UniStream® 5"

Installation Guide: US5-B5-RA28, US5-B10-RA28



This guide provides basic installation information for specific UniStream[®] 5"Installation Guide models with built-in I/O. Technical specifications may be downloaded from the Unitronics website.

General Features

Unitronics' UniStream 5" are PLC+HMI All-in-One programmable controllers that comprise a built-in CPU, an HMI panel, and built-in I/Os.

The series is available in two versions: UniStream 5" and UniStream 5" Pro. Note that model numbers including:

- **B5** refer to standard UniStream 5" (e.g. US5-B5-RA28)
- **B10** refer to UniStream 5" Pro (e.g. US5-B10-RA28) B10 models offer additional features, detailed below.

НМІ	Resistive Color Touch-screensRich graphic library for HMI design					
Power Features	 Built-in Trends and Gauges, auto-tuned PID, data tables, data sampling, and Recipes UniApps™: Access & edit data, monitor, troubleshoot & debug and more – via HMI or remotely via VNC Security: Multi-level password protection Alarms: Built-in system, ANSI/ISA standards 					
I/O Options	 Built-in I/O configuration, varies according to model Local I/O via UAG-CX series I/O expansion adapters and standard UniStream Uni-I/O[™] modules Remote I/O via EX-RC1 					
COM Options	 Built-in ports: 1 Ethernet, 1 USB host, 1 Mini-B USB device port Serial and CANbus ports may be added via UAC-CX modules 					
COM Protocols	 Fieldbus: CANopen, CAN Layer2, MODBUS, EtherNetIP and more. Implement any serial RS232/485, TCP/IP, or CANbus third-party protocols via Message Composer Advanced: SNMP Agent/Trap, e-mail, SMS, modems, GPRS/GSM, VNC Client, FTP Server/Client 					
Programming Software	All-in-One software for hardware configuration, communications, and HMI /PLC applications, available as a free download from Unitronics.					
Differences between B5 and B10	Feature System Memory Audio Jack Video/RSTP Support Web Server	B5 3GB No No No	B10 (Pro) 6GB Yes Yes Yes			
	SQL Client	No	Yes			

Before You Begin

Before installing the device, the user must:

- Read and understand this document.
- Verify the Kit Contents.

Alert Symbols and General Restrictions

When any of the following symbols appear, read the associated information carefully.

Symbol	Meaning	Description
) J	Danger	The identified danger causes physical and property damage.
Â	Warning	The identified danger could cause physical and property damage.
Caution	Caution	Use caution.

 All examples and diagrams are intended to aid understanding, and do not guarantee operation. Unitronics accepts no responsibility for actual use of this product based on these examples.

- Please dispose of this product according to local and national standards and regulations.
- This product should be installed only by qualified personnel.
 - Failure to comply with appropriate safety guidelines can cause severe injury or property damage.
 - Do not attempt to use this device with parameters that exceed permissible levels.
 - Do not connect/disconnect the device when power is on.

Environmental Considerations

- Ventilation: 10mm space is required between the device top/bottom edges and the enclosure's walls
 - Do not install in areas with: excessive or conductive dust, corrosive or flammable gas, moisture or rain, excessive heat, regular impact shocks or excessive vibration, in accordance with the standards and limitations given in the product's technical specification sheet.
 - Do not place in water or let water leak onto the unit.
 - Do not allow debris to fall inside the unit during installation.
 - Install at maximum distance from high-voltage cables and power equipment.

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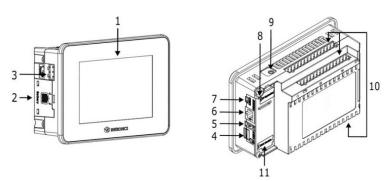
Kit Contents

- 1 PLC+HMI controller
- 4 mounting brackets
- 1 panel mounting seal

1 power terminal block

- 3 I/O terminal blocks (provided only with models comprising built-in I/Os)
- 1 Battery

Product Diagram



Front and Rear View

1	Screen Protection	A plastic sheet attached to the screen for protection. Remove it during installation of the HMI Panel.		
2	Battery Cover	The battery is supplied with the unit, but must be installed by the user.		
3	Power Supply Input	Connection point for the controller power source. Connect the Terminal Block supplied with the kit to the end of the power cable.		
4	microSD Slot	Supports standard microSD cards.		
5	USB Host port	Provides the interface for external USB devices.		
6	Ethernet port	Supports high-speed Ethernet communications.		
7	USB Device	Use for application download and direct PC-UniStream communication.		
8	I/O Expansion Jack	Connection point for an I/O Expansion Port. Ports are supplied as part of I/O Expansion Model Kits. Kits are available by separate order. Note that UniStream 5" is compatible only with adapters from the series UAG-CX.		
9	Audio Jack	UniStream 5" Pro only. This 3.5mm Audio jack enables you to connect external audio equipment.		
10	Built-in I/O	Model-dependent. Present in models with built-in I/O configurations.		
11	Uni-COM™ CX Module Jack	Connection point for up to 3 stack-on modules. These are available by separate order.		

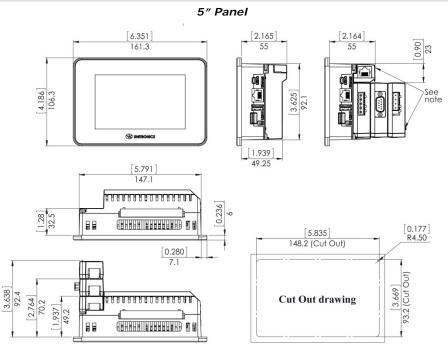
Installation Space Considerations

Allocate space for:

- the controller
- any modules that will be installed
- access to ports, jacks, and the microSD card slot

For exact dimensions, please refer to the Mechanical Dimensions shown below.

Mechanical Dimensions



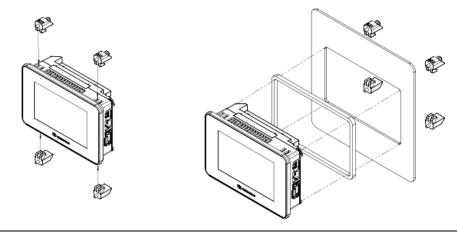
NOTE Allow space for modules to be snapped onto the back of the controller, if required by your application. Modules are available by separate order.

Panel Mounting

NOTE • Mounting panel thickness must be less or equal to 5mm (0.2").

- Ensure that the space considerations are met.
- 1. Prepare a panel cut-out according to the dimensions as shown in the previous section.
- 2. Slide the controller into the cut-out, ensuring that the Panel Mounting Seal is in place as shown below.
- 3. Push the mounting brackets into their slots on the sides of the panel as shown below.
- 4. Tighten the bracket screws against the panel. Hold the brackets securely against the unit while tightening the screws.

When properly mounted, the panel is squarely situated in the panel cut-out as shown below.



Caution • The necessary torque is 0.5 N·m (5 kgf·cm)

Battery: Back-up, First Use, Installation, and Replacement

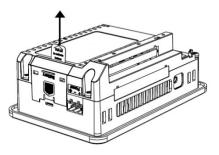
Back-up

In order to preserve back-up values for RTC and system data in the event of power off, the battery must be connected.

First Use

The battery is protected by a removable cover on the side of the controller.

The battery is supplied installed inside the unit, with a plastic tab preventing contact which must be removed by the user.

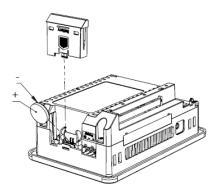


Battery Installation and Replacement

 Use proper precautions to prevent Electro-Static Discharge (ESD) while servicing the battery.

Caution • To preserve back-up values for RTC and system data during battery replacement, the controller must be powered.

- Note that disconnecting the battery halts the preservation of back-up values and causes them to be deleted.
- 1. Remove the battery cover from the controller as shown in the accompanying figure: - Press the tab on the module to disengage it.
 - Slide it up to remove it.
- 2. If you are replacing the battery, remove the battery from its slot on the side of the controller.
- 3. Insert the battery, ensuring that the polarity is aligned with the polarity marking as shown in the accompanying figure.
- 4. Replace the battery cover.
- 5. Dispose of the used battery according to local and national standards and regulations.



Wiring

- This equipment is designed to operate only at SELV/PELV/Class 2/Limited Power environments.
 - All power supplies in the system must include double insulation. Power supply outputs must be rated as SELV/PELV/Class 2/Limited Power.
 - Do not connect either the 'Neutral' or 'Line' signal of the 110/220VAC to device's 0V point.
 - Do not touch live wires.
 - All wiring activities should be performed while power is OFF.
 - Use over-current protection, such as a fuse or circuit breaker, to avoid excessive currents into the power supply connection point.
 - Unused points should not be connected (unless otherwise specified). Ignoring this directive may damage the device.
 - Double-check all wiring before turning on the power supply.

Caution • To avoid damaging the wire, use a maximum torque of 0.5 N·m (5 kgf·cm).

- Do not use tin, solder, or any substance on stripped wire that might cause the wire strand to break.
- Install at maximum distance from high-voltage cables and power equipment.

Wiring Procedure

Use crimp terminals for wiring; use 26-12 AWG wire (0.13 mm² – 3.31 mm²)

- 1. Strip the wire to a length of 7 ± 0.5 mm (0.250–0.300 inches).
- 2. Unscrew the terminal to its widest position before inserting a wire.
- 3. Insert the wire completely into the terminal to ensure a proper connection.
- 4. Tighten enough to keep the wire from pulling free.

Wiring Guidelines

In order to ensure that the device will operate properly and to avoid electromagnetic interference:

- Use a metal cabinet. Make sure the cabinet and its doors are properly earthed.
- Use wires that are properly sized for the load.
- Use shielded twisted pair cables for wiring High Speed and Analog I/O signals.
 Use shielded cables for wiring thermocouple and RTD signals.
 In either case, do not use the cable shield as a signal common / return path.
- Route each I/O signal with its own dedicated common wire. Connect common wires at their respective common (CM) points at the controller.
- Individually connect each OV point and each common (CM) point in the system to the power supply OV terminal, unless otherwise specified.
- Individually connect each functional ground point ((a)) to the earth of the system (preferably to the metal cabinet chassis).
 Use the shortest and thickest wires possible: less than 1m (3.3') in length, minimum thickness 14 AWG (2 mm²).
- Connect the power supply OV to the earth of the system.
- Earthing the cables' shield:
 - Connect the cable shield to the earth of the system (preferably to the metal cabinet chassis). Note that the shield must be connected only at one end of the cable; it is recommended to earth the shield at the PLC-side.
 - > Keep shield connections as short as possible.
 - > Ensure shield continuity when extending shielded cables.

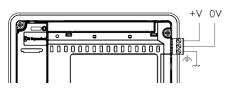
NOTE For detailed information, refer to the document System Wiring Guidelines, located in the Technical Library in the Unitronics' website.

Wiring the Power Supply

The controller requires an external power supply.

• In the event of voltage fluctuations or non-conformity to voltage power supply specifications, connect the device to a regulated power supply.

Connect the +V and OV terminals as shown in the accompanying figure.



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Connecting Ports

- Ethernet CAT-5e shielded cable with RJ45 connector
- USB Device Use the proprietary programming cable supplied with the device
- USB Host Standard USB cable with Type-A plug

Connecting Audio

- Audio-Out Use 3.5mm stereo audio plug with shielded audio cable Note that only Pro models support this feature.
 Audio Pinout
 - 1 Headphone Left Out (Tip)
 - 2 Headphone Right Out (Ring)
 - 3 Ground (Ring)
 - 4 Don't connect (Sleeve)

Note that below, the letter "x" that is used in the model numbers means that the section refers both to B5 and B10 models.

US5-Bx-RA28, US5-Bx-RA28

I/O Connection Points

All IO wiring diagrams and instructions in this section refer to the US5-Bx-RA28 connection points. These are arranged in three groups of fifteen points each, as shown in the figures to the right.

Top groups

Input connection points

Bottom group

Output connection points

The function of certain I/Os may be adapted via wiring and software settings.

Wiring the Digital Inputs

The digital inputs are arranged in two isolated groups:

- I0-I9 share common CM0
- I10-I13 share common CM1

Each group may be wired together as sink or source.

Inputs I10, I11, I12 and I13 can be configured as either normal digital inputs or as high speed inputs that can receive high speed pulse signals from sensors or shaft encoders.

US5-Bx-RA28

1 2 CM0 I0
 16
 17
 18
 19
 20
 21
 22
 23
 24
 25
 26
 27
 28
 29
 30

 CM1
 I10
 I11
 I12
 I13
 I0I
 IOV
 CM2
 I11
 I1V
 RT2+
 RT2 R RT3+
 RT3 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 CM3 00 01 02 03 CM4 04 05 06 07 CM5 A00 A01

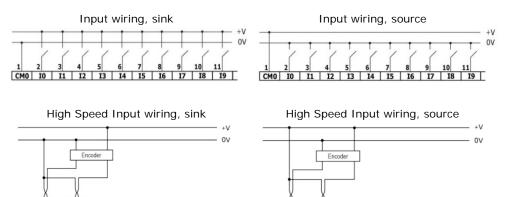
(King) onnect (Sleeve)

High Speed Input Modes

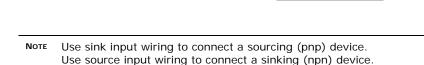
Following are the different pin assignments for the high speed channels:

	Channel 1		Channel 2	
	I10	111	I12	I13
Quadrature	Phase A	Phase B	Phase A	Phase B
Pulse+Direction	Pulse	Direction	Pulse	Direction
Pulse	Pulse	Normal digital	Pulse	Normal digital

NOTE Input modes are set both by wiring and software.



16 17 18 19 20 CM1 I10 I11 I12 I13



16 17

18 19

CM1 I10 I11 I12 I13

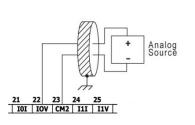
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Wiring the Analog Inputs

Both inputs share the common point CM2.

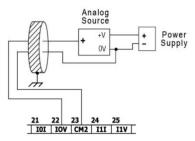
- **NOTE** Each input offers two modes: voltage or current. You can set each input independently. The mode is determined both by wiring and by the hardware configuration within the software application.
 - Voltage and current modes use distinct points. Connect only the point associated with the selected mode; leave the other point unconnected.

<u>Voltage</u>

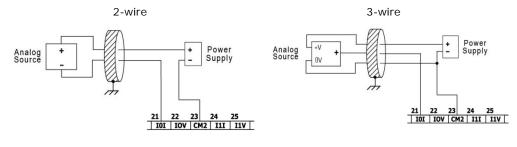


Differential

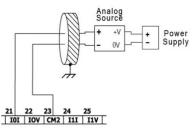
Single-ended



Current







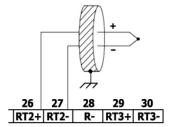
Wiring the Temperature Inputs

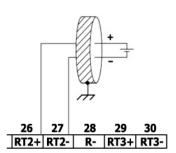
NOTE Each input offers three modes: thermocouple, mV or RTD. You can set each input independently. The mode is determined both by wiring and by the hardware configuration within the software application.

In order to maintain correct operation of the temperature inputs, connect together points RTn+ and RTn- of unused temperature inputs (n designates input number).

Thermocouple and mV

Thermocouple





mV

About thermocouple isolation

Although the temperature inputs are isolated from the bus and the controller's powersupply port, they are neither isolated from each other nor from the analog inputs. Therefore, temperature inputs isolation may be bypassed when using an exposed-junction (non-isolated) thermocouple in conjunction with analog inputs or another exposed-junction thermocouple, which can lead to flow of unwanted currents through the thermocouple wires that might interfere with thermocouple voltage reading.

In order to maintain temperature inputs isolation when using one or more of the analog inputs or when using more than one thermocouple, either:

- Use isolated-junction thermocouples, or, if you are not using the analog inputs, you may use up to one exposed-junction thermocouple;
- Electrically isolate exposed-junction thermocouples from other electrically-conductive parts of the system.

RTD Νοτε When connecting 3- or 4-wire RTDs, make sure to use conductors of the same type, width, and length for all RTD wires, otherwise the accuracy will degrade. When connecting 4-wire RTDs, use 3-wire cable and leave the unused wire unconnected with minimal length. 3-wire 2-wire RTD RTD 26 27 28 29 30 26 27 28 30 29 RT2+ RT2-R-RT3+ RT3-RT2+ RT2- R- RT3+ RT3-4-wire RTD 26 27 28 29 30 RT2+ RT2- R- RT3+ RT3-

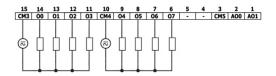
Wiring the Relay Outputs

 To avoid risk of fire or property damage, always use a limited current source or connect a current limiting device in series with the relay contacts

The relay outputs are arranged in two isolated groups:

O0-O3 share the common return CM3.

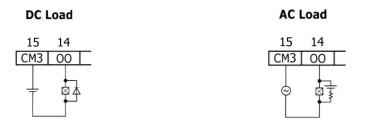
O4-O7 share the common return CM4.



Increasing Contact Life Span

To increase the life span of the relay contacts and protect the controller from potential damage by reverse EMF, connect:

- a clamping diode in parallel with each inductive DC load,
- a RC snubber circuit in parallel with each inductive AC load

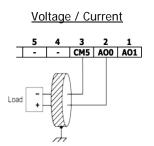


Wiring the Analog Outputs

- NOTE The outputs are not isolated.
 - Each output offers two modes: voltage or current. You can set each output independently.
 - The mode is determined by the hardware configuration within the software application.
 - Note that if, for example, you wire the output to current input, you must also set it to current in the software application.

CM5 is internally connected to the OV point. To minimize EMI pickup by analog signals' wiring, do not externally connect CM5 to the system OV.

 Do not use point CM5 for any purpose other than connecting the analog output load. Using it for any other purpose may damage the controller.



Installing Uni-I/O[™] & Uni-COM[™] Modules

Refer to the Installation Guides provided with these modules.

Turn off system power before connecting or disconnecting any modules or devices.

Use proper precautions to prevent Electro-Static Discharge (ESD).

Uninstalling the Controller

- 1. Disconnect the power supply.
- 2. Remove all wiring and disconnect any installed devices according to the device's installation guide.
- 3. Unscrew and remove the mounting brackets, taking care to support the device to prevent it from falling during this procedure.

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