       |          |
| in Survey             | No        |                   |         |    | + MOTION DAY           |                 |                | 1000           | MOTION   |
| at street             |           |                   |         |    | · Are1                 |                 |                |                | ACT. REP |
| lavement:             | late      |                   |         |    | Enable                 |                 | NA             |                | ROCK     |
| rer Descriptions      |           |                   |         |    | Positive               | ×               | N4             |                | BOOL     |
| For Descriptions      |           |                   |         |    | Negative               | 8               | NA             |                | ROOL     |
|                       |           |                   |         |    | Sete                   | ×               | NA.            |                | ROOL     |
|                       |           |                   |         |    | Buty.                  |                 | SCA.           |                | ROOL     |
|                       |           |                   |         |    | Active                 | ×               | MA             |                | BOOL     |
|                       |           |                   |         |    | 6 nor                  |                 | NO.            |                | ROOL     |
| trailion and Velocity |           |                   |         |    | DrionD                 | <u> </u>        | NA             |                | UMT      |
| Command Residen       | 0.0       | Command Velocity: | 00 rsec |    |                        |                 |                |                |          |
|                       |           |                   |         | 0  |                        |                 |                |                | Dese     |
| Target Position       | 0.0 mm    | Target Valacity:  | 00 mmc  | 8  |                        |                 |                |                | Cene     |

## MC\_ReadActualPosition (motion control read actual position)

Returns the actual position of the feedback axis. MC\_ReadActualPosition is only applicable to feedback motion.

Operation details:

- Before executing MC\_ReadActualPosition, verify the axis is in one of the following Axis States:
  - Disabled
  - Standstill
  - Discrete Motion
  - Error Stop
- The actual position for a feedback axis is not reset to 0 after a download. To reset or clear the position for a feedback axis use the MC\_Home instruction or MC\_SetPosition instruction.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro830, Micro850 and Micro870 controllers that support motion control.



| Parameter | Parameter type | Data type   | Description                                                                                                                  |
|-----------|----------------|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| AxisIn    | Input          | FB_AXIS_REF | For an FB_Axis (feedback axis), use the <u>FB_AXIS_REF data type</u> on <u>page 414</u> to define AxisIn.                    |
| Enable    | Input          | BOOL        | TRUE - get the value of the parameter continuously while enabled.<br>FALSE - idle.                                           |
| Axis      | Output         | FB_AXIS_REF | Axis output is read-only in Ladder Diagram programs.<br>The Axis output parameters are defined in the FB_AXIS_REF data type. |
| Valid     | Output         | BOOL        | TRUE - the instruction block is active and new output values are expected.<br>FALSE - the instruction block is inactive.     |
| Busy      | Output         | BOOL        | TRUE - the instruction block is not finished.<br>FALSE - the instruction block is finished.                                  |
| Error     | Output         | BOOL        | Indicates an error occurred.<br>TRUE - An error is detected.<br>FALSE - No error.                                            |

| Parameter | Parameter type | Data type | Description                                                                                                                                                    |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ErrorID   | Output         |           | A unique numeric that identifies the error. The errors for this instruction are defined in <u>Motion control function block error IDs</u> on <u>page 411</u> . |
| Position  | Output         | REAL      | The value of the actual absolute position for feedback motion Axis. (in axis' unit [u])                                                                        |

### MC\_ReadActualPosition Function Block Diagram example





### MC\_ReadActualPosition Ladder Diagram example

## MC\_ReadActualPosition Structured Text example

| void MC_ReadActualPosition | I           void MC_ReadActualPosition_1(FB_AXIS_REF AxisIn, BOOL Enable)           Type : MC_ReadActualPosition, Returns the actual position for an axis |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                            | (FBAxis, Enable_ReadActualPosition)<br>ion := MC ReadActualPosition 1.Valid                                                                               |
| Busy_ReadActuralPositio    | on := MC_ReadActualPosition_1.Busy                                                                                                                        |
| Error_Valid_ReadActural    | Position := MC_ReadActualPosition_1.Error                                                                                                                 |
| ErrorID_Valid_ReadActur    | alPosition := MC_ReadActualPosition_1.ErrorID                                                                                                             |
| Position_Valid_ReadActu    | ralPosition := MC_ReadActualPosition_1.Position                                                                                                           |

### **Results**

| Micro830 | - Axis Monitor                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                              |            |                |               |    |
|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------|----------------|---------------|----|
| Axis Na  | me:                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | FBAxis1 •                    | 1          |                |               |    |
| Axis Sta | ta:                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Discrete Motion              |            |                |               |    |
| AXIS Sta | ite:                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Discrete Motion              |            |                |               |    |
| Movem    | ient                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Accelerating                 |            |                |               |    |
| Error De | escription:                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                              |            |                |               |    |
|          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                              |            |                |               |    |
| Positio  | n and Velocit                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | y                            |            |                |               | _  |
| Actu     | al Position:                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 26169.9                      | 1 mm Ad    | tual Velocity: | 24.39024 mm/s | ec |
| <b></b>  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | (                            |            |                |               |    |
|          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | MC_Read<br>MC_Read           |            |                |               |    |
|          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | EN                           | ENO        |                |               |    |
|          | FBAxis1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | _                            |            | -              |               |    |
|          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                              | -          |                | 2017          |    |
|          | 10                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | - AxisIn                     | Axis       | -              | 10            |    |
|          | TRUE                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                              |            |                |               |    |
|          | TROL                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                              |            | 1.27           |               |    |
|          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | - Enable                     | Valid -    | - Ti           | rue           |    |
|          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                              |            |                |               |    |
|          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                              | Busy-      | Fa             | lse           |    |
|          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                              | -          | Fa             | Ise           |    |
|          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                              | Error -    |                |               |    |
|          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                              | ErrorID -  |                | 0             |    |
|          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                              |            |                |               |    |
|          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                              | Position - | 1412           | 5.4           |    |
| 11       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                              |            |                |               |    |
|          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Name                         |            | Alias          | Logical Value |    |
|          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                              | · d*       | * 0            | t             |    |
| - MC     | ReadActualPositio                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | on_2<br>ualPosition_2.AxisIn |            | Auto           |               |    |
|          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | ualPosition_2.Enable         | _          | Axis<br>En     |               |    |
| 100      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | ualPosition_2.Axis           |            | Axis           |               |    |
|          | and the second se | ualPosition_2.Valid          |            | Val            | <b>v</b>      |    |
|          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | ualPosition_2.Busy           |            | Busy           |               |    |
|          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | alPosition_2.Error           |            | Err            |               |    |
|          | MC_ReadActu                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | ualPosition_2.ErrorID        |            | ErlD           | 0             |    |
|          | MC_ReadActu                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | ualPosition_2.Position       |            | Pos            | 14126.3945    |    |
| •        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                              |            |                |               |    |

## MC\_ReadActualVelocity (motion control read actual velocity)

Returns the value of the actual velocity of the feedback axis.

MC\_ReadActualVelocity is only applicable to feedback motion.

Before executing MC\_ReadActualVelocity, verify the axis is in one of the following Axis States:

- Standstill
- Discrete Motion
- Error Stop

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro830, Micro850 and Micro870 controllers that support motion control.



| Parameter      | Parameter type | Data type   | Description                                                                                                                                                              |
|----------------|----------------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| AxisIn         | Input          | FB_AXIS_REF | For an FB_Axis (feedback axis), use the FB_AXIS_REF data type to define AxisIn.                                                                                          |
| Enable         | Input          | BOOL        | TRUE - get the value for the actual velocity continuously.<br>FALSE - the data is no longer valid, all outputs are reset to 0, Valid is set to False.                    |
| Axis           | Output         | FB_AXIS_REF | Axis output is read-only in Ladder Diagram programs.<br>The Axis output parameters are defined in the <u>FB_AXIS_REF data type</u> on <u>page 414</u> .                  |
| Valid          | Output         | BOOL        | TRUE - the function block is active and new output values are expected.<br>FALSE - the function is not expecting new output values.                                      |
| Busy           | Output         | BOOL        | TRUE - the function block is not finished.<br>FALSE - the function is idle.                                                                                              |
| Error          | Output         | BOOL        | Indicates an error occurred.<br>TRUE - An error is detected.<br>FALSE - No error.                                                                                        |
| ErrorID        | Output         | UNIT        | A unique numeric that identifies the error. The errors for this instruction are defined in <u>Motion</u><br><u>control function block error IDs</u> on <u>page 411</u> . |
| ActualVelocity | Output         | REAL        | The value of the actual velocity for the feedback motion axis (in axis' unit [u/s]).<br>ActualVelocity is a signed value, which includes direction information.          |

### MC\_ReadActualVelocity Function Block Diagram example



### MC\_ReadActualVelocity Ladder Diagram example



## MC\_ReadActualVelocity Structured Text example

|                     | void MC_ReadActualVelocity_1(FB_AXIS_REF AxisIn, BOOL Enable)         |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                     | Type : MC_ReadActualVelocity, Returns the actual velocity for an axis |
|                     |                                                                       |
| MC_ReadActualVeloci | <pre>ity_1(FBAxis1,Enable_ReadActualVelocity)</pre>                   |
| Valid ReadActualVel | locity := MC ReadActualVelocity 1.Valid                               |
| Busy_ReadActualVeld | city := MC_ReadActualVelocity_1.Busy                                  |
| Error ReadActualVel | locity := MC ReadActualVelocity 1.Error                               |
| ErrorID_ReadActual  | Velocity := MC_ReadActualVelocity_1.ErrorII                           |
| Position ReadActual | Velocity := MC ReadActualVelocity 1.Error                             |

### **Results**

| A <mark>xis Na</mark> me:              | FBAxis1 -                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                |  |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Axis State:                            | Discrete Motion                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                |  |  |  |  |  |
|                                        |                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement:                              | Accelerating                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                |  |  |  |  |  |
| Error Description:                     |                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                |  |  |  |  |  |
| Position and Veloc<br>Actual Position: |                                                | Actual Velocity:                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 25.12563 mm/se |  |  |  |  |  |
|                                        |                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                |  |  |  |  |  |
|                                        | MC_ReadActualVel<br>MC_ReadActualVel<br>EN ENO |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                |  |  |  |  |  |
| FBAxis1                                |                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10                                     | - Axisln Axis -                                | 10                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                |  |  |  |  |  |
| TRUE                                   |                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                |  |  |  |  |  |
|                                        | Enable Valid                                   | True                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                |  |  |  |  |  |
|                                        | Busy                                           | False                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                |  |  |  |  |  |
|                                        | Error                                          | False                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                |  |  |  |  |  |
|                                        | ErrorID                                        | 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                |  |  |  |  |  |
|                                        | ActualVe                                       | 24.1546                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1                                      | Name                                           | Alias                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Logical Value  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                                        |                                                | and the second design of the s | a*             |  |  |  |  |  |
| - MC_ReadActualVelo                    |                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                |  |  |  |  |  |
| + MC_ReadAc                            | tualVelocity_1.AxisIn                          | Axis                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                |  |  |  |  |  |
|                                        | tualVelocity_1.Enable                          | En                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 2              |  |  |  |  |  |
| + MC_ReadAc                            | tualVelocity_1.Axis                            | Axis                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                |  |  |  |  |  |
| MC_ReadAc                              | tualVelocity_1.Valid                           | Val                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | ×              |  |  |  |  |  |
|                                        | tualVelocity_1.Busy                            | Busy                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                |  |  |  |  |  |
|                                        | tualVelocity_1.Error                           | Err                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 10             |  |  |  |  |  |
|                                        |                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                |  |  |  |  |  |
|                                        | tualVelocity_1.ErrorID                         | ErID                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | 0              |  |  |  |  |  |

# MC\_ReadAxisError (motion control read axis error)

Reads the axis errors not related to the Motion control instruction blocks.

When an axis is in a Disabled state, MC\_ReadAxisError may or may not get a non-zero Error ID for the axis because a Disabled axis can contain errors or

be error-free.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro830, Micro850 and Micro870 controllers that support motion control.



| Parameter    | Parameter type | Data type   | Description                                                                                     |
|--------------|----------------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EN           | Input          | BOOL        | Instruction block enable.                                                                       |
|              |                |             | TRUE - execute current MC_ReadAxisError computation.                                            |
|              |                |             | FALSE - Error, ErrorID, and AxisErrorID are reset to False(or 0).                               |
|              |                |             | Applies only to LD programs.                                                                    |
| AxisIn       | Input          | AXIS_REF    | Use the <u>AXIS_REF data type</u> on <u>page 413</u> parameters to define AxisIn.               |
|              |                | FB_AXIS_REF | For an FB_Axis (feedback axis), use the FB_AXIS_REF data type to define AxisIn.                 |
| Enable Input |                | BOOL        | TRUE - get the value of the parameter continuously while enabled.                               |
|              |                |             | FALSE - resets Error, ErrorID, and AxisErrorID outputs to 0.                                    |
| ENO          | Output         | BOOL        | Enable output.                                                                                  |
|              |                |             | Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.                                                        |
| Axis Output  |                | AXIS_REF    | Axis output is read-only in Ladder Diagram programs.                                            |
|              |                |             | The Axis output parameters are defined in the <u>FB_AXIS_REF data type</u> on <u>page 414</u> . |
| Valid        | Output         | BOOL        | TRUE - the instruction block is active and new output values are expected.                      |
|              |                |             | FALSE - the instruction block is inactive.                                                      |
| Busy         | Output         | BOOL        | TRUE - the instruction block is not finished.                                                   |
|              |                |             | FALSE - the instruction block is finished.                                                      |
| Error        | Output         | BOOL        | Indicates an error occurred.                                                                    |
|              |                |             | TRUE - An error is detected.                                                                    |
|              |                |             | FALSE - No error.                                                                               |
| ErrorID      | Output         | UINT        | A unique numeric that identifies the error. The errors for this instruction are defined in      |
|              |                |             | Motion control function block error IDs.                                                        |
| AxisErrorID  | Output         | UINT        | A unique numeric that identifies the axis error. The errors for this instruction are defined in |
|              |                |             | AxisErrorID error codes on page 450.                                                            |

### MC\_ReadAxisError Function Block Diagram example



### MC\_ReadAxisError Ladder Diagram example



### MC\_ReadAxisError Structured Text example

MC\_ReadAxisError\_1( void MC\_ReadAxisError\_1(AXIS\_REF AxisIn, BOOL Enable) Type : MC\_ReadAxisError, Reads the error information for an axis

```
MC_ReadAxisError_1(Axis1,Enable_ReadAxisError);
Valid_ReadAxisError := MC_ReadAxisError_1.Valid;
Busy_ReadAxisError := MC_ReadAxisError_1.Busy;
Error_ReadAxisError := MC_ReadAxisError_1.Error;
ErrorID_ReadAxisError := MC_ReadAxisError_1.ErrorID;
AxisErrorID_ReadAxisError := MC_ReadAxisError_1.AxisErrorId;
```

### **Results**

|                     |                                                                  |        | 12 el 10   | ishie Manitoring                 |            |          | -0                | 10    | 100   |
|---------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|------------|----------------------------------|------------|----------|-------------------|-------|-------|
| luis Name:          | Anti ·                                                           |        | Gkt        | diVariable - WordP20 Local Varia | ables - NJ | A System | Valables - MossBD | 10    |       |
| wis State           | Error Step                                                       |        |            | Name                             | Logi       |          | Physical Value    | Lock  |       |
|                     |                                                                  |        |            | 14                               | e          | 1.00     | 1.00              | 1.0   | ¢., 1 |
| luis Homed          | No                                                               |        |            | Valid, Read/als/Dror             |            | 2        | N/A               |       |       |
| Invenent            | 19                                                               |        |            | Bury Readwating                  |            |          | No.               |       | 6     |
|                     | The axis is not operational because the axis is not              |        |            | Env Festivistry                  |            | 21       | NA                |       | 6     |
| nor Description     | homed.                                                           | 121    |            | EnorD_Read-kieEnor               | 0          |          | N#                |       | U     |
|                     |                                                                  | 1.00   |            | Assirut0_Reallosfere             | 14         |          | NL.               |       | 19    |
|                     | Reset the state of the axis using the MC_Reset<br>Reseture Reset | •      |            | 1                                |            |          |                   |       | 80    |
| Position and Veloci | v                                                                |        |            |                                  |            |          | 6                 | Cicee |       |
| Command Position    | n 8.0 mm Command Valocity:                                       | 00 mm/ | Bian Loury | - synow set tookot t             | 108.)      |          |                   |       | _     |
| Target Position     | 0.0 mm Target Velocity                                           | 00 mm/ |            |                                  |            |          |                   |       | •     |
|                     |                                                                  |        |            |                                  |            |          |                   |       |       |

## AxisErrorID error codes

The following table describes the Axis error codes identified in the AxisErrorID for <u>MC\_ReadAxisError</u> on <u>page 447</u>.

| Value | MACRO ID                  | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |  |  |  |  |
|-------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 00    | MC_FB_ERR_<br>NO          | The axis is in an operational state (nothing to display).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |  |  |  |  |
| 01    | MC_FB_ERR_<br>WRONG_STATE | The axis is not operational because an incorrect axis state was detected during a function<br>block execution.<br>Reset the state of the axis using the MC_Power and MC_Reset function blocks.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |  |  |  |  |
| 02    | MC_FB_ERR_<br>RANGE       | The axis is not operational because an invalid axis dynamic parameter (velocity, acceleration, deceleration, or jerk) is set in a function block.<br>Reset the state of the axis using the MC_Power and MC_Reset function blocks.<br>In the function block, correct any setting for the dynamic parameters that conflict with the settings on the Axis Dynamics configuration page.                                                                                                                 |  |  |  |  |
| 03    | MC_FB_ERR_<br>PARAM       | The axis is not operational because an invalid parameter, (other than velocity, acceleration, deceleration, or jerk), is set in a function block.<br>Reset the state of the axis using the MC_Power and MC_Reset function blocks.<br>In the function block, correct the settings for the parameters, such as mode or position.                                                                                                                                                                      |  |  |  |  |
| 04    | MC_FB_ERR_<br>AXISNUM     | Motion internal Fault, Error ID = 0x04.<br>Contact your local Rockwell Automation technical support representative. For contact<br>information, see:<br><u>http://www.rockwellautomation.com/support</u>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |  |  |  |
| 05    | MC_FB_ERR_<br>MECHAN      | The axis is not operational because a drive or mechanical issue was detected.<br>Check the connection between the drive and the controller (Drive Ready and In-Position<br>signals), and ensure the drive is operating normally.<br>Reset the state of the axis using the MC_Power and MC_Reset function blocks.                                                                                                                                                                                    |  |  |  |  |
| 06    | MC_FB_ERR_<br>NOPOWER     | ERR_ The axis is not powered on.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |  |  |  |  |
| 07    | MC_FB_ERR_<br>RESOURCE    | The axis is not operational because it or its related resources required by a function block are<br>under the control of other function block, or not available.<br>Ensure the axis or its related resources required by the function block are available for use.<br>Reset the state of the axis using the MC_Power and MC_Reset function blocks.<br>Review and correct the application if there are multiple instances of the same function block<br>trying to control the axis at the same time. |  |  |  |  |
| 08    | MC_FB_ERR_<br>PROFILE     | The axis is not operational because the motion profile defined in a function block is invalid.<br>Reset the state of the axis using the MC_Power and MC_Reset function blocks.<br>Correct the profile in the function block.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |  |  |  |  |

| Value | MACRO ID                     | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 09    | MC_FB_ERR_<br>VELOCITY       | <ul> <li>The axis is not operational because the motion profile requested in a function block conflicts with the current axis velocity.</li> <li>Possible causes: <ul> <li>The function block requests the axis to reverse the direction while the axis is moving.</li> <li>The current velocity is too low or too high for the requested motion profile.</li> <li>Reset the state of the axis using the MC_Power and MC_Reset function blocks.</li> <li>Correct the motion profile in the function block, or re-execute the function block when the axis velocity is compatible with the requested motion profile.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |
| 10    | MC_FB_ERR_<br>SOFT_LIMIT     | The axis is not operational because a Soft Limit error was detected, or executing the function<br>block would cause a Soft Limit error.<br>Reset the state of the axis using the MC_Power and MC_Reset function blocks.<br>Check the velocity or target position settings for the function block, or adjust Soft Limit setting.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 11    | MC_FB_ERR_<br>HARD_LIMIT     | The axis is not operational because a Hard Limit error was detected.<br>Reset the state of the axis using the MC_Reset function block, and then move the axis away<br>from the Hard Limit switch in the opposite direction.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 12    | MC_FB_ERR_<br>LOG_LIMIT      | The axis is not operational because a PTO Accumulator logic limit error was detected, or executing the function block would cause a PTO Accumulator logic limit error.<br>Reset the state of the axis using the MC_Power and MC_Reset function blocks.<br>Check the velocity or target position settings for the function block. Use the MC_SetPosition function block to adjust the axis coordinate system.                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| 13    | MC_FB_ERR_<br>ERR_ENGINE     | The axis is not operational because a motion engine execution error was detected.<br>Power cycle the entire machine and download the User Application to the controller again.<br>If the fault persists, contact your local Rockwell Automation technical support representative.<br>For contact information, see:<br><u>http://www.rockwellautomation.com/support</u> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 16    | MC_FB_ERR_<br>NOT_HOMED      | The axis is not operational because the axis is not homed.<br>Reset the state of the axis using the MC_Power and MC_Reset function blocks.<br>Execute homing against the axis using MC_Home function block.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 128   | MC_FB_ERR_<br>PARAM_MODIFIED | Motion internal warning, Warning ID = 0x80.<br>Contact your local Rockwell Automation technical support representative. For contact<br>information, see:<br><u>http://www.rockwellautomation.com/support</u> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

## MC\_ReadBoolParameter (motion control read BOOL parameter)

Returns the value of a vendor specific parameter of type BOOL.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro830, Micro850 and Micro870 controllers that support motion control.



| Parameter       | Parameter<br>type | Data type   | Description                                                                                            |  |
|-----------------|-------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| EN              | Input             | BOOL        | Instruction block enable.                                                                              |  |
|                 |                   |             | TRUE - execute current MC_ReadBoolParameter computation.                                               |  |
|                 |                   |             | FALSE - reset Value output to 0.                                                                       |  |
|                 |                   |             | Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.                                                               |  |
| AxisIn          | Input             | AXIS_REF    | Use the <u>AXIS_REF data type</u> on <u>page 413</u> to define AxisIn.                                 |  |
|                 |                   | FB_AXIS_REF | For FB_Axis (feedback axis), use the <u>FB_AXIS_REF data type</u> on <u>page 414</u> to define AxisIn. |  |
| Enable          | Input             | BOOL        | TRUE - get the value of the parameter continuously while enabled.                                      |  |
|                 |                   |             | FALSE - the Value output is reset to 0.                                                                |  |
| ParameterNumber | Input             | DINT        | Parameter identification.                                                                              |  |
|                 |                   |             | Parameter numbers definitions are defined in Motion control function block parameter                   |  |
|                 |                   |             | numbers.                                                                                               |  |
| ENO             | Output            | BOOL        | Enable output.                                                                                         |  |
|                 |                   |             | Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.                                                               |  |
| Axis            | Output            | AXIS_REF    | Axis output is read-only in Ladder Diagram programs.                                                   |  |
| Valid           | Output            | BOOL        | TRUE - the value of the Parameter is available.                                                        |  |
|                 |                   |             | FALSE - the Parameter value is unavailable.                                                            |  |
| Busy            | Output            | BOOL        | TRUE - the function block is working and new output values are expected.                               |  |
|                 |                   |             | FALSE - the function is idle.                                                                          |  |
| Error           | Output            | BOOL        | Indicates an error occurred.                                                                           |  |
|                 |                   |             | TRUE - An error is detected.                                                                           |  |
|                 |                   |             | FALSE - No error.                                                                                      |  |
| ErrorID         | Output            | UINT        | A unique numeric that identifies the error. The errors for this instruction are defined in             |  |
|                 |                   |             | Motion control function block error IDs on page 411.                                                   |  |
| Value           | Output            | BOOL        | Value of the specified parameter in the data type, as specified by the vendor.                         |  |

### MC\_ReadBoolParameter Function Block Diagram example



### MC\_ReadBoolParameter Ladder Diagram example



### MC\_ReadBoolParameter Structured Text example

|                     | void MC_ReadBoolParameter_1(AXIS_REF AxisIn, BOOL Enable, DINT ParameterNumber)<br>Type : MC_ReadBoolParameter, Returns the value of a motion specific BOOL parameter. |
|---------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| -                   | dBoolParameter := 4;                                                                                                                                                   |
|                     | r_1(Axis1,Enable_ReadBoolParameter,ParameterNumber_ReadBoolParameter)<br>eter := MC ReadBoolParameter 1.Valid;                                                         |
| -                   | ter := MC ReadBoolParameter 1.Busy;                                                                                                                                    |
| Frror BeadBoolBaram | eter := MC ReadBoolParameter 1.Error;                                                                                                                                  |
| FLIDE Veaupoollaran |                                                                                                                                                                        |
| -                   | ameter := MC ReadBoolParameter 1.ErrorID;                                                                                                                              |

#### **Results**

| àlobal | Variables - Micro850 Local Variables - N/A | System Variables - | Micro850 1/0 - |
|--------|--------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|
|        | Name                                       | Logical Value      | Physical Value |
|        | ~ <i>A</i> *                               | - A                | - 01           |
| •      | Enable_ReadBoolParameter                   |                    | N/A            |
|        | ParameterNumber_ReadBoolParameter          | 4                  | N/A            |
|        | Valid_ReadBoolParameter                    | 1                  | N/A            |
|        | Busy_ReadBoolParameter                     |                    | N/A            |
|        | Error_ReadBoolParameter                    |                    | N/A            |
|        | ErrorID_ReadBoolParameter                  | 0                  | N/A            |
|        | Value_ReadBoolParameter                    | <b>V</b>           | N/A            |
|        |                                            | 8                  |                |
| 4      |                                            |                    |                |

## MC\_ReadParameter (motion control read parameter)

Returns the value of a vendor specific parameter in a Real data type.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro830, Micro850 and Micro870 controllers that support motion control.



| Parameter | Parameter<br>type | Data type   | Description                                                                                            |
|-----------|-------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EN        | Input             | BOOL        | Instruction block enable.                                                                              |
|           |                   |             | TRUE - execute current MC_ReadParameter computation.                                                   |
|           |                   |             | FALSE - the Value output is reset to 0.                                                                |
|           |                   |             | Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.                                                               |
| AxisIn    | Input             | AXIS_REF    | Use the <u>AXIS_REF data type</u> on <u>page 413</u> to define AxisIn.                                 |
|           |                   | FB_AXIS_REF | For FB_Axis (feedback axis), use the <u>FB_AXIS_REF data type</u> on <u>page 414</u> to define AxisIn. |
| Enable    | Input             | BOOL        | TRUE - get the value of the parameter number continuously.                                             |
|           |                   |             | FALSE - the Value output is reset to 0.                                                                |

| Parameter       | Parameter | Data type | Description                                                                                |
|-----------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                 | type      |           |                                                                                            |
| ParameterNumber | Input     | DINT      | Parameter identification.                                                                  |
|                 |           |           | Parameter numbers definitions are defined in Motion control function block parameter       |
|                 |           |           | numbers.                                                                                   |
| ENO             | Output    | BOOL      | Enable output.                                                                             |
|                 |           |           | Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.                                                   |
| Axis            | Output    | AXIS_REF  | Axis output is read-only in Ladder Diagram programs.                                       |
| Valid           | Output    | BOOL      | TRUE - valid outputs are available.                                                        |
|                 |           |           | FALSE - valid outputs are unavailable.                                                     |
| Busy            | Output    | BOOL      | TRUE - the function block is working and new output values are expected.                   |
|                 |           |           | FALSE - the function block is idle.                                                        |
| Error           | Output    | BOOL      | Indicates an error occurred.                                                               |
|                 |           |           | TRUE - An error is detected.                                                               |
|                 |           |           | FALSE - No error.                                                                          |
| ErrorID         | Output    | UINT      | A unique numeric that identifies the error. The errors for this instruction are defined in |
|                 |           |           | Motion control function block error IDs on page 411.                                       |
| Value           | Output    | REAL      | Value of the specified parameter in the data type, as specified by the vendor.             |
|                 |           |           |                                                                                            |

## MC\_ReadParameter Function Block Diagram example



### MC\_ReadParameter Ladder Diagram example



### MC\_ReadParameter Structured Text example



### Results

| 1100-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00 |                   |                   |              |     |       |                                             |                  |              |
|------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------|-----|-------|---------------------------------------------|------------------|--------------|
| Micro850 - Axis Monitor                  |                   |                   |              | 8   | 🖳 Va  | riable Monitoring                           | -0-              | -            |
| Axis Name:                               | Axis1 -           |                   |              | 1   | Glob  | al Variables - Micro850 Local Variables - N | I/A System Varia | oles - M · · |
| Axis State:                              | Discrete Motion   |                   |              | 1   |       | Name                                        | Logical Valu     |              |
| Axis Homed:                              | No                |                   |              | 12  |       | <ul> <li>Enable_ReadParameter</li> </ul>    | 1 - d<br>V       | N/A          |
| Movement:                                | Constant Velocity |                   |              | 1.2 |       | ParameterNumber_ReadParameter               | 11               | N'A          |
|                                          | constant resorty  |                   |              | 9   |       | Valid_ReadParameter<br>Busy_ReadParameter   | ~                | N/A<br>N/A   |
| Error Description:                       |                   |                   |              | i i |       | Error_ReadParameter                         |                  | NA           |
|                                          |                   |                   |              |     |       | ErrorID_ReadParameter                       | 0                | N/A          |
|                                          |                   |                   |              | H   |       | Value_ReadParameter                         | 300.0            | N/A 👻        |
|                                          |                   |                   |              |     | 4     | B                                           |                  | ×            |
| Position and Velocit                     | у                 |                   |              | 14  |       |                                             | 100              | Close        |
| Command Position                         | e 1723.6 mm       | Command Velocity: | 300.0 mm/sec |     | IPara | meter 1.ErrorID;                            |                  | iii.         |
| Target Position:                         | 100000.0 mm       | Target Velocity:  | 300.0 mm/sec | -   | _     | m                                           |                  |              |
|                                          |                   |                   |              |     |       |                                             |                  |              |
|                                          |                   |                   |              |     | 1     |                                             |                  |              |

## MC\_ReadStatus (motion control read status)

Returns the status of the axis with respect to the motion currently in progress.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.



This instruction applies to the Micro830, Micro850 and Micro870 controllers that support motion control.

| Parameter    | Parameter<br>type | Data type   | Description                                                                                               |  |  |  |  |
|--------------|-------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| EN           | EN Input BOOL     |             | Instruction block enable.                                                                                 |  |  |  |  |
|              |                   |             | TRUE - execute current MC_ReadStatus computation.                                                         |  |  |  |  |
|              |                   |             | FALSE - there is no computation.                                                                          |  |  |  |  |
|              |                   |             | Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.                                                                  |  |  |  |  |
| AxisIn Input |                   | AXIS_REF    | Use the <u>AXIS_REF data type</u> on <u>page 413</u> parameters to define AxisIn.                         |  |  |  |  |
|              |                   | FB_AXIS_REF | For an FB_Axis (feedback axis), use the <u>FB_AXIS_REF data type</u> on <u>page 414</u> to define AxisIn. |  |  |  |  |
| Enable       | Input             | BOOL        | TRUE - get the axis status continuously.                                                                  |  |  |  |  |
|              |                   |             | FALSE - all status outputs are reset to 0.                                                                |  |  |  |  |
| ENO          | Output            | BOOL        | Enable output.                                                                                            |  |  |  |  |
|              |                   |             | Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.                                                                  |  |  |  |  |
| Axis         | Output            | AXIS_REF    | Axis output is read-only in Ladder Diagram programs.                                                      |  |  |  |  |
| Valid        | Output            | BOOL        | TRUE - valid outputs are available.                                                                       |  |  |  |  |
|              |                   |             | FALSE - outputs unavailable.                                                                              |  |  |  |  |

### Chapter 18 Motion control instructions

| Parameter          | Parameter<br>type | Data type | Description                                                                                |  |
|--------------------|-------------------|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Busy               | Output            | BOOL      | TRUE - the function block is working and new output values are expected.                   |  |
|                    |                   |           | FALSE - the function block is idle.                                                        |  |
| Error              | Output            | BOOL      | Indicates an error occurred.                                                               |  |
|                    |                   |           | TRUE - An error is detected.                                                               |  |
|                    |                   |           | FALSE - No error.                                                                          |  |
| ErrorID            | Output            | UINT      | A unique numeric that identifies the error. The errors for this instruction are defined in |  |
|                    |                   |           | Motion control function block error IDs.                                                   |  |
| ErrorStop          | Output            | BOOL      | TRUE - the axis state is ErrorStop.                                                        |  |
|                    |                   |           | Axis states are defined in Motion control axis state values and names.                     |  |
|                    |                   |           |                                                                                            |  |
| Disabled           | Output            | BOOL      | TRUE - the axis state is Disabled.                                                         |  |
| Stopping           | Output            | BOOL      | TRUE - the axis state is Stopping.                                                         |  |
| Referenced         | Output            | BOOL      | TRUE - the axis state is homed, the absolute reference position is known for the axis.     |  |
|                    |                   |           |                                                                                            |  |
| StandStill         | Output            | BOOL      | TRUE - the axis state is StandStill.                                                       |  |
| DiscreteMotion     | Output            | BOOL      | TRUE - the axis state is DiscreteMotion.                                                   |  |
| ContinuousMotion   | Output            | BOOL      | TRUE - the axis state is ContinuousMotion.                                                 |  |
| SynchronizedMotion | Output            | BOOL      | Synchronized motion is not supported in Micro800 controllers.                              |  |
|                    |                   |           | TRUE - never true.                                                                         |  |
|                    |                   |           | FALSE - always false.                                                                      |  |
| Homing             | Output            | BOOL      | TRUE - the axis state is Homing.                                                           |  |
| ConstantVelocity   | Output            | BOOL      | TRUE - the velocity for the motor is constant.                                             |  |
| Accelerating       | Output            | BOOL      | TRUE - axis is accelerating, increased energy to the motor.                                |  |
| Decelerating       | Output            | BOOL      | TRUE - axis is decelerating, decreased energy to the motor.                                |  |

#### MC\_R MC\_ReadStatus Axis1 locisIn Axis Enable\_ReadStatus Valid\_ReadStatus Enable Valid Busy\_ReadStatus Busy Error\_ReadStatus Error ErrorID\_ReadStatus ErrorID ErrorStop\_ReadStatus Errorstop Disabled\_ReadStatus Disabled Stopping\_ReadStatus Stopping Referenced\_ReadStatus Referen. StanStill\_ReadStatus StandStill DiscreteMotion\_ReadStatus Discrete ContinuousMotion\_ReadStatus Continu. SynChronizedMotion\_Read9. Synchro. Homing\_ReadStatus Homing ConstantVelocity\_ReadStatus Consta. Accelerating\_ReadStatus Acceler Decelerating\_ReadStatus Deceler.

### MC\_ReadStatus Function Block Diagram example

### MC\_ReadStatus\_1 MC\_ReadStatus EN Axis1 Axis AxisIn Enable\_ReadStatus Valid\_ReadStatus Enable Valid Busy\_ReadStatus Busy Error\_ReadStatus Error ErrorID\_ReadStatus ErrorID ErrorStop\_ReadStatus Errorstop Disabled\_ReadStatus Disabled Stopping\_ReadStatus Stopping Reference...eadStatus Referenc. StanStill\_ReadStatus StandStill DiscreteM...eadStatus Discrete. Continuou..eadStatus Continuo. SynChroni...eadStatus Synchro.. Homing\_ReadStatus Homing ConstantV...eadStatus Constant. Accelerati...eadStatus Accelerat Decelerati...eadStatus Decelera..

### MC\_ReadStatus Ladder Diagram example

### MC\_ReadStatus Structured Text example

```
void ME_ReadStatus_I(AXIS_REF AxisIn, BOOL Enable)
Type : MC_ReadStatus, Returns in detail the status of the axis with respect to the motion currently in progres
MC_ReadStatus_1(Axis1,Enable_ReadStatus);
Valid_ReadStatus := MC_ReadStatus_1.Valid;
Busy_ReadStatus := MC_ReadStatus_1.Busy;
Error ReadStatus := MC ReadStatus 1.Error;
ErrorID ReadStatus := MC ReadStatus 1.ErrorID;
ErrorStop ReadStatus := MC ReadStatus 1.Errorstop;
Disabled_ReadStatus := MC_ReadStatus_1.Disabled;
Stopping_ReadStatus := MC_ReadStatus_1.Stopping;
Referenced ReadStatus := MC ReadStatus 1.Referenced;
StanStill ReadStatus := MC ReadStatus 1.StandStill;
DiscreteMotion ReadStatus := MC ReadStatus 1.DiscreteMotion;
ContinuousMotion ReadStatus := MC ReadStatus 1.ContinuousMotion;
SynChronizedMotion ReadStatus := MC ReadStatus 1.SynchronizedMotion;
Homing_ReadStatus := MC_ReadStatus_1.Homing;
ConstantVelocity_ReadStatus := MC_ReadStatus_1.ConstantVelocity;
Accelerating_ReadStatus := MC_ReadStatus_1.Accelerating;
Decelerating ReadStatus := MC ReadStatus 1.Decelerating;
```

### Results

MC ReadStatus 1(

| Micro850 - Axis Monitor |                 |     |                   |               | 💀 Va | riable Monitoring        |                     |            | F                |             |      |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-----|-------------------|---------------|------|--------------------------|---------------------|------------|------------------|-------------|------|
| Axis Name:              | Axis1 •         |     |                   |               | Gio  | bal Variables - Micro850 | .ocal Variables - N | L/A System | Variables - Micr | xx650 1/0 - |      |
|                         |                 |     |                   |               |      | Name                     |                     | Logical Ve | alue Physic      | cal Value   | Lo - |
| Axis State:             | Discrete Motion |     |                   |               |      |                          | - 01                |            | 1                | * 041       |      |
| Axis Homed:             | Yes             |     |                   |               |      | Enable_ReadStatus        |                     | 1          | NA               |             |      |
| Hand Haterbar           |                 |     |                   |               |      | Valid_ReadStatus         |                     | 1          | NA               |             |      |
| Movement:               | Accelerating    |     |                   |               |      | Busy_ReadStatus          |                     |            | NA               |             |      |
|                         |                 |     |                   |               |      | Error_ReadStatus         |                     |            | HA               |             |      |
| Error Description:      |                 |     |                   |               |      | ErrorID_ReadStatus       |                     | 0          | NA               |             |      |
|                         |                 |     |                   |               |      | ErrorStop_ReadStatus     | 5                   |            | NA               |             |      |
|                         |                 |     |                   |               |      | Disabled_ReadStatus      | 1                   |            | NA               |             |      |
|                         |                 |     |                   |               | 10   | Stopping_ReadStatus      |                     |            | NA               |             |      |
|                         |                 |     |                   |               |      | Referenced_ReadStat      | àus .               | 1          | NA               |             |      |
| Position and Velocity   | /               |     |                   |               | E    | StanStill_ReadStatus     |                     |            | NA               |             |      |
|                         |                 |     |                   |               |      | DiscreteMotion_Read      | Status              | 1          | NA               |             |      |
| Command Position        | -49816.73       | mm  | Command Velocity: | 109.97 mm/sec |      | ContinuousMotion_Re      | eadStatus           |            | NA               |             |      |
| Target Position:        | 50000.0         |     | Target Velocity   | 500.0 mm/sec  |      | SynChronizedMotion_      | ReadStatus          |            | NA               |             |      |
| ranget Position.        | 20000.0         | men | rarger velocity:  | 20010 HIMPIEL |      | Homing_ReadStatus        |                     |            | NA               |             |      |
|                         |                 |     |                   |               |      | ConstantVelocity_Rea     | adStatus            |            | NA               |             |      |
|                         |                 |     |                   |               |      | Accelerating_ReadSta     | atus                | 1          | NA               |             |      |
|                         |                 |     |                   |               |      | Decelerating_ReadSt      | atua                |            | NA               |             |      |
|                         |                 |     |                   |               | 4    | 11                       |                     |            |                  |             |      |
|                         |                 |     |                   |               |      |                          |                     |            |                  | Close       |      |
|                         |                 |     |                   |               |      |                          |                     |            |                  | Libse       |      |

## MC\_Reset (motion control reset)

Transitions the axis state from ErrorStop to StandStill by resetting all internal axis-related errors. The outputs of the function block instances are not changed.

**Operation details:** 

- If the axis alarm state is unchanged after executing MC\_Reset, execute MC\_Power followed by MC\_Reset.
- MC\_Reset only resets the axis state from ErrorStop to StandStill.
   Executing MC\_Reset when the axis is in other states, including
   Disabled, results in an error, and has no impact on on-going motion or the status of the axis.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro830, Micro850 and Micro870 controllers that support motion control.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter | Parameter type | Data type               | Description                                                                                                                                                              |  |
|-----------|----------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| EN        | Input          | BOOL                    | Instruction block enable.<br>TRUE, execute current MC_Reset computation.<br>FALSE, there is no computation.<br>Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.                  |  |
| AxisIn    | Input          | AXIS_REF<br>FB_AXIS_REF | Use the AXIS_REF data type to define AxisIn.<br>For FB_Axis (feedback axis), use the <u>FB_AXIS_REF data type</u> on <u>page 414</u> to define AxisIn.                   |  |
| Execute   | Input          | BOOL                    | TRUE - resets the axis to the rising edge.                                                                                                                               |  |
| ENO       | Output         | BOOL                    | Enable output.<br>Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.                                                                                                               |  |
| Axis      | Output         | AXIS_REF                | Axis output is read-only in Ladder Diagram programs.                                                                                                                     |  |
| Done      | Output         | BOOL                    | TRUE - axis state is StandStill or Disabled.                                                                                                                             |  |
| Busy      | Output         | BOOL                    | TRUE - the function block is not finished.                                                                                                                               |  |
| Error     | Output         | BOOL                    | Indicates an error occurred.<br>TRUE - An error is detected.<br>FALSE - No error.                                                                                        |  |
| ErrorID   | Output         | UINT                    | A unique numeric that identifies the error. The errors for this instruction are defined in <u>Motion</u><br><u>control function block error IDs</u> on <u>page 411</u> . |  |

### **MC\_Reset Function Block Diagram example**



#### MC\_Reset Ladder Diagram example



### **MC\_Reset Structured Text example**



#### Results



## MC\_SetPosition (motion control set position)

Shifts the coordinate system of an axis by manipulating the actual position of an axis with the same value without causing any movement.

Operation details:

- MC\_SetPostion can successfully complete only when the axis state is StandStill, continuous Motion (MC\_ExecutionMode = 0), or when the on-going motion completes, and ends with a StandStill state (MC\_ExecutionMode = 1).
- MC\_SetPosition operates the same as MC\_Home when the HomingMode = MC\_HOME\_DIRECT (0x04), except the MC\_Home function block sets the Axis Homed status.
- When MC\_ExecutionMode = 0 (mcImmediately), the execution of the MC\_SetPosition function block reports an error if there is on-going non-continuous motion with the axis.
- When MC\_ExecutionMode = 1 (mcQueued), the actual position setting occurs only when all previous on-going motion stops. That is, each previous function block must have at least one of the Done, Aborted, or Error outputs equal to True.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro830, Micro850 and Micro870 controllers that support motion control.

| MC_SetPosition_1<br>MC_SetPosition |         |
|------------------------------------|---------|
| AxisIn                             | Axis    |
| - Execute                          | Done -  |
| <ul> <li>Position</li> </ul>       | Busy -  |
| - Relative                         | Error   |
| MC_ExecutionMo                     | ErrorID |
|                                    | )       |

| Parameter    | Parameter type | Data type               | Description                                                                                                                                                     |  |  |  |  |
|--------------|----------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| N Input BOOL |                | BOOL                    | Instruction block enable.<br>TRUE - execute current MC_SetPosition computation.<br>FALSE - there is no computation.<br>Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs. |  |  |  |  |
| AxisIn       | Input          | AXIS_REF<br>FB_AXIS_REF | Use the AXIS_REF data type to define AxisIn.<br>For FB_Axis (feedback axis), use the <u>FB_AXIS_REF data type</u> on <u>page</u><br><u>414to</u> define AxisIn. |  |  |  |  |
| Execute      | Input          | BOOL                    | TRUE - starts setting the axis position.                                                                                                                        |  |  |  |  |
| Position     | Input          | REAL                    | The absolute position or relative distance to be set for the axis.                                                                                              |  |  |  |  |
| Relative     | Input          | BOOL                    | TRUE - set the relative distance for the axis.<br>FALSE - set the absolute position for the axis.                                                               |  |  |  |  |

| Parameter        | Parameter type | Data type | Description                                                                                                                                                    |
|------------------|----------------|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| MC_ExecutionMode | Input          | SINT      | Values are:                                                                                                                                                    |
|                  |                |           | • 0 ( <i>mcImmediately</i> ) - The functionality is immediately valid.                                                                                         |
|                  |                |           | • 1( <i>mcQueued</i> ) - The new functionality becomes valid when:                                                                                             |
|                  |                |           | <ul> <li>all previous motion commands set to one of the following output<br/>parameters: Done, Aborted or Error.</li> </ul>                                    |
|                  |                |           | • the axis is not in a moving state.                                                                                                                           |
|                  |                |           | For (MC_ExecutionMode = 0), this function block successfully completes                                                                                         |
|                  |                |           | when the axis state is Disabled or StandStill. The execution of this                                                                                           |
|                  |                |           | function block reports an error if there is an on-going non-Continuous motion with the axis in this mode.                                                      |
|                  |                |           | For (MC_ExecutionMode = 1), this function block successfully completed                                                                                         |
|                  |                |           | when the axis state is Disabled, Standstill, or the on-going motion can                                                                                        |
|                  |                |           | complete, ending with a Standstill state.                                                                                                                      |
|                  |                |           | Other input values are reserved currently, and are considered as invalid                                                                                       |
|                  |                |           | parameters.                                                                                                                                                    |
| ENO              | Output         | BOOL      | Enable output.                                                                                                                                                 |
|                  |                |           | Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.                                                                                                                       |
| Axis             | Output         | AXIS_REF  | Axis output is read-only in Ladder Diagram programs.                                                                                                           |
| Done             | Output         | BOOL      | TRUE - the Position has new value.                                                                                                                             |
| Busy             | Output         | BOOL      | TRUE - the function block is not finished.                                                                                                                     |
| Error            | Output         | BOOL      | Indicates an error occurred.                                                                                                                                   |
|                  |                |           | TRUE - An error is detected.                                                                                                                                   |
|                  |                |           | FALSE - No error.                                                                                                                                              |
| ErrorID          | Output         | UINT      | A unique numeric that identifies the error. The errors for this instruction are defined in <u>Motion control function block error IDs</u> on <u>page 411</u> . |
|                  |                |           |                                                                                                                                                                |

### MC\_SetPosition Function Block Diagram example



### MC\_SetPosition Ladder Diagram example



### **MC\_SetPosition Structured Text example**



#### **Results**

| Micro850 - Axis Monito | or                              | Inc. Storage      | 8          | ſ         | Var   | able Monitoring          |                    | 0                    |          | х       |
|------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|------------|-----------|-------|--------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------|---------|
| Axis Name:             | Axis1 •                         |                   |            | 1         | Globa | Variables - Micro850 Loc | al Variables - N/A | System Variables - I | Aicro 85 | d +   + |
| Axis State:            | Standstill                      |                   |            |           |       | Name                     | Logical Value      | Physical Value       | Lock     | k 🔶     |
| Aons State:            | standstill                      |                   |            | 1         |       | * 05                     | * of               | · 01                 | - 01     | e i     |
| Axis Homed:            | No                              |                   |            | 11        |       | Execute_SetPosition      | ₹.                 | N/A                  |          | E I     |
|                        |                                 |                   |            |           |       | Position_SetPosition     | 10000.0            | NA                   |          | F       |
| Movement:              | Idle                            |                   |            |           |       | Relative_SetPosition     | 1                  | NA                   |          | E       |
| Error Description:     |                                 |                   |            |           |       | MC_ExecutionMode_Se      | 0                  | NA                   |          | 5       |
| error descriptions     |                                 |                   |            |           |       | Done_SetPosition         | 1                  | NA                   |          | E       |
|                        |                                 |                   |            |           |       | Busy_SetPosition         |                    | NA                   |          | E       |
|                        |                                 |                   |            |           |       | Error_SetPosition        | 100                | NA                   |          | E       |
|                        |                                 |                   | _          |           |       | ErrorID_SetPosition      | 0                  | NA                   |          | 1.      |
| Position and Veloci    | ity                             |                   |            | 1         | -     |                          |                    |                      |          | ¥ .     |
|                        | 100 Contractor (100 Contractor) |                   |            |           |       |                          |                    |                      | Close    |         |
| Command Positio        | m: 10000.0 mm                   | Command Velocity: | 0.0 mm/sec | IL.       |       |                          |                    |                      |          | _       |
| Target Position        | 10000.0 mm                      | Target Velocity:  | 0.0 mm/sec | Do:<br>Bu | ne;   | ,Execute_AbortIr         | igge <u>r</u> );   |                      |          |         |

## MC\_Stop (motion control stop)

Commands a controlled motion stop and transfers the axis state to Stopping. Any ongoing function block execution is cancelled. All function block move commands are ignored until the axis state transitions to StandStill.

**Operation details:** 

- As long as the Execute input is high, the axis remains in the Stopping state. While the axis is in the Stopping state, other motion function blocks cannot perform any motion on the same axis.
- If Deceleration equals zero, the MC\_Stop parameters are determined by the Axis configuration Emergency Stop setting, including E-Stop type, E-stop Deceleration and E-stop Jerk.
- When there are no errors detected during the stop sequence, the axis state transitions to StandStill after the Done bit is SET and the Execute input changes to False.
- Use MC\_Stop for emergency stop functionality or exception situations. Use MC\_Halt for normal motion stops.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro830, Micro850 and Micro870 controllers that support motion control.



| Parameter     | Parameter type             | Data type            | Description                                                     |  |  |  |
|---------------|----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| EN            | EN Input                   |                      | Instruction block enable.                                       |  |  |  |
|               |                            |                      | TRUE - execute current MC_Stop computation.                     |  |  |  |
|               |                            |                      | FALSE - there is no computation.                                |  |  |  |
|               |                            |                      | Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.                        |  |  |  |
| AxisIn        | Input                      | AXIS_REF             | Use the AXIS_REF data type to define the parameters for AxisIn. |  |  |  |
| Execute Input |                            | BOOL                 | TRUE - starts the action at the rising edge.                    |  |  |  |
|               |                            |                      | FALSE - not executing.                                          |  |  |  |
| Deceleration  | Input                      | REAL                 | Value of the deceleration $[u/s^2]$ .                           |  |  |  |
| Jerk          | Input                      | REAL                 | Value of the Jerk [u/s³].                                       |  |  |  |
| ENO           | Output BOOL Enable output. |                      | Enable output.                                                  |  |  |  |
|               |                            |                      | Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.                        |  |  |  |
| Axis          | Output                     | AXIS_REF on page 413 | Axis output is read-only in Ladder Diagram programs.            |  |  |  |

| Parameter      | Parameter type | Data type | Description                                                                                                                                                    |  |  |  |
|----------------|----------------|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Done           | Output         | BOOL      | TRUE - zero velocity was reached, without error during the stop sequence.                                                                                      |  |  |  |
| Busy           | Output         | BOOL      | TRUE - the function block is not finished.                                                                                                                     |  |  |  |
| Active         | Output         | BOOL      | TRUE - indicates the function block has control on the axis.                                                                                                   |  |  |  |
| CommandAborted | Output         | BOOL      | TRUE - command was overridden by MC_Power(OFF) function block, or<br>ErrorStop.                                                                                |  |  |  |
| Error          | Output         | BOOL      | Indicates an error occurred.<br>TRUE - An error is detected.<br>FALSE - No error.                                                                              |  |  |  |
| ErrorID        | Output         | UINT      | A unique numeric that identifies the error. The errors for this instruction are defined in <u>Motion control function block error IDs</u> on <u>page 411</u> . |  |  |  |

### MC\_Stop Function Block Diagram example


## MC\_Stop Ladder Diagram example



#### **MC\_Stop Structured Text example**



#### **Results**

| Micro850 - Axis Monitor |                |                   |               |   |   | 🛛 Va | riable Monitoring        |       |               |                    | - 0       |         |
|-------------------------|----------------|-------------------|---------------|---|---|------|--------------------------|-------|---------------|--------------------|-----------|---------|
| Axis Name:              | Axis1 •        |                   |               |   |   | Glo  | bal Variables - Micro850 | Local | Variables - I | N/A System Variabl | os - Micr | 085 1 1 |
| Axis State:             | <u> </u>       |                   |               |   |   |      | Name                     | Log   | ical Value    | Physical Value     | Lock      | Di 🔶    |
| Axis state:             | Stopping       |                   |               |   |   |      | * of                     |       | - of          | - 01               | - A       |         |
| Axis Homed:             | Yes            |                   |               | ł |   |      | Execute_Stop             |       |               | N/A                |           | BOC     |
|                         |                |                   |               |   |   |      | Deceleration_Stop        |       |               | NA                 |           | REA     |
| Movement:               | Decelerating   |                   |               |   |   |      | Jerk_Stop                | 10.0  |               | NA                 |           | REA     |
| Error Description:      |                |                   |               |   |   |      | Done_Stop                |       |               | N/A                |           | BOC     |
| ciror descriptions      |                |                   |               | 1 | 1 |      | Busy_Stop                |       | ×.            | NA                 |           | BOC     |
|                         |                |                   |               |   |   |      | Active_Stop              |       | 1             | N/A                |           | BOC     |
|                         |                |                   |               |   |   |      | CommandAbort_St          |       |               | N/A                |           | BOC     |
|                         |                |                   |               |   |   |      | Error_Stop               |       |               | N/A                |           | BOC     |
|                         |                |                   |               |   |   |      | ErrorID_Stop             | 0     |               | N/A                |           | UIN =   |
| Position and Velocity   | y              |                   |               |   |   |      |                          |       |               |                    |           | *       |
| A 18.11                 | 20245.00       |                   |               |   |   |      |                          |       |               |                    |           |         |
| Command Position        | : -39246.99 mm | Command Velocity: | 333.53 mm/sec |   |   |      |                          |       |               |                    | Clo       |         |
| Target Position:        | 0.0 mm         | Target Velocity:  | 0.0 mm/sec    |   |   |      |                          |       |               |                    | LIG       | 10      |
|                         |                |                   |               |   | - | _    |                          |       |               |                    |           |         |
|                         |                |                   |               |   |   |      |                          |       |               |                    |           |         |

# MC\_TouchProbe (motion control touch probe)

Records an axis position at a trigger event.

Operation details:

- If the window direction (first position --> last position) is in the opposite direction of the motion direction, the touch probe window does not activate.
- If the window setting (FirstPosition or LastPosition) is invalid, the MC\_TouchProbe function block reports an error.
- If a second instance of the MC\_TouchProbe function block is issued on the same axis, and the first function block instance is in a Busy state, the second function block instance reports an error.
- Only one MC\_TouchProbe function block instance should be issued to one axis.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro830, Micro850 and Micro870 controllers that support motion control.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter  | Parameter type | Data type               | Description                                                                                                                                                                             |
|------------|----------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EN         | Input          | BOOL                    | Instruction block enable.<br>TRUE - execute current MC_TouchProbe computation.<br>FALSE - there is no computation.<br>Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.                          |
| AxisIn     | Input          | AXIS_REF<br>FB_AXIS_REF | Use the AXIS_REF data type to define the parameters for AxisIn.<br>For a feedback axis, use the <u>FB_AXIS_REF data type</u> on <u>page 414</u> to define the<br>parameters for AxisIn. |
| TriggerInp | Input          | USINT                   | Not supported currently. Configure input trigger in the Axis configuration.                                                                                                             |
| Execute    | Input          | BOOL                    | TRUE - starts touch probe recording at the rising edge.<br>FALSE - not executing.                                                                                                       |

| Parameter        | Parameter type | Data type               | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|------------------|----------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| WindowOnly       | Input          | BOOL                    | TRUE - only use the window to accept trigger events.<br>Motion resolution is limited to the Motion Engine interval configured by the user.<br>For WindowOnly TouchProbe functionality, there is a maximum response time delay that<br>is equal to the Motion Engine interval for both FirstPosition and LastPosition activation.<br>The maximum possible lag in the triggering position (both FirstPosition and<br>LastPosition) can be calculated by (Motion Engine interval * moving velocity). |
| FirstPosition    | Input          | REAL                    | Start position of the window from where trigger events are accepted (in technical units [u]). Value included in window.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| LastPosition     | Input          | REAL                    | Stop position of the window from where trigger events are not accepted (in technical units [u]). Value included in window.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| ENO              | Output         | BOOL                    | Enable output.<br>Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Axis             | Output         | AXIS_REF<br>FB_AXIS_REF | Axis output is read-only in Ladder Diagram programs.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| TriggerInput     | Output         | USINT                   | Not supported currently.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Done             | Output         | BOOL                    | TRUE - trigger event was recorded.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Busy             | Output         | BOOL                    | TRUE - the function block is not finished.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| CommandAborted   | Output         | BOOL                    | TRUE - the command was overridden by the MC_Power(OFF), or Error Stop function block.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Error            | Output         | BOOL                    | Indicates an error occurred.<br>TRUE - An error is detected.<br>FALSE - No error.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| ErrorID          | Output         | UINT                    | A unique numeric that identifies the error. The errors for this instruction are defined in <u>Motion control function block error IDs</u> on <u>page 411</u> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| RecordedPosition | Output         | REAL                    | Position where trigger event occurred (in technical units [u])<br>Motion is an open-loop motion.<br>The axis position at the time the trigger event occurs. If the axis motion is an open-loop<br>motion, the commanded position (not an actual position) at the time the trigger event<br>occurs, if there is no motion delay between the drive and the motor.                                                                                                                                   |

# Motion fixed input/output

| Motion Signals                | PT00     | PT01     | PT02     |
|-------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| PTO pulse                     | Output_0 | Output_1 | Output2  |
| PTO direction                 | Output_3 | Output_4 | Output_5 |
| Lower (Negative) Limit switch | Input_0  | Input_4  | Input_8  |
| Upper (Positive) Limit switch | Input_1  | Input_5  | Input_9  |
| Absolute Home switch          | Input_2  | Input_6  | Input_10 |
| Touch Probe Input switch      | Input_3  | Input_7  | Input_11 |







#### MC\_TouchProbe Ladder Diagram example

## MC\_TouchProbe Structured Text example



#### **Results**

MC\_WriteBoolParameter

parameter)

(motion control write BOOL

| cro850 - Axis Monitor |                   | -                 |              | 8  | Varia  | ble Monitoring        |                   |                     |          |          |       | - 2  |
|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------|----|--------|-----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|----------|----------|-------|------|
| Axis Name:            | Axis1 •           |                   |              |    | Global | Variables - Micro 850 | Local Variables - | N/A System Variable | es - Mon | 0/1 0850 | More  | 50 1 |
|                       |                   |                   |              |    |        | Name                  | Logical Value     | Physical Value      | Lock     | Data T   | ype i | Dim  |
| uis State:            | Discrete Motion   |                   |              |    |        | - 4                   | - 64              | - 64*               |          | -        |       |      |
| ais Homed:            | Yes               |                   |              |    |        | TrigerInp_TouchPs     | 0                 | NA                  |          | USINT    |       |      |
|                       |                   |                   |              |    | Þ      | Execute_TouchPro      | 2                 | N/A                 |          | BOOL     |       |      |
| ovement               | Constant Velocity |                   |              | 1  |        | WindowsOnly_Tou       | 1                 | NA                  |          | BOOL     |       |      |
| or Description:       |                   |                   |              |    |        | FirstPosition_Touc    | 10000.0           | NA                  |          | REAL     |       |      |
| or Description:       |                   |                   |              | 10 |        | LastPosition_Touch    | 50000.0           | N/A                 |          | REAL     |       |      |
|                       |                   |                   |              |    |        | TrigerInput_Touchi    | 0                 | NA                  |          | USINT    | -     |      |
|                       |                   |                   |              |    |        | Done_TouchProbe       |                   | NA                  |          | BOOL     |       |      |
|                       |                   |                   |              | 10 |        | Busy_TouchProbe       |                   | NA                  |          | BOOL     | *     |      |
|                       |                   |                   |              | 12 |        | CommandAbort_Tc       |                   | N/A                 |          | BOOL     |       |      |
| sition and Velocity   |                   |                   |              |    |        | Error_TouchProbe      | 10                | NA                  |          | BOOL     |       |      |
|                       |                   |                   |              |    |        | ErrorID_TouchProt     | 0                 | NA                  |          | UINT     |       |      |
| Command Position:     | 38758.98 mm       | Command Velocity: | 500.0 mm/sec |    |        | RecordPosition_To     | 38426.4           | N/A                 |          | REAL     | *     |      |
| Target Position:      | 50000.0 mm        | Target Velocity:  | 500.0 mm/sec |    | 4      | 11                    |                   |                     |          |          |       | - >  |
|                       |                   |                   |              | la |        |                       |                   |                     |          | 6        | Close | _    |

#### Modifies the value of a vendor specific parameter of type BOOL.

The parameters set by the MC\_WriteBoolParameter function block are only applied to the application temporarily. They are overwritten by the permanent settings, which are configured by the user in Connected Components Workbench Motion Configuration, when the controller is switched from PRG to RUN mode, or when the power to the controller is cycled OFF and ON.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.



This instruction applies to the Micro830, Micro850 and Micro870 controllers that support motion control.

Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter       | Parameter<br>type | Data type               | Description                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EN              | Input             | BOOL                    | Instruction block enable.<br>TRUE - execute current MC_WriteBoolParameter computation.<br>FALSE - the Value output is reset to 0.<br>Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs. |
| AxisIn          | Input             | AXIS_REF<br>FB_AXIS_REF | Use the AXIS_REF data type to define the parameters for AxisIn.<br>For a feedback axis, use the FB_AXIS_REF data type to define the<br>parameters for AxisIn.                 |
| Execute         | Input             | BOOL                    | TRUE - writes the value of the parameter at the rising edge.                                                                                                                  |
| ParameterNumber | Input             | DINT                    | Parameter identification.<br>The parameter number is defined in <u>Motion control function block</u><br>parameter details on page 408.                                        |

#### Chapter 18 Motion control instructions

| Parameter        | Parameter<br>type | Data type | Description                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|------------------|-------------------|-----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Value            | Input             | BOOL      | TRUE - the specified parameter has a new value.                                                                                                                                                         |
| MC_ExecutionMode | Input             | SINT      | Values are:                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|                  |                   |           | • 0 ( <i>mcImmediately</i> ) - The functionality is immediately valid.                                                                                                                                  |
|                  |                   |           | • 1( <i>mcQueued</i> ) - The new functionality becomes valid when:                                                                                                                                      |
|                  |                   |           | <ul> <li>all previous motion commands set one of the following output<br/>parameters: Done, Aborted or Error</li> </ul>                                                                                 |
|                  |                   |           | • the axis is not in a moving state.                                                                                                                                                                    |
|                  |                   |           | When (MC_ExecutionMode = 0), for all parameters except Duty Cycle (1005), this FB can be completed successfully only when the axis state is Disabled or StandStill,                                     |
|                  |                   |           | When (MC_ExecutionMode = 0), for Parameter Duty Cycle (1005), this FB                                                                                                                                   |
|                  |                   |           | can be completed successfully except the axis is in Homing or<br>ErrorStop state.                                                                                                                       |
|                  |                   |           | For (MC_ExecutionMode = 1), this function block can be successfully<br>completed only when the axis state is Disabled, Standstill, or the<br>on-going motion can complete, ending with Standstill state |
|                  |                   |           | Other input values are reserved currently, and are considered as invalid parameters.                                                                                                                    |
| ENO              | Output            | BOOL      | Enable output.                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|                  |                   |           | Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.                                                                                                                                                                |
| Axis             | Output            | AXIS_REF  | Axis output is read-only in Ladder Diagram programs.                                                                                                                                                    |
| Done             | Output            | BOOL      | TRUE - the parameter was successfully written.                                                                                                                                                          |
| Busy             | Output            | BOOL      | TRUE - the function block is not finished.                                                                                                                                                              |
| Error            | Output            | BOOL      | Indicates an error occurred.                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                  |                   |           | TRUE - An error is detected.                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                  |                   |           | FALSE - No error.                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| ErrorID          | Output            | UINT      | A unique numeric that identifies the error. The errors for this instruction are defined in <u>Motion control function block error IDs</u> on page 411.                                                  |

# MC\_WriteBoolParameter Function Block Diagram example

|                                            | BooParameter_1<br>eBooParameter |
|--------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Axis1 Axisle                               | Auis -                          |
| Execute_InviteBool Parameter _ Execute     | Done Done_WhiteBool Parameter   |
| ParameterNumber_)WhiteBod ParameterNumber_ | Busy Busy_WhiteBoolParameter    |
| Value_WhiteBoolParameter Value             | ErrorBook                       |
| MC_ExecutionMode_WhiteBoo                  | ode Error D                     |

#### MC\_WriteBoolParameter Ladder Diagram example



#### MC\_WriteBoolParameter Structured Text example

|                 | void HC, WhiteBeelParameter, 1992; REF Asistin, BOOL Execute, DBYT ParameterManber, BOOL Vaka, SBYT HC, ExecutionNode<br>Type : NC, WhiteBoeParameter, Nodins the value of a motion specific BOOL parameter |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                 | FriteBoolFarameter := 5:                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|                 | ameter_i(Aximi,Esecute_WriteBoolParameter,ParameterSumber_WriteBoolParameter,                                                                                                                               |
| Value_WriteRool | Parameter,MC_IncoutionMode_BriteBoolParameter);                                                                                                                                                             |
| Done WriteScolf | arameter := NC_VriteBoolParameter_1.Pone:                                                                                                                                                                   |
|                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|                 | arameter := HC WriteScolParameter 1.Busy:                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Bary_WriteBools | arameter := NC WriteBoolParameter 1. Busy:<br>Parameter := NC WriteBoolParameter 1.Error:                                                                                                                   |

#### **Results**

| loba | al Variables - Micro850  | Local Variables - N/A | System \ | /ariables - | Micro850 |
|------|--------------------------|-----------------------|----------|-------------|----------|
| Τ    | N                        | ime                   | Logic    | al Value:   | Physica  |
|      |                          | - 1                   |          | - 01        |          |
|      | Execute_WriteBool        | Parameter             |          | <b>V</b>    | N/A      |
|      | ParameterNumber_         | WriteBoolParameter    | 5        |             | N/A      |
|      | Value_WriteBoolParameter |                       |          |             | N/A      |
|      | MC_ExecutionMod          | e_WriteBoolParameter  | 0        |             | N/A      |
|      | Done_WriteBoolPa         | rameter               |          | 1           | N/A      |
|      | Busy_WriteBoolPar        | ameter                |          |             | N/A      |
|      | Error_WriteBoolPar       | ameter                |          |             | N/A      |
|      | ErrorID_WriteBoolF       | arameter              | 0        |             | N/A      |
| 0    |                          |                       |          |             | )        |

Modifies the value of a vendor specific parameter of type REAL.

The parameters set by the MC\_WriteParameter function block are only applied to the application temporarily. They are overwritten by the permanent settings, which are configured by the user in Connected Components Workbench Motion Configuration, when the controller is

# MC\_WriteParameter (motion control write parameter)

switched from PRG to RUN, or when the controller power is cycled OFF and ON.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro830, Micro850 and Micro870 controllers that support motion control.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter       | Parameter type | Data type               | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-----------------|----------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EN              | Input          | BOOL                    | Instruction block enable.<br>TRUE - execute current MC_WriteParameter computation.<br>FALSE - there is no computation.<br>Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.                                             |
| AxisIn          | Input          | AXIS_REF<br>FB_AXIS_REF | Use the <u>AXIS_REF data type</u> on <u>page 413</u> to define the parameters for AxisIn.<br>For a feedback axis, use the <u>FB_AXIS_REF data type</u> on <u>page 414</u> to define the parameters for AxisIn. |
| Execute         | Input          | BOOL                    | TRUE - writes the value of the parameter at the rising edge.                                                                                                                                                   |
| ParameterNumber | Input          | DINT                    | Parameter identification.<br>The parameter number is defined in <u>Motion control function block</u><br><u>parameter details</u> on <u>page 408</u> .                                                          |
| Value           | Input          | REAL                    | New value of the specified parameter.                                                                                                                                                                          |

| Parameter        | Parameter type | Data type | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|------------------|----------------|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| MC_ExecutionMode | Input          | SINT      | <ul> <li>Values are:</li> <li>0 (<i>mc/mmediately</i>) - The functionality is immediately valid.</li> <li>1 (<i>mcQueued</i>) - The new functionality becomes valid when:</li> <li>all previous motion commands set one of the following output parameters: Done, Aborted or Error</li> </ul>       |
|                  |                |           | <ul> <li>the axis is not in a moving state</li> <li>implies that the output parameter Busy is set to FALSE.</li> <li>When (MC_ExecutionMode = 0), for all parameters except Duty Cycle (1005), this FB can be completed successfully only when the axis state is Disabled or StandStill,</li> </ul> |
|                  |                |           | When (MC_ExecutionMode = 0), for Parameter Duty Cycle (1005), this FB can be completed successfully except the axis is in Homing or ErrorStop state.                                                                                                                                                |
|                  |                |           | For (MC_ExecutionMode = 1), this function block can be successfully completed only when the axis state is Disabled, Standstill, or the on-going motion can complete, ending with Standstill state. Other input values are reserved currently and are considered as                                  |
| ENO              | Output         | BOOL      | invalid parameters.<br>Enable output.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Axis             | Output         | AXIS_REF  | Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.<br>Axis output is read-only in Ladder Diagram programs.                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Done             | Output         | BOOL      | TRUE - the parameter was successfully written.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Busy             | Output         | BOOL      | TRUE - indicates the function block has control of the axis.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Error            | Output         | BOOL      | Indicates an error occurred.<br>TRUE - An error is detected.<br>FALSE - No error.                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| ErrorID          | Output         | UINT      | A unique numeric that identifies the error. The errors for this instruction are defined in <u>Motion control function block error IDs</u> on <u>page 411</u> .                                                                                                                                      |

# MC\_WriteParameter Function Block Diagram example



## MC\_WriteParameter Ladder Diagram example



#### MC\_WriteParameter Structured Text example

```
MC_WriteParameter_1k(
void MC_WriteParameter_1(AXIS_REF AxisIn, BOOL Execute, DINT Parameter/Aumber, REAL Value, SINT MC_ExecutionMode)
Type : MC_WriteParameter := 2;
Value_WriteParameter := 90000.0;
MC_WriteParameter_1 (Axis1, Execute WriteParameter, ParameterNumber_WriteParameter,
Value_WriteParameter, MC_ExecutionMode_WriteParameter);
Done_WriteParameter := MC_WriteParameter_1.Done;
Busy_WriteParameter := MC_WriteParameter_1.Busy;
Error_WriteParameter := MC_WriteParameter_1.Error;
ErrorID_WriteParameter := MC_WriteParameter_1.ErrorID;
```

#### **Results**



# **Process control instructions**

Use Process control instructions to monitor and maintain process loops for quantities such as pressure, temperature, flow rate, and fluid level. Process controls regulate the course by sending an output signal to the control valve.

| Instruction                               | Description                                                                                                                                                          |
|-------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DERIVATE on page 479                      | Differentiates a real value over a defined cycle time.                                                                                                               |
| <u>FFL</u> on <u>page 481</u>             | Loads 8 bit, 16 bit, 32 bit, or 64 bit data into a user-created array called a FIFO stack.                                                                           |
| <u>FFU</u> on <u>page 489</u>             | Unloads 8 bit, 16 bit, 32 bit, or 64 bit data from a user-created array called a FIFO stack. The data unloads in the same order as loaded using the FFL instruction. |
| HYSTER on page 494                        | Performs aBoolean hysteresis on difference of reals.                                                                                                                 |
| INTEGRAL on page 496                      | Integrates a real value during the defined cycle time.                                                                                                               |
| <u>LFL (LIFO load)</u> on <u>page 501</u> | Loads 8 bit, 16 bit, 32 bit, or 64 bit data into a user-created array called a LIFO stack.                                                                           |
| LFU (LIFO unload) on page 503             | Unloads 8 bit, 16 bit, 32 bit, or 64 bit data from a user-created array called a LIFO stack. The data unloads in the same order as loaded using the LFL instruction. |
| <u>PWM</u> on <u>page 505</u>             | Turns the pulse width modulation (PWM) output for a configured PWM channel ON or OFF.                                                                                |
| SCALER on page 508                        | Scales the input value according to the output range.                                                                                                                |
| STACKINT on page 510                      | Manages a stack of integer values.                                                                                                                                   |
| LIMIT on page 521                         | Restricts integer values to a given interval.                                                                                                                        |
| TND on page 520                           | Stops the current cycle of the user program scan.                                                                                                                    |

# DERIVATE

Differentiation of a real value over a defined cycle time.

Operation details:

- If the CYCLE parameter value is less than the cycle timing of the execution of the device, the sampling period is forced to this cycle timing.
- The derivation is performed with a time base of milliseconds.For example, the derivation of an input of 1000 that changes to 2000 over a time period of 1 second results in a value of 1. To convert the output of the instruction to units of seconds, multiply the output by 1000.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter | Parameter type | Data type | Description                                                                                                                    |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| RUN       | Input          | BOOL      | Indicates the operational mode of the instruction.<br>TRUE - normal (perform calculation)<br>FALSE - reset                     |
| XIN       | Input          | REAL      | Defines the value on which to perform the derivation calculation. The value must be a REAL value.                              |
| CYCLE     | Input          | TIME      | Defines the sampling time period over which to collect values. Possible time period values range from Oms to 49d17h2m47s294ms. |
| XOUT      | Output         | REAL      | Differentiated output.                                                                                                         |
| ENO       | Output         | BOOL      | Enable output.<br>Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.                                                                     |

## **DERIVATE Function Block Diagram example**



## **DERIVATE Ladder Diagram example**



#### **DERIVATE Structured Text example**

DERIVATE\_1(
void DERIVATE\_1(BOOL RUN, REAL XIN, TIME CYCLE)
Type : DERIVATE, Differentiation according to time

DERIVATE\_1(run, input, T);
output := DERIVATE 1.XOUT;

(\* ST Equivalence: DERIVATE1 is an instance of a DERIVATE block \*)

DERIVATE1(manual\_mode, sensor\_value, t#100ms); derivated value := DERIVATE1.XOUT;

# FFL (FIFO load)

Loads 8 bit, 16 bit, 32 bit, or 64 bit data into a user-created array called a FIFO stack.

**Operation details:** 

- FFL instruction non executing mode to executing mode
  - When Execute changes from FALSE to TRUE:
    - Error conditions are verified.
    - The contents of Src are loaded into the FIFO stack in the available position and Position increments by 1 if Position is less than or equal to zero and less than Length.
    - Full is set to TRUE if Length equals Position. Full is FALSE if Position is less than or equal to zero and less than Length.
    - Done is set when the instruction executes successfully.
  - When Execute changes from TRUE to FALSE:
    - Error, Done, and ErrorID are set to FALSE.
    - Empty is set to TRUE if Position is equal to zero.
    - Full is set to TRUE when Length equals Position. Full is FALSE if Position is less than or equal to zero and less than Length.
    - The FFL error conditions are not verified.
  - When Execute changes from TRUE to TRUE:
    - No load operation is performed.
    - Empty is set to TRUE if Position is equal to zero.
    - Full is set to FALSE if Position is less than or equal to zero and less than Length. Full is set to TRUE if Length equals Position.
    - The FFL error conditions are not verified.
  - When Execute changes from FALSE to FALSE:
    - Error, Done, and ErrorID bits are set to FALSE.
    - Full and Empty bits retain values from previous execution state.
  - Empty is set to TRUE if Position is equal to zero.
    - Full is set to TRUE if Length equals Position. Full is FALSE if Position is less than or equal to zero and less than Length.
    - FLL error conditions are not verified.

- FFL instruction executing mode to non-executing mode:
  - Error, ErrorID, Done, Empty, and Full retain the Execute mode state.
- To create a single element for the FIFO parameter:
  - Non array:
    - Variable based address such as Fifo1 is allowed for FIFO.
    - Length should be configured as 1.
  - Array:
    - Variable based address such as Fifo1 or Fifo1[0] is allowed for FIFO.
    - Length should be configured as 1.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter | Parameter<br>Type | Data Type      | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-----------|-------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Execute   | Input             | BOOL           | Instruction block enable.<br>TRUE - If rising edge is detected, start the FFL operation.<br>FALSE - Rising edge is not detected.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Src       | Input             | ANY_ELEMENTARY | <ul> <li>The Src operand is the address of the value used to fill the currently available position in the FIFO stack.</li> <li>Elementary data types supported for Scr:</li> <li>DWORD, REAL, TIME, DATE, LWORD, ULINT, LINT, LREAL, BOOL, SINT, USINT, BYTE, INT, UINT, WORD, DINT, UDINT.</li> <li>Sting is not supported.</li> <li>Array elements such as Array[1] or Array[Index] are supported.</li> </ul> |

| FIFO    | Input  | ANY_ELEMENTARY | The starting address of the stack. FIFO must be configured the same for the FFL and FFU instructions.                                                      |
|---------|--------|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|         |        |                | Elementary data types supported for FIFO:<br>DWORD, REAL, TIME, DATE, LWORD, ULINT, LINT, LREAL, BOOL, SINT, USINT, BYTE, INT, UINT,<br>WORD, DINT, UDINT. |
|         |        |                | • String is not supported.                                                                                                                                 |
|         |        |                | • Only single dimension array is supported for FIFO.                                                                                                       |
| FIFOCon | Input  | FF_LF_CON      | FIFO configuration and control. The same configuration must be configured for FFL and FFU instructions.                                                    |
|         |        |                | Use the FF_LF_CON data type to configure Position and Length.                                                                                              |
| Done    | Output | BOOL           | Indicates when the FFU operation is complete.                                                                                                              |
|         |        |                | TRUE - Operation completed successfully.                                                                                                                   |
|         |        |                | FALSE - Operation encountered an error condition or the FFU instruction is not executing.                                                                  |
| Empty   | Output | BOOL           | Indicates when the FIFO stack is empty.                                                                                                                    |
|         |        |                | TRUE - When Position equals 0.                                                                                                                             |
|         |        |                | FALSE - When Position is not equal to 0.                                                                                                                   |
| Full    | Output | BOOL           | Indicates when the FIFO stack is full.                                                                                                                     |
|         |        |                | TRUE - When Length is equal to Position.                                                                                                                   |
|         |        |                | FALSE - When Position is greater than or equal to zero and less than Length.                                                                               |
| Error   | Output | BOOL           | Indicates the existence of an error condition.                                                                                                             |
|         |        |                | TRUE - Operation encountered an error.                                                                                                                     |
|         |        |                | FALSE - Operation completed successfully or the instruction is not executing.                                                                              |
| ErrorID | Output | USINT          | A unique numeric that identifies the error. The errors are defined in FFL error codes.                                                                     |

# FF\_LF\_CON data type

Use this table to help determine the parameter values for the FF\_LF\_CON data type.

| Parameter | Data type | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |  |  |  |  |
|-----------|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Length    | UINT      | Number of elements used for FIFO operation. Maximum limit is 1024.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |  |  |  |  |
| Position  | USINT     | <ul> <li>Determines the next available location in the FIFO for the Src entry or removal. Position is the offset of the array.</li> <li>Example 1:</li> <li>User configured array, arr[05]. Initial position is configured as 1. Data is pushed into arr[1] and position increments by position + 1.</li> <li>Example 2:</li> <li>User configured array as arr[15]. Initial position is configured as 1. Data is pushed into arr[2] and position increments by position + 1.</li> </ul> |  |  |  |  |

## **FFL error codes**

Use this table to determine the FFL and FFU error codes and descriptions.

| Error code | Error description                    |
|------------|--------------------------------------|
| 0          | No error.                            |
| 1          | FFL Src data type is not supported.  |
| 2          | FFU Dest data type is not supported. |
| 3          | FIFO data type is not supported.     |

| Chapter 19 | Process control instructions                                                                   |
|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|            | Src and Dest data type mismatch with the FIFO data type.                                       |
|            | Corrective Action:                                                                             |
|            | FFL Src parameter and FFU Dest parameter data type should match with the FIFO array data type. |
| 5          | FIFO - Array dimension is not supported.                                                       |
|            | Corrective Action:                                                                             |
|            | FIFO only supports single dimension Arrays.                                                    |
| E          | FIFOCon control Length exceeds FIFO array size.                                                |
|            | Corrective Action:                                                                             |
|            | FIFOCon control Length cannot exceed the FIFO array size.                                      |
| 7          | FIFOCon Length exceeds the max length.                                                         |
|            | FIFOCon Length is zero.                                                                        |
| 9          | FIFOCon Position exceeds the FIFOCon Length.                                                   |
| 1(         | FFL control Length and Position are equal.                                                     |
| 1          | FFU control Position is zero.                                                                  |
| 12         | 2 FFL or FFU array dimension is not supported.                                                 |
|            | Corrective Acton:                                                                              |
|            | FFL and FFU only support single dimension arrays.                                              |
| 13         | FFL or FFU DestOffset exceeds Dest array size.                                                 |

# FFL Function Block Diagram example



# FFL Ladder Diagram example



#### **FFL Structured Text example**

```
1 FFL_1 (exe, src, fifo, fifocon);
2 done := FFL_1.Done;
3 full := FFL_1.Full;
4 empty := FFL_1.Empty;
5 error := FFL_1.Error;
6 errorID := FFL_1.ErrorID;
700 ffL1000 (secure ANY_LUMENTARY Src ANY_ELDMENTARY[1.1] FEO. FFL_CON FEOCORY
Type:FFL FFL01000
```

## Results

|     |       | Name           | * Le | gical Value | PhysicalValue | InitialValue | Lock | Data Typ  |     | Dimer | 5 |
|-----|-------|----------------|------|-------------|---------------|--------------|------|-----------|-----|-------|---|
| i T |       |                | *    |             |               | - at         |      |           | d   |       | • |
|     | 970   |                |      |             | N/A           |              |      | 800L      | . * | 1     |   |
|     | м     |                |      | 10          | N/A           |              |      | BOOL      | *   |       |   |
|     | Wooor | 1              |      |             | -             |              |      | FF_LF_DON | *   |       |   |
|     |       | WooonLength    | 10   |             | N/A           |              |      | UINT      |     |       |   |
|     |       | Wooon Position | 1    |             | N/4           |              |      | UINT      |     |       |   |
| -   | Wo    |                |      |             |               |              |      | 800L      | . * | [110] |   |
|     | F     | Wo[1]          |      | ×.          | N/A           |              |      | 800L      |     |       |   |
|     |       | ¥0[2]          |      |             | N/4           |              |      | 800L      |     |       |   |
|     |       | Wo[3]          |      |             | N/A           |              |      | 800L      |     |       |   |
|     |       | Wo[4]          |      | 10          | N/A           |              |      | 800L      |     |       |   |
|     |       | ¥0[5]          |      |             | N/A           |              |      | 800L      |     |       |   |
|     |       | Wo[6]          |      |             | N/A           |              |      | 800L      |     |       |   |
|     |       | Wo[7]          |      |             | N/A           |              |      | 800L      |     |       |   |
|     |       | Wo[8]          |      |             | N/A           |              |      | 800L      |     |       |   |
|     |       | Wo[9]          |      |             | N/A           |              |      | 800L      |     |       |   |
|     |       | Wo[10]         | 1    |             | NA            |              |      | 800L      |     |       |   |
| ٠   | FFL_1 |                |      |             |               |              |      | FFL       | . * |       |   |
|     | 696   |                | ii   | 10          | N/A           |              |      | 800L      | *   | 1     |   |
|     | evolD | 9              | 0    |             | N/A           |              |      | USINT     | *   |       |   |
|     | 68.01 |                |      |             | 14/4          |              |      | BOOL      | *   | 3     |   |
|     | empty |                |      |             | N/4           |              |      | BOOL      | *   |       |   |
|     | done  |                | 11   |             | N/A           |              |      | BOOL      | . * | 5     |   |

# FFL and FFU instruction timing diagrams

The following timing diagram examples describe execution scenarios for the <u>FFL</u> on <u>page 481</u> (FIFO load) and <u>FFU</u> on <u>page 489</u> (FIFO unload) instructions.



## Successful FFL execution followed by successful FFU execution

Use this table to help determine the parameter values for each scan cycle.

| Scan Cycle | Description                        |
|------------|------------------------------------|
| 1          | Rung condition becomes TRUE when:  |
|            | • Execute input bit is TRUE.       |
|            | • Load (push) data to FIFO stack.  |
|            | • Done output bit is TRUE.         |
| 2,3,4      | No change in rung condition.       |
| 5          | Rung condition becomes FALSE when: |
|            | • Execute bit is FALSE.            |
|            | • Done output bit is FALSE.        |
| 6, 7       | No change in rung condition.       |
|            | • Execute bit is FALSE.            |
|            | • Done output bit is FALSE.        |
| 8          | Rung goes TRUE when:               |
|            | • Execute input bit is TRUE.       |
|            | • Unload data from FIFO stack.     |
|            | • Done output bit is TRUE.         |
| 9          | No change in rung condition.       |
|            | • Execute bit is FALSE.            |
|            | • Done output bit is FALSE.        |
| 10, 11     | No change in rung condition.       |

## Successful execution when the Empty bit is TRUE



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for each scan cycle.

| Scan Cycle | Description                                    |
|------------|------------------------------------------------|
| 1          | Rung condition becomes TRUE when:              |
|            | • Execute input bit is TRUE. Execution starts. |
|            | • Position is zero. Empty bit is TRUE.         |
|            | • Done output bit is TRUE.                     |
| 2,3,4      | No change in rung condition.                   |
| 5          | Rung condition becomes FALSE when:             |
|            | • Execute bit is FALSE.                        |
|            | • Empty bit is TRUE.                           |
|            | • Done output bit is FALSE.                    |
| 6, 7       | No change in rung condition.                   |
| 8          | Rung goes TRUE when:                           |
|            | • Execute input bit is TRUE. Execution starts. |
|            | • Empty bit is TRUE.                           |
|            | • Done output bit is TRUE.                     |
| 9          | Rung condition becomes FALSE when:             |
|            | • Execute bit is FALSE.                        |
|            | • Empty bit is TRUE.                           |
|            | • Done output bit is FALSE.                    |
| 10, 11     | No change in rung condition.                   |

# Successful execution when the Empty bit is TRUE



#### Use this table to help determine the parameter values for each scan cycle.

| Scan Cycle | Description                                      |  |  |  |  |
|------------|--------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 1          | Rung condition becomes TRUE when:                |  |  |  |  |
|            | • Execute input bit is TRUE. Execution starts.   |  |  |  |  |
|            | • Position is equal to Length, Full bit is TRUE. |  |  |  |  |
|            | • Done output bit is TRUE.                       |  |  |  |  |
| 2,3,4      | No change in rung condition.                     |  |  |  |  |
| 5          | Rung condition becomes FALSE when:               |  |  |  |  |
|            | • Execute bit is FALSE.                          |  |  |  |  |
|            | • Full bit is TRUE.                              |  |  |  |  |
|            | • Done output bit is FALSE.                      |  |  |  |  |
| 6, 7       | No change in rung condition.                     |  |  |  |  |
| 8          | Rung goes TRUE when:                             |  |  |  |  |
|            | • Execute input bit is TRUE. Execution starts.   |  |  |  |  |
|            | • Full bit is TRUE.                              |  |  |  |  |
|            | • Done output bit is TRUE.                       |  |  |  |  |
| 9          | Rung condition becomes FALSE when:               |  |  |  |  |
|            | • Execute bit is FALSE.                          |  |  |  |  |
|            | • Full bit is TRUE.                              |  |  |  |  |
|            | • Done output bit is FALSE.                      |  |  |  |  |
| 10, 11     | No change in rung condition.                     |  |  |  |  |

## **Error encountered during FFL and FFU execution**



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for each scan cycle.

| Scan Cycle | Description                                                                                          |
|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|            | Rung condition becomes TRUE when:                                                                    |
|            | <ul><li>Execute input bit is TRUE. Execution starts.</li><li>Error bit is TRUE.</li></ul>            |
| 2,3,4      | No change in rung condition.                                                                         |
| 5          | Rung condition becomes FALSE when:<br>• Execute bit is FALSE.<br>• Error and ErrorID bits are FALSE. |
| 6, 7       | No change in rung condition.                                                                         |
| 8          | Rung goes TRUE when:<br>• Execute input bit is TRUE. Execution starts.<br>• Error bit is TRUE.       |
| 9          | Rung condition becomes FALSE when:<br>• Execute bit is FALSE.<br>• Error and ErrorID bits are FALSE. |
| 10, 11     | No change in rung condition.                                                                         |

## FFU (FIFO unload)

Unloads 8 bit, 16 bit, 32 bit, or 64 bit data from a user-created array called a FIFO (first in first out) stack in the same order data was loaded using the FFL instruction.

**Operation details:** 

- FFU instruction non executing mode to executing mode:
  - When Execute changes from FALSE to TRUE:
    - FFU error conditions are verified.
    - Unloads the contents of the FIFO stack at the zero position if Position is greater than zero and less than or equal to Length.

- Remaining elements shift one position towards zero and the highest element of the FIFO stack is set with zero, Position is decremented by 1.
- Empty is set to TRUE if Position equals zero.
- Done is set when the instruction executes successfully.
- When Execute changes from TRUE to FALSE:
  - Error, Done, and ErrorID are set to FALSE.
  - Empty is set to TRUE if Position is equal to zero.
  - Full is set to TRUE if Length equals Position. Full is set to FALSE if Position is less than or equal to zero and less than Length.
  - The FFU error conditions are not verified.
- When Execute changes from TRUE to TRUE:
  - No unload operation performed.
  - Empty is set to TRUE if Position is equal to zero.
  - Full is set to TRUE if Length equals Position.
  - The FFU error conditions are not verified.
- When Execute changes from FALSE to FALSE:
  - Error, Done, and ErrorID are set to FALSE.
  - Empty is set to TRUE if Position is equal to zero.
  - Full is set to TRUE if Length equals Position. Full is set to FALSE if Position is less than or equal to zero and less than Length.
  - The FLU error conditions are not verified.
- FFU instruction executing mode to non-executing mode:
  - Error, ErrorID, Done, Empty, and Full retain the Execute mode state.
- To create a single element for the FIFO parameter:
  - Non array:
    - Variable based address such as Fifo1 is allowed for FIFO.
    - Length should be configured as 1.
  - Array:
    - Variable based address such as Fif01 or Fif01[0] is allowed for FIFO.
    - Length should be configured as 1.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter  | Parameter<br>Type | Data Type      | Description                                                                                                   |
|------------|-------------------|----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Execute    | Input             | BOOL           | Instruction block enable.                                                                                     |
|            |                   |                | TRUE - If rising edge is detected, start FFU operation.                                                       |
|            |                   |                | FALSE - Rising edge is not detected.                                                                          |
| Dest       | Input             | ANY_ELEMENTARY | Holds the value that exists in the FIFO stack.                                                                |
|            |                   |                | Elementary data types supported for Dest:                                                                     |
|            |                   |                | • DWORD, REAL, TIME, DATE, LWORD, ULINT, LINT, LREAL, BOOL, SINT, USINT, BYTE, INT, UINT, WORD, DINT, UDINT.  |
|            |                   |                | • Sting is not supported.                                                                                     |
|            |                   |                | • Only supports single dimension arrays such as Array[1] or Array[Index].                                     |
| DestOffset | Input             | UINT           | Destination element offset.                                                                                   |
|            |                   |                | Element offset if destination is array data type, otherwise offset should be set to 0.                        |
|            |                   |                | For array data type, to unload to the first element, the offset should be set as 0.                           |
| FIFO       | Input             | ANY_ELEMENTARY | The starting address of the stack. FIFO must be configured the same in the FFL and FFU instructions.          |
| FIFU       | mput              |                | <ul> <li>Elementary data types supported for FIFO:</li> </ul>                                                 |
|            |                   |                | DWORD, REAL, TIME, DATE, LWORD, ULINT, LINT, LREAL, BOOL, SINT, USINT, BYTE, INT, UINT, WORD,<br>DINT, UDINT. |
|            |                   |                | String is not supported.                                                                                      |
|            |                   |                | • Only single dimension is supported for FIFO.                                                                |
| FIFOCon    | Input             | FF_LF_CON      | FIFO configuration and control. The same configuration must be configured for FFL and FFU                     |
|            |                   |                | instructions.                                                                                                 |
|            |                   |                | Use the FF_LF_CON data type to configure Position and Length.                                                 |
| Done       | Output            | BOOL           | Indicates when the FFU operation is complete.                                                                 |
|            |                   |                | TRUE - Operation completed successfully.                                                                      |
|            |                   |                | FALSE - Operation encountered an error condition or the FFU instruction is not executing.                     |
| Full       | Output            | BOOL           | Indicates when the FIFO stack is full.                                                                        |
|            |                   |                | TRUE - When Length is equal to Position.                                                                      |
|            |                   |                | FALSE - When Position is greater than zero and less than Length.                                              |
| Empty      | Output            | BOOL           | Indicates when the FIFO stack is empty.                                                                       |
|            |                   |                | TRUE - When Position equals 0.                                                                                |
|            |                   |                | FALSE - When Position is not equal to O.                                                                      |

| Error   | Output | BOOL  | Indicates the existence of an error condition.                                         |
|---------|--------|-------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|         |        |       | TRUE - Operation encountered an Error.                                                 |
|         |        |       | FALSE - Operation completed successfully or the instruction is not executing.          |
| ErrorID | Output | USINT | A unique numeric that identifies the error. The errors are defined in FFU error codes. |

# FF\_LF\_CON Data Type

Use this table to help determine the parameter values for the FF\_LF\_CON data type.

| Parameter | Data type | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-----------|-----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Length    | UINT      | Number of elements used for FIFO operation. Maximum limit is 1024.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Position  | USINT     | <ul> <li>Determines the next available location in the FIFO for the Src entry or removal. Position is the offset of the array.</li> <li>Example 1: <ul> <li>User configured array, arr[05]. Initial position is configured as 1. Data is pushed into arr[1] and position increments by position + 1.</li> <li>Example 2: <ul> <li>User configured array as arr[15]. Initial position is configured as 1. Data is pushed into arr[2] and position increments by position + 1.</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul> |

## **FFU error codes**

Use this table to determine the FFL and FFU error codes and descriptions.

| Error code | Error description                                                                              |
|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0          | No error.                                                                                      |
| 1          | FFL Src data type is not supported.                                                            |
| 2          | FFU Dest data type is not supported.                                                           |
| 3          | FIFO data type is not supported.                                                               |
| 4          | Src and Dest data type mismatch with the FIFO data type.                                       |
|            | Corrective Action:                                                                             |
|            | FFL Src parameter and FFU Dest parameter data type should match with the FIFO array data type. |
| 5          | FIFO - Array dimension is not supported.                                                       |
|            | Corrective Action:                                                                             |
|            | FIFO only supports single dimension Arrays.                                                    |
| 6          | FIFOCon control Length exceeds FIFO array size.                                                |
|            | Corrective Action:                                                                             |
|            | FIFOCon control Length cannot exceed the FIFO array size.                                      |
| 7          | FIFOCon Length exceeds the max length.                                                         |
| 8          | FIFOCon Length is zero.                                                                        |
| 9          | FIFOCon Position exceeds the FIFOCon Length.                                                   |
| 10         | FFL control Length and Position are equal.                                                     |
| 11         | FFU control Position is zero.                                                                  |
| 12         | FFL or FFU array dimension is not supported.                                                   |
|            | Corrective Acton:                                                                              |
|            | FFL and FFU only support single dimension arrays.                                              |
| 13         | FFL or FFU DestOffset exceeds Dest array size.                                                 |

#### **FFU Function Block Diagram example**



## **FFU Ladder Diagram example**



## **FFU Structured Text example**

1 FFU\_1(exe, dest, destoffset, fifo, fifocon); 2 done := FFU\_1.Done; 3 full := FFU\_1.Full; 4 empty := FFU\_1.Full; 5 error := FFU\_1.Error; 6 errorID := FFU\_1.ErrorID; 777\_11 1 [StaffH\_1[DOL Decode\_ANY\_REMEMBATION\_1]]Dest\_UNIT DestOffset\_ANY\_GEDMEMIAS(C\_1)[FID\_FF\_1F\_CONTROCase]] 1 [StaffH\_1][SOL Decode\_ANY\_REMEMBATION\_1]]Dest\_UNIT DestOffset\_ANY\_GEDMEMIAS(C\_1)[FID\_FF\_1F\_CONTROCase]]

#### Results

| ٢G | lobal | Variables - Micro 850 | _          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                       |       | _    |           | _   | _     |   |
|----|-------|-----------------------|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------|------|-----------|-----|-------|---|
|    |       | Nane                  | _          | ogical Value                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | <b>Physical Value</b> |       | Lock |           | _   | Dimo  | - |
|    |       |                       | <b>*</b> * |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                       | * a#* |      |           | of  |       | * |
| ٠  | dest  |                       |            | (                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                       |       |      | BOOL      |     | [11]  |   |
|    | 10000 | olfset                | 0          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | NA                    |       |      | UINT      | Ŧ   |       |   |
|    | done  |                       |            | ₹                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | NA                    |       |      | BOOL      | ×   |       |   |
|    | erp   |                       |            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | N/A                   |       |      | BOOL      |     |       |   |
|    | COLOR |                       |            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | NA                    |       |      | BOOL      |     |       |   |
|    | eroi  | D                     | 0          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | NA                    |       |      | USINT     | . * |       |   |
|    | 686   |                       |            | <ul> <li>Image: A set of the /li></ul> | NA                    |       |      | BOOL      | . * |       |   |
| ۲  | FFU.  | 1                     | ÷          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                       |       |      | FFU       | . * |       |   |
| •  | Wo    |                       |            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                       |       |      | BOOL      | . * | [110] |   |
|    |       | Wo[1]                 |            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | NA                    |       |      | BOOL      |     |       |   |
|    |       | Wo[2]                 |            | <b>V</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | NA                    |       |      | BOOL      |     |       |   |
|    |       | Wo[3]                 |            | ×.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | NA                    |       |      | BOOL      |     |       |   |
|    |       | Bio[4]                |            | 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | NA                    |       |      | BOOL      |     |       |   |
|    |       | Wo[5]                 |            | × .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | NA                    |       |      | BOOL      |     |       |   |
|    |       | Wo[6]                 |            | 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | NA                    |       |      | BOOL      |     |       |   |
|    |       | Wo[7]                 |            | ×.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | NA                    |       |      | BOOL      |     |       |   |
|    |       | Wo[8]                 |            | V                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | NA                    |       |      | BOOL      |     |       |   |
|    |       | Wo[9]                 |            | 2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | NA                    |       |      | BOOL      |     |       |   |
|    |       | Bro[10]               |            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | NA                    |       |      | BOOL      |     |       |   |
| •  | free  | on                    |            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                       |       |      | FF_LF_DON |     |       |   |
|    |       | WeconLeigh            | 10         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | NA                    |       |      | UINT      |     |       |   |
|    |       | Nocon Position        | 0          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | NA                    | 8     |      | UNT       |     | 3     |   |
|    | ы     |                       |            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | NA                    |       |      | BOOL      | -   |       |   |

# HYSTER (hysteresis)

Boolean hysteresis on difference of reals. Compares the current value of an input with the high limit established by adding the historical amount of lag as measured by hysteresis to the expected value for an input and assessing whether the current value exceeds that limit.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter | Parameter type | Data type | Description                                                                                    |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EN        | Input          | BOOL      | Instruction block enable.                                                                      |
|           |                |           | TRUE - execute the instruction block.                                                          |
|           |                |           | FALSE - do not execute the instruction block.                                                  |
|           |                |           | Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.                                                       |
| XIN1      | Input          | REAL      | Any real value.                                                                                |
| XIN2      | Input          | REAL      | To test if the input value XIN1 has exceeded the high limit defined for this input XIN2 + EPS. |

| Parameter | Parameter type | Data type | Description                                                                 |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EPS       | Input          | REAL      | Hysteresis value (must be greater than zero).                               |
| ENO       | Output         | BOOL      | Enable output.                                                              |
|           |                |           | Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.                                    |
| Q         | Output         | BOOL      | The result of the HYSTER instruction.                                       |
|           |                |           | TRUE - The input exceeded the upper limit but is not below the lower limit. |
|           |                |           | FALSE - The input did not exceed the upper limit.                           |

## **HYSTER timing diagram example**

In the following diagram HYSTER is used to assess the performance lag due to motor friction over a 5 second time period. The instruction is run every 10 milliseconds. During the startup phase the motor was operating less efficiently.



## HYSTER Function Block Diagram example



## **HYSTER Ladder Diagram example**



INTEGRAL

#### **HYSTER Structured Text example**

```
HYSTER_1[
void HYSTER_1(REAL XIN1, REAL XIN2, REAL EPS)
Type : HYSTER, Boolean hysteresis on difference of reals
xin1 := 10.0;
xin2 := 1.0;
eps := 1.0;
HYSTER_1(xin1, xin2, eps);
output := HYSTER_1.Q;
```

Integrates a real value during the defined cycle time.

#### Operation details:

- When the INTEGRAL function block is first initialized, its initial values are not considered. Use the RI parameter to set the initial values for a calculation.
- To prevent loss of the integrated value, the integration value is not cleared automatically when the controller transitions from PROGRAM to RUN or when the RUN parameter transitions from FALSE to TRUE. Use the R1 parameter to clear the integral value when first transitioning the controller from PROGRAM to RUN mode and when starting a new integration.
- It is recommended that the optional EN or ENO parameters are not used with this function block because the cycle time calculation becomes disrupted when EN is FALSE, resulting in an incorrect integration. If the EN or ENO parameters are used, toggle the R1 parameter with EN equal to TRUE to clear the current result and ensure correct integration.
- Integration is performed with a time base of milliseconds (that is, integrating an input of 1 with an initial value of 0 for 1 second results in a value of 1000). To convert the output of the instruction to units of seconds, divide the output by 1000.
- If the CYCLE parameter value is less than the cycle timing of the execution of the device, the sampling period is forced to the cycle timing.
- XIN sampling and function block executions occur every cycle time + Scan Time Jitter.
- For a given user program, Scan Time Jitter varies from controller to controller.
- The cycle time determines the sensitivity of the Integral function block. Changes occurring in XIN between two samplings (or within the cycle time) are not taken into account when the integral XOUT value is calculated.
- Cycle time and Scan Time Jitter both contribute to the overall inaccuracy of Integral output as shown in the XIN in sync with the function block execution example and the XIN not in sync with function block execution example.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter | Parameter type | Data type | Description                                                          |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| RUN       | Input          | BOOL      | Mode: TRUE = integrate / FALSE = hold.                               |
| R1        | Input          | BOOL      | Overriding reset.                                                    |
| XIN       | Input          | REAL      | Input: any real value.                                               |
| XO        | Input          | REAL      | Initial value.                                                       |
| CYCLE     | Input          | TIME      | Sampling period. Possible values range from Oms to 49d17h2m47s294ms. |
| Q         | Output         | BOOL      | Not R1.                                                              |
| XOUT      | Output         | REAL      | Integrated output.                                                   |

## **INTEGRAL Function Block Diagram example**



## **INTEGRAL Ladder Diagram example**



## **INTEGRAL Structured Text example**



(\* ST Equivalence: INTEGRAL1 is an instance of a INTEGRAL block \*)

INTEGRAL1(manual\_mode, NOT(manual\_mode), sensor\_value, init\_value, t#100ms);

controlled\_value := INTEGRAL1.XOUT;

#### **Results**

| User | Global Variables - Micro 870 L | ocal Variables - Pro | g1 System Variable | s - Micro870 L/C | 0 - Micro | 870 Defined V | Vords |
|------|--------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------|---------------|-------|
|      | Name 4                         | LogicalValue         | Physical Value     | Initial Value    | Lock      | D ata Typ     | e     |
|      | - 1                            | 8                    |                    | - 1              |           |               |       |
|      | InitiaValue                    | 5.0                  | N/A                |                  |           | REAL          |       |
| 1    | INTEGRAL_1                     |                      |                    |                  |           | INTEGRAL      | ×     |
|      | IntrgratedOutput               | 2268270              | N/A                |                  |           | REAL          | -     |
|      | output                         | V                    | N/A                |                  |           | BOOL          | -     |
|      | OverridingReset                |                      | N/A                |                  |           | BOOL          | Ŧ     |
| •    | run                            | ×                    | N/A                |                  |           | BOOL          | +     |
|      | т                              | T#10s                | N/A                |                  |           | TIME          | *     |
|      | xin                            | 10.0                 | N/A                |                  |           | REAL          | 7     |
|      |                                |                      |                    |                  |           |               | _     |
| •    |                                |                      |                    |                  |           |               | >     |

## XIN in sync with function block execution example

The following images show the effect of Scan Time Jitter on the XOUT value:



## XIN not in sync with function block execution example

The following images show an example in which an error is introduced in the XOUT value of an Integral function block:



AND

Performs a boolean AND operation between two or more values.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter | Parameter Type | Data Type | Description                                              |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| i1        | Input          | BOOL      | Value in Boolean data type.                              |
| i2        | Input          | BOOL      | Value in Boolean data type.                              |
| 01        | Output         | BOOL      | Result of the Boolean AND operation of the input values. |

## **AND Structured Text example**

(\* ST equivalence: \*)

```
bol0 := bil01 AND NOT (bil02);
bo5 := (bi51 AND bi52) AND bi53;
```

# LFL(LIFO load)

LFL instruction is used to load the data (8 bit, 16 bit, 32 bit and 64 bit) into a user-created array called LIFO stack. LFL and <u>LFU</u> on <u>page 503instructions</u> are used in pairs.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter value for this instructions.

| Parameter | Parameter Type | Data Type      | Description                                                                            |
|-----------|----------------|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Execute   | Input          | BOOL           | Instruction block enable.                                                              |
|           |                |                | TRUE - If rising edge is detected, start the LFL operation.                            |
|           |                |                | FALSE - Rising edge is not detected.                                                   |
| Src       | Input          | ANY_ELEMENTARY | The Src operand is the address of the value to fill the current available position sin |
|           |                |                | the LIFO stack.                                                                        |
|           |                |                | Element data types supported:                                                          |
|           |                |                | • DWORD, REAL, TIME, DWORD, REAL, TIME, DATE, LWORD, ULINT, LINT, LREAL, BOOL,         |
|           |                |                | SINT, USINT, BYTE, INT, UINT, WORD, DINT, UDINT.\                                      |
|           |                |                | • Array element such as Array [1] or Array[Index].                                     |
|           |                |                | String is not supported                                                                |
| LIFO      | Input          | ANY_ELEMENTARY | The starting address of the stack. LIFO must be configured the same for the LFL and    |
|           |                |                | LFU instructions.                                                                      |
|           |                |                | Element data types supported:                                                          |
|           |                |                | • DWORD, REAL, TIME, DWORD, REAL, TIME, DATE, LWORD, ULINT, LINT, LREAL, BOOL,         |
|           |                |                | SINT, USINT, BYTE, INT, UINT, WORD, DINT, UDINT.                                       |
|           |                |                | • Only single dimension is supported.                                                  |
|           |                |                | String is not supported.                                                               |
| LIFOCon   | Input          | FF_LF_CON      | LIFO configuration and control. The same configuration must be configured for LFL      |
|           |                |                | and LFU instructions. Use the FF_LF_CON data type to configure Position and Length.    |
| Full      | Output         | BOOL           | Indicates when the LIFO stack is full.                                                 |
|           |                |                | TRUE - When Length is equal to Position.                                               |
|           |                |                | FALSE - When Position is greater than or equal to zero and less than Length.           |

| Parameter | Parameter Type | Data Type | Description                                                                         |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Empty     | Output         | BOOL      | Indicates when the LIFO stack is empty.                                             |
|           |                |           | TRUE - When Position equals zero.                                                   |
|           |                |           | FALSE - When Position is not equal to zero.                                         |
| Error     | Output         | BOOL      | Indicate the existence of an error condition.                                       |
|           |                |           | TRUE- Operation encountered an error.                                               |
|           |                |           | FALSE- OPeration completed successfully or the instruction is not executing.        |
| ErrorID   | Output         | USINT     | A unique numeric that identifies the error. The errors are defined in the LFL error |
|           |                |           | codes.                                                                              |
| Done      | Output         | BOOL      | Indicate when operation is completed.                                               |
|           |                |           | TRUE - Operation completed successfully.                                            |
|           |                |           | FALSE - Operation encountered an error condition or the LFL instruction is not      |
|           |                |           | executing.                                                                          |

## LFL Function Block Diagram example



# LFL Ladder Diagram example



#### LFL Structured Text example

```
LFL_1[
void LFL_1(BOOL Execute, ANY_ELEMENTARY Src, ANY_ELEMENTARY[1.1] LIFO, FF_LF_CON LIFOCon)
Type : LFL, LIFO Load
```

```
1 LFL_1(exe, Src, fifo, fifocon);
2 Done:=LFL_1.Done;
3 Full:=LFL_1.Full;
4 Empty:=LFL_1.Empty;
5 Error:=LFL_1.Error;
6 ErrorID:=LFL_1.ErrorID;
```

## LFU(LIFO unload)

LFU instruction unloads data (8 bit, 18 bit, 32 bit, 64 bit) from a user - created array called LIFO stack. LFU and <u>LFL</u> on <u>page 501instructions</u> are used in pairs.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter value for this instructions.

| Parameter  | Parameter Type | Data Type      | Description                                                                            |
|------------|----------------|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Execute    | Input          | BOOL           | Instruction block enable.                                                              |
|            |                |                | TRUE - If rising edge is detected, start the LFU operation.                            |
|            |                |                | FALSE - Rising edge is not detected.                                                   |
| Dest       | Input          | ANY_ELEMENTARY | Holds the value that exists in the LIFO stack.                                         |
|            |                |                | Elementary data types supported for Dest:                                              |
|            |                |                | • DWORD, REAL, TIME, DATE, LWORD, ULINT, LINT, LREAL, BOOL, SINT, USINT, BYTE,         |
|            |                |                | INT, UINT, WORD, DINT, UDINT.                                                          |
|            |                |                | • Sting is not supported.                                                              |
|            |                |                | • Only supports single dimension arrays such as Array[1] or Array[Index].              |
| DestOffset | Input          | UINT           | Destination element offset.                                                            |
|            |                |                | Element offset if destination is array data type, otherwise offset should be set to 0. |
|            |                |                | For array data type, to unload to the first element, the offset should be set as 0.    |

| Parameter | Parameter Type | Data Type      | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|-----------|----------------|----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| LIFO      | Input          | ANY_ELEMENTARY | The starting address of the stack. LIFO must be configured the same for the LFL and LFU instructions.<br>Element data types supported:<br>• DWORD, REAL, TIME, DWORD, REAL, TIME, DATE, LWORD, ULINT, LINT, LREAL, BOOL, |
|           |                |                | SINT, USINT, BYTE, INT, UINT, WORD, DINT, UDINT.                                                                                                                                                                         |
|           |                |                | • Only single dimension is supported.                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|           |                |                | String is not supported.                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| LIFOCon   | Input          | FF_LF_CON      | LIFO configuration and control. The same configuration must be configured for LFL and LFU instructions. Use the FF_LF_CON data type to configure Position and Length.                                                    |
| Full      | Output         | BOOL           | Indicates when the LIFO stack is full.                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|           |                |                | TRUE - When Length is equal to Position.                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|           |                |                | FALSE - When Position is greater than or equal to zero and less than Length.                                                                                                                                             |
| Error     | Output         | BOOL           | Indicate the existence of an error condition.                                                                                                                                                                            |
|           |                |                | TRUE- Operation encountered an error.                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|           |                |                | FALSE- OPeration completed successfully or the instruction is not executing.                                                                                                                                             |
| ErrorID   | Output         | USINT          | A unique numeric that identifies the error. The errors are defined in the LFU error codes.                                                                                                                               |
| Done      | Output         | BOOL           | Indicate when operation is completed.                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|           |                |                | TRUE - Operation completed successfully.                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|           |                |                | FALSE - Operation encountered an error condition or the LFU instruction is not                                                                                                                                           |
|           |                |                | executing.                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

# LFU Function Block Diagram example


#### LFU Ladder Diagram example



#### LFU Structured Text example

LTU\_3]
voidLFU\_1(800L Execute, ANY\_ELEMENTARY[1, 1] Dest, UNT DestOffret, ANV\_ELEMENTARY[1, 1] LF0, FF\_LF\_CONLFGCen)
Type : LFU, LF0 Unload

```
1 LFU_1(exe, Dest, destoffset, lifo, lifocon);
2 Done:=LFU_1.Done;
3 Ful1:=LFU_1.Ful1;
4 Empty:=LFU_1.Empty;
5 Error:=LFU_1.Error;
6 ErrorID:=LFU_1.ErrorID;
```

Turns the PWM (Pulse Width Modulation) output for a configured PWM channel ON or OFF.

This instruction block is used with Micro820 2080-LC20-20QBB controllers and supports one PWM channel using the embedded output channel 6.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

# PWM (Pulse Width Modulation)

This instruction applies only to the Micro820 controller.





Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter | Parameter type | Data<br>type | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |  |
|-----------|----------------|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Enable    | Input          | BOOL         | Instruction block enable. This level is instruction block triggered.<br>TRUE - Update Sts. PWM is made active or inactive depending on the On input<br>parameter and valid configuration.                                                                                            |  |
|           |                |              | FALSE - Sts is only updated. PWM state (active or inactive) is not affected.                                                                                                                                                                                                         |  |
| On        | Input          | BOOL         | Turns the PWM output ON/Active or OFF/Inactive.<br>TRUE - PWM output is active or continues to be active with latest valid configuration.<br>Output LED is ON when PWM is active, even if duty cycle is set to 0%.<br>FALSE - PWM output is inactive if configuration is also valid. |  |
| Freq      | Input          | UDINT        | Pulse Frequency.<br>• 1 - 100000 Hz                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |  |
| DutyCycle | Input          | UINT         | Pulse Duty Cycle.<br>• 0 - 1000 (0% - 100%)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |  |
| ChType    | Input          | UINT         | Channel Type<br>• O - Embedded<br>• 1 - Plugin<br>• 2 - Expansion                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |  |
| ChSlot    | Input          | UINT         | Channel Slot<br>• 0 – Embedded                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |  |
| ChNum     | Input          | UINT         | Channel Number<br>• O – PWM CHO                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |  |
| ENO       | Output         | BOOL         | Enable output.<br>Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |  |

| Parameter | Parameter type | Data<br>type | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-----------|----------------|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Sts       | Output         | UINT         | <ul> <li>PWM status codes:</li> <li>00 - Function block not enabled (no operation.)</li> <li>01 - PWM configuration successful.</li> <li>02 - Invalid duty cycle.</li> <li>03 - Invalid Frequency.</li> <li>04 - Invalid Channel Type.</li> <li>05 - Invalid Channel Slot.</li> <li>06 - Invalid Channel Number.</li> <li>07 - Invalid Catalog. PWM feature is not supported in the catalog being used.</li> </ul> |

# **PWM Function Block Diagram example**



# **PWM Ladder Diagram example**



#### **PWM Structured Text example**

PWM\_1 void PWM\_1(BOOL Enable, BOOL On, UDINT Freq, UINT DutyCycle, UINT ChType, UINT ChSlot, UINT ChNum) Type : PWM, Enable PWM output.

1 PWM (EN, Enable, On, Freq, DutyCycle, ChType, ChSlot, ChNum); 2 output := PWM.ENO 3 sts := PWM.Sts

# SCALER (scale)

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.,

| Parameter | Parameter type | Data type | Description                                                                             |  |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| EN        | Input          | BOOL      | Instruction block enable.                                                               |  |
|           |                |           | TRUE - execute the scaling equation.                                                    |  |
|           |                |           | FALSE - there is no scaling equation.                                                   |  |
|           |                |           | Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.                                                |  |
| Input     | Input          | REAL      | Input signal. Input is not limited by InputMin and InputMax. To limit Input, a LIM_ALRM |  |
|           |                |           | instruction is needed to condition Input before it's entered to the SCALER instruction. |  |
| InputMin  | Input          | REAL      | Determine the slope and offset value.                                                   |  |
| InputMax  | Input          | REAL      | Determine the slope and offset value.                                                   |  |
| OutputMin | Input          | REAL      | Determine the slope and offset value.                                                   |  |
| OutputMax | Input          | REAL      | Determine the slope and offset value.                                                   |  |
| Output    | Output         | REAL      | Scaled Output. Output is not clamped between OutputMin and OutputMax.                   |  |
| ENO       | Output         | BOOL      | Enable output.                                                                          |  |
|           |                |           | Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.                                                |  |

#### **SCALER Function Block Diagram example**



#### **SCALER Ladder Diagram example**



#### **SCALER Structured Text example**

| sci | ALER_1 (                                                                                                                                                       |
|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|     | void <b>SCALER_1</b> (REAL Input, REAL InputMin, REAL InputMax, REAL OutputMin, REAL OutputMax)<br>Type : SCALER, Scale input value according to output range. |
| 1   | input := 10.0;                                                                                                                                                 |
| 2   | InputMin := 5.0;                                                                                                                                               |
| 3   | <pre>InputMax := 15.0;</pre>                                                                                                                                   |
| 4   | OutputMin := 1.0;                                                                                                                                              |
| 5   | OutputMax := 10.0;                                                                                                                                             |
| 6   | <pre>SCALER_1(input, InputMin, InputMax, OutputMin, OutputMax);</pre>                                                                                          |
| 7   | output := SCALER_1.Output;                                                                                                                                     |

(\* ST equivalence: SCALER1 is an instance of SCALER block \*)

```
SCALER1(Signal_In, 4.0, 20.0 , 0.0 , 150.0) ;
Out Temp := SCALER1.Output ;
```

#### Results

| lser G | lobal Variables - Micro870 | Local Variables - Pro | g2 System Variable | es - Micro870 1/ | D - Micro | 870 Defined | Wor |
|--------|----------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------|-------------|-----|
|        | Name                       | ▼ Logical Value       | Physical Value     | Initial Value    | Lock      | Data T      | уре |
|        | - 6                        | A*                    |                    | - A*             |           |             | - 0 |
| +      | SCALER_1                   |                       |                    |                  |           | SCALER      | 1   |
| •      | OutputMin                  | 1.0                   | N/A                |                  |           | REAL        | 1   |
|        | OutputMax                  | 10.0                  | N/A                |                  |           | REAL        |     |
|        | output                     | 5.5                   | NZA                |                  |           | REAL        |     |
|        | InputMin                   | 5.0                   | N/A                |                  |           | REAL        |     |
|        | InputMax                   | 15.0                  | N/A                |                  |           | REAL        |     |
|        | input                      | 10.0                  | NZA                |                  |           | REAL        | 3   |
|        |                            |                       |                    |                  |           |             |     |
|        |                            |                       |                    |                  |           |             |     |

# **STACKINT (stack integers)**

Manages a stack of integer values.

Operation details:

- STACKINT includes a rising edge detection for both PUSH and POP commands. The maximum size of the stack is 128. The OFLO value is valid only after a reset (R1 has been set to TRUE at least once and back to FALSE).
- The application defined stack size (N) cannot be less than 1 or greater than 128.
  - If N < 1, STACKINT assumes a size of 1.
  - If N > 128, STACKINT assumes a size of 128.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter | Parameter type | Data type | Description |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|-------------|
|           |                |           |             |

| Parameter | Parameter type | Data type                                                                                                                           | Description                                                                                                                                            |  |
|-----------|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| PUSH      | Input          | BOOL                                                                                                                                | TRUE - Rising edge detected, on PUSH command. Adds the IN value on the top of the stack.<br>FALSE - Rising edge not detected on PUSH command.          |  |
| POP       | Input          | Input BOOL TRUE - Rising edge detected, on PUSH command.<br>the top of the stack.<br>FALSE - Rising edge not detected on POP comman |                                                                                                                                                        |  |
| R1        | Input          | BOOL                                                                                                                                | TRUE - Resets the stack to its empty state.<br>FALSE - No reset.                                                                                       |  |
| IN        | Input          | DINT                                                                                                                                | Pushed value.                                                                                                                                          |  |
| Ν         | Input          | DINT                                                                                                                                | Application defined stack size. The maximum size of the stack is 128                                                                                   |  |
| EMPTY     | Output         | BOOL                                                                                                                                | TRUE - the stack is empty.<br>FALSE - the stack contains values.                                                                                       |  |
| OFLO      | Output         | BOOL                                                                                                                                | TRUE - Overflow, the stack is full and R1 has been set to TRUE at least once and back to FALSE.<br>FALSE - the stack size is 128 or less. No overflow. |  |
| OUT       | Output         | DINT                                                                                                                                | Value at the top of the stack.<br>OUT equals 0 when OFLO is TRUE.                                                                                      |  |

# **STACKINT Function Block Diagram example**



#### **STACKINT Ladder Diagram example**



#### **STACKINT Structured Text example**

(\* ST Equivalence: STACKINT1 is an instance of a STACKINT block \*)

```
STACKINT1(err_detect, acknowledge, manual_mode,
err_code, max_err);
appli_alarm := auto_mode AND NOT(STACKINT1.EMPTY);
err_alarm := STACKINT1.OFLO;
last_error := STACKINT1.OUT;
```

#### **Results**

SCL

| lser G | lobal Variables - Micro870 | Local Variables - Pro                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | g1 System Variable | es - Micro870 I/ | O - Micro | 370 Defined | Word |
|--------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------|-------------|------|
|        | Name                       | Logical Value                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Physical Value     | Initial Value    | Lock      | D ata Ty    | ре   |
|        | - A                        | •                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                    | - A*             |           |             | - A  |
|        | empty                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | N/A                |                  |           | BOOL        |      |
|        | oflo                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | N/A                |                  |           | BOOL        | -    |
| •      | out                        | 5                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | N/A                |                  |           | DINT        | •    |
|        | рор                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | N/A                |                  |           | BOOL        |      |
|        | push                       | <ul> <li>Image: A second s</li></ul> | N/A                |                  |           | BOOL        |      |
|        | PushedValue                | 5                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | NZA                |                  |           | DINT        |      |
|        | reset                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | N/A                |                  |           | BOOL        | -    |
|        | size                       | 10                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | NZA                |                  |           | DINT        | -    |
| +      | STACKINT_1                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                    |                  |           | STACKINT    |      |
|        |                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                    |                  |           |             |      |

Converts an unscaled REAL input value to a REAL floating point value in engineering units and includes alarming and limiting of the output.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.

| SCL_1<br>SCL |             |  |  |  |  |
|--------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| Enable       | Done -      |  |  |  |  |
| In           | EnableOut - |  |  |  |  |
| InRawMax     | Out         |  |  |  |  |
| InRawMin     | MaxAlarm -  |  |  |  |  |
| InEUMax      | MinAlarm -  |  |  |  |  |
| InEUMin      | Status -    |  |  |  |  |
| Limiting     | Error -     |  |  |  |  |
|              | ErrorID     |  |  |  |  |
|              |             |  |  |  |  |

Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter | Parameter Type | Data Type | Description |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|-------------|
|           |                |           |             |

| Parameter | Parameter Type | Data Type | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |  |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Enable    | Input          | BOOL      | <ul> <li>TRUE - Rising Edge detected.</li> <li>If InRawMin &gt;= InRawMax, Status.0 and Status.1 bits are set to 1. Done is cleared, MaxAlarm and MinAlarm are cleared. Error is set to TRUE and ErrorID is set to 1.</li> <li>Else Out is calculated first. Then alarm conditions are verified. If MaxAlarm is set, MinAlarm is cleared and vice versa. Then if limiting is set, Out will be in the range of InEUMin and InEUMax. Then Done bit is set to TRUE. Status bits are set to 0. Error and ErrorID are set to 0.</li> <li>The calculated Out value is compared against NAN (Not a Number). If NAN is the Out value, EnableOut is cleared. Done is cleared if fault condition is set.</li> <li>FALSE - Rising Edge not detected.</li> <li>The outputs are not updated except Error, ErrorID, EnableOut and Done are set to 0.</li> </ul> |  |
| In        | Input          | REAL      | The analog signal input.<br>Valid = any float<br>Default = 0.0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |  |
| InRawMax  | Input          | REAL      | The maximum value attainable by the input to the instruction. If InRawMax<= InRawMin,<br>the instruction sets the appropriate bit in Status and Error. ErrorID are updated. Out<br>updating stops.<br>Valid = InRawMax > InRawMin<br>Default =0.0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |  |
| InRawMin  | Input          | REAL      | The minimum value attainable by the input to the instruction. If InRawMin >= InRaw<br>the instruction sets the appropriate bit in Status and Error. ErrorID are updated. On<br>updating stops.<br>Valid = InRawMin < InRawMax<br>Default = 0.0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |  |
| InEUMax   | Input          | REAL      | The scaled value of the input corresponding to InRawMax.<br>Valid = any real value<br>Default = 0.0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |  |
| InEUMin   | Input          | REAL      | The scaled value of the input corresponding to InRawMin.<br>Valid = any real value<br>Default = 0.0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |  |
| Limiting  | Input          | BOOL      | Limiting selector.<br>TRUE - Out is limited between InEUMin and InEUMax.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |  |
| Done      | Output         | BOOL      | Indicates when the operation is completed.<br>TRUE - the operation completed successfully.<br>FALSE - the operation encountered an error condition or Enable is set to FALSE.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |  |
| EnableOut | Output         | BOOL      | Indicates if the instruction is enabled. Sets to False if Out overflows.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |  |
| Out       | Output         | REAL      | Represents the scaled value of the analog input.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |  |
| MaxAlarm  | Output         | BOOL      | The maximum input alarm indicator.<br>This value is set to TRUE when Input > InRawMax.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |
| MinAlarm  | Output         | BOOL      | The minimum input alarm indicator.<br>This value is set to TRUE when Input < InRawMin.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |
| Status    | Output         | DINT      | Status of the Function block.<br>InstructFault (Status.0)<br>It will be set when detected the instruction's execution errors. This is not the minor or<br>major controller error. Check the remaining status bits to determine what has occurred.<br>InRawRangeInv (Status.1)<br>InRawMin >= InRawMax<br>Status.3 to Status.31 are reserved for future usage and their value is 0.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |  |

| Parameter | Parameter Type | Data Type | Description                                                                            |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Error     | Output         | BOOL      | Indicates the existence of an error condition.                                         |
|           |                |           | TRUE - operation encountered an error.                                                 |
|           |                |           | FALSE - operation completed successfully or the instruction is not executing.          |
| ErrorID   | Output         | BOOL      | A unique numeric that identifies the error. The errors are defined in the error codes. |

#### **Error Code**

| ErrorID Code | Error description   |
|--------------|---------------------|
| 1            | InRawMax<= InRawMin |

# **SCL Function Block Diagram example**



#### **SCL Ladder Diagram example**



#### **SCL Structured Text example**

SCL\_1 void SCL\_1(BOOL Enable, REAL In, REAL InRawMax, REAL InRawMin, REAL InEUMax, REAL InEUMin, BOOL Limiting) Type : SCL, SCL with alarm instruction converts an unscaled input value to a floating point value in engineering units

```
SCL 1(Enable, In, InRawMax, InRawMin, InEUMax, InEUMin, Limiting);
1
2
 Done :=SCL 1.Done;
3
 EnableOut :=SCL 1.EnableOut;
4
 Out :=SCL 1.Out;
 MaxAlarm :=SCL 1.MaxAlarm;
5
 MinAlarm :=SCL 1.MinAlarm;
6
 Status :=SCL_1.Status;
7
 Error :=SCL 1.Error;
8
9
 ErrorID :=SCL_1.ErrorID;
```

The following timing diagram examples describe execution scenarios for the <u>SCL</u> on <u>page 513</u> instruction.

# SCL instruction timing diagrams examples

#### **Successful SCL execution**



| Scan Cycle | Description                                                                                                        |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1          | When Enable is set to TRUE and input parameters are valid and within range, the Function Block execution starts.   |  |  |  |  |  |
|            | • Done and EnableOut are set to TRUE.                                                                              |  |  |  |  |  |
|            | • Out is calculated as per given inputs.                                                                           |  |  |  |  |  |
|            | • MaxAlarm, MinAlarm, and Error are set to FALSE.                                                                  |  |  |  |  |  |
|            | • Status ErrorID and are set to 0, because there is no error generated.                                            |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2, 3       | No change in rung condition.                                                                                       |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4          | When Enable is set to FALSE, Function Block execution stops.                                                       |  |  |  |  |  |
|            | • Done, EnableOut and Error are set to FALSE.                                                                      |  |  |  |  |  |
|            | • ErrorID is set to 0.                                                                                             |  |  |  |  |  |
|            | • Out, MaxAlarm, MinAlarm and Status keep their last value.                                                        |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5, 6, 7    | No change in rung condition.                                                                                       |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8          | • When Enable is set to TRUE and input parameters are valid and within range, the Function Block execution starts. |  |  |  |  |  |
|            | • Done and EnableOut are set to TRUE.                                                                              |  |  |  |  |  |
|            | • Out is calculated as per given inputs.                                                                           |  |  |  |  |  |
|            | • MaxAlarm, MinAlarm, and Error are set to FALSE.                                                                  |  |  |  |  |  |
|            | • ErrorID and Status are set to 0, because there is no error generated.                                            |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9          | When Enable is set to FALSE, Function Block execution stops.                                                       |  |  |  |  |  |
|            | • Done, EnableOut and Error are set to FALSE.                                                                      |  |  |  |  |  |
|            | • ErrorID is set to 0.                                                                                             |  |  |  |  |  |
|            | • Out, MaxAlarm, MinAlarm and Status keep their last value.                                                        |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10, 11     | No change in rung condition.                                                                                       |  |  |  |  |  |



In this example, all the input parameters are valid and within range, but InRawMin >= InRawMax. In Scan Cycle 1 and 8, when Enable is set to TRUE and the Function Block execution starts, Error is set to True and ErrorID is set to 1.

#### **Generation of MaxAlarm**



In Scan Cycle 8 of this example, all the input parameters are valid and within range, but In > InRawMax. When Enable is set to TRUE and the Function Block execution starts, MaxAlarm is set to TRUE.



In Scan Cycle 8 of this example, all the input parameters are valid and within range, but In < InRawMin. When Enable is set to TRUE and the Function Block execution starts, MinAlarm is set to TRUE.



#### Output overflow condition and input configuration error

In Scan Cycle 3 of this example, Function Block input parameters are valid and within the range, but Out is overflowed because of input parameters. EnableOut is set to FALSE. Out value is invalid.

In Scan Cycle 8 of this example, Function Block input parameters are valid and within the range, but Out is overflowed because of input parameters and InRawMin >= InRawMax, Error is set to TRUE. ErrorID is set to 1 and Status is set to 3.

#### TND (stop current program)

Stops the current cycle of a user program scan. After the output scan, input scan, and housekeeping are complete, re-executes the user program from the start of the first routine.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter | Parameter Type | Data Type | Description                                                                        |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Enable    | Input          | BOOL      | Function enable.                                                                   |
|           |                |           | When Enable = TRUE, perform the function.                                          |
|           |                |           | When Enable = FALSE, do not perform the function.                                  |
| TND       | Output         | BOOL      | If true, function performed.                                                       |
|           |                |           | When variable monitoring is on, the monitoring variable's value is assigned to the |
|           |                |           | instruction's output.                                                              |
|           |                |           | When variable monitoring is off, the output variable's value is assigned to the    |
|           |                |           | instruction's output.                                                              |

#### **TND Function Block Diagram example**



#### **TND Ladder Diagram example**



# **TND Structured Text example**

| TNI  | ) (<br>BOOL TND(BOOL Enable)<br>Abort current user program scan. |
|------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
|      | enable := TRUE;<br>output := TND(enable);                        |
| * ST | Equivalence: *)                                                  |

TESTOUTPUT := TND(TESTENABLE);

#### **Results**

| 🖶 Varia  | ble Monitoring            |    |                     |         |         |                   | _       |             | ×    |
|----------|---------------------------|----|---------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|-------------|------|
| User Glo | obal Variables - Micro870 | Lo | ocal Variables - RA | _TND_LD | System  | Variables - Micro | 870 I/O | - Micro 870 | ••   |
|          | Name                      | •  | Logical¥alue        | Physica | l Value | Initial Value     | Lock    | Data        | Туре |
|          | -                         | A* |                     |         |         | - A*              |         |             | - A  |
|          | enable                    |    | <b>V</b>            | NZA     |         |                   |         | BOOL        |      |
|          | output                    |    | <b>V</b>            | NZA     |         |                   |         | BOOL        | *    |
|          |                           |    |                     |         |         |                   |         |             | •    |
|          |                           |    |                     |         |         |                   |         | Clos        | e    |

# LIMIT (limit test)

Restricts integer values to a given interval. Integer values between the minimum and maximum are unchanged. Integer values greater than the maximum are replaced with the maximum value. Integer values less than the minimum are replaced with the minimum value.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter | Parameter Type | Data Type | Description                                 |  |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|---------------------------------------------|--|
| EN        | Input          | BOOL      | Function enable.                            |  |
|           |                |           | TRUE - execute current LIMIT computation.   |  |
|           |                |           | FALSE - there is no computation.            |  |
|           |                |           | Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.         |  |
| MIN       | Input          | DINT      | Minimum value supported.                    |  |
| IN        | Input          | DINT      | Any signed integer value.                   |  |
| MAX       | Input          | DINT      | Maximum value supported.                    |  |
| LIMIT     | Output         | DINT      | Input value bounded to the supported range. |  |
| ENO       | Output         | BOOL      | Enable output.                              |  |
|           |                |           | Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.         |  |

#### LIMIT Function Block Diagram example



#### LIMIT Ladder Diagram example



#### LIMIT Structured Text example

LIMIT ( DINT LIMIT(DINT MIN, DINT IN, DINT MAX) Limit

1 minimum := 2; 2 in := 5; 3 maximum := 10; 4 output := LIMIT(minimum, in, maximum);

(\* ST Equivalence: \*)

new\_value := LIMIT (min\_value, value, max\_value);

(\* bounds the value to the [min\_value..max\_value] set \*)

#### **Results**

| er Global Vatablee -  | Micro870 Local Varia | bles - BA LIMIT LD   | Sustan Variables         | Mon 270    | (D - More 97 |    |
|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|------------|--------------|----|
| Nane                  |                      | alValue Physical     |                          | _          | -            | -  |
| мане                  | - Logic              | arvalue Physical     | value   Initial V        |            | Data         | 12 |
| in                    | 5                    | N/A                  |                          |            | DINT         |    |
| maximum               | 10                   | N/A                  |                          |            | DINT         |    |
| minimum               | 2                    | N/A                  |                          |            | DINT         |    |
| output                | 5                    | N/A                  |                          |            | DINT         |    |
| _                     |                      |                      |                          |            |              |    |
|                       |                      |                      |                          |            |              |    |
|                       |                      |                      |                          |            | Close        |    |
| Variable Monitorin    | 2                    |                      |                          |            | 0            |    |
|                       | -                    |                      |                          |            |              | _  |
| er Global Variables - | Micro870 Local Varia | bles - RA_LIMIT_LD   | System Variables         | Micro870 I | /O - Micro87 | C  |
| Name                  | + Logic              | alValue Physical     | Value Initial V          | alue Lock  | : Data       | Ū  |
|                       | - 0°*                |                      |                          | - 05-      |              |    |
| in                    | 1                    | N/A                  |                          |            | DINT         |    |
| naximum               | 10                   | N/A                  |                          |            | DINT         |    |
| minimum               | 2                    | N/A                  |                          |            | DINT         |    |
| output                | 2                    | N/A                  |                          |            | DINT         |    |
|                       |                      |                      |                          |            |              |    |
|                       |                      |                      |                          |            | Close        |    |
| Variable Monitorin    |                      |                      |                          | _          |              | >  |
|                       | Micro870 Local Varia | bles - RA LIMIT LD   | Sustan Variables         | Mars 870 1 | -            |    |
| Name                  |                      | alValue Physical     |                          |            |              |    |
| Name                  | - at                 | ai value l'injesicai | CONTRACTOR DE CONTRACTOR | slue Lock  | 1 0.040      | -  |
| in                    | - 24                 | N/A                  |                          | . S.C.     | DINT         | è  |
| maximum               | 10                   | N/A                  |                          |            | DINT         |    |
| maximum               | 2                    | N/A                  |                          |            | DINT         |    |
| output                | 10                   | N/A                  |                          |            | DINT         |    |
|                       |                      |                      |                          |            |              |    |
|                       |                      |                      |                          |            |              |    |
|                       |                      |                      |                          |            |              |    |

# **Program control instruction**

Use the program control instruction to control instructions simultaneously from a user program and from an operator interface device.

| Instruction                   | Description                                                |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| <u>AFI</u> on <u>page 525</u> | Disables a rung.                                           |
| <u>NOP</u> on <u>page 525</u> | Functions as a placeholder.                                |
| <u>SUS</u> on <u>page 525</u> | Suspends the execution of the <m800 controller="">.</m800> |

# AFI (Always False)

Use the AFI instruction at the beginning of a rung to temporarily disable the rung when debugging without having to delete the rung from the program. Output of this instruction is always FALSE.



Language supported: Ladder Diagram.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.

NOP (No Operation)

SUS (suspend)

The NOP instruction functions as a placeholder. You can place the NOP instruction anywhere on a rung.



Language supported: Ladder Diagram.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.

Suspends the execution of the <M800 controller>. The controller remains in RUN mode but execution is suspended indefinitely. Suspend catches User Program errors and aids in User Program monitoring. Place the SUS instruction in User Program sections where you want to trap unusual conditions. In suspend mode, RUN LED is set to OFF to indicate the program scan is Idle.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter | Parameter type | Data type | Description                              |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|------------------------------------------|
| Enable    | Input          | BOOL      | Instruction block enable.                |
|           |                |           | TRUE - execute function.                 |
|           |                |           | FALSE - do not execute function.         |
| SusID     | Input          | UINT      | Suspension ID.                           |
| ENO       | Output         | BOOL      | Enable out.                              |
|           |                |           | Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs. |

#### **SUS Function Block Diagram example**



#### SUS Ladder Diagram example



#### **SUS Structured Text example**



# **Results**

| ser Glo | obal Variables - Micro850 | Local Variables - Pr | og2 System Variable | es - Micro850 I/ | O - Micro | 850 Define |
|---------|---------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------|------------|
|         | Name                      | LogicalValue         | Physical Value      | Initial Value    | Lock      | D ata Ty   |
|         | -                         | A*                   |                     | - A+             |           |            |
|         | SUS_1                     | 11                   |                     | )                |           | SUS        |
|         | enable                    | 1                    | N/A                 |                  |           | BOOL       |
|         | SUSID                     | 1                    | N/A                 |                  |           | UINT       |
|         |                           |                      |                     |                  |           |            |

# Proportional Integral Derivative (PID) instruction

Use the Proportional-Integral-Derivative (PID) instructions to control the process more accurately using PID functionality.

| Instruction                | Description                                                                                                                                       |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| IPIDCONTROLLER on page 529 | Configure and control the inputs and outputs used for the Proportional Integral Derivative (PID) logic.                                           |
| <u>PID</u> on page 551     | Configure and control the outputs that control physical properties such as temperature, pressure, liquid level, or flow rate using process loops. |

# What is Proportional Integral Derivative (PID) control?

# IPIDCONTROLLER (proportional-integral-deriv ative controller)

Proportional-Integral-Derivative (PID) control allows the process control to accurately maintain the setpoint by adjusting the control outputs. A PID function block combines all of the necessary logic to perform proportional/integral/derivative (PID) control.

Configure and control the inputs and outputs used for proportional-integral-derivative (PID) logic. PID logic is used to control physical properties such as temperature, pressure, liquid, level, or flow rate by using process loops that calculate an error value as the difference between a desired setpoint and a measured process variable. The controller attempts to minimize the error over time by adjustment of a control variable. The calculation includes proportional (P), integral (I), and derivative(D) terms, which are used as follows:

- P - present values of the error.

- I - past values of the error.

- D - possible future values of the error, based on its current rate of change. which controls physical properties such as temperature, pressure, liquid level, or flow rate using process loops.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter     | Parameter type | Data type | Description                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------|----------------|-----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EN            | Input          | BOOL      | When TRUE, enables the instruction block.<br>TRUE - execute the PID calculation.<br>FALSE - the instruction block is idle.<br>Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.   |
| Process       | Input          | REAL      | Process value, which is the value measured from the process output.                                                                                                 |
| SetPoint      | Input          | REAL      | Set point.                                                                                                                                                          |
| FeedBack      | Input          | REAL      | Feedback signal, which is the value of the control variable applied to the process.<br>For example, the feedback can be IPIDCONTROLLER output.                      |
| Auto          | Input          | BOOL      | The operation mode of the PID controller:<br>• TRUE - controller runs in normal mode.<br>• FALSE - controller causes reset R to track (F-GE).                       |
| Initialize    | Input          | BOOL      | A change in value (TRUE to FALSE or FALSE to TRUE) causes the controller to eliminate any proportional gain during that cycle. Also initializes AutoTune sequences. |
| Gains         | Input          | GAIN_PID  | Gains PID for IPIDController.<br>Use the <u>GAIN_PID data type</u> on <u>page 533</u> to define the parameters for the Gains input.                                 |
| AutoTune      | Input          | BOOL      | TRUE - When AutoTune is TRUE and Auto and Initialize are FALSE, the AutoTune sequence is started.<br>FALSE - Do not not start Autotune.                             |
| ATParameters  | Input          | AT_Param  | Auto Tune Parameters.<br>Use the <u>AT_Param data type</u> on <u>page 534</u> to define the parameters for the ATParameters input.                                  |
| Output        | Output         | REAL      | Output value from the controller.                                                                                                                                   |
| AbsoluteError | Output         | REAL      | Absolute error (Process - SetPoint) from the controller.                                                                                                            |

Chapter 21 Proportional Integral Derivative (PID) instruction

| Parameter  | Parameter type | Data type | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|------------|----------------|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ATWarnings | Output         | DINT      | <ul> <li>(ATWarning) Warning for the Auto Tune sequence. Possible values are:</li> <li>0 - no auto tune done.</li> <li>1 - in auto tune mode.</li> <li>2 - auto tune done.</li> <li>-1 - ERROR 1 input automatically set to TRUE, no auto tune possible.</li> <li>-2 - ERROR 2 auto tune error, ATDynaSet expired.</li> </ul> |
| OutGains   | Output         | GAIN_PID  | Gains calculated after AutoTune sequences.<br>Use the GAIN_PID data type to define the OutGains output.                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| ENO        | Output         | BOOL      | Enable output.<br>Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

# IPIDCONTROLLER Function Block Diagram examples





#### **IPIDCONTROLLER Ladder Diagram example**

#### **IPIDCONTROLLER Structured Text example**



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#### **Results**

| 📙 Va | riable Monitoring        |          |              |            |            |          |                | X    |
|------|--------------------------|----------|--------------|------------|------------|----------|----------------|------|
| Glob | oal Variables - Micro810 | Local Va | ariables - L | IntitledST | System V   | ariables | - Micro81      | < >  |
|      | Name                     | Logica   | alValue      | Physica    | il Value   | Lock     | Data T         | уре  |
|      | - A*                     |          | - A*         |            | - A*       | * A*     |                | A.   |
|      | HighLimit                | 10.0     |              | N/A        |            |          | REAL           | -    |
|      | Х                        | 15.0     |              | N/A        |            |          | REAL           | -    |
|      | LowLimit                 | 5.0      |              | N/A        |            |          | REAL           | -    |
|      | HysteresisValue          | 2.0      |              | N/A        |            |          | REAL           | •    |
|      | OutputH                  |          | 1            | N/A        |            |          | BOOL           |      |
|      | output                   |          | /            | N/A        |            |          | BOOL           | -    |
|      | OutputL                  | [        | ]            | N/A        |            |          | BOOL           | -    |
|      | ♦ LIM_ALRM_1             |          |              |            |            |          | LIM_ALF        | 3N 🔻 |
|      |                          |          |              |            |            |          |                | - >  |
|      |                          |          |              |            | <u>0</u> K |          | <u>C</u> ancel |      |

# GAIN\_PID data type

The following table describes the GAIN\_PID data type for the <u>IPIDCONTROLLER</u> on <u>page 529</u> instruction.

| Parameter        | Data type | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|------------------|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DirectActing     | BOOL      | <ul> <li>The type of acting:</li> <li>TRUE - direct acting, output moves same direction as error. That is, the actual process value is greater than the SetPoint and the appropriate controller action is to increase the output For example: Chilling.</li> <li>FALSE - reverse acting, output moves opposite direction as error. That is, the actual process value is greater than the SetPoint and the appropriate controller action is to decrease the output For example: Heating.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| ProportionalGain | REAL      | Proportional gain for PID (>= 0.0001).         When ProportionalGain is (< 0.0001) then ProportionalGain = 0.0001                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| TimeIntegral     | REAL      | Time integral value for PID in seconds (>= 0.0001).<br>When TimeIntegral is (< 0.0001) then TimeIntegral = 0.0001<br><b>Time integral value for PID</b><br>A smaller integral time constant causes a faster change in the output based upon the difference between the PV<br>(measured process value) and SV (set point value) integrated over this time. A smaller integral time constant decreases the<br>steady state error (error when SV is not being changed) but increases the chances of instability such as oscillations. A<br>larger integral time constant slows down the response of the system and make it more stable, but PV approaches the SV at<br>a slower rate. |

#### Chapter 21 Proportional Integral Derivative (PID) instruction

| Parameter      | Data type | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|----------------|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| TimeDerivative | REAL      | Time derivative value for PID in seconds (> 0.0).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|                |           | When TimeDerivative is (<= 0.0) then TimeDerivative = 0.0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|                |           | When TimeDerivative = 0, IPID acts as PI.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|                |           | Time derivative value for PID (Td)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|                |           | A smaller derivative time constant causes a faster change in the output based upon the rate of change of the difference<br>between PV (measured process value) and SV (set point value). A smaller derivative time constant makes a system more<br>responsive to sudden changes in error (SV is changed) but increases the chances of instability such as oscillations. A<br>larger time constant makes a system less responsive to sudden changes in error and the system is less susceptible to<br>noise and step changes in PV. TimeDerivative (Td) is related to the derivative gain but allows the derivative contribution to<br>PID to be tuned using time so the sample time must be taken into consideration. |
| DerivativeGain | REAL      | Derivative gain for PID (> 0.0).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|                |           | When DerivativeGain is (< 0.0) then DerivativeGain = 0.1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|                |           | Derivative gain for PID (D_Gain)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|                |           | A higher derivative gain causes a larger change in the output based upon the rate of change of the difference between the                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|                |           | PV (measured process value) and SV (set point value). A higher gain makes a system more responsive to sudden changes in                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|                |           | error but increases the chances of instability such as oscillations. A lower gain makes a system less responsive to sudden                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                |           | changes in error and makes the system less susceptible to noise and step changes in the PV.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## AT\_Param data type

The following table describes the AT\_Param data type parameters.

| Parameter  | Data type | Description                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|------------|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Load       | REAL      | Load parameter for auto tuning. This is the output value when starting AutoTune.                                                                                                                 |
| Deviation  | REAL      | Deviation for auto tuning. This is the standard deviation used to evaluate the noise band needed fo<br>AutoTune.                                                                                 |
| Step       | REAL      | Step value for AutoTune. Must be greater than noise band and less than $^{1\!/_2}$ Load.                                                                                                         |
| ATDynamSet | REAL      | Waiting time in seconds before abandoning auto tune.                                                                                                                                             |
| ATReset    | BOOL      | <ul> <li>The indication of whether the output value is reset to zero after an AutoTune sequence:</li> <li>TRUE - resets output to zero.</li> <li>FALSE - leaves output at Load value.</li> </ul> |

# How the IPIDController function block implements PID control

The IPIDController function block, available in the Connected Components Workbench instruction set, is based on PID control theory and combines all of the necessary logic to perform analog input channel processing and proportional integral-derivative (PID) control. In the HMI, the IPID faceplate is available for use with the IPIDController function block.

#### **IPIDController function block description**

The IPIDController function block uses the following function block components:

- A: Acting (+/- 1)
- PG: Proportional Gain
- DG: Derivative Filter Gain

- td: ãD
- ti: ãI



#### Preventing integral windup

If the difference between the setpoint value and the process value is great, the output value increases significantly, and during the time it takes to decrease, the process is not in control. The IPIDController function block interactively tracks feedback and prevents integral windup. When the output is saturated, the integral term in the controller is recomputed so that its new value provides an output at the saturation limit.

When Input Auto is TRUE, the IPIDController runs in normal auto mode.

When **Input Auto** is **FALSE**, it causes reset R to track (F-GE) forcing the IPIDController Output to track the Feedback within the IPIDController limits at which time the controller switches back to auto without incrementing the Output.



For Input Initialize, changing from FALSE to TRUE or TRUE to FALSE when AutoTune is FALSE causes the IPIDController to eliminate any proportional

# IPIDController function block operation

gain action during that cycle (for example, Initialize). Use this process to prevent bumping the Output when changes are made to the SetPoint using a switch function block.

#### To run an AutoTune sequence:

To run an AutoTune sequence, the input ATParameters must be completed. The Input Gain and DirectActing parameters must be set according to the process and DerivativeGain set, (typically 0.1). The AutoTune sequence is started with the following sequence:

- 1. Set the input Initialize to TRUE.
- 2. Set the input Autotune to TRUE.
- 3. Change the input Initialize to FALSE.
- 4. Wait until the output ATWarning changes to 2.
- 5. Transfer the values for output OutGains to input Gains.

To finalize the tuning, some fine tuning may be needed depending on the processes and needs. When setting TimeDerivative to 0.0, the IPIDController forces DerivativeGain to 1.0 then works as a PI controller.

This section provides specific details and examples for using the proportional integral derivative instruction, including the following:

#### Example: How to create a feedback loop for the manipulated value

Adding a feedback loop for the manipulated value prevents excessive overshooting by providing a minimum and maximum value for the MV.

#### Temperature feedback loop example

At the beginning of the temperature control process, the difference between the process value (PV) and the setpoint value (SP) is large, as shown in the following graph. In this example of a temperature feedback loop, the PV starts at 0 degrees Celsius and moves towards the SP value of 40 degrees Celsius. Notice also that the fluctuation between the high and low manipulated value (MV) decreases and stabilizes with time. The behavior of the MV depends on the values used in each of the P, I, and D parameters.

# Use the Proportional Integral Derivative instruction



#### **IPIDController with a feedback loop**

The following function block diagram includes a feedback loop for the manipulated value that prevents excessive overshooting by providing a minimum and maximum value for the MV.



# Example: How to implement auto-tuning in a IPIDController function block

Use AutoTune parameter of the IPIDController function block to implement auto-tuning in the control program.

#### Auto-tuning requirements and recommendations

Following is a summary of requirements and recommendations for implementing successful auto-tuning.

• Autotuning must cause the output of the control loop to oscillate, which means the IPIDController must be called frequently enough to adequately sample the oscillation.

- The IPIDController instruction block must be executed at a relatively constant time interval.
- Configure the scan time of the program to be than half of the oscillation period.
- Consider using a Structured Text Interrupt (STI) instruction block to control the IPIDController instruction block.

#### Example: How to add a UDFB to a PID program

Add UDFBs outside the main program to perform specialized functions such as converting units or transferring values.

#### Transfer the auto-tune gain value

This UDFB transfers the Autotune gain value to My\_GainTransfer so it can be used by the controller.



#### Convert a manipulated value to a digital output

This UDFB converts a manipulated value (MV) to a digital output (DO) so it can be used to control a digital input n(DI).

| 5000<br>ManipulatedValue<br>REAL | My_PWM_1<br>My_PWM<br>CycleTime Output<br>DutyCycle |  |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|--|
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|--|

#### Convert a manipulated value to an analog output

This UDFB converts a manipulated value (MV) to an analog output (AO) so it can be used to control an analog input (AI).

|                  | My_Scaler_1<br>My_Scaler |             |
|------------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| ManipulatedValue | Input Output             | IO_P1_AO_00 |
| 0.0              | InputMin                 |             |
| 100.0            | InputMax                 |             |
| - 0.0            | OutputMin                |             |
| 65536.0          | OutputMax                |             |
|                  |                          |             |

# Use auto-tune with the IPIDController function block

# Auto-tune in first and second order systems

Use the AutoTune parameter of the IPIDController function block to implement auto-tuning in the control program.

#### Auto-tuning requirements and recommendations

Following is a summary of requirements and recommendations for implementing successful auto-tuning.

- Autotuning must cause the output of the control loop to oscillate, which means the IPIDController must be called frequently enough to adequately sample the oscillation.
- The IPIDController instruction block must be executed at a relatively constant time interval.
- Configure the scan time of the program to be than half of the oscillation period.
- Consider using a Selectable Timed Interrupt (STI) instruction block to control the IPIDController instruction block.

Use auto-tune in first order system, which uses a single element, or in a second order system, which uses two independent elements.

A first order system uses a single independent energy storage element. Examples include:

- Cooling of a fluid tank, with heat energy as the storage unit.
- Flow of fluid from a tank, with potential energy as the storage unit.
- A motor with constant torque driving a disk flywheel, with rotational kinetic energy as the storage unit.
- An electric RC lead network, with capacitive storage energy as the storage unit.

In a first order system, the function may be written in a standard form such as  $f(t) = \tau dy/dt + y(t)$ 

Where:

| Variable | Description           | Example: Cooling of a fluid tank using heat energy as the storage element               |
|----------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| t        | System time constant  | Is equal to RC<br>Where                                                                 |
|          |                       | R = Thermal resistance of the walls of the tank<br>C = Thermal capacitance of the fluid |
| f        | Forcing function      | Is the Ambient temperature                                                              |
| у        | System state variable | Is the Fluid temperature                                                                |

A second order system uses two independent energy storage elements that exchange stored energy. Examples include:

• A motor driving a disk flywheel with the motor coupled to the flywheel via a shaft with torsional stiffness; Rotational kinetic energy and torsion spring energy are the storage units.

• An electric circuit composed of a current source driving a series LR (inductor and resistor) with a shunt C (capacitor); Inductive energy and capacitive energy are the storage units.

Motor driven systems and heating systems can typically be modeled by the LR and the C electric circuit.

# **Configure auto-tuning**

Use these general steps when <u>implementing auto-tuning using the</u> <u>IPIDController function</u> on page 539.




#### Chapter 21 Proportional Integral Derivative (PID) instruction



| No. | Step                                            | Example                                                                       |  |  |  |
|-----|-------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 12  | Set AutoTune to False.                          | 🚽 Variable Monitoring                                                         |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | Global Variables - Micro850 Local Variables - IPID System Variables - M *     |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | Name LogicalValue PhysicalV.                                                  |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | · dt · dt ·                                                                   |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | IPIDCONTROLLER_1     TempConvert_1                                            |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | My_Limit_1                                                                    |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | • My_AT_Param                                                                 |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | My_AT_Param.Load 50.0 N/A                                                     |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | My_AT_Param.Deviation 0.05 N/A<br>My_AT_Param.Step 20.0 N/A                   |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | My_AT_Param ATDynaSet 600.0 N/A                                               |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | My_AT_ParamATReset V N/A                                                      |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | My_SetPoint 0.0 N/A                                                           |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | AutoTune N/A                                                                  |  |  |  |
| 13  | Observe the tuned values                        | AbsError - My_Gains                                                           |  |  |  |
|     | appear in OutGains.                             | My_Gains.DirectActing N/A                                                     |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | AT_Status<br>Devt 0 My_Gains ProportionalGain 20.0 N/A                        |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | OutGain My_Gains. TimeIntegral 0.0001 N/A<br>My_Gains. TimeDerivative 0.0 N/A |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | My_Gains. DerivativeGain 0.1 N/A                                              |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | Marinelat Miles and Annual Miles                                              |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | Dulgain                                                                       |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | DutGain.DirectActing OutGain.ProportionalGain 34.4978 VA                      |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | OutGain TimeIntegral 27,6775 /A                                               |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | OutGain, TimeDerivative 9.795                                                 |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | OutGain.DerivativeGain 0.1                                                    |  |  |  |
| 1/  | Transfor parameter from                         |                                                                               |  |  |  |
| 14  | Transfer parameter from<br>OutGain to My_Gains. | Variable Monitoring                                                           |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | Global Variables - Micro850 Local Variables - IPID System Variables - M * *   |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | Name LogicalValue PhysicalV                                                   |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | + IPIDCONTROLLER_1                                                            |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | TempConvert_1                                                                 |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | + My_Limit_1                                                                  |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | My_AT_Param                                                                   |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | My_AT_ParamLoad 50.0 N/A                                                      |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | My_AT_Param.Deviation 0.05 N/A<br>My_AT_Param.Step 20.0 N/A                   |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | My_AT_ParamATDynaSet 600.0 N/A                                                |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | My_AT_ParamATReset / N/A                                                      |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | My_SetPoint 0.0 N/A                                                           |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | Initialize N/A                                                                |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | AutoMode N/A                                                                  |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | AT_Status 0 N/A                                                               |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | AbsError HA                                                                   |  |  |  |
|     |                                                 | My_GainTransfer_1                                                             |  |  |  |
|     | 1                                               |                                                                               |  |  |  |

#### Chapter 21 Proportional Integral Derivative (PID) instruction



### Use a Selectable Timed Interrupt (STI) with auto-tuning

Although a PID instruction works if it is not controlled by a Selectable Timed Interrupt (STI), using an STI increases the auto-tune success rate because the auto-tune operates on a fixed cycle.

| Add Selectable Timed<br>Properties |                                  |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Interrupt Type:                    | Selectable Timed Interrupt (STI) |
| STI ID:                            | STIO                             |
| STI Description:                   | STIO                             |
| Program:                           | -                                |
| Parameters                         |                                  |
| Auto Start                         |                                  |
| Set Point:                         | 0 ms                             |
|                                    | OK Cancel Apply Help             |

# Example: IPIDController with auto-tune

The following example program shows the variables used to configure the parameters for auto-tuning.



#### Auto-tune parameters

The following table describes the variables that are used with each parameter in the example to configure auto-tuning.

| Input parameters          | F                                          |                                                                                                                                                                                |  |  |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| Variable                  | Parameter                                  | Description                                                                                                                                                                    |  |  |
| AutoMode                  | Auto                                       | The operation mode of the PID controller:                                                                                                                                      |  |  |
|                           |                                            | TRUE - controller runs in normal mode.                                                                                                                                         |  |  |
|                           |                                            | FALSE – derivative term is ignored forcing the controller output to track the feedback                                                                                         |  |  |
|                           |                                            | within the controller limits and allowing the controller to switch back to auto without                                                                                        |  |  |
|                           |                                            | bumping the output.                                                                                                                                                            |  |  |
| Initialize                | Initialize                                 | Initializes AutoTune sequence.                                                                                                                                                 |  |  |
|                           |                                            | A change in value from TRUE to FALSE or FALSE to TRUE causes the controller to eliminate                                                                                       |  |  |
|                           |                                            | any proportional gain during the cycle.                                                                                                                                        |  |  |
| My_Gains                  | Gains                                      | Establishes the Gains PID for IPIDController.                                                                                                                                  |  |  |
| My_Gains.DirectActing     | DirectActing                               | Defines the type of acting for the output.                                                                                                                                     |  |  |
|                           |                                            | TRUE - direct acting in which the output moves in the same direction as the error. That is,                                                                                    |  |  |
|                           |                                            | the actual process value is greater than the SetPoint and the appropriate controller action                                                                                    |  |  |
|                           |                                            | is to increase the output. For example, chilling.                                                                                                                              |  |  |
|                           |                                            | FALSE - reverse acting in which the output moves in the opposite direction as the error.<br>That is, the actual process value is greater than the SetPoint and the appropriate |  |  |
|                           |                                            | controller action is to decrease the output. For example: heating.                                                                                                             |  |  |
| My_Gains.ProportionalGain | ProportionalGain                           | Proportional gain for PID (>= 0.0001).                                                                                                                                         |  |  |
| My_Gains.TimeIntegral     | TimeIntegral                               | Time integral value for PID ( $>= 0.0001$ ).                                                                                                                                   |  |  |
| TTy_0ams.Timemteyra       | Timenneyrai                                | The tendency for oscillation increases with a decrease in ti.                                                                                                                  |  |  |
| My Coine TimeDerivetive   | TimeDerivative                             | Time derivative value for PID (> 0.0).                                                                                                                                         |  |  |
| My_Gains.TimeDerivative   | TIMEDERIVATIVE                             |                                                                                                                                                                                |  |  |
|                           |                                            | Damping increases with an increase in derivative time, but decreases if the derivative<br>time value is too large.                                                             |  |  |
| My_Gains.DerivativeGain   | Derivative gain for PIC                    |                                                                                                                                                                                |  |  |
| AutoTune                  |                                            | Auto and Initialize are FALSE, the AutoTune sequence is started.                                                                                                               |  |  |
| ATParameters              |                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                |  |  |
| Load                      | <ul> <li>Initial output value</li> </ul>   | during auto-tuning.                                                                                                                                                            |  |  |
|                           |                                            | value to stabilize at the load                                                                                                                                                 |  |  |
| Deviation                 | <ul> <li>The standard devia</li> </ul>     | tion for a series of stabilized process values. For example, if the process value stabilized                                                                                   |  |  |
|                           |                                            | between 31.4 to 32.0, then the deviation value would be $(32.0-31.4)/2 = 0.3$ .                                                                                                |  |  |
|                           | <ul> <li>Some process value</li> </ul>     | • Some process values, such as temperature, take a very long time to stabilize.                                                                                                |  |  |
| Step                      | • The auto-tune proc                       | ess considers how the process value reacts to the changes in step value and derives the Gain                                                                                   |  |  |
|                           | parameters.                                |                                                                                                                                                                                |  |  |
| ATDynaSet                 | • Allocated time for t                     | he auto-tune to complete. It must be longer than what is required for the auto-tune process.                                                                                   |  |  |
|                           | • A common value for                       | r many systems is 600 seconds but some systems may require more time.                                                                                                          |  |  |
| ATReset                   | • If TRUE, the output                      | will be reset to "0" after auto-tune completes.                                                                                                                                |  |  |
|                           | • If FALSE, the output                     | will remain at the load value after auto-tune completes.                                                                                                                       |  |  |
| Output parameters         |                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                |  |  |
| Parameter                 | Description                                |                                                                                                                                                                                |  |  |
| AbsoluteError             | Absolute error (Proces                     | ss – SetPoint) from the controller.                                                                                                                                            |  |  |
| ATWarning                 | Warning for the Auto                       | Warning for the Auto Tune sequence. Possible values are:                                                                                                                       |  |  |
|                           | • O - no auto tune do                      |                                                                                                                                                                                |  |  |
|                           | • 1 - in auto tune mod                     | le.                                                                                                                                                                            |  |  |
|                           | • 2 - auto tune done.                      |                                                                                                                                                                                |  |  |
|                           | • -1 - ERROR 1 input a                     | utomatically set to TRUE, no auto tune possible.                                                                                                                               |  |  |
|                           | • -2 - ERROR 2 auto t                      | une error, ATDynaSet expired                                                                                                                                                   |  |  |
| OutGains                  | Gains calculated after AutoTune sequences. |                                                                                                                                                                                |  |  |

### Example: How to create a feedback loop for the manipulated value

Adding a feedback loop for the manipulated value prevents excessive overshooting by providing a minimum and maximum value for the MV.

#### **Temperature feedback loop example**

At the beginning of the temperature control process, the difference between the process value (PV) and the setpoint value (SP) is large, as shown in the following graph. In this example of a temperature feedback loop, the PV starts at 0 degrees Celsius and moves towards the SP value of 40 degrees Celsius. Notice also that the fluctuation between the high and low manipulated value (MV) decreases and stabilizes with time. The behavior of the MV depends on the values used in each of the P, I, and D parameters.



#### **IPIDController with a feedback loop**

The following function block diagram includes a feedback loop for the manipulated value that prevents excessive overshooting by providing a minimum and maximum value for the MV.



# Example: How to add a UDFB to a PID program

For PID programs, use user-defined function blocks (UDFB) outside the main program to perform specialized functions such as converting units or transferring values. The following are examples of UDFBs.

#### Transfer the auto-tune gain value

This UDFB transfers the Autotune gain value to My\_GainTransfer so it can be used by the controller.



#### Convert a manipulated value to a digital output

This UDFB converts a manipulated value (MV) to a digital output (DO) so it can be used to control a digital input n(DI).



#### Convert a manipulated value to an analog output

This UDFB converts a manipulated value (MV) to an analog output (AO) so it can be used to control an analog input (AI).



# Example: How to create an IPIDController program to control temperature

The temperature control program maintains the temperature within the control zone.

#### Setpoint, process and manipulated values

The following table defines the SP, PV, and MV values used in the temperature control program.

ltem

Description

#### Chapter 21 Proportional Integral Derivative (PID) instruction

| ltem                   | Description                                                                                         |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Setpoint (SP)          | Measurement of temperature in degrees Celsius that defines the temperature for the control zone.    |
| Process value (PV)     | Must be converted to the same unit as the SP, which is a measurement of degrees Celsius.            |
| Manipulated value (MV) | Must be converted to an analog value so it can be output to the PWM to control the heating element. |

#### **Temperature control system**

The following diagram and table define the components in the temperature control system that are controlled by the temperature control program the events that occur when the control program runs.



#### Sequence of events for temperature control program

The following table identifies the components in the temperature control system and describes the sequence of events that occurs in the system when the temperature control program runs.

| No | Item                                               | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|----|----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1  | Controller output                                  | Sends the MV to the PWM (On/Off).                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 2  | Pulse Width Modulation (PWM temperature controller | Solid state relay that controls the heating element.                                                                                                                                                                         |
| 3  | Heating element                                    | Increases temperature in the control zone.                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 4  | Resistance temperature detector (RTD)              | Measures the temperature in the control zone and sends the PV (RTD signal) to the controller input.                                                                                                                          |
| 6  | Controller input                                   | Receives the PV (RTD signal).                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 6  | PLC program                                        | Converts the PV (RTD signal) to the same unit as the SP (degrees Celsius) and determines the difference between the PV and the SP and adjusts the MV according to the parameter values defined in the P, I and D parameters. |

#### Example: Function block diagram to control temperature

This function block diagram shows the predefined and user-defined function blocks used in the application to control temperature in a control zone.



## Example: How to create an IPIDController program to control water supply level

The water supply level control program example maintains sufficient water in a water supply tank that has an outflow. A solenoid valve controls incoming water and fills the tank at a preset rate; outflowing water is also controlled at a preset rate.



#### **Program example information**

The water supply level program example includes the following information.

- The sequence of events that occur in the control process
- How the setpoint, process and manipulated values are used in the control program
- An example function block diagram that shows the IPIDController and other instruction blocks

#### Setpoint, process and manipulated values

The following table defines how the SP, PV, and MV values are used in the water supply level program.

| Item                   | Description                                                                                |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Setpoint (SP)          | Measurement of height that defines the target water supply level.                          |
| Process value (PV)     | The 4-20mA must be converted to the same unit as the SP, which is a measurement of height. |
| Manipulated value (MV) | Must be converted to an analog value so it can be output to the drive to control the pump. |

#### Water supply level system

The following diagram shows the components in the water supply level system that are controlled by the water supply level program. The table following the diagram describes the events that occur when the control program runs.



#### Sequence of events in water supply level system

The following table identifies the components in the water supply system and describes, in sequence, the events that occur in the system when the water supply level program runs.

| No | ltem                   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|----|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1  | Controller output      | Sends the MV to the PowerFlex drive (0-10V).                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 2  | PowerFlex drive        | Controls the water pump (0-50Hz).                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 3  | Water pump             | Controls the water level in the supply tank.                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 4  | Output transfer device | Measures the height of the water supply level (4-20mA) and sends the PV to the controller.                                                                                                                        |
| 6  | Controller input       | Receives the PV (water supply level of 4-20mA).                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 6  | PLC program            | Converts the PV to the same unit as the SP (measurement of height) and determines the difference between the PV and SP and adjusts the MV according to the parameter values defined in the P, I and D parameters. |

#### Example: Function block diagram to control water supply level

The following function block diagram shows the predefined and user-defined function blocks for the program to control the water supply level.



#### Function blocks and UDFBs used in the water level FBD

This application, developed in the Function Block Diagram (FBD) language, uses the instructions described in the following table.

| Function block                | Description                                                                                                               |  |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| IPIDController function block | Provides PID process control.                                                                                             |  |
| PID_OutputRegulator UDFB      | Regulates the output of the IPIDCONTROLLER within a safe range to ensure the hardware used in the process is not damaged. |  |
|                               | Sample code:                                                                                                              |  |
|                               | IF RMIN $\leq$ RIN $\leq$ RMAX, then ROUT = RIN,                                                                          |  |
|                               | IF RIN < RMIN, then ROUT = RMIN,                                                                                          |  |
|                               | IF RIN > RMAX, then ROUT = RMAX                                                                                           |  |
| PID_Feedback UDFB             | Acts as a multiplexer.                                                                                                    |  |
|                               | Sample code:                                                                                                              |  |
|                               | IF "FB_RST" is false, FB_OUT=FB_IN;                                                                                       |  |
|                               | If "FB_RST" is true, then FB_OUT=FB_PREVAL.                                                                               |  |
| PID_PWM UDFB                  | Provides a PWM function, converting a real value to a time related ON/OFF output.                                         |  |
| SIM_WATERLVL UDFB             | Simulates the process in the application example.                                                                         |  |

# PID (proportional-integral-deriv ative)

An output instruction that controls physical properties such as temperature, pressure, liquid level, or flow rate using process loops.

**Operation details:** 

- When enabled, PID controls the process using the input parameters including SP and Gains of the PID controller.
- Run to Program mode transition, the PID instruction is disabled, parameter values are retained.

• Program to Run mode transition, the PID instruction remains disabled until a user resets Enable to true.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter  | Parameter<br>Type | Data Type | Description                                                              |
|------------|-------------------|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Enable     | Input             | BOOL      | Enable instruction.                                                      |
|            |                   |           | TRUE - Start execution with the current input parameters.                |
|            |                   |           | FALSE - PID does not execute. Set CV to 0 and calculate AbsoluteError.   |
| PV         | Input             | REAL      | Process Value. This value is typically read from an analog input module. |
|            |                   |           | The SI unit must be the same as Setpoint.                                |
| SP         | Input             | REAL      | The set point value for the process.                                     |
| AutoManual | Input             | BOOL      | Auto or manual mode selection.                                           |
|            |                   |           | TRUE - CV is controlled by PID.                                          |
|            |                   |           | FALSE - PID is running and CV is controlled by CVManual input.           |
| CVManual   | Input             | REAL      | Control value input defined for manual mode operation.                   |
|            |                   |           | The valid range for CVManual is:                                         |
|            |                   |           | CVMin < CVManual < CVMax                                                 |
| CVMin      | Input             | REAL      | Control value minimum limit.                                             |
|            |                   |           | If CV < CVMin, then CV = CVMin.                                          |
|            |                   |           | If CVMin > CVMax, an error occurs.                                       |
| CVMax      | Input             | REAL      | Control value maximum limit.                                             |
|            |                   |           | If $CV > CVMax$ , then $CV = CVMax$ .                                    |
|            |                   |           | If CVMax < CVMin, an error occurs.                                       |
| Gains      | Input             | PID_GAINS | Gains of PID for controller.                                             |
|            |                   |           | Use the PID_GAINS data type to configure the Gains parameter.            |

Chapter 21 Proportional Integral Derivative (PID) instruction

| Control       | Input  | BOOL  | Control direction of the process:                                                      |
|---------------|--------|-------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|               |        |       | TRUE - Direct acting, such as Cooling.                                                 |
|               |        |       | FALSE - Reverse acting, such as Heating.                                               |
| Active        | Output | BOOL  | Status of the PID controller.                                                          |
|               |        |       | TRUE - PID is active.                                                                  |
|               |        |       | FALSE - PID is stopped.                                                                |
| CV            | Output | REAL  | The control value output.                                                              |
|               |        |       | If any error occurred, CV is O.                                                        |
| AbsoluteError | Output | REAL  | Absolute error is the difference between process value (PV) and set point (SP) value.  |
| Error         | Output | BOOL  | Indicates the existence of an error condition.                                         |
|               |        |       | TRUE - Operation encountered an Error.                                                 |
|               |        |       | FALSE - Operation completed successfully or the instruction is not executing.          |
| ErrorID       | Output | USINT | A unique numeric that identifies the error. The errors are defined in PID error codes. |

### PID\_GAINS data type

The following table describes the PID\_GAINS data type for the <u>PID</u> <u>instruction</u> on <u>page 529</u>.

| Parameter | Parameter | Data Type | Description                                                                                   |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|           | Туре      |           |                                                                                               |
| Кс        | Input     | REAL      | Controller gain for PID.                                                                      |
|           |           |           | Proportional and Integral are dependent on this gain. ( $>= 0.0001$ ).                        |
|           |           |           | Increasing Kc improves response time but also increases overshoot and oscillation of the PID. |
|           |           |           | If Kc is invalid, an error occurs.                                                            |
| Ti        | Input     | REAL      | Time integral constant in seconds (>= 0.0001).                                                |
|           |           |           | Increasing Ti decreases the overshoot and oscillation of the PID.                             |
|           |           |           | If Ti is invalid, an error occurs.                                                            |
| Td        | Input     | REAL      | Time derivative constant in seconds ( $>= 0.0$ ).                                             |
|           |           |           | When Td equals 0, there is no derivative action and PID becomes a PI controller.              |
|           |           |           | Increasing Td reduces the overshot and removes the oscillation of the PID controller.         |
|           |           |           | If Td is invalid, an error occurs.                                                            |
| FC        | Input     | REAL      | Filter constant (>= 0.0). Recommended range for FC is 0 to 20.                                |
|           |           |           | Increasing FC smooths the response of the PID controller.                                     |
|           |           |           | If FC is invalid, an error occurs.                                                            |

#### **PID error codes**

Use this table to determine the PID error codes and descriptions.

| Error code       | Error description              |
|------------------|--------------------------------|
| 0                | PID is working normally.       |
| 1                | Kc is invalid.                 |
| 2                | Ti is invalid.                 |
| 3 Td is invalid. |                                |
| 4                | FC is invalid.                 |
| 5                | CVMin > CVMax or CVMax < CVMin |
| 6                | CVManual < CVMin               |
|                  | CVManual is invalid.           |

#### Chapter 21 Proportional Integral Derivative (PID) instruction

| Error code | Error description        |
|------------|--------------------------|
| 0          | PID is working normally. |
| 1          | Kc is invalid.           |
| 2          | Ti is invalid.           |
| 7          | CVManual > CVMax         |
|            | CVManual is invalid.     |

#### **PID Function Block Diagram example**



#### **PID Ladder Diagram example**



#### **PID Structured Text example**

| 1 | <pre>PID_1(enable, pv, sp, am, cvm, cmax, cmin, gains, control);</pre>                                                                                                                      |
|---|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 2 | active := PID_1.Active;                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 3 | cv := PID_1.CV;                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 4 | <pre>ae := PID_1.AbsoluteError;</pre>                                                                                                                                                       |
| 5 | error := PID_1.Error;                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 6 | errorID := PID_1.ErrorID;                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 1 | PID_1[<br>void PID_1(BOOL Enable, REAL PV, REAL SP, BOOL AutoManual, REAL CVManual, REAL CVMax, REAL CVMin, PID_GAINS Gains, BOOL Control)<br>Type : PID, Proportional Integral Derivative. |

#### **PID Results**

| Jser G | ilobal Variable | es - Micro850 | Local Va   | riables - Prog1 | Syste | em Var | iables - Micn | o850 I/O - Micro85 | 50 Defined Word | s    |           |    |   |
|--------|-----------------|---------------|------------|-----------------|-------|--------|---------------|--------------------|-----------------|------|-----------|----|---|
|        | Na              | ame           |            | Alias           |       | Log    | ical Value    | Physical Value     | Initial Value   | Lock | Data Type |    | Q |
|        |                 | - [           | Ι <b>γ</b> |                 | • IT  |        |               |                    | * IT            |      | -         | ÍΥ |   |
| +      | PID_1           |               |            |                 |       |        |               |                    |                 |      | PID       | *  |   |
|        | enable          |               |            |                 |       |        | Z             | N/A                |                 |      | BOOL      | *  |   |
|        | pv              |               |            |                 |       | 1.0    |               | N/A                | 1.0             |      | REAL      | •  |   |
|        | sp              |               |            |                 |       | 10.0   |               | N/A                | 10.0            |      | REAL      | *  |   |
|        | am              |               |            |                 |       |        |               | N/A                |                 |      | BOOL      | •  | 1 |
|        | cvm             |               |            |                 |       | 20.0   |               | N/A                | 20.0            |      | REAL      | *  |   |
|        | cmax            |               |            |                 |       | 30.0   |               | N/A                | 30.0            |      | REAL      | ÷  |   |
|        | cmin            |               | 1          |                 |       | 1.0    |               | N/A                | 1.0             |      | REAL      | •  |   |
| ٠      | gains           |               |            |                 |       |        |               |                    |                 |      | PID_GAINS | *  |   |
|        | control         |               |            |                 |       |        |               | N/A                |                 |      | BOOL      | *  |   |
|        |                 |               |            |                 |       |        |               |                    |                 |      |           | -  |   |
|        | errorID         |               |            |                 |       | 0      |               | N/A                |                 |      | USINT     | *  |   |
|        | error           |               |            |                 |       |        |               | N/A                |                 |      | BOOL      | *  |   |
|        | ae              |               |            |                 |       | 9.0    |               | N/A                |                 |      | REAL      | •  |   |
|        | active          |               |            |                 |       |        | 4             | N/A                |                 |      | BOOL      | +  |   |
|        | cv              |               |            |                 |       | 20.0   |               | N/A                |                 |      | REAL      | -  |   |
| •      |                 |               |            |                 |       |        |               |                    | -               |      |           |    |   |

# PID instruction state machine

The PID State Machine diagram describes the processing states for the <u>PID</u> <u>instruction</u> on <u>page 551</u>.



# PID instruction timing diagrams

The following timing diagram examples describe execution scenarios for the <u>PID (proportional-integral-derivative) instruction</u> on <u>page 551</u>.

#### **Successful PID execution** Enable (Rung Condition) ON OFF ON Active OFF ON Error 9 10 11 1 Δ 5 6 7 8

| Scan Cycle   | Description                                                                   |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1, 8         | Rung condition becomes TRUE when:                                             |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Enable input bit is TRUE.                                                   |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Input parameters are valid.                                                 |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Active bit is TRUE.                                                         |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Error bit is FALSE.                                                         |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2,3,4        | No change in Rung condition.                                                  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Enable input bit is TRUE.                                                   |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Input parameters are valid.                                                 |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | Updates PID output parameters.                                                |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5, 9         | Rung condition becomes FALSE when:                                            |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Enable bit is FALSE.                                                        |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Clears PID output parameters except AbsoluteError.                          |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • AbsoluteError calculates based on PV and SP input values.                   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6, 7, 10, 11 | No change in Rung condition.                                                  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Enable bit is FALSE.                                                        |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Clears PID output parameters except AbsoluteError.                          |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | <ul> <li>AbsoluteError calculates based on PV and SP input values.</li> </ul> |  |  |  |  |  |

#### Enable (Rung ON Condition) OFF ON Active OFF ON Error OFF 11 Ś Ż 9 10

#### **PID execution with Error**

| Scan Cycle   | Description                                                 |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1, 8         | Rung condition becomes TRUE when:                           |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Enable input bit is TRUE.                                 |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Input parameters are invalid.                             |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Active bit is FALSE.                                      |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Error bit is TRUE. ErrorID output is set.                 |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • CV output is set to 0.                                    |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • AbsoluteError calculates based on PV and SP input values. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2,3,4        | No change in Rung condition.                                |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Enable input bit is TRUE.                                 |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Input parameters are invalid.                             |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Updates PID output parameters.                            |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5, 9         | Rung condition becomes FALSE when:                          |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Enable bit is FALSE.                                      |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Clears PID output parameters except AbsoluteError.        |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • AbsoluteError calculates based on PV and SP input values. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6, 7, 10, 11 | No change in Rung condition.                                |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Enable bit is FALSE.                                      |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Clears PID output parameters except AbsoluteError.        |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • AbsoluteError calculates based on PV and SP input values. |  |  |  |  |  |



#### PID execution with Error then successful execution

| Scan Cycle   | Description                                                                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1, 8         | Rung condition becomes TRUE when:                                             |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Enable input bit is TRUE.                                                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Input parameters are invalid.                                               |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Active bit is FALSE.                                                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Error bit is TRUE. ErrorID output is set.                                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • CV output is set to 0.                                                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • AbsoluteError calculates based on PV and SP input values.                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2            | No change in Rung condition.                                                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Enable input bit is TRUE.                                                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Input parameters are invalid.                                               |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | Updates PID output parameters.                                                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3, 4         | No change in Rung condition.                                                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Enable input bit is TRUE.                                                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | Input parameters are valid.                                                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Active bit is TRUE.                                                         |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Error bit is FALSE.                                                         |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | Updates PID output parameters.                                                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5, 9         | Rung condition becomes FALSE when:                                            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Enable bit is FALSE.                                                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Clears PID output parameters except AbsoluteError.                          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • AbsoluteError calculates based on PV and SP input values.                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6, 7, 10, 11 | No change in Rung condition.                                                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Enable bit is FALSE.                                                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Clears PID output parameters except AbsoluteError.                          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | <ul> <li>AbsoluteError calculates based on PV and SP input values.</li> </ul> |  |  |  |  |  |  |

#### ON Enable (Rung Condition) OFF ON Active OFF ON Error OFF 9 10 11 Δ 6 8 2 2

#### **Successful PID execution and Error**

| Scan Cycle   | Description                                                 |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1, 8         | Rung condition becomes TRUE when:                           |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Enable input bit is TRUE.                                 |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | Input parameters are valid.                                 |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | Active bit is TRUE.                                         |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Error bit is FALSE.                                       |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | Update PID output parameters.                               |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2            | No change in Rung condition.                                |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Enable input bit is TRUE.                                 |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | Input parameters are valid.                                 |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | Update PID output parameters.                               |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3, 4         | No change in Rung condition.                                |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Enable input bit is TRUE.                                 |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | Input parameters are invalid.                               |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Error bit is TRUE. ErrorID output is set.                 |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • CV output is set to 0.                                    |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | AbsoluteError calculates based on PV and SP input values.   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5, 9         | Rung condition becomes FALSE when:                          |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Enable bit is FALSE.                                      |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Clear PID output parameters except AbsoluteError.         |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • AbsoluteError calculates based on PV and SP input values. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6, 7, 10, 11 | No change in Rung condition.                                |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Enable bit is FALSE.                                      |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • Clears PID output parameters except AbsoluteError.        |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | • AbsoluteError calculates based on PV and SP input values. |  |  |  |  |  |

# **Real Time Clock (RTC) instructions**

Use Real Time Clock instructions to configure the calendar and the clock.

| Instruction          | Description                                              |
|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| RTC_READ on page 385 | Reads the real-time clock (RTC) module information.      |
| RTC_SET on page 387  | Sets real-time clock data to the RTC module information. |

# RTC\_READ (read real-time clock)

Reads the real-time clock (RTC) module information.

Operation details:

- Micro810 or Micro820 controller with embedded RTC:
  - RTCBatLow is always set to zero (0).
  - RTCEnabled is always set to one (1).
- When the embedded RTC has lost its charge/memory due to loss of power:
  - RTCData is set to 2000/1/1/0/0/0.
  - RTCEnabled is set to one (1).

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.

The outputs are always reset when the instruction is applied to the simulated controller (2080-LC50-48QWB-SIM).



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter P | Parameter Type | Data Type | Description |
|-------------|----------------|-----------|-------------|
|-------------|----------------|-----------|-------------|

| Enable     | Input  | BOOL | Instruction block enable.                                                          |
|------------|--------|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|            |        |      | TRUE - execute RTC information read.                                               |
|            |        |      | FALSE - there is no read operation and output RTC data is invalid.                 |
| RTCData    | Output | RTC  | RTC data information: yy/mm/dd, hh/mm/ss, week.                                    |
|            |        |      | RTCData output is defined using the RTC data type.                                 |
| RTCPresent | Output | BOOL | TRUE - Free Running clock is utilized, or RTC hardware is plugged in.              |
|            |        |      | FALSE - Free Running clock is not utilized, or RTC hardware is not plugged in.     |
| RTCEnabled | Output | BOOL | TRUE - Free Running clock is utilized, or RTC hardware is enabled (timing).        |
|            |        |      | FALSE - Free Running clock is not utilized, RTC hardware is disabled (not timing). |
| RTCBatLow  | Output | BOOL | TRUE - RTC battery is low.                                                         |
|            |        |      | FALSE - RTC battery is not low.                                                    |
| ENO        | Output | BOOL | Enable output.                                                                     |
|            |        |      | Applies only to Ladder Diagram programs.                                           |

#### **RTC data type**

Use this table to help determine the parameter values for the RTC data type.

| Parameter Data type Description |      | Description                                                                                                                 |  |
|---------------------------------|------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Year                            | UINT | The year setting for the RTC. 16-bit value, and the valid range is from 2000 (Jan 01, 00:00:00) to 2098 (Dec. 31, 23:59:59) |  |
| Month                           | UINT | The month setting for the RTC.                                                                                              |  |
| Day                             | UINT | The day setting for the RTC.                                                                                                |  |
| Hour                            | UINT | The hour setting for the RTC.                                                                                               |  |
| Minute                          | UINT | The minute setting for the RTC.                                                                                             |  |
| Second                          | UINT | The second setting for the RTC.                                                                                             |  |
| DayOfWeek                       | UINT | The day of the week setting for the RTC. This parameter is ignored for RTC_SET.                                             |  |

#### **RTC\_READ Function Block Diagram example**



#### RTC\_READ Ladder Diagram example



#### **RTC\_READ Structured Text example**

RTC\_READ\_1(
void RTC\_READ\_1(BOOL Enable)
Type:RTC\_READ\_1(BOOL Enable)

RTC\_READ\_1(enable);
data := RTC\_READ\_1.RTCData;
present := RTC\_READ\_1.RTCData;
enabled := RTC\_READ\_1.RTCPresent;
batlow := RTC\_READ\_1.RTCEnabled;
batlow := RTC\_READ\_1.RTCBatLow;

# RTC\_SET (set real-time clock)

Set RTC (real-time clock) data to the RTC module information.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.

The outputs are always reset when the instruction is applied to the simulated controller (2080-LC50-48QWB-SIM).



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter | Parameter Type | Data Type | Description |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|-------------|

| Enable     | Input  | BOOL  | Instruction block enable.                                                             |
|------------|--------|-------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|            |        |       | TRUE - execute RTC_SET with the RTC information from input. Typically, only execute   |
|            |        |       | for 1 program scan when updating the RTC.                                             |
|            |        |       | FALSE - do not execute RTC_SET. Set to FALSE to operate RTC normally.                 |
| RTCEnable  | Input  | BOOL  | TRUE - To enable RTC with the RTC data specified.                                     |
|            |        |       | FALSE - To disable RTC.                                                               |
| RTCData    | Input  | RTC   | RTC data information: yy/mm/dd, hh/mm/ss, week as defined in the RTC data type.       |
|            |        |       | RTCData is ignored when RTCEnable = 0.                                                |
| RTCPresent | Output | BOOL  | TRUE - Free Running clock is utilized, or RTC hardware is plugged in.                 |
|            |        |       | FALSE - Free Running clock is not utilized, or RTC hardware is not plugged in.        |
| RTCEnabled | Output | BOOL  | TRUE - Free Running clock is utilized, or RTC hardware is enabled (timing).           |
|            |        |       | FALSE - Free Running clock is not utilized, or RTC hardware is disabled (not timing). |
| RTCBatLow  | Output | BOOL  | TRUE - RTC battery is low.                                                            |
|            |        |       | FALSE - RTC battery is not low.                                                       |
| Sts        | Output | USINT | The read operation status.                                                            |
|            |        |       | RTC_Set status (Sts) values:                                                          |
|            |        |       | • 0x00 - Function block not enabled (no operation).                                   |
|            |        |       | • 0x01 - RTC set operation success.                                                   |
|            |        |       | • 0x02 - RTC set operation fails.                                                     |

#### RTC data type

Use this table to help determine the parameter values for the RTC data type.

| Parameter | Data type | Description                                                                                                                 |
|-----------|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Year      | UINT      | The year setting for the RTC. 16-bit value, and the valid range is from 2000 (Jan 01, 00:00:00) to 2098 (Dec. 31, 23:59:59) |
| Month     | UINT      | The month setting for the RTC.                                                                                              |
| Day       | UINT      | The day setting for the RTC.                                                                                                |
| Hour      | UINT      | The hour setting for the RTC.                                                                                               |
| Minute    | UINT      | The minute setting for the RTC.                                                                                             |
| Second    | UINT      | The second setting for the RTC.                                                                                             |
| DayOfWeek | UINT      | The day of the week setting for the RTC. This parameter is ignored for RTC_SET.                                             |

#### **RTC\_SET Function Block Diagram example**



#### **RTC\_SET Ladder Diagram example**



#### **RTC\_SET Structured Text example**



# **Socket instructions**

Use the Sockets protocol for Ethernet communications to devices that do not support Modbus TCP and EtherNet/IP. Sockets support client, server, Transmission Control Protocol (TCP), and User Datagram Protocol (UDP). Typical applications include communicating to printers, bar codes readers, and personal computers.

Socket instruction behavior in **Run Mode Change** mode:

- If a delete operation is performed on a SOCKET\_OPEN, SOCKET\_ACCEPT, SOCKET\_READ, or SOCKET\_WRITE instruction while in **Run Mode Change** mode, the Socket instance is deleted.
- In **Run Mode Change** mode, any change to a SOCKET\_READ input while operating in the BUSY state results in an error and the received packet is discarded. SOCKET\_READ input parameters are: Length, Offset, Data Array Size, Data Array Variable.
- SOCKET\_READ is the only SOCKET instruction that supports add or modify operations while in **Run Mode Change** mode.
- If the Ethernet IP settings are modified using **Run Mode Change** all created Socket instances are deleted, similar to SOCKET\_DELETEALL.

Instruction Processing and Output Updates for Socket instructions:

- Asynchronous: Respective instructions where all outputs update asynchronously with user program scan, for example a Ladder scan. Asynchronous output can not be used for edge trigger detection. Asynchronous output parameters are not locked and can be updated after completion of respective socket instructions.
- **Synchronous**: Respective instructions where all output update is in sync with user program scans. Synchronous output parameters are locked and can not be modified after completion of respective socket instruction.
- **Hybrid**: Respective instructions where a few outputs update in sync with user program scan. Remaining outputs update asynchronously with user program scan.
- **Immediate Instruction Execution**: Instruction completes desired function prior to going to next instruction.
- Non-Immediate Instruction Execution: Instruction takes more than one program scan to complete desired function. Instructions take a snap shot of input parameters when a **False > True** transition is detected.

Use this table to help determine Socket instructions usage.

#### Chapter 23 Socket instructions

| Instruction                                          | Description                                                                                                                                                            | TCP<br>Client | TCP<br>Server | UDP with<br>Open | UDP<br>without<br>Open | Instruction<br>Processing | Instruction<br>Output Update |
|------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| <u>SOCKET_ACCEPT</u> on <u>page 568</u>              | Accepts a TCP connection request from a<br>remote destination and returns a socket<br>instance used to send and receive data on<br>the newly created connection.       | NO            | YES           | NO               | NO                     | Non-Immediate             | Hybrid                       |
| <u>SOCKET_CREATE</u> on <u>page 571</u>              | Creates an instance of the Socket and returns an instance number that uses the next socket operations.                                                                 | YES           | YES           | YES              | YES                    | Immediate                 | Synchronous                  |
| <u>SOCKET_DELETE</u> on <u>page 576</u>              | Deletes a created socket instance. TCP connections are closed prior to deletion.                                                                                       | YES           | YES           | YES              | YES                    | Non-Immediate             | Synchronous                  |
| <u>SOCKET_DELETEALL</u> on <u>page</u><br><u>578</u> | Deletes all created socket instances.                                                                                                                                  | YES           | YES           | YES              | YES                    | Non-Immediate             | Synchronous                  |
| <u>SOCKET_INFO</u> on <u>page 580</u>                | Returns information for the socket such as error codes and execution status.                                                                                           | YES           | YES           | YES              | YES                    | Immediate                 | Synchronous                  |
| <u>SOCKET_OPEN</u> on <u>page 586</u>                | TCP connections open with the specified<br>destination address.<br>UDP connections associate a destination<br>IP address and port number with the<br>specified socket. | YES           | NO            | YES              | NO                     | Non-Immediate             | Synchronous                  |
| <u>SOCKET_READ</u> on <u>page 590</u>                | Reads data on a socket. Attempts to<br>receive the specified number of bytes and<br>returns the number of bytes received.                                              | YES           | YES           | YES              | YES                    | Non-Immediate             | Hybrid                       |
| <u>SOCKET_WRITE</u> on page 594                      | Sends data on a socket. Attempts to send<br>the requested number of bytes and<br>returns the number of bytes sent.                                                     | YES           | YES           | YES              | YES                    | Non-Immediate             | Hybrid                       |

### SOCKET\_ACCEPT

For Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) connections only. Accepts a TCP connection request from a remote destination and returns a Socket Instance used to send and receive data on the newly created connection.

Operation details:

- Before executing Socket\_Accept execute SOCKET\_CREATE and specify the local port number for the accept connection.
- Outputs are updated synchronously from the program scan.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro850, and Micro870 controllers. For the Micro800 Simulator, this instruction can be added to a program but is only a placeholder to prevent the instruction from being deleted during controller change. The outputs are always reset when the instruction is applied to the simulated controller (2080-LC50-48QWB-SIM).



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter  | Parameter type | Data type   | Description                                                                                                               |
|------------|----------------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Execute    | Input          | BOOL        | Instruction block enable.<br>TRUE - Rising Edge detected, start the instruction block with the precondition that the last |
|            |                |             | operation has been completed.                                                                                             |
|            |                | 1           | FALSE - no Rising Edge detected; instruction block not started.                                                           |
| Instance   | Input          | UDINT       | Identifies the socket instance. Copy the returned Socket Handler from the <b>SOCKET_CREATE</b> instruction.               |
| Timeout    | Input          | UDINT       | Timeout for the <b>SOCKET_ACCEPT</b> instruction block instances. The function block returns an                           |
|            |                |             | Error if the timeout value is less than minimum value.                                                                    |
|            |                |             | Timeout range: 1000- 86400000 milliseconds<br>Set Timeout to 0 to use the default value 10000 (10 Second).                |
| Done       | Output         | BOOL        | Indicates when operation is complete.                                                                                     |
| DONE       | υτιραί         | DUUL        | TRUE - operation completed successfully.                                                                                  |
|            |                |             | FALSE - operation is in progress or encountered an error condition.                                                       |
|            |                |             | Output is updated synchronously from the program scan.                                                                    |
| Busy       | Output         | BOOL        | TRUE - the operation is not finished.                                                                                     |
|            |                |             | FALSE - the operation is finished.                                                                                        |
|            |                |             | Output is updated synchronously from the program scan.                                                                    |
| Error      | Output         | BOOL        | Indicates an error occurred.                                                                                              |
|            |                |             | TRUE - An error is detected.                                                                                              |
|            |                |             | FALSE - No error.                                                                                                         |
|            |                |             | Output is updated synchronously from the program scan.                                                                    |
| Status     | Output         | SOCK_STATUS | Status is defined using the <u>SOCK_STATUS data type</u> on <u>page 598</u> which contains <u>ErrorID</u> on              |
|            |                |             | page 599, SubErrorID, and <u>StatusBits</u> on page 602 information.                                                      |
|            |                |             | Output is updated synchronously from the program scan.                                                                    |
| AcceptInst | Output         | UDINT       | Contains the Accept Instance for this Socket Instance. Use the unique Accept Instance number                              |
|            |                |             | with subsequent <b>SOCKET_READ</b> and <b>SOCKET_WRITE</b> for this connection.                                           |
|            |                |             | Output is updated synchronously from the program scan.                                                                    |

| Parameter  | Parameter type | Data type    | Description                                                               |
|------------|----------------|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| AcceptAddr | Output         | SOCKADDR_CFG | A data structure that contains the Accept Address for the socket.         |
|            |                |              | For more information, refer to <u>SOCKADDR_CFG data type</u> on page 598. |
|            |                |              | To specify an IP Address of 192.168.2.100 and Port = 12000:               |
|            |                |              | <ul> <li>AcceptAddr.IPAddress[0]=192</li> </ul>                           |
|            |                |              | • AcceptAddr.IPAddress[1]=168                                             |
|            |                |              | • AcceptAddr.IPAddress[2]=2                                               |
|            |                |              | <ul> <li>AcceptAddr.IPAddress[3]=100</li> </ul>                           |
|            |                |              | • AcceptAddr.Port = 12000                                                 |
|            |                |              | Output is updated synchronously from the program scan.                    |

#### SOCKET\_ACCEPT Function Block Diagram example



#### SOCKET\_ACCEPT Ladder Diagram example



#### SOCKET\_ACCEPT Structured Text example

SOCKET ACCEPT 1 (

void SOCKET\_ACCEPT\_1(BOOL Execute, UDINT Instance, UDINT Timeout) Type : SOCKET\_ACCEPT, Accept Socket

SOCKET\_ACCEPT\_1(Execute\_SOCKET\_ACCEPT, Instance \_SOCKET\_ACCEPT, Timout\_SOCKET\_ACCEPT); Done\_SOCKET\_ACCEPT := SOCKET\_ACCEPT. Done; Busy\_SOCKET\_ACCEPT := SOCKET\_ACCEPT. Busy; Error\_SOCKET\_ACCEPT := SOCKET\_ACCEPT. Error; Status\_SOCKET\_ACCEPT := SOCKET\_ACCEPT. Status; AcceptInst\_SOCKET\_ACCEPT := SOCKET\_ACCEPT. AcceptInst; AcceptAddr\_SOCKET\_ACCEPT := SOCKET\_ACCEPT. AcceptInst;

#### Results

#### **TCP** Server

| 1  |        | Name             | -                | Alias | LogicalValue                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | PhysicalValue | InitialValue | Lock | Data Type     |
|----|--------|------------------|------------------|-------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|------|---------------|
| 17 |        |                  | - 17             |       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |               | - 17         |      | - 1           |
|    | Accp_S | Status01         |                  |       | and the second sec |               |              |      | SOCK_STATUS + |
|    |        | Accp_Status01.Er | Diror            |       | 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | N/A           |              |      | USINT         |
|    |        | Accp_Status01.St | ubErrorID        |       | 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | N/A           |              |      | UINT          |
|    |        | Accp_Status01.SI | tatusBits        |       | 17                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | N/A           |              |      | UINT          |
|    | Accp_S | Sek01            |                  |       | <b>V</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | N/A           |              |      | BOOL -        |
|    | Accp_I | nstance          |                  |       | 1076385752                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | N/A           |              |      | UDINT -       |
|    | Accp_B | Emor01           |                  |       | E                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | N/A           |              |      | BOOL -        |
|    | Accp_8 | Busy01           |                  |       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | N/A           |              |      | BOOL -        |
| 1  | Accept | _Addr            |                  |       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |               |              |      | SOCKADDR_CF - |
|    |        | Accept_Addr.Port |                  |       | 30002                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | N/A           |              |      | UINT          |
|    | •      | Accept_Addr.IPAd | dress            |       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |               |              |      | IPADDR        |
|    | - 1    | Accept_A         | ddr.IPAddress[0] |       | 10                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | N/A           |              |      | USINT         |
|    |        | Accept_A         | ddr.IPAddress[1] |       | 224                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | N/A           |              |      | USINT         |
|    |        | Accept_A         | ddr.IPAddress[2] |       | 68                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | N/A           |              |      | USINT         |
|    |        | Accept_A         | ddr.IPAddress[3] |       | 221                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | N/A           |              |      | USINT         |
| -  |        |                  |                  | 11    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |               |              |      | )             |

#### SOCKET\_CREATE

Creates an instance of the socket and returns an instance number that is used as an input in any follow-on socket operations.

#### **Operation details:**

- <u>Socket instructions</u> on <u>page 567</u> support Full Duplex communication with remote devices.
- User Datagram Protocol (UDP) connections supports a maximum of eight queued UDP datagrams packets. The queue contains the most recent packets.
- Micro820 and Micro850 controllers at revision 9 or higher support up to eight Socket Instances. The Socket instances support UDP and TCP Sockets:
  - Use all eight instances for client Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) connections.
  - Use all eight instances to listen for incoming TCP connections and then accept eight connections from other devices.
  - Perform both TCP client and server operations.
  - Perform both TCP and UDP operations.

- To accept incoming TCP connections to the same port, create a new Socket Instance.
- TCP Connection Loss:
  - User application program should detect the loss of TCP connections and handle the event. Depending on the user application, consider the option to Fault the controller.
    - Fault the controller.
    - Try to re-establish the connection.
  - To re-establish communications with another device:
    - Delete the Socket Instance for the lost connection.
    - If the connection is a TCP client, create a new Socket Instance using SOCKET\_CREATE and execute SOCKET\_OPEN to the target device.
    - If the connection is a TCP server, create a new Socket Instance using SOCKET\_CREATE and execute SOCKET\_ACCEPT to wait for another connection from the remote device.
  - Application Messages for TCP connections:
    - A TCP connection is a byte stream between two applications. The application protocol determines the message formats.
    - Messages can be fixed size or variable size.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro850, and Micro870 controllers. For the Micro800 Simulator, this instruction can be added to a program but is only a placeholder to prevent the instruction from being deleted during controller change.

The outputs are always reset when the instruction is applied to the simulated controller (2080-LC50-48QWB-SIM).



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter | Parameter type | Data type | Description |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|-------------|
|           |                |           |             |

| Parameter type   | Data type               | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Input            | BOOL                    | Instruction block enable.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|                  |                         | TRUE - Rising Edge detected, start the instruction block with the precondition that the last                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|                  |                         | operation has been completed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|                  |                         | FALSE - no Rising Edge detected.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Input            | USINT                   | Specify the Type of Socket:                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|                  |                         | • Transmission Control Protocol (TCP).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|                  |                         | • User Datagram Protocol (UDP).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Input            | SOCKADDR_CFG            | Specify the address configuration for the socket.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                  |                         | The EtherNet/IP module to choose the local port number, set SockAddr to 0.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|                  |                         | Specify the local port number where an application is listening and receiving, or :                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|                  |                         | • Array elements must all be zero                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                  |                         | • For TCP client operations, specify 0 unless you want a specific local port number.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|                  |                         | • For TCP server communication, specify the port number to accept incoming connection                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|                  |                         | requests.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|                  |                         | • For UDP, specify a local port number to receive datagrams on a specific port.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|                  |                         | Local port range: 1 to 65535.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|                  |                         | An error occurs if the specified local port number is already in use by the Micro820 or Micro850 controller.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|                  |                         | The controller uses the following port numbers:                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|                  |                         | TCP Ports:                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|                  |                         | • EtherNet/IP: 44818                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|                  |                         | ModbusTCP: 502                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                  |                         | • DHCP Server: 67                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                  |                         | • DHCP Client: 68                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                  |                         | UDP Ports:                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|                  |                         | EtherNet/IP: 2222                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                  |                         | DHCP Server: 67                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|                  |                         | DHCP Client: 68                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|                  |                         | See <u>SOCKADDR_CFG data type</u> on <u>page 598</u> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Input            | UDINT                   | Specify the Timeout for Socket inactivity.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|                  |                         | If a socket instance does not receive any requests within the specified inactivity timeout,                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|                  |                         | the socket instance is deleted.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|                  |                         | If a request is sent after the sock instance is deleted an error, Socket instance not                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|                  |                         | supported, is returned.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|                  |                         | The instruction block returns an error when the timeout value is less than the minimum                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|                  |                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|                  |                         | value.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|                  |                         | Set Timeout so it is longer than the longest interval between socket operations. If the                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|                  |                         | Set Timeout so it is longer than the longest interval between socket operations. If the inactivity Timeout is too short socket instances may timeout. Timeout range: 1000 -                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|                  |                         | Set Timeout so it is longer than the longest interval between socket operations. If the inactivity Timeout is too short socket instances may timeout. Timeout range: 1000 - 86400000 milliseconds                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Outout           | RODI                    | Set Timeout so it is longer than the longest interval between socket operations. If the inactivity Timeout is too short socket instances may timeout. Timeout range: 1000 - 86400000 milliseconds<br>Set <b>Timeout</b> to 0 to use the default value 300000 (5 minutes).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Output           | BOOL                    | Set Timeout so it is longer than the longest interval between socket operations. If the inactivity Timeout is too short socket instances may timeout. Timeout range: 1000 - 86400000 milliseconds         Set Timeout to 0 to use the default value 300000 (5 minutes).         Indicates when operation is complete.                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Output           | BOOL                    | Set Timeout so it is longer than the longest interval between socket operations. If the inactivity Timeout is too short socket instances may timeout. Timeout range: 1000 - 86400000 milliseconds         Set Timeout to 0 to use the default value 300000 (5 minutes).         Indicates when operation is complete.         TRUE - operation completed successfully.                                                                                                                                                                    |
|                  |                         | Set Timeout so it is longer than the longest interval between socket operations. If the inactivity Timeout is too short socket instances may timeout. Timeout range: 1000 - 86400000 milliseconds         Set Timeout to 0 to use the default value 300000 (5 minutes).         Indicates when operation is complete.         TRUE - operation completed successfully.         FALSE - operation is in progress or encountered an error condition.                                                                                        |
| Output<br>Output | BOOL                    | Set Timeout so it is longer than the longest interval between socket operations. If the inactivity Timeout is too short socket instances may timeout. Timeout range: 1000 - 86400000 milliseconds         Set Timeout to 0 to use the default value 300000 (5 minutes).         Indicates when operation is complete.         TRUE - operation completed successfully.         FALSE - operation is in progress or encountered an error condition.         TRUE - the operation is incomplete.                                            |
| Output           | BOOL                    | Set Timeout so it is longer than the longest interval between socket operations. If the inactivity Timeout is too short socket instances may timeout. Timeout range: 1000 - 86400000 milliseconds         Set Timeout to 0 to use the default value 300000 (5 minutes).         Indicates when operation is complete.         TRUE - operation completed successfully.         FALSE - operation is in progress or encountered an error condition.         TRUE - the operation is incomplete.         FALSE - the operation is complete. |
|                  |                         | Set Timeout so it is longer than the longest interval between socket operations. If the inactivity Timeout is too short socket instances may timeout. Timeout range: 1000 - 86400000 milliseconds         Set Timeout to 0 to use the default value 300000 (5 minutes).         Indicates when operation is complete.         TRUE - operation completed successfully.         FALSE - operation is in progress or encountered an error condition.         TRUE - the operation is incomplete.                                            |
|                  | Input<br>Input<br>Input | Input BOOL<br>Input USINT<br>Input SOCKADDR_CFG                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

| Parameter | Parameter type | Data type   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-----------|----------------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Status    | Output         | SOCK_STATUS | Status is defined using the <b>SOCK_STATUS</b> data type which contains ErrorID, SubErrorID, and StatusBits information.<br>See <u>SOCK_STATUS data type</u> on <u>page 598</u> , <u>Socket instruction status bits</u> on <u>page 602</u> , and <u>Socket error codes</u> on <u>page 599</u> . |
| Instance  | Output         | UDINT       | Contains Socket Handler.<br>Use the Instance parameter for subsequent Socket instructions.                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

#### SOCKET\_CREATE Function Block Diagram example



#### SOCKET\_CREATE Ladder Diagram example



#### SOCKET\_CREATE Structured Text example



#### **Results**

## **TCP Client example**

|   | Global Variables - Micro850 Local Variables - R<br>Name | _  | Alias |      |            | PhysicalValue   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Look | Data Type                                                                                                      |
|---|---------------------------------------------------------|----|-------|------|------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|   |                                                         |    | Allas |      |            | r nysical value | and the second se | LOCK | the second s |
|   |                                                         | Ēτ |       | - it |            |                 | - <u>i</u> r                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | -    | - IT                                                                                                           |
| • | Crt_TimeOut01                                           |    |       |      | 30000      | N/A             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | LU   | UDINT 🐭                                                                                                        |
| • | Cit_Status_01                                           |    |       |      |            |                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |      | SOCK_STATUS -                                                                                                  |
|   | Crt_Status_01.ErrorID                                   |    |       |      | 0          | N/A             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |      | USINT                                                                                                          |
|   | Crt_Status_01.SubErrorID                                |    |       |      | 0          | N/A             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |      | UINT                                                                                                           |
|   | Crt_Status_01.StatusBits                                | 3  |       | - 4  | 17         | N/A             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |      | UINT                                                                                                           |
|   | Cit_Skt_Type01                                          |    |       |      | 1          | N/A             | 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |      | USINT -                                                                                                        |
|   | Cit_Skt_Addr01                                          |    |       |      |            |                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |      | SOCKADDR_CF +                                                                                                  |
|   | Crt_Skt_Addr01.Port                                     |    |       |      | 0          | N/A             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |      | UINT                                                                                                           |
|   | <ul> <li>Cit_Skt_Addr01.IPAddress</li> </ul>            |    |       | 1    |            |                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |      | IPADDR                                                                                                         |
|   | Crt_Skt_Addr01.IPAddress[0]                             |    |       |      | 0          | N/A             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |      | USINT                                                                                                          |
|   | Cit_Skt_Addi01.IPAddress[1]                             |    |       |      | 0          | N/A             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |      | USINT                                                                                                          |
|   | Cit_Skt_Addr01.IPAddress[2]                             |    |       |      | 0          | N/A             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |      | USINT                                                                                                          |
|   | Crt_Skt_Addr01.IPAddress[3]                             |    |       |      | 0          | N/A             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |      | USINT                                                                                                          |
|   | Cit_Sck01                                               |    |       |      | ×          | N/A             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |      | BOOL -                                                                                                         |
|   | Cit_instance_01                                         |    |       |      | 1076386296 | N/A             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |      | UDINT -                                                                                                        |
|   | Cit_Emor_01                                             |    |       |      |            | N/A             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |      | 800L -                                                                                                         |
|   | Crt_Busy_01                                             |    |       |      |            | N/A             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |      | 800L -                                                                                                         |
| 4 |                                                         |    |       |      |            |                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |      | 5                                                                                                              |

### **TCP Server example**

| - ET                    | * E                                                                                                                                                                | 2                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                         | -                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                   | - ET                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                         |                                                                                                                                                                    | 444                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | SOCK_STATI                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| 01.EmorID               |                                                                                                                                                                    | 0                                                                                                                                             | N/A                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | USINT                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 01.SubErrorID           |                                                                                                                                                                    | 0                                                                                                                                             | N/A                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | UINT                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| 01.StatusBits           |                                                                                                                                                                    | 17                                                                                                                                            | N/A                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | UINT                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|                         |                                                                                                                                                                    | 1                                                                                                                                             | N/A                                                                               | 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | USINT                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|                         |                                                                                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | SOCKADDR                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| dr01.Port               |                                                                                                                                                                    | 1400                                                                                                                                          | N/A                                                                               | 1400                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | UINT                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| dr01.IPAddress          |                                                                                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | IPADDR                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Skt_Addr01.IPAddress(0) |                                                                                                                                                                    | 0                                                                                                                                             | N/A                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | USINT                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Skt_Addr01.IPAddress[1] |                                                                                                                                                                    | 0                                                                                                                                             | N/A                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | USINT                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Skt_Addr01.IPAddress[2] |                                                                                                                                                                    | 0                                                                                                                                             | N/A                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | USINT                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Skt_Addr01.IPAddress[3] |                                                                                                                                                                    | 0                                                                                                                                             | N/A                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | USINT                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|                         |                                                                                                                                                                    | 1                                                                                                                                             | N/A                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | BOOL                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|                         |                                                                                                                                                                    | 1076385752                                                                                                                                    | N/A                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | UDINT                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|                         |                                                                                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                               | N/A                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | BOOL                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|                         |                                                                                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                               | N/A                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | BOOL                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| 5                       | UT ErrorD<br>OT. SubErrorD<br>OT. StatusBits<br>kir01. Poet<br>kir01. PAddress<br>Skt_Addr01. IPAddress[0]<br>Skt_Addr01. IPAddress[2]<br>Skt_Addr01. IPAddress[3] | 01.SubErnotD<br>(01.StatusBits<br>kti01.Poxt<br>kti01.IPAddress<br>Skt_Add01.IPAddress[0]<br>Skt_Add01.IPAddress[1]<br>Skt_Add01.IPAddress[2] | 01.SubErrol/D 0<br>(01.StatusBits 17<br>1<br>kti/01.Poxt 1400<br>kti/01.IPAddress | 01.SubErnolD 0 N/A<br>(01.StatusBits 17 N/A<br>1 N/A<br>1 N/A<br>100 N/A<br>4001.IPAddress<br>Skt_Add01.IPAddress[0] 0 N/A<br>(skt_Add01.IPAddress[2] 0 N/A<br>(skt_Add01.IPAddress[2] 0 N/A<br>(skt_Add01.IPAddress[2] 0 N/A<br>(skt_Add01.IPAddress[2] 0 N/A<br>(skt_Add01.IPAddress[2] 0 N/A | O1.SubEmolD         0         N/A         Image: N/A           (01.StatusBits         17         N/A         1           1         N/A         1         1           Image: N/A         1         N/A         1           Image: N/A         1         1         N/A         1           Image: N/A         1400         N/A         1400           Image: N/A         1400         N/A         1400           Image: N/A         Image: N/A         Image: N/A         Image: N/A           Skt_Addr01.IPAddress(0)         0         N/A         Image: N/A           Image: N/A         0         N/A         Image: N/A           Image: N/A         Image: N/A         Image: N/A         Image: N/A | 01.SubErnolD         0         N/A         I           01.StatusBits         17         N/A         I           1         N/A         I         I           Image: |

#### **UDP example**

| r Global Variables - Micro850 Local Variables - R9_Socket | Alias | LogicalValue                             | Aicro850 I/O - Micr<br>Physical Value |       | <br>Data Type |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|-------|------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------|---------------|
| - 17                                                      | · i•  | Statistics and statistics and statistics |                                       | - ET  | • 1           |
| Cit_TimeOut01                                             |       | 20000                                    | N/A                                   | 20000 | UDINT .       |
| Cit_Status_01                                             |       |                                          |                                       |       | SOCK_STATUS   |
| Crt_Status_01.EmorID                                      |       | 0                                        | N/A                                   |       | USINT         |
| Crt_Status_01.SubErrorID                                  |       | 0                                        | N/A                                   |       | UINT          |
| Cit_Status_01.StatusBits                                  |       | 17                                       | N/A                                   | 8     | UINT          |
| Cit_Skt_Type01                                            |       | 2                                        | N/A                                   | 2     | USINT         |
| Crt_Skt_Addr01                                            |       |                                          |                                       |       | SOCKADDR_CF   |
| Crt_Skt_Addr01.Port                                       |       | 1000                                     | N/A                                   | 1000  | UINT          |
| Cit_Skt_Addr01.IPAddress                                  |       |                                          |                                       |       | IPADDR        |
| Cit_Skt_Addr01.IPAddress[0]                               |       | 0                                        | N/A                                   |       | USINT         |
| Cit_Skt_Addr01.IPAddress[1]                               |       | 0                                        | N/A                                   |       | USINT         |
| Cit_Skt_Addr01.IPAddress[2]                               |       | 0                                        | N/A                                   |       | USINT         |
| Cit_Skt_Addr01.IPAddress[3]                               |       | 0                                        | N/A                                   |       | USINT         |
| Cit_Sck01                                                 |       | ×                                        | N/A                                   |       | BOOL          |
| Cit_instance_01                                           |       | 1076386840                               | N/A.                                  |       | UDINT         |
| Crt_Emor_01                                               |       |                                          | N/A                                   |       | BOOL          |
| Cit_Busy_01                                               |       |                                          | N/A                                   |       | BOOL          |
|                                                           |       |                                          |                                       |       |               |

#### SOCKET\_DELETE

Deletes a created socket instance. For Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) connections, **SOCKET\_DELETE** also closes (Passive Close) the connection before deleting the instance. Outputs are updated synchronously from the program scan.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro850, and Micro870 controllers. For the Micro800 Simulator, this instruction can be added to a program but is only a placeholder to prevent the instruction from being deleted during controller change.

The outputs are always reset when the instruction is applied to the simulated controller (2080-LC50-48QWB-SIM).



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter | Parameter type | Data type | Description                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Execute   | Input          | BOOL      | Instruction block enable.<br>TRUE - Rising Edge detected, start the instruction block with the precondition that the last<br>operation has been completed.<br>FALSE - no Rising Edge detected. |
| Parameter | Parameter type | Data type   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-----------|----------------|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Instance  | Input          | UDINT       | <ul> <li>Copy the returned Socket Handler from a SOCKET_CREATE or SOCKET_ACCEPT instruction to delete the respective socket.</li> <li>For UDP and TCP Client Socket types, copy the returned Socket Handler from a SOCKET_CREATE instruction.</li> <li>For TCP Server socket type, copy the returned Socket Handler from a SOCKET_ACCEPT instruction.</li> </ul> |
| Done      | Output         | BOOL        | Indicates when operation is complete.<br>TRUE - operation completed successfully.<br>FALSE - operation is in progress or encountered an error condition.<br>Output is updated synchronously from the program scan.                                                                                                                                               |
| Busy      | Output         | BOOL        | TRUE - the operation is not finished.<br>FALSE - the operation is finished.<br>Output is updated synchronously from the program scan.                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Error     | Output         | BOOL        | Indicates an error occurred.<br>TRUE - An error is detected.<br>FALSE - No error.<br>Output is updated synchronously from the program scan.                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Status    | Output         | SOCK_STATUS | Status is defined using the <u>SOCK_STATUS data type</u> on <u>page 598</u> which contains <u>ErrorID</u> on <u>page</u> <u>599</u> , SubErrorID, and <u>StatusBits</u> on <u>page 602</u> information.<br>Output is updated synchronously from the program scan.                                                                                                |

SOCKET\_DELETE Function Block Diagram example







### SOCKET\_DELETE Structured Text example

```
SOCKET_DELETE_1 (

void SOCKET_DELETE_1(BOOL Execute, UDINT Instance)

Type: SOCKET_DELETE, Delete Socket

SOCKET_DELETE_1 (Execute_SOCKET_DELETE, Instance_SOCKET_DELETE);

Done SOCKET DELETE := SOCKET_DELETE, Done;
```

```
Busy_SOCKET_DELETE := SOCKET_DELETE. Busy;
Error_SOCKET_DELETE := SOCKET_DELETE. Error;
Status_SOCKET_DELETE := SOCKET_DELETE. Status;
```

## **Results**

| er Global Variables - Micro 850 Local Variat | oles - R9_Socket, | _UDP_Open_Client | System Variables - I | Micro850 I/O - Micro | o850 Defined W | ords |           |
|----------------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------|------|-----------|
| Name                                         | <b>^</b>          | Alias            | Logical Value        | Physical Value       | Initial Value  | Lock | Data T    |
|                                              | - 17              | - 11             |                      |                      | - 17           |      |           |
| DIt_Busy_01                                  |                   |                  |                      | N/A                  |                |      | BOOL      |
| Dit_Error_01                                 |                   |                  |                      | N/A                  | 9              |      | BOOL      |
| DIt_Skt_01                                   |                   |                  |                      | N/A                  |                |      | BOOL      |
| . Dit_Status_01                              |                   |                  |                      |                      |                |      | SOCK_STAT |
| Dlt_Status_01.ErrorID                        |                   |                  | 0                    | N/A                  |                |      | USINT     |
| Dlt_Status_01.SubErrorID                     |                   |                  | 0                    | N/A                  |                |      | UINT      |
| DIt_Status_01.StatusBits                     |                   |                  | 17                   | N/A                  |                |      | UINT      |
|                                              | - 11              |                  |                      |                      |                |      | >         |

## SOCKET\_DELETEALL

Deletes all created socket instances.

**Operation details:** 

- If the Ethernet cable is disconnected from the controller or the controller IP address changes, you can execute SOCKET\_DELETEALL to delete all previously created socket instances.
- Outputs are updated synchronously from the program scan.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro850, and Micro870 controllers. For the Micro800 Simulator, this instruction can be added to a program but is only a placeholder to prevent the instruction from being deleted during controller change. The outputs are always reset when the instruction is applied to the simulated controller (2080-LC50-48QWB-SIM).



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter | Parameter<br>type | Data type   | Description                                                                                                  |
|-----------|-------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Execute   | Input             | BOOL        | Instruction block enable.                                                                                    |
|           |                   |             | TRUE - Rising Edge detected, start the instruction block with the precondition that the last                 |
|           |                   |             | operation has been completed.                                                                                |
|           |                   |             | FALSE - no Rising Edge detected.                                                                             |
| Done      | Output            | BOOL        | Indicates when operation is complete.                                                                        |
|           |                   |             | TRUE - operation completed successfully.                                                                     |
|           |                   |             | FALSE - operation is in progress or encountered an error condition.                                          |
|           |                   |             | Output is updated synchronously from the program scan.                                                       |
| Busy      | Output            | BOOL        | TRUE - the operation is not finished.                                                                        |
|           |                   |             | FALSE - the operation is finished.                                                                           |
|           |                   |             | Output is updated synchronously from the program scan.                                                       |
| Error     | Output            | BOOL        | This field is set to TRUE when the function block execution encounters an error condition. For               |
|           |                   |             | more information refer to <u>Socket error codes</u> on <u>page 599</u> .                                     |
|           |                   |             | Output is updated synchronously from the program scan.                                                       |
| Status    | Output            | SOCK_STATUS | Status is defined using the <u>SOCK_STATUS data type</u> on page <u>598</u> which contains <u>ErrorID</u> on |
|           |                   |             | page 599, SubErrorID, and <u>StatusBits</u> on page 602 information.                                         |
|           |                   |             | Output is updated synchronously from the program scan.                                                       |

# SOCKET\_DELETEALL Function Block Diagram examples



### SOCKET\_DELETEALL Ladder Diagram examples



## SOCKET\_DELETEALL Structured Text example

SOCKET DELETEALL 1

void SOCKET\_DELETEALL\_1(BOOL Execute) Type : SOCKET\_DELETEALL, Delete all Socket

SOCKET\_DELETEALL (Execute\_SOCKET\_DELETEALL); Done\_Socket\_DeleteAll := SOCKET\_DELETE. Done; Busy\_Socket\_DeleteAll := SOCKET\_DELETE. Busy; Error\_Socket\_DeleteAll := SOCKET\_DELETE. Error; Status\_Socket\_DeleteAll := SOCKET\_DELETE. Status;

### **Results**

| ser ( | ilobal Variable | s - Micro850 Local Variable | es - R9_So | cket_UDP_Open_Client | System Variables - N | Aicro850 I/O - Micro | o850 Defined W | ords |           |
|-------|-----------------|-----------------------------|------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------|------|-----------|
| Т     |                 | Name                        | -          | Alias                | Logical Value        | Physical Value       | Initial Value  | Lock | Data Ty   |
|       |                 |                             | - 11       | - 11                 |                      |                      | * IT           |      |           |
| •     | DItAI_Busy_     | 01                          |            |                      |                      | N/A                  |                |      | BOOL      |
|       | DitAIL_Error_   | .01                         |            |                      |                      | N/A                  |                |      | BOOL      |
|       | DIAI_Skt_0      | 1                           |            |                      |                      | N/A                  |                |      | BOOL      |
|       | DIL_AI_Stat     | us_01                       |            |                      |                      |                      |                |      | SOCK_STAT |
|       | Dit             | All_Status_01.EmonD         |            |                      | 0                    | N/A                  |                |      | USINT     |
|       | Dit             | All_Status_01.SubErrorID    |            |                      | 0                    | N/A                  |                |      | UINT      |
|       | Dit             | All_Status_01.StatusBits    |            |                      | 17                   | N/A                  |                |      | UINT      |
|       |                 |                             | 11         |                      |                      |                      |                |      | *         |

## SOCKET\_INFO

Returns information for a socket instance such as error codes and execution status. Outputs update synchronously from the program scan.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro850, and Micro870 controllers. For the Micro800 Simulator, this instruction can be added to a program but is only a placeholder to prevent the instruction from being deleted during controller change.

SOCKET\_INFO\_1 SOCKET\_INFO Done - Execute Busy • Instance CIrDiagCnt Error • Status • SocketType • StreamType • TxQueCnt + RxQueCnt -SocketState LocalAddr RemoteAddr • OtherInfo

The outputs are always reset when the instruction is applied to the simulated controller (2080-LC50-48QWB-SIM).

| ** 1* 11 11           | 1 • 1           | 1 (                | - 1                   |
|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Use this table to hel | n defermine the | narameter values t | or this instruction   |
|                       | p accermine the | purumeter vurueb i | or this motification. |

| Parameter  | Parameter<br>type | Data type | Description                                                                                  |
|------------|-------------------|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Execute    | Input             | BOOL      | Instruction block enable.                                                                    |
|            |                   |           | TRUE - Rising Edge detected, start the instruction block with the precondition that the last |
|            |                   |           | operation has been completed.                                                                |
|            |                   |           | FALSE - no Rising Edge detected.                                                             |
| Instance   | Input             | UDINT     | Copy the returned Socket Handler from a SOCKET_CREATE or SOCKET_ACCEPT instruction           |
|            |                   |           | to delete the respective socket.                                                             |
|            |                   |           | • For UDP and TCP Client Socket types, copy the returned Socket Handler from a               |
|            |                   |           | SOCKET_CREATE instruction.                                                                   |
|            |                   |           | • For TCP Server socket type, copy the returned Socket Handler from a <b>SOCKET_ACCEPT</b>   |
|            |                   |           | instruction.                                                                                 |
|            |                   |           | When Instance is 0, returns a summary of all Socket Instances.                               |
| ClrDiagCnt | Input             | BOOL      | TRUE - clear Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) or User Datagram Protocol (UDP)             |
|            |                   |           | Diagnostics counter information.                                                             |
|            |                   |           | FALSE - no clearing of TCP or UDP counter information.                                       |
|            |                   |           | Such as TCP and UDP, <b>OtherInfo</b> Array Index 1 to 6.                                    |
|            |                   |           | When Instance is 0, clear <b>OtherInfo</b> Array Index 7 to 14.                              |
| Done       | Output            | BOOL      | Indicates when operation is complete.                                                        |
|            |                   |           | TRUE - operation completed successfully.                                                     |
|            |                   |           | FALSE - operation is in progress or encountered an error condition.                          |
|            |                   |           | Output is updated synchronously from the program scan.                                       |
| Busy       | Output            | BOOL      | TRUE - the operation is not finished.                                                        |
|            |                   |           | FALSE - the operation is finished.                                                           |
|            |                   |           | Output is updated synchronously from the program scan.                                       |

| Parameter   | Parameter<br>type | Data type      | Description                                                                                                  |
|-------------|-------------------|----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Error       | Output            | BOOL           | Indicates an error occurred.                                                                                 |
|             |                   |                | TRUE - An error is detected.                                                                                 |
|             |                   |                | FALSE - No error.                                                                                            |
|             |                   |                | Output is updated synchronously from the program scan.                                                       |
| Status      | Output            | SOCK_STATUS    | Status is defined using the <u>SOCK_STATUS data type</u> on <u>page 598</u> which contains <u>ErrorID</u> on |
|             |                   |                | page 599, SubErrorID, and <u>StatusBits</u> on page 602 information.                                         |
|             |                   |                | Output is updated synchronously from the program scan.                                                       |
| SocketType  | Output            | USINT          | Socket Instance type:                                                                                        |
|             |                   |                | • O - Not used                                                                                               |
|             |                   |                | • 1 - TCP                                                                                                    |
|             |                   |                | • 2 - UDP                                                                                                    |
|             |                   |                | When Socket_Info Instance is 0, SocketType displays as 0.                                                    |
| StreamType  | Output            | USINT          | Socket Stream type:                                                                                          |
|             |                   |                | • O - None                                                                                                   |
|             |                   |                | • 1 - TCP Server                                                                                             |
|             |                   |                | • 2 - TCP Client                                                                                             |
|             |                   |                | When Socket_Info Instance is 0, StreamType displays as 0.                                                    |
| TxQueCnt    | Output            | USINT          | Number of Tx messages currently in the queue.                                                                |
|             |                   |                | When Socket_Info Instance is 0, TxQueCnt displays as 0.                                                      |
| RxQueCnt    | Output            | USINT          | Number of Rx messages currently in the queue.                                                                |
|             |                   |                | When Socket_Info Instance is 0, RxQueCnt displays as 0.                                                      |
| SocketState | Output            | USINT          | Socket Instruction State information. For more information refer to Socket State Machine.                    |
|             |                   |                | When Socket_Info Instance is 0, SocketState displays as 0.                                                   |
|             |                   |                |                                                                                                              |
| LocalAddr   | Output            | SOCKETADDR_CFG | Local address for the socket. For more information refer to <u>SOCKADDR_CFG data type</u> on                 |
|             |                   |                | <u>page 598</u> .                                                                                            |
|             |                   |                | When Socket_Info Instance is 0, LocalAddr displays as 0.                                                     |
| RemoteAddr  | Output            | SOCKETADDR_CFG | Remote address for the socket. For more information refer to <u>SOCKADDR_CFG data type</u> on                |
|             |                   |                | <u>page 598</u> .                                                                                            |
|             |                   |                | RemoteAddr displays as 0, in the following cases:                                                            |
|             |                   |                | Socket_Info Instance is 0                                                                                    |
|             |                   |                | User Datagram Protocol (UDP) connections without SOCKET_OPEN                                                 |
|             |                   |                | • UDP with SOCKET_OPEN and disabled RxFilter.                                                                |

| Parameter | Parameter<br>type | Data type  | Description                                                                               |
|-----------|-------------------|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| OtherInfo |                   | UDINT[115] | Socket Instance configured as TCP, Array Index Description is:                            |
|           |                   |            | • 1 - Packet Sent: Total number of TCP Packets sent on a Socket.                          |
|           |                   |            | • 2 - Bytes Sent: Total number of TCP bytes sent on a Socket.                             |
|           |                   |            | • 3 - Packet Received: Total number of TCP packets received on a Socket.                  |
|           |                   |            | • 4 - Bytes Received: Total number of TCP bytes received on a Socket.                     |
|           |                   |            | • 5 - Retransmit Packets: Total number of TCP packet retransmissions.                     |
|           |                   |            | • 6 - Checksum Errors: Total number of TCP Packets with Checksum errors on a Socket.      |
|           |                   |            | • 7 - TCP State: Current state of a Socket.                                               |
|           |                   |            | • (8 to 11) - OtherInfo is not supported for TCP, displays as 0.                          |
|           |                   |            | • 12 ,13,14,15 - Displays as 0.                                                           |
|           |                   |            | Socket Instance configured as UDP, Array Index Description is:                            |
|           |                   |            | • 1 - Packet Sent: Total number of UDP packets sent on a Socket.                          |
|           |                   |            | • 2 - Bytes Sent: Total number of UDP bytes sent on a Socket.                             |
|           |                   |            | • 3 - Packet Received: Total number of UDP packets received on a Socket.                  |
|           |                   |            | • 4 - Bytes Received: Total number of UDP bytes received on a Socket.                     |
|           |                   |            | • 5 - Packets Dropped: Total number of UDP received packets dropped for a Socket due t    |
|           |                   |            | exceeding the maximum queue size limit of 8.                                              |
|           |                   |            | • 6 - Checksum Errors: Total number of UDP packets with checksum errors on Socket.        |
|           |                   |            | • 7 to 15 - Display as 0.                                                                 |
|           |                   |            | Socket Instance configured as 0, Array Index Description is:                              |
|           |                   |            | • 1 - Count for Socket Instance Available. Maximum number of sockets supported.           |
|           |                   |            | • 2 - Count for Socket Instance Used. Number of sockets created successfully.             |
|           |                   |            | • 3 - Number of Socket instances created as TCP.                                          |
|           |                   |            | • 4 - Number of socket instances created as TCP Client.                                   |
|           |                   |            | • 5 - Number of socket instances created as TCP Server.                                   |
|           |                   |            | • 6 - Number of Socket instances created as UDP.                                          |
|           |                   |            | • 7 - SOCKET_READ Success count when Socket Instance is configured as TCP.                |
|           |                   |            | • 8 - SOCKET_WRITE Success count when Socket Instance is configured as TCP.               |
|           |                   |            | • 9 - SOCKET_READ Failure count when Socket Instance is configured as TCP.                |
|           |                   |            | • 10 - <b>SOCKET_WRITE</b> Failure count when Socket Instance configure as TCP.           |
|           |                   |            | • 11 - SOCKET_READ Success count when Socket Instance configure as UDP.                   |
|           |                   |            | • 12 - <b>SOCKET_WRITE</b> Success count when Socket Instance configure as UDP.           |
|           |                   |            | <ul> <li>13 - SOCKET_READ Failure count when Socket Instance configure as UDP.</li> </ul> |
|           |                   |            | • 14 - <b>SOCKET_WRITE</b> Failure count when Socket Instance configure as UDP.           |
|           |                   |            | • 15 - Display as 0.                                                                      |

## SOCKET\_INFO Function Block Diagram example



## SOCKET\_INFO Ladder Diagram example



### SOCKET\_INFO Structured Text example

SOCKET INFO 1 (

void SOCKET\_INFO\_1(BOOL Execute, UDINT Instance, BOOL CIrDiagCnt) Type : SOCKET\_INFO, Socket Instance Information

SOCKET\_INF0\_1 (Execute\_SOCKET\_INF0, Instance\_SOCKET\_INF0, ClrDiagC\_SOCKET\_INF0); Done\_SOCKET\_INF0 := SOCKET\_INF0. Done; Busy\_SOCKET\_INF0 := SOCKET\_INF0. Busy; Error\_SOCKET\_INF0 := SOCKET\_INF0. Error; Status\_SOCKET\_INF0 := SOCKET\_INF0. Status; SocketType\_SOCKET\_INF0 := SOCKET\_INF0. Status; StreamType\_SOCKET\_INF0 := SOCKET\_INF0. StreamType; TxQueCnt\_SOCKET\_INF0 := SOCKET\_INF0. TxQueCnt; RxQueCnt\_SOCKET\_INF0 := SOCKET\_INF0. RxQueCnt; SocketState\_SOCKET\_INF0 := SOCKET\_INF0. RxQueCnt; LocalAddr\_SOCKET\_INF0 := SOCKET\_INF0. LocalAddr; RemoteAddr\_SOCKET\_INF0 := SOCKET\_INF0. RemoteAddr; OtherInfo SOCKET\_INF0 := SOCKET\_INF0. OtherInf0;

### **Results**

| ser Global Variables - Micro850 | ·            |       | System V |               |                |               |      |             |   |
|---------------------------------|--------------|-------|----------|---------------|----------------|---------------|------|-------------|---|
| Name                            | 2.5.8        | Alias |          | Logical Value | Physical Value | Initial Value | Lock | Data Type   |   |
|                                 | - <u>i</u> r |       | * ET     |               |                | * <u>I</u> T  |      | - 1         | Ť |
| Info_TxQueCit_01                |              |       | 0        | )             | N/A            |               |      | USINT       | • |
| Info_Strm_Type_01               |              |       | 1        |               | N/A            |               |      | USINT       | Ŧ |
| + Info_Status_01                |              |       |          |               |                |               |      | SOCK_STATUS | - |
| Info_Socket_State_01            |              |       | 5        | )             | N/A            |               |      | USINT       | * |
| Info_SocketTy_01                |              |       | 1        |               | N/A            |               |      | USINT       | - |
| linfo_Skt_01                    |              |       |          |               | N/A            |               |      | BOOL        | - |
| Info_RxQueCnt_01                |              |       | 9        | )             | N/A            |               |      | USINT       | × |
| Info_RemoteAdd_01               |              |       |          |               |                |               |      | SOCKADDR_CF |   |
| Info_OtherInfo_01               |              |       |          |               | -              |               |      | UDINT       |   |
| + Info_Local_Addr_01            |              |       |          |               | -              | ***           |      | SOCKADOR_CF | - |
| Info_Error_01                   |              |       |          |               | N/A            |               |      | BOOL        | - |
| Info_ChDiag_01                  |              |       |          |               | N/A            |               |      | BOOL        | ÷ |
| Info_Busy_01                    |              |       |          |               | N/A            |               |      | BOOL        | - |
|                                 |              | П     |          |               |                |               |      |             | ÿ |

## SOCKET\_OPEN

Opens the connection for the specified destination address for Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) connections. For User Datagram Protocol (UDP) connections, associates a destination IP address and port number with the specified socket.

Operations details:

- For User Datagram Protocol (UDP) connections using **SOCKET\_OPEN** the IP address and port number are not required each time data is sent.
- For UDP connections not using **SOCKET\_OPEN**, the destination address must be specified each time **SOCKET\_WRITE** is used to send data.
- When using **SOCKET\_READ**, in addition to receiving data, the address of the sender is returned. The senders address can be used to send a response using **SOCKET\_WRITE**.
- A **SOCKET\_OPEN** operation might return before the timeout period without creating a Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) connection.

This might occur if the destination device is running but is not listening for connections on the specified port number,

- **SOCKET\_OPEN** returns with an error before the timeout period.
- Outputs update synchronously from the program scan.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro850, and Micro870 controllers. For the Micro800 Simulator, this instruction can be added to a program but is only a placeholder to prevent the instruction from being deleted during controller change.

The outputs are always reset when the instruction is applied to the simulated controller (2080-LC50-48QWB-SIM).



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter | Parameter<br>type | Data type | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-----------|-------------------|-----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Execute   | Input             | BOOL      | Instruction block enable.<br>TRUE - Rising Edge detected, start the instruction block with the precondition that the last<br>operation has been completed.<br>FALSE - no Rising Edge detected.                                                    |
| Instance  | Input             | UDINT     | Copy from the returned Socket Handler from a <b>SOCKET_CREATE</b> function block.                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Timeout   | Input             | UDINT     | Timeout for SOCKET_OPEN function block.<br>The function block returns an Error if the Timeout value is less than the minimum value.<br>Timeout range: 1000 - 1800000 milliseconds<br>Set Timeout to 0 to use the default value 10000 (10 Second). |

Socket instructions

| Parameter Parameter type |        | Data type                | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|--------------------------|--------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DestAddr                 | Input  | SOCKADDR_CFG on page 598 | The address of the destination connection.<br>A connection between the IP address and the port number of remote host is required.<br>The following IP Addresses are not supported for DestAddr:<br>• Self IP Address<br>• Loop back address<br>• 0.0.0.0<br>• Broadcast address (Only supported for TCP), exception addresses:<br>• Class D multicast address (224.x.x.x)<br>• Local link address (169.254.x.x)<br>Example for IP Address of 192.168.2.100 and Port 12000:<br>• DestAddr.IPAddress[0]=192<br>• DestAddr.IPAddress[1]=168<br>• DestAddr.IPAddress[2]=2<br>• DestAddr.IPAddress[3]=100<br>• DestAddr.Port = 12000 |
| EnUDPRxFilter            | Input  | BOOL                     | <ul> <li>For UDP socket, when SOCKET_OPEN and Enable EnUDPRxFilter are used, a packet filter for specific IP Address and port number is not needed each time to read data.</li> <li>A UDP socket with open is created. DestAddr as IP 192.168.1.157 / Port 161. EnUDPRxFilter Enable, perform Socket_Read.</li> <li>When controller receive data from DestAddr (192.168.1.157 / 161), Socket_Read completes the operation successfully. If controller receives data from any other IP or Port then socket_Read ignores that packet and waits for DestAddr Packet.</li> </ul>                                                    |
|                          |        |                          | <ul> <li>EnUDPRxFilter Disabled:</li> <li>Perform SOCKET_READ. The controller receives any data on configure UDP port,<br/>SOCKET_READ completes operation successfully.</li> <li>The application checks whether the incoming packet arrives from the expected device or<br/>not.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Done                     | Output | BOOL                     | The application handles filtering based on the SOCKET_READ output parameter UDPAddr.     Indicates when operation is complete.     TRUE - operation completed successfully.     FALSE - operation is in progress or encountered an error condition.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Busy                     | Output | BOOL                     | Output is updated synchronously from the program scan.<br>TRUE - the operation is not finished.<br>FALSE - the operation is finished.<br>Output is updated synchronously from the program scan                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Error                    | Output | BOOL                     | Output is updated synchronously from the program scan.         Indicates an error occurred.         TRUE - An error is detected.         FALSE - No error.         Output is updated synchronously from the program scan.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Status                   | Output | SOCK_STATUS              | Output is updated synchronously from the program scan.         Status is defined using the <u>SOCK_STATUS data type</u> on <u>page 598</u> which contains <u>ErrorID</u> on <u>page 599</u> , SubErrorID, and <u>StatusBits</u> on <u>page 602</u> information.         Output is updated synchronously from the program scan.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

## SOCKET\_OPEN Function Block Diagram example



## SOCKET\_OPEN Ladder Diagram example



## SOCKET\_OPEN Structured Text example

SOCKET\_OPEN\_1 void SOCKET\_OPEN\_1(BOOL Execute, UDINT Instance, UDINT Timeout, SOCKADDR\_CFG DestAddr, BOOL EnUDPRxFilter) Type: SOCKET\_OPEN, Open Socket SOCKET\_OPEN 1 (Execute\_SOCKET\_OPEN. Instance\_SOCKET\_OPEN, Timeout\_SOCKET\_OPEN, BestAddr\_SOCKET\_OPEN, EnVDPR\_SOCKET\_OPEN) Done\_SOCKET\_OPEN := \_SOCKET\_OPEN. Done: Busy\_SOCKET\_OPEN := \_SOCKET\_OPEN. Busy: Error\_SOCKET\_OPEN := \_SOCKET\_OPEN. Error: Status\_SOCKET\_OPEN := \_SOCKET\_OPEN. Status:

### **Results**

#### TCP example

| er Global Variables - Micro 850 Local Variables - R9_Socket | Alias | LogicalValue |         |       | Lock | Data Type     |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|-------|--------------|---------|-------|------|---------------|
| - 17                                                        | - 17  |              |         | · 17  |      | • 8           |
| Opn_Timeout_01                                              |       | 20000        | N/A     | 20000 |      | UDINT -       |
| . Opn_Status01                                              |       |              |         |       |      | SOCK_STATUS - |
| Opn_Status01.ErrorID                                        |       | 0            | N/A     |       |      | USINT         |
| Opn_Status01.SubErrorID                                     |       | 0            | N/A     |       |      | UINT          |
| Opn_Status01.Status8its                                     |       | 17           | N/A     |       |      | UINT          |
| Opn_Sck01                                                   |       | 1            | N/A     |       |      | BOOL          |
| Opn_Error01                                                 |       |              | N/A     |       |      | BOOL          |
| Opn_EnUDPR_01                                               |       | 1            | N/A     |       |      | BOOL          |
| . Opn_DestAdd_01                                            |       |              |         |       |      | SOCKADOR_CF   |
| Opn_DestAdd_01.Port                                         |       | 1200         | N/A     | 1200  |      | UINT          |
| Opn_DestAdd_01.IPAddress                                    |       |              | <u></u> |       |      | IPADDR        |
| Opri_DestAdd_01.IPAddress[0]                                |       | 10           | N/A     | 10    |      | USINT         |
| Opn_DestAdd_01.IPAddress[1]                                 |       | 224          | N/A     | 224   |      | USINT         |
| Dpn_DestAdd_01.IPAddress[2]                                 |       | 68           | N/A     | 69    |      | USINT         |
| Dpn_DestAdd_01.IPAddress[3]                                 |       | 221          | N/A     | 221   |      | USINT         |
| Opn_Busy01                                                  |       | 100          | N/A     |       |      | BOOL -        |
|                                                             |       |              |         |       |      |               |

#### UDP example

| - <u>IT</u>                | - 17                                                                                                                                                                      | Logical Valu                                                                | e Physical Value                                                                                                                                    | Initial Value                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Data Type                             |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
|                            | 2                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                             |                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | -                                     |
|                            | 6                                                                                                                                                                         | 0000                                                                        | N/A                                                                                                                                                 | 20000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | UDINT                                 |
|                            |                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                             |                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | SOCK_STATUS                           |
| tus01.ErrorID              | 0                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                             | N/A                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | USINT                                 |
| us01.SubEnorID             | 0                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                             | N/A                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | UINT                                  |
| us01.StatusBits            | 1                                                                                                                                                                         | 1                                                                           | N/A                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | UINT                                  |
|                            |                                                                                                                                                                           | 4                                                                           | N/A                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | BOOL                                  |
|                            |                                                                                                                                                                           | 101                                                                         | N/A                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | BOOL                                  |
| л                          |                                                                                                                                                                           | 1                                                                           | N/A                                                                                                                                                 | TRUE                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | BOOL                                  |
| 1                          |                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                             |                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | SOCKADDR_CF                           |
| AAdd_01.Port               | 1                                                                                                                                                                         | 00                                                                          | N/A                                                                                                                                                 | 1100                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | UINT                                  |
| AAdd_01.IPAddress          |                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                             |                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | IPADDR                                |
| pn_DestAdd_01.IPAddress[0] | 1                                                                                                                                                                         | 1                                                                           | N/A                                                                                                                                                 | 10                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | USINT                                 |
| pn_DestAdd_01.IPAddress[1] | 2                                                                                                                                                                         | 24                                                                          | N/A                                                                                                                                                 | 224                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | USINT                                 |
| pn_DestAdd_01.IPAddress[2] | 6                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                             | N/A                                                                                                                                                 | 68                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | USINT                                 |
| pn_DestAdd_01.IPAddress[3] | 2                                                                                                                                                                         | 21                                                                          | N/A                                                                                                                                                 | 221                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | USINT                                 |
|                            |                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                             | N/A                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | BOOL                                  |
|                            | hus01.SubEmolD<br>hus01.StatusBks<br>01<br>if<br>sAdd_01.Port<br>sAdd_01.Port<br>pn_DestAdd_01.IPAddress[0]<br>ipn_DestAdd_01.IPAddress[1]<br>ipn_DestAdd_01.IPAddress[2] | nus01.SubEnorD         0           nus01.StatusBits         12           01 | hus01.SubEnotID         0           hus01.StatusBis         17           01         0           ptddd_01.Pod         1100           pAdd_01.Podtess | hus01.SubEnotD         0         N/A           hus01.StatusBits         17         N/A           I7         N/A         N/A           I7         N/A         N/A           I7         N/A         N/A           I7         N/A         N/A           I1         II         N/A           I1         III         N/A           II         III         N/A           IIIPAddess         IIII         N/A           IIIPAddess[I]         10         N/A           Ipn_DestAdd_01.IPAddess[I]         224         N/A           Ipn_DestAdd_01.IPAddess[I]         E84         N/A | Inus01.SubEnorD         0         N/A           17         N/A           17         N/A           17         N/A           18         17           N/A         N/A           18         N/A           19         N/A           11         N/A           11         III           11         III           11         III           1100         N/A           100         N/A | Nus01.StxbusBks         0         N/A |

## SOCKET\_READ

Reads data on a socket and returns the specified number of bytes. For Transmission Control Protocol (TCP), returns when any data is received, up to the requested number of bytes. For User Datagram Protocol (UDP), completes when a datagram is available.

**Operation details:** 

The following **SOCKET\_READ** behavior might impact existing communications including non-socket communication.

- If the **SOCKET\_READ** operation is not executed in sync with the remote device then, the controller holds the remote device receive packet until one of the following occurs:
  - **SOCKET\_READ** is executed.
  - Socket Timeout expires.
  - RST is received from a remote device.

- SOCKET\_DELETE or SOCKET\_DELETEALL is executed.
- User performs a **Run Mode Change** which deletes all created Socket instances.
- Controller changes from run mode to program mode which deletes all created Socket instances.
- Controller changes from run mode to program mode which clears socket Diagnostic counter information and individual Socket counter information.
- If the Length or Offset parameter value is changed while the SOCKET\_READ operation is ongoing (BUSY = True) an error occurs and the receive packet is discarded.
- The **SOCKET\_READ** instruction might return fewer bytes than were requested. RxLength contains the number of bytes of data received. Write programs to check RxLength and then issue additional read requests to receive an entire application message.
- In **Run Mode Change** mode, changing a **SOCKET\_READ** input while operating in the BUSY state results in an error and the received packet is discarded.
- Outputs update synchronously from the program scan.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro850, and Micro870 controllers. For the Micro800 Simulator, this instruction can be added to a program but is only a placeholder to prevent the instruction from being deleted during controller change.

The outputs are always reset when the instruction is applied to the simulated controller (2080-LC50-48QWB-SIM).



#### Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter | Parameter type | Data type | Description                                                                                                                                                               |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Execute   | Input          | BOOL      | Instruction enable.<br>TRUE - Rising Edge detected, start the instruction with the precondition that the last operation is complete.<br>FALSE - do not start instruction. |

| Parameter | Parameter type | Data type                                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-----------|----------------|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Instance  | Input          | UDINT                                     | <ul> <li>Copy from the returned Socket Handler from a SOCKET_CREATE or SOCKET_ACCEPT instruction.</li> <li>For UDP and TCP Client Socket types, copy the returned Socket Handler from a SOCKET_CREATE instruction.</li> </ul> |
|           |                |                                           | • For TCP Server Socket type, copy the returned Socket Handler from a <b>SOCKET_ACCEPT</b> instruction.                                                                                                                       |
| Timeout   | Input          | UDINT                                     | Timeout for <b>SOCKET_READ</b> . The instruction block returns an Error if the timeout value is less than the minimum value.                                                                                                  |
|           |                |                                           | Timeout range: 1000- 86400000 milliseconds                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|           |                |                                           | Set <b>Timeout</b> to 0 to use the default value 10000 (10 Second).                                                                                                                                                           |
| Length    | Input          | UINT                                      | Defines the number of bytes to read.<br>Check <b>RxLength</b> for the actual number of bytes read. <b>SOCKET_READ</b> can return fewer bytes than<br>requested.<br>Supports up to 256 bytes.                                  |
| Offset    | Input          | UNIT                                      | Offset into array of <b>Data</b> . Start reading data read from this location.                                                                                                                                                |
| Data      | Output         | USINT[11]                                 | An Array used to store the data read from <b>SOCKET_READ</b> .                                                                                                                                                                |
| Dala      | output         | 031111[11]                                | <ul> <li>Data array size must be &gt;= (Offset + Length).</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                          |
|           |                |                                           | <ul> <li>Data array can be bigger than socket read Length.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                         |
|           |                |                                           | Output is updated synchronously from the program scan.                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Dana      | Qutaut         | DOOL                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Done      | Output         | BOOL                                      | Indicates when operation is complete.                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|           |                |                                           | TRUE - operation completed successfully.<br>FALSE - operation is in progress or encountered an error condition.                                                                                                               |
|           |                |                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Durau     | Output         | DOOL                                      | Output is updated synchronously from the program scan.                                                                                                                                                                        |
| usy       | Output         | BOOL                                      | TRUE - the operation is not finished.                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|           |                |                                           | FALSE - the operation is finished.                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| -         |                | 2001                                      | Output is updated synchronously from the program scan.                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Error     | Output         | BOOL                                      | Indicates an error occurred.                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|           |                |                                           | TRUE - An error is detected.                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|           |                |                                           | FALSE - No error.                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| _         |                |                                           | Output is updated synchronously from the program scan.                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Status    | Output         | SOCK_STATUS                               | Status is defined using the <u>SOCK_STATUS data type</u> on <u>page 598</u> which contains <u>ErrorID</u> on <u>page 599</u> ,                                                                                                |
|           |                |                                           | SubErrorID, and <u>StatusBits</u> on page 602 information.                                                                                                                                                                    |
|           |                |                                           | Output is updated synchronously from the program scan.                                                                                                                                                                        |
| RxLength  | Output         | UNIT                                      | Contains the number of data bytes received.                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| UDPAddr   | Output         | <u>SOCKADDR_CFG</u> on<br><u>page 598</u> | The address of the device sending User Datagram Protocol (UDP) data.                                                                                                                                                          |
|           |                |                                           | Example defines a UDPAddr of 192.168.2.100 and Port 12000:                                                                                                                                                                    |
|           |                |                                           | UDPAddr.IPAddress[0]=192                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|           |                |                                           | UDPAddr.IPAddress[1]=168                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|           |                |                                           | UDPAddr.IPAddress[2]=2                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|           |                |                                           | UDPAddr.IPAddress[3]=100                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|           |                |                                           | UDPAddr.Port = 12000                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|           |                |                                           | For Transmission Control Protocol (TCP), this structure is not used and contain all zeros. The TCP                                                                                                                            |
|           |                | 1                                         | connection conveys the remote address information.                                                                                                                                                                            |





### SOCKET\_READ Ladder Diagram example



## SOCKET\_READ Structured Text example



SOCKET\_READ\_1 (Execute\_SOCKET\_READ, Instance\_SOCKET\_READ, Timeout\_SOCKET\_READ, Length\_SOCKET\_READ, Offset\_SOCKET\_READ, Data\_SOCKET\_READ)
Dome\_SOCKET\_READ := SOCKET\_READ. Dome;
Busy\_SOCKET\_READ := SOCKET\_READ. Busy;
Error\_SOCKET\_READ := SOCKET\_READ. Error;
Status\_SOCKET\_READ := SOCKET\_READ. Status;
RLength\_SOCKET\_READ := SOCKET\_READ. UDFAddr;
UDFAddr\_SOCKET\_READ := SOCKET\_READ. UDFAddr;

#### Results

TCP example:

|                                               | -na_souke |       | System       |               | 50 1/O - Micro850 |              | _    | -             |
|-----------------------------------------------|-----------|-------|--------------|---------------|-------------------|--------------|------|---------------|
| Name                                          | _         | Alias |              | Logical Value | Physical Value    |              | Lock |               |
|                                               | - 17      |       | - <u>I</u> T |               |                   | * <u>I</u> T |      | - 1           |
| Read_Busy_01                                  |           |       |              |               | N/A.              |              |      | BOOL .        |
| Read_Error_01                                 |           |       |              |               | N/A               |              |      | BOOL -        |
| Read_Length_01                                |           |       |              | 256           | N/A               | 256          |      | UINT -        |
| Read_Offset_01                                |           |       |              | 0             | N/A               |              |      | UINT -        |
| Read_RxLength_01                              |           |       |              | 256           | N/A               |              |      | UINT -        |
| . Read_Status_01                              |           |       |              | ni            |                   |              |      | SOCK_STATUS - |
| Read_Status_01.EmorID                         |           |       |              | 0             | N/A               |              |      | USINT         |
| Read Status 01.SubEnorID                      |           |       |              | 0             | N/A               |              |      | UINT          |
| Read_Status_01.StatusBits                     |           |       |              | 16            | N/A               |              |      | UINT          |
| Read_Timeout_01                               |           |       |              | 20000         | N/A               | 20000        |      | UDINT -       |
| Read_UDPAddr_01                               |           |       |              |               | <u></u>           |              |      | SOCKADDR_CF - |
| Read_UDPAddr_01.Port                          |           |       |              | 0             | N/A               |              |      | UINT          |
| <ul> <li>Read_UDPAddr_01.IPAddress</li> </ul> |           |       |              |               |                   |              |      | IPADDR        |
| Read_UDPAddr_01.IPAddr                        | ess[0]    |       |              | 0             | N/A               |              |      | USINT         |
| Read_UDPAddr_01.IPAddr                        | ess[1]    |       |              | 0             | N/A               |              |      | USINT         |
| Read_UDPAddr_01.IPAddr                        | 888[2]    |       |              | 0             | N/A               |              |      | USINT         |
| Read_UDPAddr_01.IPAddr                        | ess[3]    |       |              | 0             | N/A               |              |      | USINT         |
| (                                             | 18        |       | _            |               |                   |              |      |               |

#### UDP example:

| Jaer ( | Global Variables - Micro 850 Local Variables - | R9_Socket_UD | P System Varial | bles - Micro850 1/ | 0 - Micro850 Define   | d Words      |      |             |   |
|--------|------------------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------|------|-------------|---|
|        | Name                                           | -            | Alias           | LogicalValue       | <b>Physical Value</b> | Initial¥alue | Lock | Data Type   | I |
|        |                                                | - IT.        | - 11            | 1                  |                       | * IT         |      | - 1         | Ŧ |
| Þ      | Read_Busy_01                                   |              |                 |                    | N/A                   |              |      | BOOL        | l |
|        | Read_Error_01                                  |              |                 |                    | N/A                   |              |      | BOOL        | P |
|        | Read_Length_01                                 |              |                 | 256                | N/A                   | 256          |      | UINT        | i |
| 1      | Read_Offset_01                                 |              |                 | 0                  | N/A                   |              |      | UINT        | j |
|        | Read_RxLength_01                               |              |                 | 256                | N/A                   |              |      | UINT        | i |
|        | . Read Status 01                               |              |                 |                    |                       |              |      | SOCK_STATUS | 1 |
|        | Read_Status_01.ErrorID                         |              |                 | 0                  | N/A                   |              |      | USINT       |   |
|        | Read_Status_01.SubErrorID                      |              |                 | 0                  | N/A                   |              |      | UINT        |   |
|        | Read_Status_01.StatusBits                      |              |                 | 17                 | N/A                   |              |      | UINT        |   |
|        | Read_Timeout_01                                |              |                 | 3000               | N/A                   | 3000         |      | UDINT       | ł |
|        | Read_UDPAddr_01                                |              |                 |                    |                       |              |      | SOCKADDR_CF | Ē |
|        | Read_UDPAddr_01.Port                           |              |                 | 1000               | N/A                   |              |      | UINT        |   |
|        | Read_UDPAddr_01.IPAddress                      |              |                 |                    |                       |              |      | IPADDR      |   |
|        | Read_UDPAddr_01.IPAddre                        | :::(0)       |                 | 10                 | N/A                   |              |      | USINT       |   |
|        | Read_UDPAddr_01.IPAddre                        | :s[1]        |                 | 224                | N/A                   |              |      | USINT       |   |
|        | Read_UDPAddr_01.IPAddre                        | :\$[2]       |                 | 68                 | N/A                   |              |      | USINT       |   |
|        | Read_UDPAddr_01.IPAddre                        | :s[3]        |                 | 219                | N/A                   |              |      | USINT       |   |
| 4      |                                                |              |                 |                    |                       |              |      | ,           | I |

# SOCKET\_WRITE

Sends data on a socket.

**Operation details:** 

- **SOCKET\_WRITE** attempts to send the requested number of data bytes specified in the Length parameter. When the send operation completes **SOCKET\_WRITE** returns the number of data bytes written to the TxLength parameter.
- Output is updated asynchronously from the program scan.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro820, Micro850, and Micro870 controllers. For the Micro800 Simulator, this instruction can be added to a program but is only a placeholder to prevent the instruction from being deleted during controller change.

The outputs are always reset when the instruction is applied to the simulated controller (2080-LC50-48QWB-SIM).



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter | Parameter<br>type | Data type                   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|-----------|-------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Execute   | Input             | BOOL                        | Instruction block enable.<br>TRUE - Rising Edge detected, start the instruction block with the precondition that the last<br>operation has been completed.<br>FALSE - no Rising Edge detected.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Instance  | Input             | UDINT                       | <ul> <li>Copy the returned Socket Handler from a SOCKET_CREATE or SOCKET_ACCEPT instruction.</li> <li>For UDP and TCP-Client Socket types, copy the returned Socket Handler from a SOCKET_CREATE instruction.</li> <li>For TCP- Server socket type, copy from returned Socket Handler from a SOCKET_ACCEPT instruction.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Timeout   | Input             | UDINT                       | Timeout for <b>SOCKET_WRITE</b> instances. The instruction returns an Error if the Timeout value<br>is less than minimum value.<br>Timeout range: 1000 to 1800000 milliseconds<br>Set Timeout to 0 to use the default value 10000 (10 Second).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| UDPAddr   | Input             | SOCKADDR_CFG on<br>page 598 | The UDP destination address that the data is being written to when a <b>SOCKET_OPEN</b><br>instruction has not been executed since creating the socket. For TCP, or when the<br><b>SOCKET_OPEN</b> instruction has been executed for UDP, this structure is not used and should<br>contain all zeros. The TCP connection and the <b>SOCKET_OPEN</b> instruction for UDP convey all<br>of the remote address information.<br>Example for a UDPAddr of 192.168.2.100 and Port 12000:<br>UDPAddr.IPAddress[0]=192<br>UDPAddr.IPAddress[1]=168<br>UDPAddr.IPAddress[2]=2<br>UDPAddr.IPAddress[3]=100<br>UDPAddr.Port = 12000<br>Use the <b>SOCKADDR_CFG</b> data type to define UDPAddr. |
| Data      | Input             | USINT[11]                   | An Array used to store the data write to respective socket instance using the SOCKET_WRITE Instruction.  Data array size must be >= (Offset + Length).  Data array can be bigger than SOCKET_WRITE Length.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

Socket instructions

|           | <b>D</b>          | D.4.4       | De contration                                                                                                |
|-----------|-------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Parameter | Parameter<br>type | Data type   | Description                                                                                                  |
| Length    | Input             | UINT        | The number of bytes of data to write.                                                                        |
|           |                   |             | Maximum is 256 bytes.                                                                                        |
| Offset    | Input             | UNIT        | Offset into array of Data. The data write from the SOCKET_WRITE is starting from this                        |
|           |                   |             | location.                                                                                                    |
| Done      | Output            | BOOL        | Indicates when operation is complete.                                                                        |
|           |                   |             | TRUE - operation completed successfully.                                                                     |
|           |                   |             | FALSE - operation is in progress or encountered an error condition.                                          |
|           |                   |             | Output is updated synchronously from the program scan.                                                       |
| Busy      | Output            | BOOL        | TRUE - the operation is not finished.                                                                        |
|           |                   |             | FALSE - the operation is finished.                                                                           |
|           |                   |             | Output is updated synchronously from the program scan.                                                       |
| Error     | Output            | BOOL        | Indicates an error occurred.                                                                                 |
|           |                   |             | TRUE - An error is detected.                                                                                 |
|           |                   |             | FALSE - No error.                                                                                            |
|           |                   |             | Output is updated synchronously from the program scan.                                                       |
| Status    | Output            | SOCK_STATUS | Status is defined using the <u>SOCK_STATUS data type</u> on <u>page 598</u> which contains <u>ErrorID</u> on |
|           |                   |             | page 599, SubErrorID, and <u>StatusBits</u> on page 602 information.                                         |
|           |                   |             | Output is updated synchronously from the program scan.                                                       |
| TxLength  | Output            | UNIT        | The number of bytes of written data.                                                                         |

SOCKET\_WRITE Function Block Diagram example



## SOCKET\_WRITE Ladder Diagram example



## SOCKET\_WRITE Structured Text example



## **Results**

#### TCP example:

| User | Global Variables - Micro850 Local Varia      | bles - R9_Socke | t_TCP_Server System | n Variables - Micro 8 | 50 I/O - Micro850     | Defined Words |      |             |   |
|------|----------------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------|------|-------------|---|
| Π    | Name                                         | -               | Alias               | LogicalValue          | <b>Physical Value</b> | Initial Value | Lock | Data Type   |   |
|      |                                              | - IT            | - 17                |                       |                       | - 17          |      | - 1         | 1 |
| Þ    | Wit_Busy_01                                  |                 |                     |                       | N/A                   |               |      | BOOL        | * |
|      | Wit_Emor_01                                  |                 |                     |                       | N/A                   |               |      | BOOL        | - |
|      | Wit_Length_01                                |                 |                     | 256                   | N/A                   | 256           |      | UINT        |   |
|      | Wrt_Offset_01                                |                 |                     | 0                     | N/A                   |               |      | UINT        |   |
|      | . Wrt_Status_01                              |                 |                     |                       |                       |               |      | SOCK_STATUS | i |
|      | Wrt_Status_01.ErrorID                        |                 |                     | 0                     | N/A                   |               |      | USINT       |   |
|      | Wrt_Status_01.SubErrorID                     |                 |                     | 0                     | N/A                   |               |      | UINT        |   |
|      | Wit_Status_01.StatusBits                     |                 |                     | 17                    | N/A                   |               |      | UINT        |   |
|      | Wrt_Timeoue_01                               |                 |                     | 20000                 | N/A                   | 20000         |      | UDINT       | • |
|      | Wit_TxLength_01                              |                 |                     | 256                   | N/A                   |               |      | UINT        | + |
|      | Wit_UDP_Add_01                               |                 |                     | _                     |                       | _             |      | SOCKADDR_CF |   |
| _    | Wrt_UDP_Add_01.Port                          |                 |                     | 0                     | N/A                   |               |      | UINT        |   |
|      | <ul> <li>Wrt_UDP_Add_01.IPAddress</li> </ul> |                 |                     |                       | ***                   | -             |      | IPADDR      |   |
|      | Wit_UDP_Add_01.IPA                           | ddress[0]       |                     | 0                     | N/A                   |               |      | USINT       |   |
|      | Wrt_UDP_Add_01.IPA                           | ddress[1]       |                     | 0                     | N/A                   |               |      | USINT       |   |
|      | W#_UDP_Add_01.IPA                            | ddress[2]       |                     | 0                     | N/A                   |               |      | USINT       |   |
|      | Wit_UDP_Add_01.IPA                           | iddress[3]      |                     | 0                     | N/A                   |               |      | USINT       |   |
| 4    |                                              | 10              |                     |                       |                       |               |      |             | × |

## UDP without open example:

| ser G | ilobal V | /ariables - Micro 850 Local Variables | - R9_Socket_U | DP System Va |               |                |               |      |             |   |
|-------|----------|---------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|------|-------------|---|
|       |          | Name                                  | -             | Alias        | Logical Value | Physical Value | Initial Value | Lock | Data Type   |   |
|       |          |                                       | * IT          |              | IT.           |                | * IY          |      | - 2         | ٣ |
| •     | Wit_     | Busy_01                               |               |              |               | N/A            |               |      | BOOL        |   |
|       | WIL      | Error_01                              |               |              | 10            | N/A            |               |      | BOOL        | Ē |
|       | Wit_I    | Length_01                             |               |              | 256           | N/A            | 256           |      | UINT        | ÷ |
| 17    | WIL      | Offset_01                             |               |              | 0             | N/A            |               |      | UINT        | ï |
|       | Wit_!    | Status_01                             |               |              |               |                |               |      | SOCK_STATUS | ï |
|       |          | Wit_Status_01.EnorID                  |               |              | 0             | N/A            |               |      | USINT       | ĩ |
|       |          | Wit_Status_01.SubErrorID              |               |              | 0             | N/A            |               |      | UINT        | ī |
|       |          | Wit_Status_01.StatusBits              |               |              | 17            | N/A            |               |      | UINT        | Ē |
|       | Wit_     | Timeoue_01                            |               |              | 20000         | N/A            | 20000         |      | UDINT       | F |
|       | WIL      | TxLength_01                           |               |              | 256           | N/A            |               |      | UINT        |   |
| •     | Wit_I    | UDP_Add_01                            |               |              |               |                |               |      | SOCKADDR_CF | i |
|       |          | Wit_UDP_Add_01.Port                   |               |              | 1000          | N/A            | 1000          |      | UINT        | ī |
|       | •        | Wrt_UDP_Add_01.IPAddress              |               |              |               |                |               |      | IPADDR      | Ē |
|       | <b>—</b> | Wit_UDP_Add_01.IPAddre                | ss(0)         |              | 10            | N/A            | 10            |      | USINT       |   |
|       |          | Wit_UDP_Add_01.IPAddre                | ss(1)         |              | 224           | N/A            | 224           |      | USINT       |   |
|       |          | Wit_UDP_Add_01.IPAddre                |               |              | 68            | N/A            | 68            |      | USINT       |   |
|       |          | Wrt_UDP_Add_01.IPAddre                | ss[3]         |              | 219           | N/A            | 219           |      | USINT       |   |
|       |          |                                       | 11            |              |               |                |               |      |             | я |

### UDP with open example:

| 1  | Name                               |                     | Alias | LogicalValue | PhysicalValue | InitialValue | Lock | Data Type     |
|----|------------------------------------|---------------------|-------|--------------|---------------|--------------|------|---------------|
| 17 |                                    | - 17                | - 1   | T            |               | - 17         |      | - 17          |
| Þ  | Wit_Busy_01                        |                     |       |              | N/A           |              |      | BOOL 👻        |
|    | Wit_Error_01                       |                     |       |              | N/A           |              |      | B00L -        |
|    | Wrt_Length_01                      |                     |       | 256          | N/A           | 256          |      | UINT 👻        |
|    | Wit_Offset_01                      |                     |       | 0            | N/A           |              |      | UINT -        |
|    | Wrt_Status_01                      |                     |       | _            |               |              |      | SOCK_STATUS - |
|    | Wit_Status_01.Em                   | Oho                 |       | 0            | N/A           |              |      | USINT         |
|    | Wit_Status_01.Su                   | bErrorID            |       | 0            | N/A           |              |      | UINT          |
|    | Wrt_Status_01.Sta                  | atusBits            |       | 17           | N/A           |              |      | UINT          |
|    | Wrt_Timeoue_01                     |                     |       | 20000        | N/A           | 20000        |      | UDINT -       |
|    | Wit_TxLength_01                    |                     |       | 256          | N/A           |              |      | UINT -        |
|    | Wit_UDP_Add_01                     |                     |       |              |               |              |      | SOCKADDR_CF - |
|    | Wit_UDP_Add_01                     | Port                |       | 0            | N/A           |              |      | UINT          |
|    | <ul> <li>Wrt_UDP_Add_01</li> </ul> | .IPAddress          |       | _            |               |              |      | IPADDR        |
|    | Wit_UDP_                           | Add_01.IPAddress[0] |       | 0            | N/A           |              |      | USINT         |
|    | Wit_UDP_                           | Add_01.IPAddress[1] |       | 0            | N/A           |              |      | USINT         |
|    | Wit_UDP_                           | Add_01.IPAddress[2] |       | 0            | N/A           |              |      | USINT         |
|    | Wit_UDP_                           | Add_01.IPAddress[3] |       | 0            | N/A           |              |      | USINT         |
| 4  |                                    |                     |       |              |               |              |      |               |

# **SOCKADDR\_CFG data type** The following table describes the **SOCKADDR\_CFG** data type.

| Parameter     | Data type | Description                                                                     |
|---------------|-----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Port          | UINT      | Specify a local port number on which an application is listening and receiving. |
| IP Address[4] | USINT     | Specify an IP address.                                                          |
|               |           | Example for an IP Address of 192.168.2.100:                                     |
|               |           | • IPAddress[0]=192<br>• IPAddress[1]=168                                        |
|               |           | <ul><li>IPAddress[2]=2</li><li>IPAddress[3]=100</li></ul>                       |
|               |           | • IFAULESS[5]=100                                                               |

SOCK\_STATUS data type

The following table describes the **SOCK\_STATUS** data type.

| Parameter  | Data type | Description                                                               |
|------------|-----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ErrorID    | USINT     | Error Code on page 599 Value.                                             |
| SubErrorID | UINT      | Sub Error Code Value.                                                     |
| StatusBits | UINT      | Execution <u>Status bits for Socket instructions</u> on <u>page 602</u> . |

# Socket error codes

The following table describes the status error codes for Socket instructions.

| ErrorID<br>code | SubErrorID code | Error description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Corrective action                                                        |
|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0               |                 | The Socket instruction successfully completed operation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                          |
| 1               |                 | The Socket instruction is pending.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                          |
| 2               |                 | The Socket Instance is not available.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Confirm the Socket Instance is not deleted or the Timeou value exceeded. |
| 3               |                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Wait for the pending <b>SOCKET_DELETEALL</b> operation to complete.      |
| 4               | 1               | Illegal Parameter, Invalid Channel.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | No action. Reserved for future use.                                      |
| 4               | 2               | <ul> <li>Illegal Parameter, Invalid Socket IP Address.</li> <li>Error occurs. SOCKET_CREATE contains a SockAddr with any non zero value.</li> <li>SOCKET_OPEN or SOCKET_WRITE execute with an invalid target IP Address. Invalid target IP Addresses are: <ul> <li>Self IP Address</li> <li>0.0.0.0</li> <li>Loop back Address (127.x.x.x)</li> <li>Class D Multicast Address (224.x.x.x)</li> <li>Local Link Address (169.254.x.x)</li> <li>Broadcast Address (0nly applicable for TCP Socket Instance)</li> </ul> </li> </ul> | Change to a valid IP Address.                                            |
| 4               | 3               | Illegal Parameter, Invalid Socket Port Address.<br>Error occurs when the following Ports are specified in<br><b>SOCKET_CREATE</b> , <b>SOCKET_OPEN</b> , <b>or SOCKET_WRITE</b> :<br>• TCP Ports<br>• 44818 - EtherNet/IP<br>• 502 - ModbusTCP<br>• 67 - DHCP Server<br>• 68 - DHCP Client<br>• 0 - Invalid Port<br>• UDP Ports<br>• 2222 - EtherNet/IP<br>• 67 - DHCP Server<br>• 68 - DHCP Client<br>• 0 - Invalid Port                                                                                                       | Change the Port Address.                                                 |
| 4               | 4               | Illegal Parameter, Invalid Socket Type.<br>Valid Socket Types are:<br>• TCP - 1<br>• UDP - 2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Change Socket Type.                                                      |

| oter 23         | Socket instructions |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                       |  |  |
|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| ErrorID<br>code | SubErrorID code     | Error description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Corrective action                                                                                                                                     |  |  |
| 4               | 5                   | <ul> <li>Illegal Parameter, Invalid Socket Timeout value.</li> <li>Valid Timeout values are:</li> <li>SOCKET_CREATE, SOCKET_ACCEPT, and SOCKET_READ:</li> <li>0 (Default), or any value between 1000 and 86400000ms.</li> <li>SOCKET_OPEN and SOCKET_WRITE:</li> <li>0 (Default), or any value between 1000 and 86400000ms.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Change the Timeout value to a valid value.                                                                                                            |  |  |
| 4               | 6                   | <ul> <li>Illegal Parameter, Invalid Socket Instance.</li> <li>TCP Server Socket Type:         <ul> <li>Use the Socket Instance returned in SOCKET_ACCEPT for SOCKET_WRITE, SOCKET_READ, SOCKET_DELETE, and SOCKET_INFO.</li> <li>UDP Socket and TCP Client Socket Types:             <ul></ul></li></ul></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Use the Instance Number returned in <b>SOCKET_CREATE</b> and <b>SOCKET_ACCEPT</b> instructions after successful execution.                            |  |  |
| 4               | 7                   | Illegal Parameter, Invalid Array Length.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Increase the size of the array used to contain the Socket read and write data.                                                                        |  |  |
| 4               | 8                   | Illegal Parameter, Invalid Array Dimension.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Use single dimensional array to contain the Socket read and write data.                                                                               |  |  |
| 5               |                     | <ul> <li>Socket request to cancel operation.</li> <li>Error occurs when:</li> <li>Ethernet Link is Disabled or Ethernet Cable is Disconnected</li> <li>SOCKET_DELETE operation is performed when SOCKET_OPEN,<br/>SOCKET_ACCEPT, SOCKET_READ, or SOCKET_WRITE operation are<br/>in progress.</li> <li>Run Mode Change operation is performed when SOCKET_OPEN,<br/>SOCKET_ACCEPT, SOCKET_READ, or SOCKET_WRITE operation are<br/>in progress.</li> <li>IP Address Collision detected when SOCKET_OPEN,<br/>SOCKET_ACCEPT, SOCKET_READ, or SOCKET_WRITE operation are<br/>in progress.</li> </ul> | Restart the Socket operation based on Socket Type. Refer to the respective State Machine to restart Socket operation.                                 |  |  |
| 6               | 1                   | <ul> <li>Illegal Socket Sequence, Socket Open Operation in progress or<br/>Connected.</li> <li>Error occurs when: <ul> <li>SOCKET_OPEN is in progress (BUSY State) and user executes<br/>another SOCKET_OPEN instance with same socket instance.</li> <li>SOCKET_OPEN is in progress (BUSY State) and user executes<br/>SOCKET_ACCEPT with same socket instance.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Use single <b>SOCKET_OPEN</b> execution for respective Socket<br>Instance. Do not perform <b>SOCKET_ACCEPT</b> operation for<br>same socket instance. |  |  |
| 6               | 2                   | <ul> <li>Illegal Socket Sequence, Socket Accept Operation In progress or<br/>Connected.</li> <li>Error occurs when:</li> <li>SOCKET_ACCEPT is in progress (BUSY State) and user executes<br/>another SOCKET_ACCEPT instance with same socket instance.</li> <li>SOCKET_ACCEPT is in progress (BUSY State) and user executes<br/>SOCKET_OPEN with same socket instance.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Use single SOCKET_ACCEPT execution for respective Socke<br>Instance. Do not perform SOCKET_OPEN operation for same<br>socket instance.                |  |  |
| 6               | 3                   | Illegal Socket Sequence, Socket configured as TCP Client.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                                                                                       |  |  |
| 6               | 4                   | Illegal Socket Sequence, Socket configured as TCP Server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                                                                                       |  |  |
| 6               | 5                   | Illegal Socket Sequence, Socket is Connected.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Make sure the Socket is not already connected with a remot device before executing SOCKET_OPEN or SOCKET_ACCEPT again.                                |  |  |

| ErrorID<br>code | SubErrorID code | Error description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Corrective action                                                                                                                                                                |
|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 6               | 6               | Illegal Socket Sequence, Socket configured as UDP.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Make sure UDP Socket Instances are not used with<br>SOCKET_ACCEPT.                                                                                                               |
| 6               | 7               | Illegal Socket Sequence, Socket is not connected.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Confirm that Socket is connected with the target.                                                                                                                                |
| 7               |                 | Socket Instance Timeout.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Configure Timeout values for SOCKET_ACCEPT,<br>SOCKET_OPEN, SOCKET_READ, and SOCKET_WRITE<br>accordingly.                                                                        |
| 8               |                 | The Socket module is not initialized.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Make sure the Ethernet Link is Enabled or Ethernet Cable of<br>Controller is connected to the Network or resolve Controller<br>IP Address conflict.                              |
| 9               | 1               | Socket Instruction Fatal Error, Socket Instance Missing.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 9               | 2               | Socket Instruction Fatal Error, Invalid Socket Instance.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 9               | 3               | Socket Instruction Fatal Error, Invalid Lock Socket Instance.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 9               | 4               | Socket Instruction Fatal Error, Invalid Socket Type.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 9               | 5               | Socket Instruction Fatal Error, Missing Cancel Handler.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 10              | 1               | Socket background processing Error, Address in Use.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 10              | 2               | Socket background processing Error, UDP Received a Large Packet and the Packet is larger than Socket Read length.                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Make sure the <b>SOCKET_READ</b> Length is equal to greater than<br>the received packet size. Max read size is recommended.<br>Max size for <b>SOCKET_READ</b> is 256.           |
| 10              | 3               | Socket background processing Error, TCP Receive Large packet.Packet received is larger than the Socket Read length.                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Make sure the <b>SOCKET_READ</b> Length is equal to greater than<br>the received packet size. Since client may send up to the<br>receive window size of 256, 256 is recommended. |
| 10              | 4               | Socket background processing Error, Received RST or Disconnect from Remote Device.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Restart Controller TCP Client or Server as shown in the State<br>Diagram. Verify the Target device that sent RST and make<br>sure the Target is restarted with correct state.    |
| 10              | 5               | Socket background processing Error, UDP Packet received from different device, drop packet. Reserved for future.                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 10              | 6               | <ul> <li>Socket background processing Error, Queue is full.</li> <li>Error occurs when:</li> <li>SOCKET_READ or SOCKET_WRITE execute four instructions for the same Socket instance in same scan.</li> <li>Perform a SOCKET_READ when four SOCKET_READ instructions are in BUSY state for same Socket instance.</li> </ul> | Wait for <b>SOCKET_READ</b> and <b>SOCKET_WRITE</b> queue<br>availability for respective Socket instance.                                                                        |
| 10              | 7               | Socket background processing Error, <b>SOCKET_READ</b> Parameter change (Length, Offset, Data Array Size, and Data Array Variable).                                                                                                                                                                                        | When the <b>SOCKET_READ</b> state is <b>BUSY</b> , do not modify the input parameters.                                                                                           |
| 11              | 1               | Socket background processing Fatal Error, Missing data pointer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 11              | 2               | Socket background processing Fatal Error, Missing Session Pointer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 11              | 3               | Socket background processing Fatal Error, Invalid TCP or UDP Socket pointer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 11              | 4               | Socket background processing Fatal Error, Invalid Socket Instance<br>Type.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 11              | 5               | Socket background processing Fatal Error, Socket Instance Missing.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 11              | 6               | Socket background processing Fatal Error, Invalid Socket Instance.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 11              | 7               | Socket background processing Fatal Error, Invalid Socket State.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 11              | 8               | Socket background processing Fatal Error, Invalid Socket Type.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 11              | 9               | Socket background processing Fatal Error, TCP delete Failure.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 11              | 10              | Socket background processing Fatal Error, UDP delete Failure.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 128             | 1               | No packet available for disconnect message.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 128             | 2               | Not enough room to pre-pend the TCP header.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                  |

| ilei ZJ         |                 |                                                                                                                     |                   |
|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| ErrorID<br>code | SubErrorID code | Error description                                                                                                   | Corrective action |
| 128             | 3               | Packet append pointer is invalid.                                                                                   |                   |
| 128             | 7               | Invalid Socket pointer.                                                                                             |                   |
| 128             | 10              | Invalid type-of-service, fragment, or time-to-live option.                                                          |                   |
| 128             | 17              | Invalid caller for this service.                                                                                    |                   |
| 128             | 18              | Packet is not valid.                                                                                                |                   |
| 128             | 20              | This component has not been enabled.                                                                                |                   |
| 128             | 21              | This component has already been enabled.                                                                            |                   |
| 128             | 22              | Listening is not enabled for the specified port.                                                                    |                   |
| 128             | 26              | Requested suspension was aborted.                                                                                   |                   |
| 128             | 33              | Invalid server IP Address.                                                                                          |                   |
| 128             | 34              | This socket is bound to another port.                                                                               |                   |
| 128             | 35              | Port is bound to a different socket.                                                                                |                   |
| 128             | 36              | Socket is not bound.                                                                                                |                   |
| 128             | 38              | The Socket was unbound while suspended waiting for a receive packet.                                                |                   |
| 128             | 39              | Socket was not created.                                                                                             |                   |
| 128             | 51              | No additional listen request structures are available.                                                              |                   |
| 128             | 52              | There is already an active listen request for this port.                                                            |                   |
| 128             | 53              | Socket is not in a closed state.                                                                                    |                   |
| 128             | 54              | The server socket supplied is not in a listen state.                                                                |                   |
| 128             | 55              | No wait time was specified, the connection attempt is in progress.                                                  |                   |
| 128             | 56              | Connection failed.                                                                                                  |                   |
| 128             | 57              | Request is greater than the receiver's advertised window size in bytes.                                             |                   |
| 128             | 64              | Another thread is suspended. Only one thread is allowed.                                                            |                   |
| 128             | 65              | Disconnect failed to complete within the Timeout period.                                                            |                   |
| 128             | 66              | Socket is bound.                                                                                                    |                   |
| 128             | 69              | No available Port.                                                                                                  |                   |
| 128             | 70              | Invalid Port.                                                                                                       |                   |
| 128             | 71              | There is already a valid Socket pointer for this port or the specified port does not have an active listen request. |                   |
| 128             | 72              | Same as NX_SUCCESS, except a queued connection request was<br>processed during this call.                           |                   |
| 128             | 73              | TCP Transmit Queue Exceeded Error.                                                                                  |                   |

# Socket instruction status bits

# The following table describes the execution status bits for <u>socket instructions</u> on <u>page 567</u>.

| Bit Number | Name                          | Description                                                                                                                                                         |
|------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0          | EN - Enable Bit               | The EN bit is set when the instruction is enabled due to a False-to-True transition, but has not yet completed or erred.                                            |
| 1          | EW - Enable Wait<br>Queue Bit | The EW bit is set when the controller detects that a Socket instruction request has entered into queue.<br>The controller resets the EW bit when the ST bit is set. |
| 2          | ST - Start Bit                | The ST bit is set when the queued instruction is executing.<br>The ST bit is reset when the DN or ER bit is set.                                                    |

| Bit Number | Name           | Description                                                                                                                                        |
|------------|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 3          | ER - Error Bit | Indicates that an error occurred while executing the instruction. The ER bit is reset                                                              |
| 4          | DN - Done Bit  | the next time the run-condition-in goes from False to True.<br>The DN bit is set when the Socket instruction completes successfully. The DN bit is |
|            |                | reset the next time the run-condition-in goes from False to True.                                                                                  |

# Socket instruction timing diagrams

# Successful execution for <u>Socket instructions</u> on <u>page 567</u> when process is immediate



# Condition A: Rung condition is TRUE during instructions execution

| Rung Condition | Description                                                               |
|----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1              | Rung condition becomes TRUE when:                                         |
|                | • Socket instructions execution is enabled.                               |
|                | • EN bit is set and all other bits are cleared.                           |
|                | <ul> <li>Socket instructions completes execution successfully.</li> </ul> |
|                | • Output for DN bit and DONE is set.                                      |
| 2,3,4          | No change in Rung condition.                                              |
| 5              | Rung condition becomes FALSE when EN bit is cleared.                      |
| 6,7            | No change in Rung condition.                                              |

| Rung Condition | Description                                                               |
|----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 8              | Rung condition becomes TRUE when:                                         |
|                | <ul> <li>Socket instructions execution is enabled.</li> </ul>             |
|                | <ul> <li>Socket instructions completes execution successfully.</li> </ul> |
|                | • EN bit is set and all other bits are cleared.                           |
|                | • Output for DN bit and DONE is set.                                      |
| 9              | Rung condition becomes FALSE when:                                        |
|                | • EN bit is cleared.                                                      |
| 10,11          | No change in Rung condition.                                              |

## **Condition B: Rung condition is FALSE during instructions execution**

# Successful execution for Socket instructions when process is non-immediate



# Condition A: Rung condition is TRUE during instructions execution

| Rung Condition | Description                                                             |
|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1              | Rung condition becomes TRUE when:                                       |
|                | • Socket instructions execution is enabled.                             |
|                | • EN bit is set and all other bits are cleared.                         |
|                | • Socket instructions perform background processing.                    |
|                | • Output for EW bit and BUSY is set.                                    |
|                | • Locked Socket instructions input parameter for background processing. |

| Rung Condition | Description                                               |
|----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| 2              | Socket instructions start execution when:                 |
|                | • EW bit is cleared.                                      |
|                | • ST bit is set.                                          |
| 3              | Socket instructions complete execution successfully when: |
|                | • Output for ST bit and BUSY is cleared.                  |
|                | • Output for DN bit and DONE is set.                      |
| 4              | No change in Rung condition.                              |
| 5              | Rung condition becomes FALSE when:                        |
|                | • EN bit is cleared.                                      |
| 6,7            | No change in Rung condition.                              |

# Condition B: Rung condition goes FALSE during instructions execution

| execution      |                                                                         |
|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Rung Condition | Description                                                             |
| 8              | Rung condition becomes TRUE when:                                       |
|                | <ul> <li>Socket instructions execution is enabled.</li> </ul>           |
|                | • EN bit is set and all other bits are cleared.                         |
|                | <ul> <li>Socket instructions send for background processing.</li> </ul> |
|                | • Output for EW bit and BUSY is set.                                    |
|                | • Locked Socket instructions input parameter for background processing. |
| 9              | Socket instructions start execution when:                               |
|                | • EW bit is cleared.                                                    |
|                | • ST bit is set.                                                        |
|                | • Rung condition becomes FALSE.                                         |
| 10             | Socket instructions complete execution successfully when:               |
|                | • Output for ST bit and BUSY are cleared.                               |
|                | • Output for DN bit and DONE is set.                                    |
|                |                                                                         |

Rung condition is FALSE. EN bit is cleared.



## Socket instructions fail when EN is TRUE and EW and ST are FALSE

# Condition A: Rung condition is TRUE during instructions execution

| Rung Condition | Description                                          |
|----------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| 1              | Rung condition becomes TRUE when:                    |
|                | • Socket instructions execution is enabled.          |
|                | • EN bit is set and all other bits are cleared.      |
|                | • Socket instructions complete execution with error. |
|                | • Output for ER bit and error is set.                |
| 2,3            | No change in Rung condition.                         |
| 4              | Rung condition becomes FALSE when:                   |
|                | • EN bit is cleared.                                 |
| 5,6            | No change in Rung condition.                         |

# Condition B: Rung condition becomes FALSE during instructions

# execution

| Rung Condition | Description                                          |
|----------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| 7              | Rung condition becomes TRUE when:                    |
|                | • Socket instructions execution is enabled.          |
|                | • EN bit is set and all other bits are cleared.      |
|                | • Socket instructions complete execution with error. |
|                | • Output for ER bit and error is set.                |

| Rung Condition | Description                        |
|----------------|------------------------------------|
| 8              | Rung condition becomes FALSE when: |
|                | • EN bit is cleared.               |
| 9              | No change in Rung condition.       |

# Socket instructions fail when EW is TRUE and instruction process is non-immediate



## Condition A: Rung condition is TRUE during instructions execution

| Rung Condition | Description                                                             |
|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1              | Rung condition becomes TRUE when:                                       |
|                | • Socket instructions execution is enabled.                             |
|                | • EN bit is set and all other bits are cleared.                         |
|                | <ul> <li>Socket instructions send for background processing.</li> </ul> |
|                | • Output for EW bit and BUSY is set.                                    |
|                | • Locked Socket instructions input parameter for background processing. |
| 2              | Socket instructions complete execution with error when:                 |
|                | • Output for EW bit and BUSY is cleared.                                |
|                | • Output for ER bit and error is set.                                   |
| 3,4            | No change in Rung condition.                                            |
| 5              | Rung condition becomes FALSE when:                                      |
|                | • EN bit is cleared.                                                    |
| 6,7            | No change in Rung condition.                                            |

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| execution      |                                                                         |
|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Rung Condition | Description                                                             |
| 8              | Rung condition becomes TRUE when:                                       |
|                | • Socket instructions execution is enabled.                             |
|                | • EN bit is set and all other bits are cleared.                         |
|                | <ul> <li>Socket instructions send for background processing.</li> </ul> |
|                | • Output for EW bit and BUSY is set.                                    |
|                | • Locked Socket instructions input parameter for background processing. |
| 9              | Socket instructions complete execution with error when:                 |
|                | • Output for EW bit and BUSY is cleared.                                |
|                | • Output for ER bit and error is set.                                   |
|                | • Rung condition becomes FALSE.                                         |
|                | • EN bit is cleared.                                                    |
| 10,11          | No change in Rung condition.                                            |

# **Condition B: Rung condition becomes FALSE during instructions**

# Socket instructions fail when ST is TRUE and instruction process is non-immediately



# Condition A: Rung condition is TRUE during instructions execution

|                       |             | - | - |
|-----------------------|-------------|---|---|
| <b>Rung Condition</b> | Description |   |   |
|                       |             |   |   |

| Rung Condition | Description                                                             |
|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1              | Rung condition becomes TRUE when:                                       |
|                | • Socket instructions execution is enabled.                             |
|                | • EN bit is set and all other bits are cleared.                         |
|                | <ul> <li>Socket instructions send for background processing.</li> </ul> |
|                | • Output for EW bit and BUSY output is set.                             |
|                | • Locked Socket instructions input parameter for background processing. |
| 2              | Socket instructions start execution when:                               |
|                | • EW bit is cleared                                                     |
|                | • ST bit is set.                                                        |
| 3              | Socket instructions complete execution with error when:                 |
|                | • Output for ST bit and BUSY output is cleared.                         |
|                | • Output for ER bit and error is set.                                   |
| 4              | No change in Rung condition.                                            |
| 5              | Rung condition becomes FALSE when:                                      |
|                | • EN bit is cleared.                                                    |
| 6,7            | No change in Rung condition.                                            |

# Condition B: Rung condition becomes FALSE during instructions execution

| Rung Condition | Description                                                             |
|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 8              | Rung condition becomes TRUE when:                                       |
|                | • Socket instructions execution is enabled.                             |
|                | • EN bit is set and all other bits are cleared.                         |
|                | <ul> <li>Socket instructions send for background processing.</li> </ul> |
|                | • Output for EW bit and BUSY is set.                                    |
|                | • Locked Socket instructions input parameter for background processing. |
| 9              | Socket instructions start execution when:                               |
|                | • EW bit is cleared and ST bit is set.                                  |
| 10             | Socket instructions complete execution with error when:                 |
|                | • Output for ST bit and BUSY is cleared.                                |
|                | • Output for ER bit and error is set.                                   |
|                | • Rung condition becomes FALSE.                                         |
|                | • EN bit is cleared.                                                    |
| 11             | No change in Rung condition.                                            |

# Socket instruction transaction diagrams

The following diagram shows a typical sequence of socket interface transactions with the controller acting as a TCP client.

# **Transactions for TCP Client**



# Transactions for TCP Server

The following diagram shows a typical sequence of socket interface transactions with the controller as a TCP server.



Transactions for UDP with Open Connection The following diagram shows a typical sequence of socket interface transactions for UDP communications when using the Open Connection service to specify the destination address.



# Transactions for UDP without Open Connections

The following diagram shows a typical sequence of socket interface transactions for UDP communications without using the Open Connection service to specify the destination address. In this case, the controller specifies the destination for each datagram and receives the sender's address along with each datagram it receives.



# State machine diagrams for TCP

TCP Client using <u>Socketinstructions</u> on page 567


#### **TCP Server using Socket instructions**





State machine diagrams forUDPUDP Datagram with SOCKET\_OPEN instruction



#### UDP Datagram without SOCKET\_OPEN instruction



# **String manipulation instructions**

Use String manipulation instructions to alter a sequence of symbols that are chosen from a set or alphabet to change the output status. To read input strings containing special characters correctly, input the string characters after the program containing the function block instance is online.

| Instruction                       | Description                                                                 |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ASCII on page 617                 | Returns the ASCII code for characters in a string. Character -> ASCII code. |
| CHAR on page 619                  | Returns a one character string for an ASCII code. ASCII code -> character.  |
| DELETE on page 620                | Deletes characters from a string.                                           |
| FIND on page 622                  | Locates and provides the position of sub-strings within strings.            |
| INSERT on page 624                | Inserts sub-strings at user-defined positions within strings.               |
| <u>LEFT</u> on <u>page 626</u>    | Extracts characters from the left side of a string.                         |
| MID on page 628                   | Extracts characters from the middle of a string.                            |
| MLEN on page 630                  | Calculates the length of a string.                                          |
| <u>REPLACE</u> on <u>page 633</u> | Replaces parts of a string with new sets of characters.                     |
| <u>RIGHT</u> on <u>page 631</u>   | Extracts characters from the right side of a string.                        |

### ASCII

Returns the ASCII code for characters in strings.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter | Parameter Type | Data Type | Description                                                                                                                                  |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EN        | Input          | BOOL      | Instruction enable.<br>TRUE - display the ASCII code for characters.<br>FALSE - no display operation.<br>Applies to Ladder Diagram programs. |
| IN        | Input          | STRING    | Any non-empty string.                                                                                                                        |
| Pos       | Input          | DINT      | Position of the selected character in set [1 len] (len is the length of the IN string).                                                      |

#### Chapter 24 String manipulation instructions

| Parameter | Parameter Type | Data Type | Description                                                                                 |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ASCII     | Output         | DINT      | ASCII code of the selected character (in set [0 255]) yields 0 is Pos is out of the string. |
| ENO       | Output         | BOOL      | Enable output.<br>Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.                                       |

### **ASCII Function Block Diagram example**



# ASCII Ladder Diagram example



### **ASCII Structured Text example**



(\* ST Equivalence: \*)

FirstChr := ASCII (message, 1);

(\* FirstChr is the ASCII code of the first character of the string \*)

#### **Results**

| 📱 Variable N  | vionitoring          |                                   |                  |                   |         |              | ×     |
|---------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------|--------------|-------|
| User Global V | /ariables - Micro850 | Local Variables - RA              | _ASCII_LD System | Variables - Micro | 850 1/0 | D - Micro850 | [ + + |
|               | Name                 | <ul> <li>Logical Value</li> </ul> | Physical Value   | Initial Value     | Lock    | Data T       | уре   |
|               | * 0                  | e.                                |                  | * of*             |         |              | * d*  |
| positi        | on                   | 1                                 | N/A              |                   |         | DINT         | *     |
| in            |                      | abcd                              | N/A              |                   |         | STRING       |       |
| code          |                      | 97                                | N/A              |                   |         | DINT         | •     |
| 4             |                      | Ш                                 |                  |                   |         |              | •     |

Returns a one character string for an ASCII code. ASCII code -> character.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter | Parameter Type | Data Type | Description                                                                    |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EN        | Input          | BOOL      | Instruction enable.                                                            |
|           |                |           | TRUE - provide a single character string.                                      |
|           |                |           | FALSE - no operation.                                                          |
|           |                |           | Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.                                            |
| Code      | Input DINT     | DINT      | ASCII code in set [0 255].                                                     |
| CHAR      | Output         | STRING    | One character string.<br>The character has the ASCII code given in input code. |
| ENO       | Output         | BOOL      | Enable output.<br>Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.                          |

#### **CHAR Function Block Diagram example**



CHAR (ASCII code to string

character)

#### **CHAR Ladder Diagram example**



#### **CHAR Structured Text example**

| <pre>1 code := 97;<br/>2 character := CHAR(code);</pre> | 1<br>2 |
|---------------------------------------------------------|--------|
| CHAR (                                                  | CH     |
| STRING CHAR(DINT Code)<br>ASCII code -> Character       |        |
| (* ST Equivalence: *)                                   | (* S'  |

Display := CHAR (value + 48);

(\* value is in set [0..9] \*)

(\* 48 is the ascii code of '0' \*)

(\* result is one character string from '0' to '9' \*)

#### **Results**

| Local valiables - HA             | _CHAR_LD Sys  | stem Variables - Micro | 5850 IA         | O - Micro850 |                             |
|----------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------------------------|
| <ul> <li>LogicalValue</li> </ul> | Physical Valu | ue InitialValue        | Lock            | Data T       | уре                         |
| £*                               |               | + A*                   |                 |              | - 0                         |
| 97                               | N/A           |                        |                 | DINT         | -                           |
| a                                | N/A           |                        |                 | STRING       |                             |
|                                  |               |                        |                 |              |                             |
|                                  |               |                        |                 |              |                             |
|                                  | 97<br>a       | 97 N/A<br>a N/A        | 97 N/A<br>a N/A | 97 N/A a N/A | 97 N/A DINT<br>a N/A STRING |

# **DELETE (delete sub-string)**

Deletes characters from a string.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter | Parameter Type | Data Type | Description                                       |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|---------------------------------------------------|
| EN        | Input          | BOOL      | Instruction enable.                               |
|           |                |           | TRUE - delete specified part of a string.         |
|           |                |           | FALSE - no operation.                             |
|           |                |           | Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.               |
| IN        | Input          | STRING    | Any non-empty string.                             |
| NbC       | Input          | DINT      | Number of characters to be deleted.               |
| Pos       | Input          | DINT      | Position of the first deleted character           |
|           |                |           | (first character of the string has position 1).   |
| DELETE    | Output         | STRING    | Output is:                                        |
|           |                |           | • a modified string.                              |
|           |                |           | • an empty string (if Pos < 1).                   |
|           |                |           | • the initial string (if Pos > IN string length). |
|           |                |           | • the initial string (if NbC <= 0).               |
| ENO       | Output         | BOOL      | Enable output.                                    |
|           |                |           | Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.               |

#### **DELETE Function Block Diagram example**



#### **DELETE Ladder Diagram example**



#### **DELETE Structured Text example**



complete\_string := INSERT ('ABCD', 'EFGH', 5); (\* complete\_string is 'ABCDEFGH '\*)

sub\_string := DELETE (complete\_string, 4, 3); (\* sub\_string is 'ABGH '\*)

#### **Results**

| ser Global Variables - Micro850 | Local Variables - RA             | _DELETE_LD Syst | em Variables - Mi | cro850 | 1/0 - Micro850 1 |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|--------|------------------|
| Name                            | <ul> <li>LogicalValue</li> </ul> | Physical Value  | Initial Value     | Lock   | Data Type        |
| - 0                             | ¢1                               |                 | · 01              |        | *                |
| in                              | abcdefg                          | NZA             |                   |        | STRING           |
| nbc                             | 3                                | NZA             |                   |        | DINT             |
| output                          | aefg                             | N/A             |                   |        | STRING           |
| position                        | 2                                | N/A             |                   |        | DINT             |
|                                 |                                  |                 |                   |        |                  |
|                                 | 11                               |                 |                   |        |                  |

# FIND (find sub-string)

Locates and provides the position of sub-strings within strings.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter | Parameter Type | Data Type | Description                                                                                               |  |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| EN        | Input          | BOOL      | Instruction enable.                                                                                       |  |
|           |                |           | TRUE - locate position within strings.                                                                    |  |
|           |                |           | FALSE - no locate operation.                                                                              |  |
|           |                |           | Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.                                                                       |  |
| In        | Input          | STRING    | Any non-empty string.                                                                                     |  |
| Pat       | Input          | STRING    | Any non-empty string (Pattern).                                                                           |  |
| FIND      | Output         | DINT      | Output is:                                                                                                |  |
|           |                |           | • 0 if the sub string Pat is not found.                                                                   |  |
|           |                |           | • the position of the first character of the first occurrence of the sub-string Pat (first position is 1) |  |
|           |                |           | This instruction is case sensitive.                                                                       |  |
| ENO       | Output         | BOOL      | Enable output.                                                                                            |  |
|           |                |           | Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.                                                                       |  |

### **FIND Function Block Diagram example**



#### **FIND Ladder Diagram example**



#### **FIND Structured Text example**



1 result := FIND(in, pattern);

(\* ST Equivalence: \*)

complete\_string := 'ABCD' + 'EFGH'; (\* complete\_string is 'ABCDEFGH ' \*)

found := FIND (complete\_string, 'CDEF'); (\* found is 3 \*)

#### **Results**

| lser | Global Variables - Micro850 | Local Variables - RA             | _FIND_LD System | Variables - Micro | 850 1/0 | ) - Micro850 | [ • ] |
|------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|---------|--------------|-------|
| Τ    | Name                        | <ul> <li>LogicalValue</li> </ul> | Physical Value  | Initial Value     | Lock    | Data 1       | Гуре  |
|      | -                           | A.                               |                 | · 01              |         |              | - 0   |
|      | in                          | abod                             | N/A             |                   |         | STRING       |       |
|      | pattern                     | bo                               | NZA             |                   |         | STRING       |       |
|      | result                      | 2                                | NZA.            |                   |         | DINT         |       |

#### **INSERT (insert string)**

Inserts sub-strings at user-defined positions within strings.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter | Parameter Type | Data Type | Description                            |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|----------------------------------------|
| EN        | Input          | BOOL      | Instruction enable.                    |
|           |                |           | TRUE - insert sub-strings in a string. |
|           |                |           | FALSE - no operation.                  |
|           |                |           | Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.    |

| Parameter | Parameter Type | Data Type | Description                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| IN        | Input          | STRING    | Initial string.                                                                                                                                                             |
| Str       | Input          | STRING    | String to be inserted.                                                                                                                                                      |
| Pos       | Input          | DINT      | Position of the insertion<br>the insertion is done before the position<br>(first valid position is 1).                                                                      |
| INSERT    | Output         | STRING    | <ul> <li>Modified string. Can be:</li> <li>empty string if Pos &lt;= 0</li> <li>concatenation of both strings if Pos is greater than the length of the IN string</li> </ul> |
| ENO       | Output         | BOOL      | Enable output.<br>Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.                                                                                                                       |

#### **INSERT Function Block Diagram example**



#### **INSERT Ladder Diagram example**



#### **INSERT Structured Text example**



(\* ST Equivalence: \*)

MyName := INSERT ('Mr JONES', 'Frank', 4);

(\* MyName is 'Mr Frank JONES' \*)

#### **Results**

| User | Global Variables - Micro850 | Local Variables - I | RA_INSERT_LD Syst | em Variables - Mi | cro850 | 1/O - Micro85 | 50 · |
|------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------|---------------|------|
|      | Nane                        | - Logical Valu      | e Physical Value  | Initial Value     | Lock   | Data T        | уре  |
|      |                             | A.                  |                   | - 01              |        |               | - 0  |
|      | Position                    | 3                   | N/A               |                   |        | DINT          |      |
| ۲    | ModifiedString              | abefged             | N/A               |                   |        | STRING        |      |
|      | IncertedString              | elg                 | N/A               | Ś                 |        | STRING        |      |
|      | InitialString               | abod                | N/A               |                   |        | STRING        | 1    |
| •    |                             |                     |                   |                   |        |               | )    |

# LEFT (extract left of a sting)

Extract characters from the left side of a string.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter | Parameter Type | Data Type | Description                                                                  |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EN        | Input          | BOOL      | Instruction enable.                                                          |
|           |                |           | TRUE - calculate number of characters from left side of string.              |
|           |                |           | FALSE - no operation.                                                        |
|           |                |           | Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.                                          |
| IN        | Input          | STRING    | Any non-empty string.                                                        |
| NbC       | Input DINT     |           | Number of characters to be extracted. This number cannot be greater than the |
|           |                |           | length of the IN string.                                                     |
| LEFT      | Output         | STRING    | Left part of the IN string (its length = NbC). Can be:                       |
|           |                |           | <ul> <li>empty string if NbC &lt;= 0</li> </ul>                              |
|           |                |           | <ul> <li>complete IN string if NbC &gt;= IN string length</li> </ul>         |
| ENO       | Output         | BOOL      | Enable output.                                                               |
|           |                |           | Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.                                          |

#### **LEFT Function Block Diagram example**



### LEFT Ladder Diagram example



#### **LEFT Structured Text example**

| LEFT(                                                              |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| STRING LEFT(STRING IN, DINT NbC)<br>Extract left of a string       |
| <pre>1 number := 3;<br/>2 output := LEFT(in, number);</pre>        |
| (* ST Equivalence: *)                                              |
| complete_string := RIGHT ('12345678', 4), LEFT ('12345678', 4), 5; |
| (* complete_string is '56781234'                                   |
|                                                                    |

the value issued from RIGHT call is '5678'

the value issued from LEFT call is '1234'\*)

#### **Results**

| User Global Variables - Micro850 | Local Variables - P             | RA_LEFT_LD System | Variables - Micro | 850 1/0 | 0 - Micro850 |      |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------|--------------|------|
| Name                             | <ul> <li>LogicalValu</li> </ul> | e Physical Value  | InitialValue      | Lock    | Data         | уре  |
| •                                | of *                            |                   | - 04*             |         |              | - 04 |
| in                               | abodef                          | N/A               |                   |         | STRING       | -    |
| number                           | 3                               | N/A               |                   |         | DINT         |      |
| b output                         | abc                             | N/A               |                   |         | STRING       |      |
|                                  |                                 | 1000              |                   |         | -            |      |
|                                  |                                 | -                 |                   |         |              |      |

# MID (extract middle of a string)

Extract characters from the middle of a string. Use the position and number of characters provided to calculate the required parts of strings.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter | Parameter Type | Data Type | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EN        | Input          | BOOL      | Instruction enable.<br>TRUE - generate portion of a string.<br>FALSE - no generate operation.<br>Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.                                                                                                                                                       |
| IN        | Input          | STRING    | Any non-empty string.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| NbC       | Input          | DINT      | Number of characters to be extracted cannot be greater than the length of the IN string.                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Pos       | Input          | DINT      | Position of the sub-string. The sub-string first character will be the one pointed to by Pos (first valid position is 1).                                                                                                                                                                  |
| MID       | Output         | STRING    | Middle part of the string (its length = NbC).<br>When the number of characters to extract exceeds the length of the IN string, NbC is<br>automatically recalculated to get the remainder of the string only. When NbC or Pos<br>are zero or negative numbers, an empty string is returned. |
| ENO       | Output         | BOOL      | Enable output.<br>Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

#### **MID Function Block Diagram example**



# MID Ladder Diagram example



### **MID Structured Text example**

| MI          | D (                                                                                 |
|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|             | STRING <b>MID</b> (STRING IN, DINT NbC, DINT Pos)<br>Extract middle of a string     |
| 1<br>2<br>3 | <pre>number := 3;<br/>position := 2;<br/>middle := MID(in, number, position);</pre> |
| (* S        | T Equivalence: *)                                                                   |
| sub         | _string := MID ('abcdefgh', 2, 4);                                                  |

(\* sub\_string is 'de' \*)

#### **Results**

| User | Global Variables - Micro850 | Local Variables - RA             | _MID_LD System \ | /ariables - Micro8 | 50 1/0 | - Micro850 | •  |
|------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------|--------------------|--------|------------|----|
|      | Name                        | <ul> <li>LogicalValue</li> </ul> | Physical Value   | InitialValue       | Lock   | Data T     | 9P |
|      | · · ·                       | off*                             |                  | * <b>#</b> *       |        | 1          | *  |
|      | 'n                          | abodef                           | N/A              |                    |        | STRING     |    |
| Þ    | middle                      | bed                              | N/A              |                    |        | STRING     |    |
|      | number                      | 3                                | N/A              |                    |        | DINT       |    |
|      | position                    | 2                                | N/A              |                    |        | DINT       |    |
| 4    |                             |                                  |                  |                    |        |            |    |

#### MLEN (string length)

Calculates the length of a string.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter | Parameter Type | Data Type | Description                            |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|----------------------------------------|
| EN        | Input          | BOOL      | Instruction enable.                    |
|           |                |           | TRUE - calculate length of string.     |
|           |                |           | FALSE - no operation.                  |
|           |                |           | Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.    |
| IN        | Input          | STRING    | Any string.                            |
| MLEN      | Output         | DINT      | Number of characters in the IN string. |
| ENO       | Output         | BOOL      | Enable output.                         |
|           |                |           | Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.    |

#### **MLEN Function Block Diagram example**



#### **MLEN Ladder Diagram example**



#### **MLEN Structured Text example**

| MLEN |                                           |
|------|-------------------------------------------|
|      | DINT MLEN(STRING IN)<br>Get string length |
|      |                                           |

1 number := MLEN(in);

(\* ST Equivalence: \*)

nbchar := MLEN (complete\_string);

If (nbchar < 3) Then Return; End\_if;

prefix := LEFT (complete\_string, 3);

(\* this program extracts the 3 characters on the left of the string and puts the result in the prefix string variable. Nothing is done if the string length is less than 3 characters \*)

#### **Results**

| Jser Global Varia | ables - Mcro850 | Local Variables - RA | MLEN_LD System | n Variables - Micro | 850 1/ | 0 - Mcro850 | •   |
|-------------------|-----------------|----------------------|----------------|---------------------|--------|-------------|-----|
|                   | Name            | Logical Value        | Physical Value | Initial Value       | Lock   | Data T      | ype |
|                   | - 0             | •                    |                | - 🐠                 |        | 2           | -   |
| in                |                 | abodef               | N/A            |                     |        | STRING      |     |
| number            |                 | 6                    | N/A            |                     |        | DINT        |     |

# RIGHT (extract right of a string)

Extract characters from the right side of a string.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter | Parameter Type | Data Type | Description                                                                                                                                                            |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EN        | Input          | BOOL      | Instruction enable.<br>TRUE - extract specified number of characters from the right end of the string.<br>FALSE - no operation.<br>Applies to Ladder Diagram programs. |
| IN        | Input          | STRING    | Any non-empty string.                                                                                                                                                  |
| NbC       | Input          | DINT      | Number of characters to be extracted. This number cannot be greater than the length of the IN string.                                                                  |
| RIGHT     | Output         | STRING    | Right part of the string (length = NbC). Can be:<br>• empty string if NbC <= 0<br>• complete string if NbC >= string length                                            |

#### Chapter 24 String manipulation instructions

| Parameter | Parameter Type | Data Type | Description                                           |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| ENO       | Output         | BOOL      | Enable output.<br>Applies to Ladder Diagram programs. |

#### **RIGHT Function Block Diagram example**



#### **RIGHT Ladder Diagram example**



#### **RIGHT Structured Text example**



#### Results

| ser | Global Variables - Micro850 | Local Variables - RA | _RIGHT_LD Syste | em Variables - Mic | ro850 I. | /O - Micro850 | •   |
|-----|-----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|----------|---------------|-----|
|     | Name                        | ▲ LogicalValue       | Physical Value  | Initial Value      | Lock     | D ata T       | уре |
|     | - 0                         | 8-                   |                 | - 01*              |          |               | -   |
|     | in                          | abode                | N/A             |                    |          | STRING        |     |
|     | nbc                         | 2                    | NZA             |                    |          | DINT          |     |
|     | output                      | de                   | NZA             |                    |          | STRING        |     |
|     |                             | 80 6                 |                 |                    |          | del .         |     |
| Ē   |                             |                      |                 |                    |          |               |     |

# REPLACE (replace sub-string)

Replaces parts of a string with new sets of characters.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter | Parameter Type | Data Type | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |  |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| EN        | Input          | BOOL      | Function enable.<br>TRUE - replace parts of strings with new characters.<br>FALSE - no operation.<br>Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.                                                                                                                                                 |  |
| IN        | Input          | STRING    | Any string.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |  |
| Str       | Input          | STRING    | String to be inserted (to replace NbC chars).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |
| NbC       | Input          | DINT      | Number of characters to be deleted.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |  |
| Pos       | Input          | DINT      | Position of the first modified character<br>(first valid position is 1).                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |  |
| REPLACE   | Output         | STRING    | Modified string. The NbC characters are deleted at position Pos, then the<br>substring Str is inserted at this position. Can be:<br>• empty string if Pos <= 0<br>• strings concatenation (IN+Str) if Pos is greater than the length of the IN string<br>• initial string IN if NbC <= 0 |  |
| ENO       | Output         | BOOL      | Enable output.<br>Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |  |

#### **REPLACE Function Block Diagram example**



#### **REPLACE Ladder Diagram example**



#### **REPLACE Structured Text example**



1 nbc := 4; 2 pos := 2; 3 output := REPLACE(in, str, nbc, pos);

Replacing a part of a string with a new set of characters.

(\* ST Equivalence: \*)

MyName := REPLACE ('Mr X JONES, 'Frank', 1, 4);

(\* MyName is 'Mr Frank JONES' \*)

### **Results**

| Jser | Global Variables - Micro850 | Local Variables - RA              | _REPLACE_LD Sy | vstem Variables - N | Aicro850 | 1/0 - Micro85 | • |
|------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|----------|---------------|---|
|      | Name                        | <ul> <li>Logical Value</li> </ul> | Physical Value | Initial Value       | Lock     | D ata Typ     | e |
|      | - 0                         | R*                                |                | * A*                |          | -             | 0 |
|      | in                          | abodef                            | N/A            |                     |          | STRING        | 1 |
|      | nbc                         | 4                                 | NZA            |                     |          | DINT          | 3 |
|      | output                      | aghif                             | N/A            |                     |          | STRING        |   |
|      | pos                         | 2                                 | N/A            |                     |          | DINT          | ł |
|      | str                         | ghi                               | N/A            |                     |          | STRING        | 1 |
|      |                             |                                   |                |                     |          |               |   |

# **Timer instructions**

| Instruction                   | Description                                                                                                                              |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| TOF on page 637               | Off-delay timing. Increase an internal timer up to a given value.                                                                        |
| TON on page 639               | On-delay timing. Increase an internal timer up to a given value.                                                                         |
| TONOFF on page 641            | Delay turning on an output on a true rung and then delay turning off the output on the false rung.                                       |
| <u>TP</u> on <u>page 644</u>  | Pulse timing. On a rising edge, increases an internal timer up to a given value.                                                         |
| <u>RTO</u> on <u>page 646</u> | Retentive timing. Increases an internal timer when input is active but does not reset the internal timer when input changes to inactive. |
| DOY on page 648               | Turn on an output if the value of the real-time clock is in the range of the Year Time setting.                                          |
| <u>TDF</u> on <u>page 650</u> | Computes the time difference between TimeA and TimeB.                                                                                    |
| TOW on page 652               | Turns on an output if the value of the real-time clock is in the range of the Time of Week setting.                                      |

#### Use Timer instructions to control operations based on time.

# Timer instruction configuration

TOF (timer, off-delay)

Time accuracy refers to the time between the moment the processor enables a timer instruction and the moment the processor completes the timed interval.

The processor uses the following information from the <u>timer instruction</u> on <u>page 637</u>:

- **Timer** The timer control address in the timer area of data storage.
- **Time Base** Determines how the timer operates.
- **Preset** Specifies the value that the timer must reach before the processor sets the done bit.
- **Accumulated value** The number of time increments the instruction has counted. When enabled, the timer updates this value continually.

Increases an internal timer up to a given value.

**Operation details:** 

• If the EN parameter is used with this instruction block, the timer starts incrementing when EN is set to TRUE, and continues to increment even if EN is set to FALSE.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter | Parameter type | Data type | Description                                                                                                                        |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| IN        | Input          | BOOL      | Input control.                                                                                                                     |
|           |                |           | TRUE - Falling edge detected, starts increasing internal timer.<br>FALSE - Rising edge detected, stops, and resets internal timer. |
| DT        | Input          | TIME      | Maximum programmed time.                                                                                                           |
| PT        | input          | THIC      | See Time data type.                                                                                                                |
| Q         | Output         | BOOL      | TRUE - total time is <b>not</b> elapsed.                                                                                           |
|           |                |           | FALSE - total time has elapsed.                                                                                                    |
| ET        | Output         | TIME      | Current elapsed time. Possible values range from Oms to 1193h2m47s294ms.                                                           |
|           |                |           |                                                                                                                                    |

### **TOF timing diagram**



#### **TOF Function Block Diagram example**



#### **TOF Ladder Diagram example**



#### **TOF Structured Text example**

| T | OF_1 (<br>void <b>TOF_1</b> (BOOL IN, TIME PT)<br>Type : TOF, Off-delay timing |
|---|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | MaxTime := T#3s;                                                               |
| 2 | <pre>TOF_1(in, MaxTime);</pre>                                                 |
| 3 | output := TOF_1.Q;                                                             |
| 4 | <pre>elapse := TOF_1.ET;</pre>                                                 |

#### Results

| <b>V</b> a | riable Monitoring        |                     |            |            |           |           |
|------------|--------------------------|---------------------|------------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| Glob       | oal Variables - Micro810 | Local Variables - l | JntitledST | System \   | /ariables | - Micri 🔨 |
|            | Name                     | Logical Value       | Physica    | lValue     | Lock      | Data Ty   |
|            | - A                      | t - At              |            | - A*       | - A*      | *         |
|            | in                       |                     | N/A        |            |           | BOOL      |
|            | MaxTime                  | T#3s                | N/A        |            |           | TIME      |
|            | output                   | <b>v</b>            | N/A        |            |           | BOOL      |
|            | elapse                   | T#2s18ms            | N/A        |            |           | TIME      |
|            | + TOF_1                  |                     |            |            |           | TOF       |
|            |                          |                     |            |            |           |           |
|            |                          |                     |            |            |           |           |
|            |                          |                     |            | <u>0</u> K |           | ancel     |

### TON (timer, on-delay)

Increases an internal timer up to a given value.

Operation details:

- Do not use a jump to skip over a TON instruction block in a Ladder Diagram (LD). If a jump is used, the TON timer continues after the elapsed time.
- For example: Rung 1 contains a jump; rung 2 contains a TON instruction block with an elapsed time of 10 seconds; enable the jump from rung 1 to rung 3; disable the jump after 30 seconds; the elapsed time is 30 seconds - not 10 seconds as defined in the elapsed time.

• If the EN parameter is used with TON, the timer starts incrementing when EN is set to TRUE, and continues to increment even if EN is set to FALSE.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter | Parameter type | Data type | Description                                                                                                                            |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| IN        | Input          | BOOL      | Input control.<br>TRUE - If rising edge, starts increasing internal timer.<br>FALSE- If falling edge, stops and resets internal timer. |
| PT        | Input          | TIME      | Maximum programmed time defined using Time data type.                                                                                  |
| Q         | Output         | BOOL      | TRUE - programmed time has elapsed.<br>FALSE - programmed time has not elapsed.                                                        |
| ET        | Output         | TIME      | Current elapsed time. Possible values range from Oms to 1193h2m47s294ms.                                                               |

#### **TON timing diagram**



#### **TON Function Block Diagram example**



#### **TON Ladder Diagram example**



#### **TON Structured Text example**

| _ |                              |
|---|------------------------------|
| T | DN_1 (                       |
|   | void TON_1(BOOL IN, TIME PT) |
|   | Type : TON, On-delay timing  |
|   |                              |
| 1 | MaxTime := T#3s;             |
| 2 | TON_1(in, MaxTime);          |
| 3 | output := TON_1.Q;           |
| 4 | elapse := TON 1.ET;          |
|   | —                            |

#### **Results**



# TONOFF (time-delay, on, off)

Delays turning on an output on a true rung, then delays turning off the output on the false rung.

Operation details:

• If the EN parameter is used with TONOFF, the timer starts incrementing when EN is set to TRUE, and continues to increment even if EN is set to FALSE.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.

|      | TONOFF_1 |    |
|------|----------|----|
|      | TONOFF   |    |
| • IN |          | Q- |
| PT   |          | ET |
| PTOF |          |    |
|      |          |    |

Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter | Parameter type | Data type | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |  |  |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| IN        | Input          | BOOL      | Input control.<br>TRUE - Rising Edge detected (IN turns from 0 to 1):<br>• start the On-delay timer (PT).<br>• if Programmed Offdelay time (PTOF) is not elapsed, restart the On-delay (PT) timer.<br>FALSE - Falling Edge detected (IN turns from 1 to 0):<br>• if Programmed On-delay time (PT) is not elapsed, stop PT timer and reset ET.<br>• if Programmed On-delay time (PT) is elapsed, the start the Off-delay timer (PTOF). |  |  |
| PT        | Input          | TIME      | The on-delay time setting defined using the Time data type.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |  |  |
| PTOF      | Input          | TIME      | The off-delay time setting defined using the Time data type.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |  |  |
| Q         | Output         | BOOL      | TRUE - the Programmed On-delay time is elapsed and Programmed Off-delay time is not elapsed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |  |  |
| ET        | Output         | TIME      | Current elapsed time. Possible values range from Oms to 1193h2m47s294ms.<br>If the Programmed On-delay time is elapsed and the Off-delay timer is not starting, the<br>elapsed time (ET) remains at the on-delay (PT) value. If the Programmed Off-delay time is<br>elapsed and the Off-delay timer is not starting, the elapsed time (ET) remains at the<br>off-delay (PTOF) value until the rising edge occurs again.               |  |  |

#### **TONOFF Function Block Diagram example**



# **TONOFF Ladder Diagram example**



# **TONOFF Structured Text example**

| TONOFF_1 (                                                                                                                                            |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| void <b>TONOFF_1</b> (BOOL IN, TIME PT, TIME PTOF)<br>Type : TONOFF, Delay an output-on(true), then delay an output-off(false).                       |
| <pre>1 OnDelay := T#3s;<br/>2 OffDelay := T#5s;<br/>3 TONOFF_1(in, OnDelay, OffDelay);<br/>4 output := TONOFF_1.Q;<br/>5 elapse := TONOFF_1.ET;</pre> |

#### **Results**

| 🔡 Va | 🗄 Variable Monitoring 📃 🗖 🔀                           |                                    |                |                      |                   |                             |            |
|------|-------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------|----------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|------------|
| Glob | al Variables - Micro810                               | Local Variables -                  | UntitledST     | System V             | 'ariables         | - Micro81                   | < >        |
|      | Name                                                  | Logical Value                      | Physica        | alValue              | Lock              | D ata Ty                    | уре        |
|      | <i>▼</i> A*                                           | * A*                               |                | - A*                 | · A               | •                           | A*         |
|      | in                                                    | <ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>              | N/A            |                      |                   | BOOL                        | ~          |
|      | OnDelay                                               | T#3s                               | NZA            |                      |                   | TIME                        | *          |
|      | OffDelay                                              | T#5s                               | N/A            |                      |                   | TIME                        | -          |
|      | output                                                |                                    | N/A            |                      |                   | BOOL                        |            |
|      | elapse                                                | T#1s60ms                           | N/A            |                      |                   | TIME                        |            |
|      | <ul> <li>TONOFF_1</li> </ul>                          |                                    |                |                      |                   | TONOFF                      | •          |
|      |                                                       | ·                                  |                |                      |                   |                             |            |
|      |                                                       |                                    |                |                      |                   |                             | •          |
|      |                                                       |                                    |                |                      |                   |                             |            |
|      |                                                       |                                    | (              | <u>0</u> K           |                   | <u>C</u> ancel              |            |
| 🛃 Va | riable Monitoring                                     |                                    | [              | <u>0</u> K           |                   | Cancel                      |            |
| _    | r <b>iable Monitoring</b><br>bal Variables - Micro810 | Local Variables -                  | UntitledST     |                      | /ariables         | Cancel                      | )<br> <br> |
|      |                                                       | Local Variables -<br>Logical Value |                |                      | /ariables<br>Lock |                             | _          |
|      | oal Variables - Micro810                              | Logical Value                      | Physica        | System V             |                   | -<br>Micro81<br>Data T      | _          |
| -    | oal Variables - Micro810<br>Name                      | Logical Value                      | Physica        | System V<br>al Value | Lock              | -<br>Micro81<br>Data T      | уре        |
|      | oal Variables - Micro810<br>Name<br>Vame              | Logical Value                      | Physica        | System V<br>al Value | Lock              | - Micro81                   | ype<br>Æ*  |
|      | oal Variables - Micro810<br>Name<br>▼ Øf<br>in        | Logical Value<br>Value             | Physica<br>N/A | System V<br>al Value | Lock              | - Micro81<br>Data T<br>BOOL | ype<br>At  |

# TP (pulse timing)

On a rising edge, increases an internal timer up to a given value. If the timer is elapsed, the internal time is reset.

N/A

<u>ο</u>κ

TIME

TONOFF

Cancel

T#1s446ms

Operation details:

elapse TONOFF\_1

• If the EN parameter is used with TP, the timer starts incrementing when EN is set to TRUE, and continues to increment even if EN is set to FALSE.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter | Parameter type | Data type | Description                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| IN        | Input          | BOOL      | TRUE - If rising edge, starts increasing internal timer (if not already increasing).<br>FALSE - if timer has elapsed, resets the internal timer.<br>Any change to IN during counting has no effect. |
| PT        | Input          | TIME      | Maximum programmed time defined using the Time data type.                                                                                                                                           |
| Q         | Output         | BOOL      | TRUE - timer is counting.<br>FALSE - timer is not counting.                                                                                                                                         |
| ET        | Output         | TIME      | Current elapsed time.<br>Possible values range from Oms to 1193h2m47s294ms.                                                                                                                         |

#### **TP timing diagram**



#### **TP Function Block Diagram example**



#### **TP Ladder Diagram example**



#### TP Structured Text example

| TP_1(                                                                                           |     |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| void <b>TP_1</b> (BOOL IN, TIME F<br>Type : TP, Pulse timing                                    | YT) |
| <pre>MaxTime := T#3s;<br/>TP_1(in, MaxTime);<br/>output := TP_1.Q;<br/>elapse := TP_1.ET;</pre> |     |

#### **Results**

| 🔜 V                         | 🖳 Variable Monitoring |         |    |                              |         |          |                          |               |      |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|---------|----|------------------------------|---------|----------|--------------------------|---------------|------|
| Global Variables - Micro810 |                       |         |    | Local Variables - UntitledST |         |          | System Variables - I < 🕨 |               |      |
|                             |                       | Name    |    | Logic                        | alValue | Physica  | alValue                  | Lock          | Data |
|                             |                       | -       | A* |                              | - A*    |          | - A*                     | - A*          |      |
|                             |                       | in      |    |                              | /       | N/A      |                          |               | BOOL |
|                             |                       | MaxTime |    | T#3s                         |         | N/A      |                          |               | TIME |
|                             |                       | output  |    | 6                            | /       | N/A      |                          |               | BOOL |
|                             |                       | elapse  |    | T#593m                       | IS      | N/A      |                          |               | TIME |
|                             | +                     | TP_1    |    |                              |         |          |                          |               | TP   |
|                             | _                     |         | _  |                              |         |          |                          |               |      |
|                             |                       |         |    |                              |         |          |                          |               | •    |
|                             |                       |         |    |                              |         | <u>0</u> |                          | <u>C</u> ance |      |

# RTO (retentive timer, on-delay)

Increases an internal timer when input is active, but does not reset the internal timer when input changes to inactive.

**Operation details:** 

- Micro810 or Micro820 controllers, the RTO internal timer does not persist through a power cycle by default. To persist the internal timer, set the Retained configuration parameter to true.
- Micro830 or Micro850 controller, the RTO internal timer persists through a power cycle.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter Parameter type Data typ |        | Data type | Description                                                               |
|-----------------------------------|--------|-----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| IN                                | Input  | BOOL      | Input control.                                                            |
|                                   |        |           | TRUE - Rising edge, starts increasing internal timer.                     |
|                                   |        |           | FALSE - Falling edge, stops and does not reset the internal timer.        |
| RST                               | Input  | BOOL      | TRUE - Rising edge, resets the internal timer.                            |
|                                   |        |           | FALSE - Does not reset internal timer.                                    |
| PT                                | Input  | TIME      | Maximum programmed on-delay time. PT is defined using the Time data type. |
| Q                                 | Output | BOOL      | TRUE - Programmed on-delay time is elapsed.                               |
|                                   |        |           | FALSE - Program on-delay time has not elapsed.                            |
| ET                                | Output | TIME      | Current elapsed time.                                                     |
|                                   |        |           | Values range from Oms to 1193h2m47s294ms.                                 |
|                                   |        |           | ET is defined using the Time data type.                                   |

### **RTO timing diagram example**



#### **RTO Function Block Diagram example**



#### **RTO Ladder Diagram example**



#### **RTO Structured Text example**

 RTO\_1 (

 void RTO\_1(BOOL IN, BOOL RST, TIME PT)

 Type : RTO, Delay an output-on(true). Retain elapsed time until reset.

1 MaxTime := T#3s; 2 RTO\_1(in, reset, MaxTime); 3 output := RTO\_1.Q; 4 elapse := RTO 1.ET;

Turns on an output when the value of real-time clock (RTC) is in the range of the Year Time setting.

Operation details:

- If RTC is not present, the output is always off.
- Configure the Time input parameters with valid ranges as specified in the DOYDATA Data Type. An invalid value faults the controller when TimeX.Enable is set to TRUE and an RTC is present and enabled.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

### DOY (check year for real-time clock)
This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter | Parameter Type | Data Type | Description                                                                                                         |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EN        | Input          | BOOL      | Instruction enable.<br>TRUE - perform the operation.<br>FALSE - do not perform the operation.                       |
| TimeA     | Input          | DOYDATA   | Year Time Setting of Channel A.<br>Use the DOYDATA data type to configure TimeA.                                    |
| TimeB     | Input          | DOYDATA   | Year Time Setting of Channel B.<br>Use the DOYDATA data type to configure TimeB.                                    |
| TimeC     | Input          | DOYDATA   | Year Time Setting of Channel C.<br>Use the DOYDATA data type to configure TimeC.                                    |
| TimeD     | Input          | DOYDATA   | Year Time Setting of Channel D.<br>Use the DOYDATA data type to configure TimeD.                                    |
| DOY       | Output         | BOOL      | If TRUE, the value of the real-time clock is in the range of the Year Time setting of any one of the four channels. |

#### **DOYDATA Data Type**

The following table describes the DOYDATA data type.

| Parameter Data Type Description |       | Description                                                           |  |
|---------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Enable                          | BOOL  | TRUE:Enable; FALSE:Disable                                            |  |
| YearlyCenturial                 | BOOL  | Type of timer (0:Yearly timer; 1:Centurial timer).                    |  |
| YearOn                          | UINT  | Year On value (must be in set [20002098]).                            |  |
| MonthOn                         | USINT | Month On value (must be in set [112]).                                |  |
| DayOn                           | USINT | Day On value (must be in set [131], determined by "MonthOn" value).   |  |
| YearOff                         | UINT  | Year Off value (must be in set [20002098]).                           |  |
| MonthOff                        | USINT | Month Off value (must be in set [112]).                               |  |
| DayOff                          | USINT | Day Off value (must be in set [131], determined by "MonthOff" value). |  |

#### **DOY Function Block Diagram example**



### **DOY Ladder Diagram example**



# **DOY Structured Text example**



Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter | Parameter Type | Data Type | Description                                     |  |  |  |
|-----------|----------------|-----------|-------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| EN        | Input          | BOOL      | Instruction enable.                             |  |  |  |
|           |                |           | TRUE - perform current computation.             |  |  |  |
|           |                |           | FALSE - there is no computation.                |  |  |  |
|           |                |           | Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.             |  |  |  |
| TimeA     | Input          | TIME      | The start time for time difference computation. |  |  |  |
| TimeB     | Input          | TIME      | The end time for time difference computation.   |  |  |  |
| ENO       | Output         | BOOL      | Enable output.                                  |  |  |  |
|           |                |           | Applies to Ladder Diagram programs.             |  |  |  |
| TDF       | Output         | TIME      | The time difference for the two time inputs.    |  |  |  |
|           |                |           | TDF is name or PIN ID                           |  |  |  |
|           |                |           |                                                 |  |  |  |

# **TDF Function Block Diagram example**



### **TDF Ladder Diagram example**



#### **TDF Structured Text example**

```
TDF (
 TIME TDF(TIME TimeA, TIME TimeB)
 Compute time difference.

 TimeA := T#10s;
 TimeB := T#5s;
 output := TDF(TimeA, TimeB);
```

(\* ST Equivalence: \*)

TESTTIMEDIFF := TDF(TESTTIME1, TESTTIME2) ;

#### Results

|   | <b>V</b> a | ariable Monitoring       |                            |                         |
|---|------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | Glot       | bal Variables - Micro810 | Local Variables - Untitled | IST 🛛 System Variab 🔨 🕨 |
|   |            | Name                     | Logical Value              | Physical Value Lo       |
|   |            | - A*                     | - A*                       | · A* ·                  |
|   |            | TimeA                    | T#10s                      | N/A E                   |
|   |            | TimeB                    | T#5s                       | N/A                     |
|   |            | output                   | T#49d17h2m42s296ms         | N/A 🛛                   |
|   |            |                          |                            |                         |
|   |            |                          |                            | >                       |
|   |            |                          | <u></u> K                  | <u>C</u> ancel          |

Turns on an output if the value of the real-time clock (RTC) is in the range of the Time of Week setting.

Operation details:

- If an RTC is not present, the output is always off.
- Configure the Time input parameters with valid ranges as specified in the TOWDATA Data Type. An invalid value faults the controller when TimeX.Enable is set to TRUE and an RTC is present and enabled.

Languages supported: Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Structured Text.

# TOW (check week for real-time clock)

This instruction applies to the Micro810, Micro820, Micro830, Micro850, Micro870 controllers and Micro800 Simulator.



Use this table to help determine the parameter values for this instruction.

| Parameter | Parameter<br>Type | Data Type | Description                                                                                                    |
|-----------|-------------------|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EN        | Input             | BOOL      | Instruction enable.                                                                                            |
|           |                   |           | When EN = TRUE, perform the operation.                                                                         |
|           |                   |           | When EN = FALSE, do not perform the operation.                                                                 |
| TimeA     | Input             | TOWDATA   | Day Time Setting of Channel A.                                                                                 |
|           |                   |           | Use the TOWDATA Data Type to define TimeA.                                                                     |
| TimeB     | Input             | TOWDATA   | Day Time Setting of Channel B.                                                                                 |
|           |                   |           | Use the TOWDATA Data Type to define TimeB.                                                                     |
| TimeC     | Input             | TOWDATA   | Day Time Setting of Channel C.                                                                                 |
|           |                   |           | Use the TOWDATA Data Type to define TimeC.                                                                     |
| TimeD     | Input             | TOWDATA   | Day Time Setting of Channel D.                                                                                 |
|           |                   |           | Use the TOWDATA Data Type to define TimeD.                                                                     |
| TOW       | Output            | BOOL      | If TRUE, the value of the real-time clock is in the range of the Day Time setting of any one of four channels. |

# **TOWDATA Data Type**

The following table describes the TOWDATA data type:

| Parameter   | Data Type | Description                                    |
|-------------|-----------|------------------------------------------------|
| Enable      | BOOL      | TRUE: Enable; FALSE: Disable.                  |
| DailyWeekly | BOOL      | Type of Timer (0:daily timer; 1:weekly timer). |
| DayOn       | USINT     | Day of Week On value (must be in set [06]).    |
| HourOn      | USINT     | Hour On value (must be in set [023]).          |
| MinOn       | USINT     | Minute On value (must be in set [059]).        |
| DayOff      | USINT     | Weekday Off value (must be in set [06]).       |
| HourOff     | USINT     | Hour Off value (must be in set [023]).         |
| MinOff      | USINT     | Minute Off value (must be in set [059]).       |

### **TOW Function Block Diagram example**



# **TOW Ladder Diagram example**



## **TOW Structured Text example**



1 output := TOW(TimeA, TimeB, TimeC, TimeD);

(\* ST Equivalence: \*)

TESTOUTPUT := TOW(TIMEA, TIMEB, TIMEC, TIMED);

|                           | Name              | Logi | cal Value                                 | Physical Value | Lock | Data Type    |
|---------------------------|-------------------|------|-------------------------------------------|----------------|------|--------------|
|                           | - A*              |      | - A*                                      |                | • A* | <b>- A</b> * |
| <ul> <li>TimeA</li> </ul> |                   |      |                                           |                |      | TOWDAT/ 👻    |
|                           | TimeA.Enable      |      | <b>v</b>                                  | N/A            |      | BOOL         |
|                           | TimeA.DailyWeekly |      | -                                         | N/A            |      | BOOL         |
|                           | TimeA.DayOn       | 1    |                                           | N/A            |      | USINT        |
|                           | TimeA.HourOn      | 10   |                                           | N/A            |      | USINT        |
|                           | TimeA.MinOn       | 20   |                                           | N/A            |      | USINT        |
|                           | TimeA.DayOff      | 2    |                                           | N/A            |      | USINT        |
|                           | TimeA.HourOff     | 15   |                                           | N/A            |      | USINT        |
|                           | TimeA.MinOff      | 30   |                                           | N/A            |      | USINT        |
| <ul> <li>TimeB</li> </ul> |                   |      |                                           |                |      | TOWDAT/ 👻    |
|                           | TimeB.Enable      |      | <b>V</b>                                  | N/A            |      | BOOL         |
|                           | TimeB.DailyWeekly |      | -                                         | N/A            |      | BOOL         |
|                           | TimeB.DayOn       | 2    |                                           | N/A            |      | USINT        |
|                           | TimeB.HourOn      | 15   |                                           | N/A            |      | USINT        |
|                           | TimeB.MinOn       | 20   |                                           | N/A            |      | USINT        |
|                           | TimeB.DayOff      | 3    |                                           | N/A            |      | USINT        |
|                           | TimeB.HourOff     | 10   |                                           | N/A            |      | USINT        |
|                           | TimeB.MinOff      | 30   |                                           | N/A            |      | USINT        |
| <ul> <li>TimeC</li> </ul> |                   |      |                                           |                |      | TOWDAT/ 👻    |
|                           | TimeC.Enable      |      | 1                                         | N/A            |      | BOOL         |
|                           | TimeC.DailyWeekly |      | 1                                         | N/A            |      | BOOL         |
|                           | TimeC.DayOn       | 3    |                                           | N/A            |      | USINT        |
|                           | TimeC.HourOn      | 20   |                                           | N/A            |      | USINT        |
|                           | TimeC.MinOn       | 10   |                                           | N/A            |      | USINT        |
|                           | TimeC.DayOff      | 4    |                                           | N/A            |      | USINT        |
|                           | TimeC.HourOff     | 25   |                                           | N/A            |      | USINT        |
|                           | TimeC.MinOff      | 55   |                                           | N/A            |      | USINT        |
| - TimeD                   |                   |      |                                           |                |      | TOWDAT/ 👻    |
|                           | TimeD.Enable      |      | 7                                         | N/A            |      | BOOL         |
|                           | TimeD.DailyWeekly |      | ~                                         | N/A            |      | BOOL         |
|                           | TimeD.DayOn       | 5    |                                           | N/A            |      | USINT        |
|                           | TimeD.HourOn      | 10   |                                           | N/A            |      | USINT        |
|                           | TimeD.MinOn       | 15   |                                           | N/A            |      | USINT        |
|                           | TimeD.DayOff      | 6    |                                           | N/A            |      | USINT        |
|                           | TimeD.HourOff     | 35   |                                           | N/A            |      | USINT        |
|                           | TimeD.MinOff      | 40   |                                           | N/A            |      | USINT        |
| output                    |                   |      | <b>V</b>                                  | N/A            |      | BOOL V       |
| oatpat                    |                   |      | ن الک |                |      | 8000         |

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